The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME L. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1890—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

SECOND EDITION

MIZNER'S MANY MISTAKES.

He Inaugurates a New Era of Diplomacy in Central America.

TOO BIG FOR HIS STATION.

He Has Ideas of His Own on the Duties of an Envoy Extraordinary.

BLAINE'S ORDERS DISREGARDED.

President Barillas Given a Few Hints on the Conduct of Affairs.

WHAT IS SAID AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Some diplomatists are neither born nor made. Lansing B. Mizner, formerly of Illinois, but later of California, seems to be one of these. He had an itching for diplomacy, which is being gratified at a heavy expense to the United States. It may be that Minister Mizner is the victim of circumstances and that his course has been misrepresented, but since the beginning of the Central American imbroglio he certainly has not sustained the reputation that was desirable in the Minister from the United States.

This country sends but one Minister to the five South American States, though each of those little Republics keeps a diplomatic representative in Washington. The United States legation is at Guatemala City, and the Minister makes such visits to the Capitals of the other Republics as may be desired. Many years ago Lansing B. Mizner was an active young Democrat politician around Vandalia, Ill. He was a stepson of Gen. Semple. The Semples were all Democrats, from Andrew Jackson's time, and were influential in politics. Back in the sixties several members of the family went out to the Pacific coast, and of course fell right into politics. Eugene Semple drifted into Washington Territory, and was prominent enough to be appointed Governor of the Territory by President Cleveland. Lansing Mizner staid in California, became a Republican, and ran for a State office, to which he wasn't elected. He was a delegate to various political conventions, and was on the Harrison and Morton Electoral ticket in 1888. He got himself appointed as messenger to bring the Electoral vote to Washington.

Didn't Like His Looks.

When he was here receiving his instructions he didn't impress the State Department officials as especially gifted with an instinct of diplomacy, but those discreet persons have a good many such cases and they said nothing.

Minister Mizner was very proud of his appointment, and caused it to be known that he looked upon himself as a pretty considerable sort of a fellow. The dignity of his office hedged him round. A gentleman who was a fellow-passenger on the City of New York during a portion of the trip along the Central American coast gives an amusing account of the newly fledged diplomat. He says:

"Mizner, accompanied by his wife and youngest son, boarded our steamer, the City of New York, at San José de Guatemala, where we had stopped to take on a load of coffee. He was making his first official trip to San Salvador. The officers of the steamer seemed very much impressed by the distinguished manner assumed by their new passenger and treated him with extreme deference. This deference he appeared to take very much as a matter of course, and having satisfied himself that the officers properly appreciated his importance he proceeded to parade himself before the passengers. His efforts to make everybody on the boat feel that he was the biggest man on board and that it was an honor of no ordinary degree to be on the same boat with him were really too ludicrous to be disgusting. No boy in his first pair of boots ever strutted with more complacent vanity or overpowering dignity. You couldn't touch him with a ten-foot pole. For of course he was there to be inspected, not to be associated with.

"At certain hours he came out to pose, and then disappeared generally into the Captain's cabin, where the vulgar gaze of ordinary mortals could not annoy him. Such insufferable egotism and such contemptible superciliousness I never saw displayed before. It must be said to his discredit as an American as well as a Minister that he treated the foreigners on board with far more consideration and respect than his own fellow-citizens. Many of us were interested in the political situation and outlook in Central America. We had heard that trouble was impending there in connection with the proposed effort to unite the five Republics under one government and had hoped to get from Mr. Mizner a great deal of interesting information. It is needless to say therefore that we were much disappointed when we discovered that that gentleman did not propose to condescend to converse with us on any subject.

His Recent Action Not Surprising.

"He wrapped himself up in the mantle of exclusiveness and silence, and we were left to pick up what shreds of information we could from the coast natives, the ideas of most of whom with reference to the affairs of the interior were as limited as their English vocabulary. It is safe to say that, so far as the passengers of the City of New York on this particular trip are concerned, Mizner's recent assumption of the rôle of officious meddler is not surprising. Such a rôle is natural for a man who is inflated with the notion of his own importance, and in whose mind patriotism is nothing if not self-glorification."

When Minister Mizner reached Guatemala he was big with the importance of his mission. He thought the problem of Central American unity rested with him to solve. In due course of time he was presented to the Executive of Guatemala, and made the usual formal speech. No, it wasn't the usual speech, either. Before any foreign Minister is presented to the President of the United States the speech he intends to make is sent to the State Department for perusal. This prevents any friction, for the President knows just what is going to be said, and the Minister to be presented confines himself to a formal expression of good wishes for the continuance of friendly relations between the two nations. This formality doesn't appear to be observed in Central America, for if the speech Minister Mizner made had been submitted in advance he might have been told that Guatemala did not care for advice from a foreign Minister concerning its domestic affairs.

At that time Mexico and Guatemala were having a boundary dispute and Guatemala was supposed to be anxious for a union with the other Central American States because of the fear that Mexico wanted to annex the northern portion of its territory.

Gave Them Fatherly Advice.

According to the reports of Minister Mizner's speech he took on a fatherly tone and told the Central American countries that it was their duty to unite in order to guard against the aggressions of a powerful neighbor. This meant Mexico.

The Mexican Minister transmitted an account of this unusual diplomatic event to his home Government, and President Diaz directed Minister Romero to bring the alleged breach of international courtesy to the attention of this Government. This was done in a way as emphatic as diplomatic courtesy would allow. There was some diplomatic fencing. Secretary Blaine declining to accept more than he could of the reports of the speech alleged to have been made by Minister Mizner. At the same time he gave Minister Romero assurances that this Government would repudiate the sentiments which were attributed to its Minister to Central America. Probably the archives of the State Department would show that a sharp note was sent to Minister Mizner informing him what the proprieties of his position required and directing him to observe them strictly. Here ended the first incident in Mizner's career as a Minister.

When the rumors of war between Salvador and Guatemala came thicker than hazel nuts in October, Minister Mizner was once more the center of interest, but he maintained a mysterious silence. For days nothing was heard from him. The Mexican Government was getting full information from its Minister, while the United States could hear nothing. It was hardly credible that the Guatemalan Government was undertaking to interfere with telegraphic communication between a Minister and his home Government, yet this was the theory put out to explain Minister Mizner's silence. After a time he was heard from, and the statement was given out that he had been in constant communication with the State Department. "Constant" in this instance is an elastic term. Undoubtedly Secretary Blaine had more information than the public about what was going on in those Central American pepper-boxes, but the information was neither as full nor as satisfactory as the gravity of the situation required. The first the public learned of Minister Mizner he was at La Libertad, on the Salvador coast. One report was that he had gone there as a measure of safety, but as a lack of courage has never been charged against Mr. Mizner this was probably untrue.

The Barrundia Incident.

At some period of the imbroglio he did get Secretay Blaine's instructions to offer the good offices of the United States as a mediator between the two little fighting Republics. Then came a report which filled the Department with dismay. It was that Minister Mizner had invited the representatives of the European Governments to act with him in bringing about peace. This direct violation of the Monroe doctrine of a diplomatic representative of the United States must have delighted Europeans. Full news of Minister Mizner's "mediation" had not been received when along came the report of the surrender of Gen. Barrundia on the Pacific Mail steamer Acapulco on the advice of Minister Mizner that the vessel had no right to refuse to deliver him up. Gen. Barrundia was charged with being a traitor to his country and answerable to the law for the highest crime known to nations. He had taken passage on the steamer Acapulco and was bound for Salvador, where it was probably his purpose to renew his attacks on the authorities of his country. Naturally, perhaps, everybody supposed that because he was on an American vessel and under the Stars and Stripes he was safe. If it had been on the high seas so he would have been, but while the Acapulco was in the port of San José it is held she was within the jurisdiction of Guatemala, and so was Gen. Barrundia, and the representatives of the Government had a perfect right, recognized as such under international laws, to seize him forcibly, and, if he resisted, to take him dead or alive.

This is the law as laid down by ex-Secretary of State Bayard in a case involving the same principles as in the Barrundia case. The case was that of José Dolores Gomez; so from the information received in this case the Minister does not seem to have been wrong, though the principle of international law to which he assented is a harsh one. Minister Mizner's part is assumed to have consisted in advising the master of the American steamer that he could neither be protected nor justified in resisting forcibly the arrest of a fugitive from justice who had voluntarily brought himself within the offended jurisdiction.

The reports of the attempt on Minister Mizner's life by the daughter of Gen. Barrundia have already been published. The State Department professes ignorance of them. Assistant Secretary Wharton said this afternoon that the department knew nothing of many of the incidents published. It is not denied that the appeal of the widow and children of Gen. Barrundia to President Harrison asking him to demand reparation from Guatemala for the murder have been received and a reply has been sent. Meanwhile it would seem a good opportunity to have Minister Mizner come home on a leave of absence. The State Department officials will not say that is to be done, and that it will amount to a recall, but there are reasons for thinking that this is the course determined on. Acting Secretary Wharton denies that he has ever criticised adversely Mr. Mizner's diplomatic capacity. On the contrary, he says that Minister Mizner is entitled to the confidence and support of the department until it is clearly shown that he is not worthy of it. Certainly he will not be condemned on mere hearsay.

Acting-Secretary Wharton's telegram to the widow of Gen. Barrundia in reply to her message to the President Monday evening is as follows:

> The President desires me to say he has received your telegram announcing the death of your husband, Gen. Barrundia. While deeply sympathizing with you in your affliction he awaits official details of the occurrence necessary to determine his action in regard thereto. The matter you may be assured will receive most careful attention.

In the Senate this morning Mr. Call offered a resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, declaring that the murder of Gen. Barrundia on the steamer Acapulco by the authorities of Guatemala, while under the protection of the flag of the United States, was an insult to the people of the United States, and demanding prompt action by this Government for the redress of the injury and for security against the recurrence of such acts.

MIZNER GUARDED BY POLICE.

Gen. Barrundia's Followers Threaten to Take the American Minister's Life.

City of Guatemala, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—"Death to Yankees!" was the cry of an angry and excited mob that surrounded the United States Legation today.

Threats of stoning the building and mobbing the inmates were freely uttered, but no overt act was committed in the face of the strong force of police that guards the premises day and night. Every visitor is closely questioned before being admitted to the offices, and is more or less under surveillance while inside.

Whenever Mr. Mizner has occasion to leave the Legation he is surrounded by a bodyguard of armed police. Rumor has it that these are to be superseded by blue jackets from the Thetis, who are also to form a cordon of safety about the Legation. Sympathy grows for Gen. Barrundia's daughter, who is kept a close prisoner for her attempt upon Mr. Mizner's life.

Views of the Mexican Press.

City of Mexico, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The public and press here are anxiously awaiting the arrival of American newspapers to ascertain their feeling regarding the killing of Barrundia and to learn what measures the United States Government will take in the matter. The Mexican press generally speaks of the killing of Barrundia by the Guatemalean authorities as an atrocious deed, and believes that the United States Government should take action at once for the punishment of his assassins and for an indemnification for his widow and children.

WILL HAVE TO ASSIGN.

THE FIRM OF SEAVEY, FOSTER & BOWMAN FAILS AT BOSTON.

Dragged Down in the Potter, Lovell & Co. Ruin, the Big Manufacturing Firm Finds Itself Insolvent and Is Forced to Wind Up Its Affairs—Congressman Abner Taylor Pledges Himself to Settle the Indebtedness of the Bankers.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The failure of Potter, Lovell & Co. resulted today in the embarrassment of Seavey, Foster & Bowman, manufacturers of sewing silks and machine twist. Potter handled their paper. He had previous to his trouble between $75,000 and $100,000 worth of it. They supposed the money would be forthcoming when they wished it, but to their astonishment they found the paper had been hypothecated. These notes fell due today, and the firm first thought they would seek an extension, but on the advice of their friends decided to make an assignment. This will be done tomorrow. Seavey, Foster & Bowman have done a business of a million dollars and a half each year, and have had an excellent standing among Boston business houses. They have branches also in New York, Cincinnati, Chicago, and San Francisco. Closely identified with them is the Eureka Silk Manufacturing company. Mr. Seavey is President of the company, and the members of the embarrassed firm are directors and own the most of the stock. The capital stock of the company is $300,000, being divided into 3,000 shares of $100 each. The latest annual statement which the company filed at the State-House was March 10. According to this statement the company had, Feb. 5, assets of $414,819.31, and liabilities, including the capital stock and debts, of $372,610.01. The company is necessarily involved in the suspension. It has factories at Canton, Mass., Gloversville, N. Y., and Norwich, Conn.

The amount of the Lee & Ferguson paper indorsed by Congressman Taylor of Chicago is understood to be between $600,000 and $700,000, all of it held by banks in New England. Potter, Lovell & Co. sold the Lee & Ferguson notes by giving the written guarantees of Potter, Lovell & Co. From a letter received here by Thomas J. Hurley, one of the directors, it is believed the banks will lose nothing. Mr. Taylor writes:

> The holders of the Lee & Ferguson notes need have no fear of loss. I believe the property owned by the Brazos company in Texas is worth $10,000,000. This property shall all be devoted first to taking up these liabilities, and I think a sufficient amount of property can be sold within the next six months to pay them all off—principal and interest. I owe not a dollar outside of my indorsement upon these notes and intend to hold every dollar's worth of my property for the payment of them.

The directors of the company are all strong men, and beside Messrs. Lee, Ferguson, and Taylor are Mr. John V. Farwell of Chicago of the firm of J. V. Farwell & Co.; Maj. Ira K. Evans of Austin, formerly Speaker of the Texas House of Representatives; Charles W. Ogden of San Antonio, Tex.; George W. Engle, manager of the Brazos enterprise; Thomas J. Hurley, Fort Worth, Tex.; and J. Otis Weatherbee, Boston. Potter, Lovell & Co. contracted to finance the enterprise, first by advancing Messrs. Lee & Ferguson all the money needed in their promotion of the enterprise, and second by sale of the property to an English company. Potter, Lovell & Co. were to receive one-sixth of the profits. It is understood that the enterprise upon an English basis was ready for launching in London this fall.

George M. Rice, President of the Worcester Steel Works, says the embarrassment of his company is only temporary. The suspension of Potter, Lovell & Co., who were then bankers, may compel them to largely increase their stock under a new name and possibly remove their works to Narragansett Bay, where their coal mine is and near where their iron mine is.

LUMBERMEN FAIL FOR A BIG AMOUNT.

Collapse of the Firm of Hoxie & Mellor Announced—Will Probably Resume.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The announcement today that Hoxie & Mellor, the great lumber operators, who, with headquarters at Antigo, operated more or less extensively in every town and city in the northern section of the State, had failed, caused great surprise. The National Bank of Oshkosh held paper of Hoxie & Mellor to the amount of nearly $60,000, and as part of it became due Sept. 1 and was not paid the bank at once attached the firm's property at Marenisco, Bessemer, and Ironwood, Mich., taking this action against the firm as non-resident creditors. The magnitude of the business conducted by the firm and its hitherto excellent financial standing rendered the announcement of their trouble more startling. The wildest sort of rumors were afloat here this afternoon, but after careful investigation matters were found to be in better shape than the first announcements would lead one to believe. Both Messrs. Hoxie and Mellor were in Oshkosh this afternoon, and while they were not inclined to talk extendedly of their financial matters, did not hesitate to say that they could pay every claim, dollar for dollar, if granted reasonable extensions. Mr. Hoxie stated that their liabilities were about $400,000, and that the assets would foot up at least $600,000. He declined to state who were the heavy creditors of the firm. It is understood in Oshkosh, however, that besides the National Bank of Oshkosh, Curtis Bros. & Co. of Wausau and the Antigo Lumber company are in to a considerable extent, and that various individuals, among them Oshkosh capitalists, are involved.

Experts are now at work on the books and tomorrow morning a competent corps of inspectors will make a complete inventory of the firm's stock.

The firm was organized over eight years ago, with headquarters at Antigo. Its business grew rapidly until it employed nearly 500 men and had branches scattered all over Northern Wisconsin as well as offices in some of the larger cities. An idea of the magnitude of its present operations can be had from the fact that the firm put in nearly 50,000,000 feet of logs last season and that it has about 35,000,000 feet of logs and lumber in its yards at Antigo, besides great quantities at Marinesco, Bessemer, and Ironwood, and tracts of lumber lands all over the northern part of the State. It also has a railroad several miles in length equipped for the transportation of logs.

A meeting of creditors will be held in this city early next week, and it is generally believed here that extensions will be granted so that the business can be continued without the loss of a day. It is further stated that no assignment will be made unless certain individual creditors insist on this action and that matters will be more speedily and agreeably adjusted without. The primary cause of the trouble is alleged to be the difficulty in obtaining ready money to meet maturing obligations from the heavy lumbering operations of the last winter.

Legal Tangle in Utah.

Salt Lake, Utah, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—About a week ago the Supreme Court appointed M. N. Stone Examiner of Accounts. F. H. Dyer, late Receiver of the Mormon Church, directed him to go behind all matters in connection with his office. Today Arthur Brown, Dyer's attorney, objected to going behind court decrees already settled. The Examiner overruled the objection. Brown then filed a document in which it was shown that Chief Justice Zane, who made the order authorizing Stone to go behind the decrees, was at one time attorney for the trustees of a Mormon school in a case against Dyer and that he was beaten. His present order sets aside two decrees of the Supreme Court of Utah and puts the matter just where it was when the Supreme Court first took up the case. The case goes to the United States Supreme Court.

JUDGE SCOTT'S RESOLUTION ADOPTED.

Illinois Corporations Will Be Assessed at 25 Per Cent of Their Cash Value.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The State Board of Equalization resumed its consideration today of the resolution of Judge Scott, which declares it the sense of the board that the real and personal property of the State as turned in by the local assessors for 1890 is assessed at 25 per cent of its fair cash value. The purpose of the introduction of this resolution was to fix a basis for the board to perform the duty of assessing the railroads of the State and the capital stock of corporations other than railroads, the idea being to assess them at the same rate at which other property of the State has been assessed for the last year.

After considerable debate the resolution was adopted, and the corporations will be assessed at 25 per cent of their fair cash value this year.

Mr. Bocock of the Tenth District attempted to secure an amendment to the resolution by advancing the amount to 33⅓ per cent. He declared the property of his district was assessed fully that amount, and if a basis was to be fixed for the assessment of railroads and corporations he wanted it put up to that figure.

Judge Scott took the floor in explanation of his motive for introducing the resolution. He said he was not speaking for any particular district. His own district was assessed higher than any other in the State—$50,000,000—but taking the grand aggregate the State over it had been pretty conclusively shown it would not average over 25 per cent, if it amounted to that much, and without being unfair to anyone he wished the adoption of the resolution on that basis, thereby equalizing the differences in the districts according to the aggregate.

"The State," said Judge Scott, "is fully worth $4,000,000,000. It is assessed at $720,000,000. You can multiply that by five and you won't get the average on the aggregate that I propose for the assessment to be made by this board."

Maj. Blodgett said he believed Cook County and all the northern counties were assessed at fully 33⅓ per cent, but in Central and Southern Illinois they were not assessed 25 per cent. It probably wouldn't exceed 14 to 18 per cent. He therefore opposed the amendment and thought 25 per cent should be the basis for equalizing the amount. Upon the vote the amendment was lost.

The resolution was then carried with but one dissenting vote, though a number of members refused to commit themselves, and no call of the roll was had.

Mr. Bush of the Seventh District, Du Page County, introduced a resolution to the effect that the members of the board visit Chicago for the purpose of investigating into the alleged unequal assessments of railroads and other property, looking over terminals, etc., the object being to give Cook County a fair show. As an instance of the unequal assessments it was reported to the board that the Chicago Opera House Building was assessed at $70,000 and was renting for $140,000. The intention is to investigate cases of this sort, and the matter of the non-report of the 130 miles of railroad at the Union Stock-Yards will also be looked into.

CHARGED WITH ATTEMPTED MURDER.

Eugene H. Cowles Will Prosecute His Brother-in-Law, C. C. Hale.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Eugene H. Cowles, who arrived here last spring, followed by his wife and brother-in-law, C. C. Hale, and who was shot by the latter, is again in this city preparatory to the opening of the trial of Hale on a charge of attempted murder, which will begin Thursday next. Cowles is not now inclined to let Hale go free, as he was when he voluntarily surrendered his child. He claims that his wife agreed when she received the child to remain in Montreal until he recovered, but, under pressure from her father, immediately broke that promise and left the city. Upon his recovery Cowles attempted to reopen correspondence with his wife, but without success, all his letters being referred to her legal advisers. Thus failing in his object he determined to turn the tables upon Mrs. Cowles and her family and at once entered action against his father-in-law, E. R. Hale, and his brother-in-law, Willis Hale, claiming damages of $100,000 from each for conspiracy to break up his family, ruin his reputation, and cause his death. He has been asked to refrain from prosecuting C. C. Hale, his assailant, but, as he puts it, he (Cowles) must proceed with the case as a vindication of his character and a refutation of the charges brought against him.

Mrs. Cowles and her friends charged him with failure to support her and her child, and various other derelictions in duty. These Cowles answers by letters from Messrs. Hale, senior and junior, written prior to the first of January last, after which time he did not see his wife until the day of the shooting. He regards the statement of his mother, Mrs. F. C. Cowles, widow of the late editor of the Cleveland *Leader*, as sufficiently answering these assertions. The statement denies that he is dissipated, a violent man, or that his character was such as to render it impossible to live with him. He affirms that his wife refused to live with him, that she never visited him in his various illnesses, and that she formed an intimacy with a Miss Rathburn, which was a matter of great concern to her family. He justified his abduction of the child on the ground of ill-faith on the part of his wife.

Cowles also produced a letter from his sister, Myra C. Chase, denying reports that appeared in a New York newspaper of June 4, alleging that her brother had done her violence. He says he has a statement which, if necessary, he will serve upon his wife, making her defendant in a suit for divorce.

Cowles looks none the worse for his shooting, but a further operation will have to be performed to remove a piece of decaying bone.

INCREASING ITS CAPITAL STOCK.

The Pennsylvania Steel Company Will Invest Five Million Dollars.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Secretary of the Pennsylvania Steel company, one of the infant industries of this State, has called a special meeting of the stockholders to be held Oct. 1 to make arrangements for increasing the capital stock from $2,767,800 to $5,000,000. The company has just constructed one of the most complete iron establishments in the country at Sparrow Point, on Chesapeake Bay, at a cost of $2,500,000. A mortgage for $1,000,000 at 5 per cent has been placed upon the property, and the balance of the money will be provided by the proposed stock issue. There is no doubt that the issue will be authorized and the stock will all be subscribed for. There is a standing bid of $200 per share for it in the Philadelphia market, but none is for sale, as the company pays handsomely. Its dividends for several years back have been partly in cash and partly in stock and equal in cash value from 15 to 20 per cent. Last year the dividends were equal to 18 per cent, and would have been greater but for the fact that the company was obliged to subscribe heavily to the $200,000 assessment levied by Senator Quay upon the iron industries of the State in 1888, and the company's contribution was spread over two years.

The St. Clair Tunnel Opening.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Elaborate preparations are being made to make the formal opening of the Grand Trunk railway tunnel under the St. Clair River, between Sarnia and Port Huron, which will take place within a few weeks, the occasion of a grand demonstration. Canada will be represented by Lord Stanley of Preston, Sir John Macdonald and the members of his Cabinet.

THE FIGHTING SOCIALISTS

DEATH-BLOW GIVEN TO THE CARPENTERS' STRIKE.

President James O'Connell's Treatment at the Hands of Radical Union No. 1—A Break-Up of the Strikers Hastened by His Forced Resignation—Less than a Thousand Idle Men—What the Amalgamated Organizations Have Accomplished—The Bricklayers' Part.

The strike of the carpenters, while rapidly approaching an end, produced a big sensation yesterday. President O'Connell of the Carpenters' Council with several of the most active and efficient members of that body, James J. Linehan, James L. Monahan, James H. Brennock, and others lost their membership in the Carpenters' Council by being withdrawn as delegates by Union No. 1, and have no official connection with the strike any more. It is said they will be reinstated, but at present they are out, and the strike, which was rapidly petering out, received its deathblow thereby. This result was brought about by the action of a lot of hot-headed radicals in Union No. 1. This is the largest union of carpenters in the city, having a membership of about 2,500, and consists largely of Germans, who are socialistically inclined and want no half-way measures. But they are not active union men and practically allowed the above-named men to run the union. They did not favor the present strike, but when it was declared they wanted a complete tie-up. The action of the Carpenters' Council in sending men to work for all contractors who paid the union scale exasperated these radicals. What made them particularly hot was the report circulated Tuesday that O'Connell was seen with Frank Lawler, and that a settlement would be made through the instrumentality of Lawler.

The cry was politics! and boodle! The charge was not justified against O'Connell. But that made no difference. Union No. 1 met at Bricklayers' Hall and it was a meeting that the participants will not soon forget. The Germans were there in force and they ran everything. O'Connell was in the chair, as President of the union. Fortunately for him the chairs in Bricklayers' Hall are screwed fast, otherwise he would have been kept busy dodging them.

When the row first started a rush was made for the door. "Lock that door," yelled the Chairman. This was done and no one could get out. Then the fun began. For fully twenty minutes there was a free fight all around. Men tumbled over chairs clinched and rolled around on the floor. The scrimmages were so thick that one could not tell the men apart. President O'Connell called them "things" and "curs." But they would not listen. At last in disgust he resigned the Presidency of the union. It was decided to withdraw from the Carpenters' Council all the twenty-one delegates of the union and send a new delegation with instructions to undo the work that O'Connell had done as President of the Carpenters' Council. It was his plan to let men work for contractors who complied with the demands of the union regardless of their affiliation with any association of employers. Being withdrawn from the Carpenters' Council by his union O'Connell could no longer be President of that body, and Vice-President John Hayes of Union No. 28 performed his work.

Set-Back for the Delegates.

The twenty-one German delegates arrived at the headquarters of the Carpenters' Council, but had no credentials and were sent back. They got the papers and were seated. They had lost much of their warlike spirit. They saw around them a body of men, numbering about 100, many of them as good fighters as themselves, who were in sympathy with O'Connell's plan of campaign. Robert Swallow and John F. Gallagher defended that plan and told the fresh delegates some unpleasant things. The raw delegates were a little awkward in handling the language and could not plead their case with great brilliancy. But the council had a hot time of it, nevertheless. Some one called Mr. Gallagher of Union No. 28 a liar, whereupon that gentleman invited him to go down-stairs with him, presumably to take a drink. The other man did not avail himself of the invitation. The upshot of the meeting was that Union No. 1 was "sat down upon" and the policy inaugurated by O'Connell was upheld.

After the Council meeting Union No. 1 held another meeting. William Kliver, the National President of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, who is credited with having a pull among the German carpenters, went there with "Bob" Swallow and talked to the union. They pacified the men so that after the meeting many said they were sorry for what had happened.

O'Connell said with reference to the union meeting: "I told those fellows what I thought of them. Radicals? I am as radical as any of them. If I had it my way the whole economic system of the United States would be changed. But I don't attempt a thing unless I see my way clear to accomplish it. We had no right to strike on those contractors who paid the wages we asked and kept their contract. And it was better policy to get as many men to work as possible, and get our scale paid generally. Our scale is now paid to nearly all our men. Last spring we made the fight with about 2,000 men in the organization. Now we have 5,800 and nearly all of them getting 37½ cents and eight hours. What more do they want? That is enough accomplished for one season."

Even without this internal fight the carpenters' strike would have been over in a short time. J. G. Ogden of the Strike Committee said that 265 contractors had agreed to pay union wages, and less than 1,000 men remained idle. He expected those to be at work before next week. The strike order, he said, was originally obeyed by 4,300 men, about 1,500 either refusing to go out or misunderstanding the order, and remaining at work where union wages were paid, without first reporting at their union headquarters.

The attack upon O'Connell is said to emanate from a man named McCormick, who came here last spring from Toronto and worked in the place of a striker. He was found to be a union man and was fined $10. It is said he took this opportunity to get even with O'Connell, and stirred up the fight in Union No. 1.

No further steps have been taken to bring about a compromise with the old bosses. The journeymen are satisfied with their success in making terms with individual employers and with gaining the substantial concessions they asked for, the eight-hour day and 37½ cents an hour as the minimum wages.

Have the Bricklayers Taken Action?

It was said yesterday by an officer of the Carpenters' Council that the request of the bricklayers for a meeting, with the Arbitration Committee of the master masons with a view to taking a hand in the carpenters' trouble, had been delivered to President Earnshaw of the Master Masons' Association.

At the headquarters of the old bosses' association Secretary Berry said: "I can't see where there is any strike among the men employed by members of our association. There have been three cases reported where workmen have left their jobs. There are actually more men seeking work than we can find places for. I have received no intimation of the action of the bricklayers."

President Goldie reiterated his statement that there was no strike among any of the men employed by them. But a contractor came into headquarters yesterday afternoon and asked that men be sent to take the places of his men who had quit work.

The old bosses did not suffer much from the strike as compared with the New Bosses' Association. The latter organization is gradually but surely falling to pieces until now it contains only a small remnant of the original members. The action taken by them in repudiating their agreement with the carpenters had the effect of driving away many of the members who had clung to it during the summer. Many of the members who still claim allegiance are without contracts and can truthfully say, as did two of them yesterday, that the strike had not interfered with their business.

Clothing Salesmen's Union.

The retail clothing salesmen want shorter hours of labor. At present they work from 8 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. daily, Sundays excepted. The clerks met a short time ago and appointed a committee to confer with the employers and ask that they agree to close at 6:30 p. m., the hour of putting up the shutters during July and August. A number of the clothing houses close at an early hour throughout the year, and the present movement is confined to a single neighborhood on the South Side. The committee of salesmen consisted of O. W. Clark and H. D. Denney of the "Hub." They saw the proprietors of six places and all agreed to close but two. The reluctance of the heads of these two houses will compel all the others to remain open. Mr. Denney said yesterday that the proprietor of one store said that he had worked eighteen hours a day when he was a young man, and that there was no reason which called for a different course now. The head of the other house told him, he says, that closing at 6:30 p. m. meant no diminishing of expenses, and that he would refuse the request.

There is a movement on foot to form a salesmen's union as a part of the Knights of Labor, and when the organization is effected there will doubtless be a determined effort made to secure shorter hours.

Support the Central Strikers.

At a largely-attended special meeting of the Conductors' and Drivers' Local Assembly, No. 8,201, Knights of Labor, held Tuesday evening, Sept. 2, the following resolutions were adopted:

> Whereas, The strike on the New York Central railroad is, in our opinion, worthy of support; and
>
> Whereas, We believe the causes leading to it were intended to disrupt the Order of the Knights of Labor: therefore
>
> *Resolved*, That we extend to them our hearty and earnest support; and
>
> *Resolved*, That the Treasurer be instructed to send them $500 immediately;
>
> *Resolved*, That we hold ourselves ready to extend further aid when necessary;
>
> *Resolved*, That we congratulate the General Master Workman on the able manner in which he has conducted the strike.

ATTENDANCE AT THE EXPOSITION.

What Will the Daily Average Be?—"The Tribune's" Great Offer.

The eighteenth annual exhibition of the Inter-State Exposition is now in progress in this city. In order to give The Tribune's readers an opportunity to exercise their guessing faculties in a profitable manner the following offers are made:

To the person making the closest estimate on the average daily attendance at the Exposition will be given a Dueber-Hampden Railway 14-Carat Gold Watch, value........$150

To the person making the next closest estimate a Remington Standard Typewriter No. 2, pica, complete, value.. 100

To the person making the third best estimate a New No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, antique oak woodwork, value............ 60

The awards will be made at the close of the Exposition from the official figures furnished by the Secretary. The polls will be kept open until Saturday, Oct. 11, at 11 p. m. The prizes are on exhibition at The Tribune's booth in the Exposition Building.

Fill out the annexed coupon and send it to Chicago Tribune Exposition Editor, Chicago, Ill.:

I estimate the average daily attendance at the eighteenth annual exhibition of the Inter-State Exposition at ______

Signed ______

No. ______, *Street* ______

Town ______

State ______

PEA BLOSSOM WEDDING AT LAKE GENEVA

Elizabeth B. Ayer Becomes the Wife of Dr. C. S. Johnson.

Lake Geneva, Wis., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Dr. Charles Seward Johnson, son of Dr. Hosmer A. Johnson of Chicago, was married at 2 o'clock today to Miss Elizabeth Burbank Ayer, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Everett Ayer. The ceremony took place at "The Oaks," the beautiful Lake Geneva villa of the Ayers.

Nearly 200 people left Chicago this morning on a Northwestern train and were brought to Williams' Bay. Here Mr. Ayer's steam yacht and several others took the guests aboard and carried them across the lake to "The Oaks." A broad canopy covered the walk from the pier to the Ayer mansion. The house was most elaborately decorated. Sweet pea was the predominating flower, maiden-hair ferns, palms, and smilax also being used. In the reception-hall, underneath an arch, hung seven huge flower-bells, and under them the ceremony was performed.

The bridal party entered as Harrison M. Wild of Chicago began the "Lohengrin" march on the organ. The maid of honor, Miss May Sturges, preceded the bride, dressed in white silk, with diamonds, and white sweet pea blossoms at the breast, and carrying bouquets of the same flower. The bride was dressed in white silk with princesse train and with diamonds and white sweet pea blossoms at the throat. The four bridemaids were Miss Mary Corwith, Miss Bernice Withrow, Miss Helen Fairbank, and Miss Alida Ramsey. Two of the bridemaids wore white crêpe du chine and two pink. Each carried a bouquet to correspond with the color of her dress, and each wore flowers and diamonds at her throat.

The best man was Dr. Frank Andrews and the groomsmen Messrs. Benton Sturges, Dr. Elbert Wing, Frank Sellers, and Kellogg Fairbank.

Prof. Swing performed the ceremony, after which Mrs. Ayer and Mrs. Hosmer A. Johnson, with the bridal party, held a reception. A wedding dinner was served by Kinsley and an orchestra furnished music. A special train took the Chicago guests home this afternoon, and this evening Dr. and Mrs. Johnson left for the East on their honeymoon. When they return they will make their home in Chicago.

Among the prominent wedding guests were Chief-Justice Fuller and family, Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Fairbank, Mr. Kellogg Fairbank, Miss Helen Fairbank, Judge and Mrs. T. F. Withrow, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Wilson, James Garfield, Mr. and Mrs. George C. Walker, Capt. Edward L. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Lyman J. Gage, Mr. Eli Gage, Mr. and Mrs. Erskine M. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. Southwell, Mr. Lodge, Mr. L. Z. Leiter and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Newell, Dr. and Mrs. Davis.

WABASH OUT IN THE COLD

It No Longer Has an Eastern Outlet from Chicago.

COUP D'ETAT OF THE ERIE.

Ordered Off the Latter's Tracks from Laketon, Ind.

CANADIAN PACIFIC IS A SUFFERER.

Abrupt Abrogation of a Ten-Day Traffic Agreement.

NO MORE DRESSED-BEEF RATE WAR.

The purchase of the Chicago and Atlantic—now the Chicago and Erie—by the New York, Lake Erie and Western railway company will prove a most unfortunate event to the Wabash and Canadian Pacific railroads. The Tribune learned yesterday from authentic sources that one of the first acts of the New York, Lake Erie and Western after securing possession of the Chicago and Erie last Monday morning was to give formal notice to the managers of the Wabash railroad of the abrogation of the contract which gave the Wabash the right to use the Chicago and Atlantic's tracks from Chicago to Laketon, Ind. This action will have the effect of preventing the Wabash from doing an east-bound business from Chicago, and will shut out the Canadian Pacific for some time to come.

The Canadian Pacific secures an entrance into Chicago through a traffic agreement with the Wabash, the latter doing the Canadian Pacific's business between Detroit and Chicago. The Wabash does not control the entire line between Chicago and Detroit, having to use the Chicago and Atlantic's or rather the Chicago and Erie's tracks from Laketon, Ind., to a connection with the Western Indiana at the southern limits of this city. An interest of one-fifth in the Western Indiana is held by the Wabash, which gives it an entrance from the city limits into the Polk street depot. Without the use of the Chicago and Erie's tracks from the city limits to Laketon, Ind., a distance of seventy-two miles, the Wabash has no line to the East, as it cannot compete for Eastern traffic by using its own line to Bement, Ill., where it connects with its Detroit line, because it would have to run 150 miles south before it can turn off to the east.

The contract between the Wabash and the Chicago and Atlantic for the use of the latter's tracks between Chicago and Laketon, Ind., was made four years ago when Mr. Benedict was President of the Chicago and Atlantic. The term of the contract was fixed originally at twenty years. When the Wabash was taken out of the hands of Receiver McNulta the present management conceived the idea that it would be a good thing for the Wabash to build a line of its own from Butler, Ind., to Chicago, a distance of 130 miles, and thereby secure an Eastbound line from Chicago independent of the Chicago and Atlantic.

A Lucky Change for the Erie.

The Wabash therefore prevailed upon the Chicago and Atlantic to change the contract so that it could be abrogated by either company by giving ten days' previous notice. The Wabash thought that by securing this change in the contract it had gained an important concession, as in case it determined to build a line of its own between Chicago and Butler it could abandon at any time the use of the Chicago and Atlantic's tracks.

As it is, the Wabash will have to abandon its "Niagara Falls Short Line," and will be unable to do the Canadian Pacific's business between Detroit and Chicago. This will prevent the latter from getting into this city until a new line can be built by the Wabash or jointly with the Canadian road from Butler to Chicago. In the meantime the Eastbound roads from Chicago are relieved from a troublesome competitor, and their business will be increased proportionately.

That the Erie contemplated this coup d'etat for some time is shown by the avidity with which it embraced the opportunity to order the Wabash off the Chicago and Erie immediately upon assuming charge of the same. The action, it is believed, has been decided upon in the councils of the Trunk Line Association of which the Erie is a member, as the Wabash and Canadian Pacific, by their aggressiveness, had been giving the association much trouble. It believes that preventing those roads from doing an Eastbound business from Chicago will bring about a speedy adjustment of the dressed beef rate war and of the bill of lading troubles. The dressed beef rate war was caused by the Wabash, or rather the Canadian Pacific, making a contract for five years guaranteeing to certain shippers a maximum rate of 45 cents to Boston and the latter agreeing to pay a minimum rate of 30 cents in case of a rate war. The 45-cent rate was based upon the differential rate allowed the Grand Trunk on dressed beef via Montreal. The Lake Shore and other roads unwilling to concede the differential rate to the Canadian Pacific took the position that no differential rates should be allowed at all. The Grand Trunk refused to give up its differential and consequently the fight is in progress still. With the Wabash and Canadian Pacific out of the way it is believed rates can be restored to the former figures—48 and 45 cents—allowing the Grand Trunk to make the latter rate via Montreal.

As regards the bill of lading question it is believed all roads would have adopted the new uniform bill had not the Wabash and Canadian Pacific refused to put it in effect. Chairman Blanchard yesterday wired that General-Manager Hayes of the Wabash had waived his objections to the use of the new bill of lading by the Wabash and Canadian Pacific. Mr. Hayes evidently was aware at the time of the action taken by the Erie.

REVENUE COLLECTIONS DOUBLED.

An Extraordinary Showing Made by the Collector of This District.

The following table will show the difference between the internal revenue collections made in this district by Collector Mamer for the six months ending the 31st of August, as compared with the collections of Collector Stone during the corresponding six months of last year:

	1889.	1890.	Increase.
March	$635,954	$ 915,153	$279,199
April	664,812	1,065,999	401,187
May	817,169	1,232,205	415,036
June	545,006	1,047,960	502,955
July	575,487	1,158,305	582,818
August	610,582	1,160,310	549,727
Total	$3,849,010	$6,579,934	$2,730,924
Average increase			$ 455,154

It will be noted that for the month of June Mamer's collections are more than double the collections of Mr. Stone. The increase for otther months are so much larger this year than last as to suggest the inquiry: Were Mr. Stone's collections efficiently made, or is the consumption and manufacture of whisky greater this year than last? Only one additional distillery, the Calumet, has been established here. The revenue derived from that is but a small fraction of the increase.

Boys Strike for Higher Wages.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 3.—Boys employed in the glass factories of Baker Bros. & Co. and Swindell Bros. to the number of 100 struck today for higher wages, shutting down the flint department in each and throwing 800 men out of work. The remainder of the boys, it is expected, will go out tomorrow and thus entirely shut down both factories.

FINANCIERS IN SESSION.

MEETING OF THE AMERICAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION AT SARATOGA.

History of the Organization and the Work It Has Accomplished—Annual Address of President Parsons—Proceedings of the First Day—The Social Science Convention—What Should Be Printed in Newspapers According to a Massachusetts Doctor.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The American Bankers' Association, which has so frequently met in Saratoga, began its sixteenth annual convention here today and was presided over by Charles Parsons, President of the State Bank of St. Louis. This association was informally organized in New York pursuant to a call issued by a few of the leading banks in that city and in Philadelphia April 11, 1838, and was the outgrowth of the great panic of May, 1837, when there was a general suspension of specie payments, and all the industries of the country were prostrated. At that time banks in eighteen States were represented. The chief result of the deliberations was a vote to resume specie payments January, 1839.

It has also been claimed that the consultation had some weight in determining the establishment of the free banking system of New York State, which was accomplished by an act of the Legislature in the same month in 1838 in which the convention met.

Another convention of bankers was held in New York City in 1865 soon after the establishment of the National banking system. It was attended by a large number of National bank officers, but the call of the convention being confined to them, it didn't interest the entire banking interest. A similar convention was held at the Astor House in New York City in 1866, but no permanent organization appears to have been agreed to. The great financial crisis of 1873 next supervened, and a strong and lasting impression seems to have been made on the minds of the banking community. In 1875 a convention was held at Saratoga in the town-hall, and the subjects then prominently discussed were the taxation of capital and deposits, the usury laws, and the resumption of specie payments. In 1876, the centennial year, the convention was held in Philadelphia. There were present 182 delegates, representing twenty-eight States and Territories. At this meeting the draft of a constitition and by-laws for a permanent organization was adopted, providing for a President, one Vice-President from each State and Territory, and an Executive Committee of nine, the latter to appoint a Secretary and Treasurer. The Hon. C. T. Hall of Boston was then elected President, and his successors in the chair since then have included the most prominent financiers of the United States. The association has now nearly 2,200 members, and there are present at this convention about 900.

President Parsons, in calling the meeting to order, deplored the fact that the usual custom of opening the convention with prayer would have to be dispensed with, as there seemed to be a scarcity of clergymen in Saratoga, at least none was on hand, though the local Committee on Entertainment had promised to have a minister present at the opening of each session.

In the annual address the President traced the growth of the association since its permanent organization. The purpose of the association to secure the proper consideration of public questions affecting banking interests and its power to produce this result was dwelt upon briefly. He spoke of the fact that there are over 10,000 banks and bankers in the country, and said: "When all these become members of this association their united efforts properly and wisely directed can do much to overcome the prejudice against banks which heretofore subjected them to much unfavorable legislation." The address closed with favorable comment upon the recent action of Congress providing for the coinage of $4,500,000 of silver per month.

The report of the Treasurer and Secretary was next read, which showed that the association was truly a financial institution, having a balance of $10,000 on hand after paying all the expenses of the last year.

A paper on "Schools of Finance and Economy" was then read by Prof. Edward J. James, Professor of Public Finance and Administration in Wharton School of Finance and Economy of the University of Pennsylvania. This paper ably discussed the subject of higher education for the youth, taking up a business life and clearly illustrated the great benefits to be derived from an education at once liberal and practical.

The subject of banking in the South was then introduced by R. M. Nelson of Selma, Ala., who spoke generally and humorously of the subject of State and National taxation, savings banks, farm mortgages, etc. William E. Breeze of Asheville, N. C., also spoke on the same subject.

After the appointment of a nominating committee by the chair an adjournment was taken until tomorrow. The opening session was a comparatively brief one.

This afternoon the bankers, as guests of W. J. Arkell, visited Mount McGregor, viewed the Gen. Grant cottage, and were entertained at the Hotel Barmoral. The members are combining pleasure with business, and are enjoying the gay life that abounds in Saratoga at present.

WHAT TO PRINT IN NEWSPAPERS.

Ideas of a Massachusetts Doctor—The Social Science Convention.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The American Social Science Association met today in the Department of Health and was addressed by its Chairman, Dr. H. Holbrook Curtis of New York.

Dr. N. W. Russell of Winchenden, Mass., read a paper which excited intense interest and much comment, choosing for his subject "Mental Health and the Newspaper." Dr. Russell devoted some few minutes at the outset to the work of the ubiquitous reporter, reviewing his efforts to spy out the land, and the happy or perhaps the grave results which follow his investigation. The little two cent sheet of our fathers has now expanded into the huge Sunday newspaper of twenty-four pages, wherein is depicted the varied interests of the whole world. The average reader skims lightly over the thousand facts massed in serried columns. His eye learns to neglect almost everything, and only here and there delays long enough to read a paragraph on some subject of personal interest or of exceptionally striking or terrifying effect. The influence of all this on the reader's mind is very disastrous. To win his attention he must be aroused, excited, terrified. Quiet, thoughtful consideration of any subject seems to him tame. The result of this is that from his desultory reading comes only superficial thinking. The mind staggers under the load of mere facts and ceases to grow and strengthen, but what should be given special emphasis to is that department of one newspaper which deals with the darker side of life. Some minds are, of course, repelled by accounts of murders, cyclones, suicides, crimes against law and decency, but many read these with eager avidity, and their thoughts in time turn only to vulgar and uncanny news, and gradually the fine bloom of their moral sense gets rubbed off. Later on in their downward course of mental impairment the effects of such reading show themselves in sympathy for criminals and then in criminal action. He gave instances in his own personal experience of patients who were materially injured by reading this matter, in some cases the report of a suicide with ghastly details leading to other acts of self-destruction. In consequence of this he caused all reports of suicides, murders, etc., to be cut out of his newspapers so that mental and moral harm might not occur.

In regard to reports of cyclones some people become so wrought up that the summer season becomes one of terror and anxiety rather than delight from the excessive apprehension caused by reading of them. How can all this be bettered and altered? Legislation, the censorship of the press, public sentiment itself may bring about the desired result. It is in the latter that the chief hope lies; let the tone of public opinion be improved. Such a healthy sentiment will be created as will condemn this class of publications. Let the appeal be made to the individuals who make the guiding public sentiment. Let them feel how hurtful this reading is and how debilitating to all healthy and moral faculties it becomes. Let the youth of our land find their employment and mental stimulus in good, clean books and newspapers and learn to shun all vicious reading.

The paper by Dr. William D. Granger, Vernon House, Mount Vernon, on "Training of Attendants for the Insane," then followed, and gave a lengthened and thorough review of the duties of the attendants upon those mentally incapacitated. These, the speaker said, were varied, arduous, and exacting. They are associated with irritations, perplexities, and anxieties, and they bring grave responsibilities and call for the exercise of tact, judgment, and self-control.

Dr. T. W. Couthers, Superintendent of Walnut Lodge Hospital, Hartford, Conn., read a paper on social science problems in inebriety. He believed in placing the inebriate on the same plane as the small-pox patient—force him to go into quarantine and be treated till he recovers. Public sentiment will realize that every inebriate is dangerous to society and to himself, and will demand that he come under legal restriction and be placed in the best condition for recovery. Take away the personal liberty of the inebriate or any one who uses spirits to excess, declare him incapable and irresponsible, and a death-blow is struck at all centers of pauperism, criminality, and the saloon.

Tonight the annual election of officers took place, and was followed by the reading of papers prepared by Dr. Mary E. Herrick and Dr. S. Baruch of New York and Dr. W. B. Atkinson of Philadelphia.

MR. CAMMACK STIRS UP THE TRADERS.

An Assault Made on Rock Island and Burlington and Quincy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The street thanks Mr. Cammack for having, as it believes, made a ripple on the otherwise stagnant surface of the speculative pool. London took but few stocks and traders here were disposed to await events, and there were few outside orders in the market. Altogether it seemed as if it were destined to be one of the dullest days on record. But presently Messrs. L. L. White, Wadsworth, Combs, and others who often execute orders for Mr. Cammack began to sell and offer down Rock Island. The stock was driven to 82¾, 1 per cent below yesterday's closing prices. Then came dispatches from Chicago quoting President Cable to the effect that the Atchison had agreed to divert business to the Rock Island at the order of the newly formed association.

This was interpreted to mean larger earnings for the road this month, the integrity of the association, and the maintenance of rates. Some of the shorts started to cover, friends of the property came to its assistance, and the stock recovered the decline and a fraction more.

This was the situation at 2 o'clock, when a sharp drive was made at Burlington and Quincy, carrying it down from 101⅜ to 100. Messrs. Chapin and W. H. Hamilton were the conspicuous sellers. If this movement was intended to sympathetically affect Rock Island it was not a howling success, for but little of the latter came out and the recession was very slight.

Dealings in Rock Island formed about a third of the total volume of transactions in listed stocks. There was some trading in Atchison, a good deal less in St. Paul, and 9,600 shares of Burlington changed hands (nearly all in the last hour). As for the remainder of the list it was simply nowhere. Net changes in prices are represented by very small fractions, with the exception of Burlington and Quincy, which closed 1⅜ lower on the late attack. Rock Island ended ⅜ lower than last evening. Money at no time loaned higher than 5 per cent, and some borrowers were supplied as low as 2 per cent.

THE SINGLE-TAX CONVENTION.

A Long Discussion Over the Platform Prepared by Henry George.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The Single-Tax delegates were promptly on hand at 10 o'clock this morning in Cooper Union. A discussion took place as to whether women should be elected honorary members. William Lloyd Garrison of Boston thought no discrimination should be made; that women should be admitted just the same as men without any discrimination.

Henry George read the platform which had been prepared. The main points were that all men were created alike with certain inalienable rights. No one shall be permitted to hold property without a fair return. The platform was loudly applauded.

The last clause of the platform excited a long discussion. It proposed that the telegraph, railroad, water and gas supplies of the country should be under the control and manipulated by the local, State or National government as expediency might demand. Several comments and proposals were offered, but they were finally withdrawn, and the platform was at last adopted as read by Mr. George.

After the conference Chairman Louis F. Post made a statement to the reporters which indicated that the feeling between Henry George and Dr. McGlynn is not as cordial as was supposed by the delegates Tuesday night, when they applauded Dr. McGlynn's appearance at the meeting.

He said: "A delegate from Ohio (whose name I do not wish to give) informed me on Monday as Chairman of the conference that Dr. Houghton, who is manager of Dr. McGlynn's lecturing arrangements, told him that he (Dr. Houghton) with Dr. McGlynn and a few more of his friends would come into the convention in a body. The intimation was clear that they wished to stampede the meeting.

A dinner and reception were given Henry George at the Brighton Beach Hotel tonight, and 516 enthusiastic single-tax men and women were present. In his talk Mr. George said:

Mr. Blaine can do no better thing than include in his scheme of reciprocity the Australian colonies. Australia would accept it and give us free trade, and between the United States and Australia would grow up a commerce. It is not the ocean that divides us so much as the tariff. [Cheers.] Mr. Blaine could learn from Australia, if he would send a Commissioner there, the advantages of the Government owning telegraph and railroads. [Cheers.] And Australia at the same time could learn how to avoid our mistakes.

H. Martin Williams of Missouri responded to the toast, "Our Western Colleagues."

DISCUSSED BY THE TYPOTHETÆ.

A Proposition to Revive the Apprenticeship System.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3.—At the second day's session of the United Typothetæ today, Mr. Pettibone of Chicago, for the Committee on Apprenticeship System, presented an extended report in which the revival of the system in some form was strongly urged, on the ground that such revival would tend to make better workmen; to do away with the labor troubles and bring in a much better class of men. The Committee hopes active steps may be taken in deciding which system may be the best.

Secretary Wallace of Philadelphia presented a protest against the reëstablishment of the apprenticeship system, expressing the belief that the system was a back number and that a substitute for it would be found in the mechanical trade schools.

A resolution memorializing Congress to pass an amendment to the present Copyright law defining more specifically what may and may not be lawful subjects of copyright and making it obligatory for parties who apply to establish some rights of property in their claim was adopted. Mr. Innes of St. Louis spoke against the Chase International Copyright bill and hoped the Typothetæ would not further support it.

American Forestry Congress.

QUEBEC, Sept. 3.—At the meeting of the Congress of the American Forestry Association the inauguration speech was delivered by Lieut.-Gov. Anger, who welcomed the American members to the city. He dwelt upon the enormous raids made on Canadian forests during the last few years. From 1867 to 1889, he said, 10,430,000,000 feet board measure and 69,600,000 cubic feet of wood were cut down in the Province of Quebec, while the revenue derived from the lumber had been $9,800,000. Last year's revenue was more than $1,000,000. The Lieutenant-Governor expressed the hope that the association would publish its works in French, so that the people of this province might benefit by them.

The Railway Mail Clerks.

DENVER, Colo., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Today the Railway Mail Clerks did no business. Fighting over the Presidency and Treasuryship was joyfully laid aside long enough to permit the delegates and their lady friends to take the trip over the famous loop in Clear Creek Cañon. The evening was passed in attending the theaters. Tomorrow work will be resumed. No change in the outlook for the election is apparent tonight. Welch of Chattanooga is almost certain of the Presidency.

The Gold and Silver Beaters.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The Gold and Silver Beaters closed their fifth annual session here today. The most important business transacted at today's meeting was the adoption of a uniform rate for beating at $6.20 a beating. This is an increase over the present rate, and all gold and silver beating houses throughout the country will be given notice of the demand, the increase of pay to begin Sept. 15.

WAS A GREAT SURPRISE.

REPUBLICANS ASTONISHED AT THE LOSS IN VERMONT.

The Greatly Reduced Majority Due Principally to the Unpopularity of Gov.-Elect Page, Whose Campaign Was Not Conducted to Suit Them—Democrats Make a Startling Gain in the Legislature, to Which Over Fifty Were Elected.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The result of the State election in Vermont was a genuine surprise, and it is safe to say that the Democrats were much more astonished than their political antagonists. Returns in Vermont come in slowly, and it is not possible to give the result with exactness, but it will not be far from 12,000 majority for Carroll S. Page of Hyde Park. This is a shrinkage from 1888 of 16,000 and from 1886 of 6,000, when Ormsbee received until then the smallest majority. One hundred and sixty of the 243 towns in the State give Page 25,724, Brigham 15,024, and scattering 925. These towns in 1888 gave Dillingham a majority of 21,208. This is a decrease in the Republican vote of 11,428 and a Democratic gain of 374.

The falling off is due to the personal unpopularity of the Republican candidate and the dislike of the voters of this "old-fashioned State to the practical politics" which Mr. Page used extensively in securing the nomination against M. M. Woodbury of Burlington. There can be no doubt but that the voters resented his action, as Page ran far behind the Lieutenant-Governor in every section of the State.

The Democrats gained enormously in the Legislature. Towns which have always been impregnably Republican this year send Democrats to the Lower House. There will be over fifty Democrats in the Legislature which will meet here next month. There were only fifteen in 1888, and the average has been nearer fifteen than thirty. Ludlow and Poultney send Democrats for the first time since the towns were settled, while Rutland, Brattleboro, Bellows Falls, Bennington, Morristown, Danby, and Calais send Democrats, much to their own and everybody else's surprise.

While they do not sympathize with the views of the Democrats the Republicans of Vermont cannot but admire their political opponents, who, year after year in the face of a certan overwhelming majority, continue to battle for their belief with as much ardor and pugnacity as though the two parties were about equally divided in strength.

The Prohibition vote cut but a slim figure. In the towns heard from the vote has fallen off 150 from that of 1888. The question of high license did not affect the vote for Governor, but it apparently did have a weight in the choosing of the Representatives, as is evident by the election of a large number of Republicans who are professedly high-license men. It is thought that enough Democrats and anti-prohibition Republicans have been elected to constitute a majority in the next House, but as the Senate is almost solidly against a change in the law their efforts will be of no avail beyond showing the desire of a large number of the people of the State to get rid of the present statute which has become painfully inoperative.

DARING FRAUDS IN ARKANSAS.

Violence and Intimidation Freely Resorted to by Democrats—Ballot-Boxes Stuffed.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Returns are coming in slowly. The Democrats claim the election of the entire State ticket by 30,000. The figures do not warrant that estimate. If the counties where open-handed violence, intimidation, and frauds were practiced should be thrown out or counted as ballots were cast, Foster would have a decided majority in the State. The returns are all in from the Second Congressional District. In Conway and Woodruff Counties over 1,000 Republican votes were returned as Democratic, while in Lonoke County force and violence were freely employed to drive Republicans from the polls. By that means these counties have given the Democratic ticket 3,000 more votes than it is entitled to. Notwithstanding the frauds in these counties, and taking the returns from a Democratic standpoint, the Second Congressional District has given 1,207 majority to the Republican candidate for Governor. This is known as the Breckinridge district, and the vote conclusively demonstrates that with Federal Supervisors at the polls the district will return 3,000 majority in November. In the First District, which is represented by Featherston, the Union-Labor man who succeeded to the seat of Cate, the returns are not all in, but enough is known to justify the claim that Fizer has carried this district by a small majority in the face of most outrageous frauds upon the ballot in Lee County, where Republicans were assaulted and driven from the polls and where the ballot boxes were openly stuffed. This county (Lee) is returned 1,200 for Eagle when, in fact it gave Foster over 1,000 majority. In a Congressional election the First district may be safely put at 2,500 anti-Democratic and the vote on State ticket assures the return of Featherston to Congress in November. At present no estimates can be made on the other Congressional districts, but it is not improbable that they have given the Democratic gubernatorial ticket a majority.

Ex-Attorney-General A. H. Garland is here in close consultation with his Democratic partisans looking to the political complexion of the next Legislature, which will elect a successor to Senator James K. Jones. Garland is fishing for the pie, and hopes to make himself solid with the Bourbons by advocating a constitutional convention for the purpose of adopting property and educational qualifications for electors. It is said that Garland will engineer the scheme and hopes thereby to slip back into the Senate.

Negroes Assaulted and Fired Upon.

At the home of Gov. Eagle in Lonoke County the polling place was established in the second story of a building and the stairway was surrounded by a party of toughs. On the morning of the election Lee Terrell, a colored Republican placed a bunch of Union Labor tickets in a small hand-satchel, slung it over his shoulder with a strap and started for the voting place. Just as he started to go up the stairs leading from the hall on the first floor to the second story, Terrell was accosted by John Hallum. When Terrell replied that he had some Union Labor tickets that he intended to lay on the table at the polls, Hallum told him he had better go down-stairs. Thinking that Hallum meant that he was needed below Terrell started to obey the suggestion. Just as Terrell turned, according to his own statement, Hallum hit him on the head three times with a hickory club. The assault was entirely unlooked for, and without provocation. Terrell partly stunned and with blood streaming out of two broad gashes in his scalp sprang down the steps and staggered to the sidewalk. Hallum followed and hit him repeatedly over the shoulders. A large number of white people were in the hall when Terrell was driven out, but only one remonstrance was heard.

Immediately after the second assault in the court-house yard Deputy Sheriff Will Goodrum and Marshal Hallum, brother of the man who beat Terrell, came up and told him they had information that he had a revolver concealed about his person. Without further ado Terrell was taken to jail. He was searched, but not even a pocketknife was found. After he had been in jail about an hour the officers who arrested him came and demanded the Union Labor tickets that he still had in his possession. They went away with the remark that they wanted to take them to the voting-place. Shortly afterward the officers returned and Terrell was told that he would be taken before the Mayor—Dan Boon—where he was fined $7.75. Soon afterward, while Terrell and some colored friends were standing near the depot discussing the question of going to Little Rock, the Marshal sent them word that the first negro who attempted to cross the railroad track running between the spot where they stood and the depot would be shot. By this time Terrell was almost ready to faint from the effects of his beating. A short time after this the negroes separated, quite a number going home without voting. The same afternoon a negro took the train for Little Rock. When he got off the train at Lonoke at midnight he was fired at three times by unknown parties.

ABOLITION OF CONVICT LABOR.

The Constitutional Convention of Mississippi Considers the Question.

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 3.—The Constitutional Convention met at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon and resumed the consideration of the report of the Committee on Penitentiaries, providing for the abolition of the convict leasing system. The following proviso was adopted:

Provided, That nothing herein contained shall prohibit the Legislature from authorizing the employment under State supervision of convicts by any levee board on any public levees under such provisions and restrictions as it may from time to time see proper to impose;

Provided, further, Said convicts shall not be let to any contractor under said board.

A great many of those who voted for this proviso did so upon the theory that it is unwise to forever tie the hands of the Legislature on a penitentiary system that has not yet passed its experimental stage. It is argued that the prison farm scheme may prove a failure.

The convention at 6 p. m. adjourned without final disposition of the penitentiary. The Franchises Committee decided unanimously today to vote as a unit in favor of its report on the suffrage question. The convention is deluged with tracts in favor of woman suffrage published under the auspices of the Woman's Suffrage Association. Today a counterblast appeared in the shape of a document entitled, "A Remonstrance." Every member of the convention was furnished with a copy. The remonstrance is an exact copy of a circular against woman suffrage which was extensively distributed among the voters of South Dakota recently. The woman suffragists here charge that the circular is the work of the anti-Prohibitionists, who fear the influence of women in elections.

At a meeting of the Judiciary Committee held tonight it was decided unanimously that the convention had authority to enact a Constitution without submitting the same to the people for ratification.

SPEAKER REED IN BOSTON.

He Is Accorded an Enthusiastic Reception at a Faneuil Hall Meeting.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Massachusetts political campaign was opened tonight by Thomas B. Reed. The meeting was held at Faneuil Hall and it was worthy of the party and the place. Mr. Reed's journey thither from Washington was a quiet one. He was unaccompanied by political friends and after leaving New York made no stop until he reached New Haven. Then Postmaster Sperry boarded the train and invited the speaker at a later date to help boom Connecticut Republicanism. Chairman Burdett and Secretary Wardwell of the Massachusetts Republican Committee met him at the station here and conducted him to the Hotel Vendome.

Mr. Reed was given an informal banquet by the members of the State Committee, after which he proceeded to Faneuil Hall. This historical hall was crowded clear to the entrance with the sturdy rank and file of the party and representative men of the city. Jonathan A. Lane, President of the Boston Merchants' Associations presided. Mr. Reed was given a most warm reception and was roundly applauded throughout his address.

Mr. Reed said:

It is amazing to notice in the history of the House of Representatives and of Congress that when things are to be done, the Republican party does them. The great struggle which has been made by the Democratic House of Representatives for years has been not to be economical in the expenditures of the Government, but to cut down the sum total of appropriations. They have been striving in every way to pile up the surplus, not merely by taxation but by parsimony in their action in the expenditure of money.

There has been advertisement broadcast of this surplus and every human need and want has been set together to try to get money out of the Treasury for other than public purposes, but not one of these schemes has been successful. All the expenditure has been legitimate, just, and proper. One great element of expenditure is pension legislation. We have had to meet not merely the contention of those who are parsimonious, but those who wished to do such things as, with the present revenue of the Government, are impossible without bankruptcy and ruin. It is with those that the Republican party grapples with the question and solves it with that measure of justice which is satisfactory to the whole people of the country. So have we met all such questions.

Henry Cabot Lodge followed with an earnest plea for his favorite Electoral bill, after which the audience dispersed. Mr. Reed will start for Portland, Me., tomorrow morning. His course as he gets down by the State line is to be something like a triumphal march. Committees from his constituents are to meet him at the State line and conduct him home amid music, waving flags, and loud huzzas. He will speak at Haverhill, Mass., Dover, N. H., Kennebunk, Me., and Berwick, Me., as the train stops at those stations.

GOV. HUMPHREY RENOMINATED.

The Kansas Republican State Convention Puts Out a Strong Ticket.

Governor .... L. U. HUMPHREY
Lieutenant-Governor .... A. J. FELL
Secretary of State ..... WILLIAM HIGGINS
Attorney-General .... L. B. KELLOGG
Supt. of Public Instruction .. G. W. WINANS

TOPEKA, Kas., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Republican State Convention which met here at 4 o'clock this afternoon is the largest delegate convention ever held in the State, there being 564 delegates in attendance. A large majority of these are farmers, and a clear majority of the convention belongs to the Farmers' Alliance. There were no candidates for Chief-Justice, Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Attorney-General, Secretary of State, or Superintendent of Public Instruction outside of the present incumbents. The only contests were on Auditor and Treasurer, for which places candidates were numerous. W. R. Smith, an Atchison attorney, was chosen Temporary Chairman and Robert Moore, member of the Farmers' Alliance, was made Permanent Chairman. Judge Albert H. Horton for Chief Justice, Lyman U. Humphrey for Governor, A. J. Fell for Lieutenant-Governor, William Higgins for Secretary of State, L. B. Kellogg for Attorney-General, and George W. Winans for Superintendent of Public Instruction were all nominated by acclamation.

A resolution recommending the election of the Railroad Commissioners by the people was offered by ex-Gov. George T. Anthony, one of the Commissioners and a member of the committee.

League of Republican Clubs.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The Executive Committee of the National League of Republican Clubs met this morning in secret session. Most of the business done by the committee was of a nature not revealed, but they fixed the date of the next National League convention for April 21 next at Cincinnati. The plan adopted last year for the representation in the National convention at Nashville will be the one also in vogue for the next convention—namely: two delegates at large from each State and two from each Congressional district containing Republican league clubs. The Vice-President and the executive member of the National League from each State and the President and Secretary of each State league are also delegates to the National convention.

The Democratic Deadlock at Piqua, O.

PIQUA, O., Sept. 3.—The Fourth District Democratic Congressional Convention, which adjourned after casting 600 ballots without result at Greenville six weeks ago, was resumed here this morning, Gen. J. O. Amos Chairman. The 601st ballot resulted: Chance, 30; Anderson, 64; Marsh, 47; Gantz, 46; Marshall, 37. Twenty-one more ballots were taken, without change, and the convention took a recess for dinner.

No result has been reached at the close of the 709th ballot tonight, and the disposition is to continue in session until daylight.

Texas Republican Convention.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 3.—The Republican State Convention was called to order at noon by Executive Committee Chairman Degress of Austin. There are something over 500 delegates present, 40 per cent of whom are colored. In his opening address Chairman Degress begged of the delegates that they act harmoniously. Nothing was done today beyond effecting temporary organization. The Committee on Resolutions will declare against a railroad commission and prohibition, and very possibly in favor of the force bill, though in modified form.

Revising the List of Voters.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Sept. 3.—The Aldermen are revising the check-lists, and have so far stricken from the lists twenty-five names of persons who hold naturalization papers issued by the Municipal Court. Over 300 more persons have been summoned to show cause why their papers should not be canceled.

Congressional Nominations.

Dist.	State.	Candidate.	Politics.
1	New Hampshire	L. F. McKenney	Dem.
20	New York	John Sanford	Rep.
9	Wisconsin	Thomas Lynch	Dem.
5	Wisconsin	George H. Brickner	Dem.
8	Wisconsin	W. F. Bailey	Dem.
11	Ohio	W. L. Lewis	Rep.
1	West Virginia	C. B. Smith	Rep.
—	Washington	Robert Abernethy	Prohib.

MAY CONSIDER SEVERAL.

MORE THAN ONE SITE TO BE OFFERED TO THE COMMISSIONERS.

World's Fair Directors, It Is Said, Will Give the National Body Considerable Work to Do—Two or Three of the Most Available Pieces of Property to Be Tendered—Col. Root Favors Washington Park—What Mr. J. D. Stickney Says.

There was a story in circulation yesterday to the effect that the Board of Directors of the World's Columbian Exposition would turn over the whole site matter to the National Commission, leaving the latter body to make the choice. The report originated in a remark made by one of the directors to Commissioner Hirst of Florida.

President Gage and Vice-President Bryan both asserted that no such plan had ever been discussed or even touched upon by the board, although one or two directors had suggested it outside of board meetings. One of the directors, however, went into the plan in detail, giving the grounds on which it was suggested.

"I cannot say what the board will do," he said, "but I do not think that it will take any such action as that outlined. To begin with, we cannot withdraw the site already offered and accepted. We can suggest a substitute which the commission is at liberty to accept or reject. If it does the latter the whole site remains Jackson Park. In other words, Jackson Park is the site until a substitute is adopted for it. This is one of the reasons advanced for offering more than one site in order that a choice may be made. Another reason is that it would destroy a great deal of the bitter feeling that now exists."

The Best Would Be Selected.

"Would all the sites offered be turned over to the Commissioners?"

"No, sir; I do not understand that to be the idea at all. The board would pick out two or three of the best and most available and report them, together with the reports of the engineers and physicians on their condition."

"If the directors find the site superior to all others will it not be their duty to settle on that?"

"I suppose it would under those circumstances. But the advantages and disadvantages are so varied that it would be difficult to say that one site led all others. Washington Park, for instance, is in magnificent condition and is easily accessible. With the Midway Plaisance and a portion of Jackson Park it would have a frontage on the lake, which is desirable. It would require little money to prepare it. But there the Fair would have to conform largely to the nature of the grounds, instead of laying out the grounds to conform to the plans for the Fair.

"Washington Park has excellent transportation facilities and it is near the center of population. The ground is excellent and could be prepared at small expense. The North Shore site has a greater frontage on the lake than the South Side site, and has the advantage, possessed by none of the other sites, that it can be laid out in whatever manner may be deemed most advantageous to the Fair."

"Do you think these sites will be tendered?"

"I have no means of knowing. I am only telling you the advantages claimed for a report including several sites."

Concerning the scheme Mr. Gage said:

"Nothing of that sort has come before the board yet in any form, but I would not want to predict what forty-five men will do. It has many advantages, but it has never yet been advocated at a meeting. At present the board is working with the idea of reporting a single site, but, of course, a change could be made at the last minute."

Mr. Bryan also said that the idea had never been suggested to the board.

"I heard it informally suggested once to Mr. Hirst," he said. "That is all that I have heard of it."

He Favors Washington Park.

Col. James P. Root favors Washington Park for the Fair site, and gives some excellent reasons for his choice. In an interview published in the *Journal* last night he said:

"Regarding the location of the site for the World's Fair a thousand suggestions are in order. No doubt every one officially connected with the business is trying to do the best. People change their views on the question and have been quite kaleidoscopic. The suggestion is now presented—Washington Park. Thousands of people don't know where that park is. The north line of it is Fifty-first street, and from there south it extends, embracing about 400 acres of ground, the western boundary being Indiana avenue and the eastern boundary Cottage Grove avenue. It is finely improved, and it may be truthfully said it embraces the only completed park in Chicago. It has the finest floral display in the city, and is approached by Grand boulevard and Drexel boulevard, whose flora equals anything in the world. Connected with it and running east is a strip of land 600 feet wide and one and one-quarter miles long, which is called the Midway Plaisance, connecting with Jackson Park, which has a mile and a quarter frontage on the shore of Lake Michigan. The north end of Jackson Park is improved, and a drive is in process of completion, about a mile and a quarter, with a pavilion the entire length similar to that now already completed at the north end of Jackson Park.

"If the Fair site should be located in Washington Park there will be found about 400 acres. Of this territory there is a meadow of about 160 acres, without a tree or bush on it. Large enough to hold all the buildings, and plenty of space about it for all the people, it will not disturb a bush or tree. But in addition to this there are beautiful lakes, with open spaces fronting on them, ranging from one acre to ten, where the different State and National exhibits can be located without detriment to trees, and without crowding. In other words, there is ample room for Japan and New Jersey.

"The north end of Jackson Park is improved and steamboats can gather there. Passengers can see the entire lake front. The Midway Plaisance is 600 feet wide and one mile and a quarter long. Here is space for electrical railways and all the display that needs a straight stretch. Visitors will thus have all the benefits of Jackson Park and its mile of shore, approachable by steamboat. The waters of the lake will extend over the whole territory. Now a word about the agricultural display. Just south and adjoining is the Washington Driving Park, a splendid track, an open field for agricultural machinery, sheds and buildings already erected.

"It would seem then that every one can approach the Fair by water; can have all the beauties of the lake; can have the electrical ride; can see the agricultural department, which has ample grounds, and all connected. In short, it is all one piece of ground, combining every element that goes to make up a complete whole.

"The flora of Washington Park is now the most complete on the American Continent. We have thus these elements—first, a completed park, with 160 acres free of trees; second, we have patches of ground shaded by trees and fronting on pretty lakes, sufficient for every State and nation; third, we have for agriculture already a part ready; fourth, we have Lake Michigan on its border.

"As to its accessibility: First, the Illinois Central; second, six lines of grip and horse cars; third, it is but a step from the Rock Island, the Lake Shore, the Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, and the Belt Line. A party can take a car at any depot in the city and go direct to the grounds. The North Side people can go there from any depot, so of the West Side, and when established all the elevated roads will get there. It combines a finished park and an agricultural ground now ready. It costs nothing for filling. All roads from the east approach, and all others get there."

Had the Same Trouble at Paris.

Mr. J. D. Stickney, for twenty years a resident of Paris, is at present visiting Chicago upon business relating to the foreign exhibits to the World's Fair. He expresses his firm belief in the hearty coöperation particularly of the French manufacturers. Apropos of the present uncertainty as to the location, Mr. Stickney says that for a period of nearly three years prior to its actual commencement the same point was brought forward at Paris. "Many different sites were advocated there also with true Gallic vehemence," says Mr. Stickney. "St. Cloud, the Bois de Vincennes, the Bois de Boulogne, and the Champ de Mars were offered. It was during the period of wire-pulling for personal ends that Mr. Wilson, son-in-law of President Grévy, made his début and laid the foundation of his lucrative traffic in the 'decorations of the Legion of Honor.'"

Mr. Stickney brings with him from the French Capital many strong and influential letters. He was formerly a member of the Paris Geographical Society, which world-renowned body has the actual plans and sites of every important city in the world. Mr. Stickney is very confident that if the properly qualified parties are placed on the Foreign Committee great headway will be made in assuring a satisfactory foreign exhibit.

DISCUSSED WORLD'S FAIR SITES.

Society of Engineers Wrestled With the Problem Last Night.

The Western Society of Engineers last night discussed proposed sites for the World's Fair. Prof. L. E. Cooley, the Chairman, opened the discussion by saying that it was not to be supposed that the subject could be exhausted in one night. It has been before the public for seven months, but in the speaker's opinion the engineers could have settled the question, so far as engineering was concerned, in as many days if they had devoted themselves assiduously to the subject. This discussion would not embarrass the member who had lately been appointed consulting engineer to the Site Committee. Nothing had yet been settled as to what kind of an exposition was to be held here. A discussion of the general plans would occupy ninety days, and the details would occupy six months more, so that it was unlikely that ground could be broken inside of twelve months. All discussion led to progress in the matter.

Isham Randolph presented the arguments in favor of the Lake-Front site. He said he would not discuss the legal difficulties, but the engineering obstacles were insignificant. President Newell of the Lake Shore road had lately told him that his road would engage to deliver in 250 days half of all the dirt needed for the filling.

Richard P. Morgan advocated the Garfield Park site as the most desirable. It was on the east and west axis of the city and adapted by nature for the purposes of such an exhibition.

Gen. Fitz-Simons said he favored the Garfield Park site reluctantly because it was so well adapted by nature that there would be no need of engineering skill. The committee, however, had selected the Lake-Front.

In reply to a question from the Chairman Gen. Fitz-Simons said he thought that with a carefully constructed breakwater a sand filling would support buildings. George W. Waite thought that 200 acres on the west side of Jackson Park, the center of Washington Park, and the Midway Plaisance would give the land required and would make the best site. Mr. Wallace believed in the Lake-Front. He thought sand would be the best filling, but it would be necessary to go down to the clay before beginning to fill.

T. T. Johnson showed that the natural surface drainage from Jackson Park or a site near there went to the lake. The population of the country in that basin would be about 140,000 in 1893, probably. The result would be a contamination of the water supply. Sometimes there was no current in the lake, but when there was it ran towards the north. The North Side site had some advantages over the Jackson Park site. It would give the best water service of any of the sites.

O. Guthrie thought there was no doubt that the filling could be accomplished in time. The Lake-Front would be the best site, so far as related to receipts from admissions. He favored the Lake-Front and Jackson Park.

John Lundie thought that it was a difficult task to drain Jackson Park. O. B. Green favored the Lake-Front. W. A. Alexander regretted that the engineers had not had more time to investigate the claims of the north shore site. Prof. Cooley said the sanitary question was one of the most important. The visitors to the Fair might be estimated to amount to a permanent population of 100,000 on a space of 400 acres. If as many persons were killed by railroads as by polluted water every railroad President would now be in the penitentiary. A clay soil was least easily saturated, and therefore better for the health of the people. The ground at Jackson Park was easily saturated. The North Side site was 25 feet above the lake and could be easily drained into the North Branch. The State Board of Health had raised a question whether filling in so much as was contemplated on the Lake-Front in so short a time would not cause typhoid and malarial troubles. The North Side site was the site which presented an easier solution of the drainage problem. The West Side, however, was the best site. It was two miles nearer than any other site except the Lake-Front to the center of population and more accessible to people who came in vehicles than that locality. There were a dozen streets running east and west through the city leading directly to it. The Belt Line made it possible for any railroad to run a special train directly to the Fair grounds. Prof. Cooley was in doubt whether it was desirable further to congest the crowded South Side by holding a Fair on the Lake-Front.

A member suggested that a vote be taken on the different sites, but Prof. Cooley thought it would be better to have a committee appointed to investigate the whole subject. No action, however, was taken.

Exposition Notes.

Director Charles H. Wacker, who spent the summer in the Northwest, was at headquarters yesterday.

The South Park Commissioners will meet today and will discuss the advisability of tendering Washington Park.

Vice-President Bryan is in receipt of a letter from Landscape Engineer Olmsted, in which that gentleman urges the adoption of an undivided site.

Directors who have been rusticating for the summer are returning to the city and the indications are that the directors' meeting next Tuesday afternoon will be well attended.

The Executive Committee of the Columbian Exposition held its regular weekly session yesterday afternoon, President Gage presiding. The other members present were: Messrs. Bryan, Odell, Baker, Nathan, Jeffery, Young, Palmer, and Higinbotham.

The Committee on Buildings and Grounds reported that the Consulting Engineer and also the Board of Physicians appointed to investigate the sanitary condition of the various sites proposed would make a formal report Saturday next, which would be incorporated in the report of the Committee on Buildings and Grounds to be submitted to the directory at its meeting Tuesday.

MARRIAGE OF MISS MARIA YZNAGA.

The New Orleans Belle Wedded to Senor Alverz—Other New York News.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—A wedding of more than ordinary interest took place at the city-hall today, Ald. Roche officiating. The contracting parties proved to be Miss Maria de Los Angeles Yznaga of New Orleans, a cousin of the Duchess of Manchester, and Señor Eduardo Alverz, a son of a wealthy sugar planter, whose plantation is at Cardenas, Cuba. When the ceremony had been concluded the bride and her father were driven to the Hotel Albert, where they are stopping, and the groom and his friends returned to his temporary residence, No. 237 West Fourteenth street, to prepare for the ceremony at the church, as, according to Spanish custom, two ceremonies are always performed—one according to civil law and the other at church.

The second ceremony was performed by the Rev. Father McKinnon at the Church of St. Francis Xavier on West Sixteenth street at 7 o'clock in the evening. The wedding, although considered a private one, was a very elaborate affair and about 100 guests were present. A reception was held at the Hotel Albert after the ceremony, and then the young couple retired to the Grand Central Hotel, where they will remain for several days. Saturday they will take the steamer for Tampa, Fla., where they will spend the honeymoon, and then they will leave for Cardenas, there to reside. Both families are wealthy and of high social standing. Señor Yznaga is an uncle of Fernando Yznaga, the Wall street banker, and of the Duchess of Manchester. His home is in New Orleans, where the newly-married couple met two years ago.

Fixing Excursion Rates.

The Passenger Committee of the Trunk Line Association today considered the question of excursion rates of one fare and one-third hitherto made to parties of fifty bound to a common point to attend a convention or gathering. It was decided that in future such rates should not be made to a fewer number than 100. The tickets are issued upon a certificate that the purchasers are entitled to them, and the holders are not required to travel together nor are they bound to start from the same point nor even live on the same railroad.

Notes.

J. Bartlett Cook, the swindler who conducted the American Development company and fleeced five of his clerks out of $250 each which they had given as security, was sentenced to State's prison for four years today.

Eight cargoes of brick came to this city today aggregating 800,000 brick. But fifteen brick barges were in this city today, where usually there would be seventy-five. It is expected that the boycott on this city will be still further pressed.

Mrs. Emily Kavanaugh, who fired five shots at her husband, John Kavanaugh, the actor, in One Hundred and Forty-fifth street July 25, and who was found guilty by a jury, was today sentenced to five years and four months in State's prison. Mrs. Kavanaugh took her sentence calmly.

ADJOURNMENT IN SIGHT.

CONGRESSMEN EXPECT TO LEAVE WASHINGTON BY OCT. 1.

Their Desire to Get Home Likely to Prevent Members of the House from Haggling Over the Senate Amendments to the Tariff Bill—Representative Caruth's Ingenious Campaign Methods—What the Silver Men Want—Reciprocity Talk in the Upper House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The weary Congressmen really think they see adjournment in sight. This matter of adjournment is so much a will-of-the-wisp that nobody places much confidence in it until the concurrent resolution fixing the day is through at least one branch. But with the certainty that the Election bill is not to be brought up, a reasonably good guess can be made on the Tariff bill and the other matters of legislation which will have to be acted on this session. It is believed now that there will not be much discussion of the Tariff bill in the House after it comes from the Senate. Urged by their desire to get home members are not apt to indulge their feeling of resentment on account of the failure of the Election bill and the injection of the reciprocity question into their Tariff bill, but will swallow their indignation with a few gulps and get away as soon as possible. The Tariff bill will probably be sent to conference very soon after it reaches the House, and there, the members already having had the questions that will then arise under their individual consideration, the matter promises to be speedily disposed of. They will probably be in shape to adjourn by the 1st of October. Mr. Gear said to a reporter today that he thought Congress would adjourn between the 21st and 25th of September.

NOVEL CAMPAIGN METHODS.

How Representative Caruth Recommends Himself for Re-election.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Congressmen who are candidates for reëlection are interested in the novel scheme of Representative "Ash" Caruth of the Louisville (Ky.) district. With the help of a friend Mr. Caruth had forged a lot of campaign thunderbolts. They consist of large photographs of Mr. Caruth, elegantly framed in ash, a large bundle of carved and turned ash canes, "Ash" Caruth cigars, printed flags, and illustrated literature galore. The portraits of Mr. Caruth are photographs which, including the frames, are about 18x24 inches in size. The beautifully polished frames are surmounted by crossed flags. Above the portrait, in gold letters, is the following:

"'Ash' Caruth (graduate of the Louisville public schools). The Jeffersonian qualifications—character and capacity." On the frame below the portrait is printed: "One of the people. A Jeffersonian from Jefferson County."

The canes are cleverly turned out of ash, and are in assorted styles. On the handle of each is inscribed: "Ash Caruth for Congress."

The cigars are in boxes of fifty and the labels are printed on veneering. They contain a good portrait of the distinguished Congressman and this in large print: "The 'Ash' Caruth cigar; a square cigar and a square man."

The printed pamphlets are illustrated and contain, besides Mr. Caruth's record as a citizen and a Congressman, many clever arguments tersely put. These documents have been examined with much interest by both Democrats and Republicans, and some of these have already given orders to cigar manufacturers and lithographmakers. It is understood that Frank Lawler will have the copyright on the plan for Chicago, and before long the city may be flooded with gilt edged portraits bearing the inscription:

"Our Frank. The Toilers' Friend. Give Him a Fat Office This Time."

A supply of imported blackthorns, labeled, "The Lawler Stick," may be distributed before the Democratic primaries, so as to be useful in an emergency, while "The Frank Lawler Cigar" will be put on the market at rates within the reach of the Second District.

INTERNATIONAL SILVER CONFERENCE.

Senator Teller Advocates His Resolution Providing for a Commission.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Senator Teller is inclined to stir up the Finance Committee to report his resolution for an international silver conference. The committee has taken no action because it was understood to be the opinion of President Harrison that more could be done by sending abroad an unofficial agent of this Government. The silver Senators had no particular objection to this, though they didn't think a mission of that sort would accomplish much. The favorable effect which the recent silver legislation has had has changed their views somewhat, and they now hold that the advantage ought to be seized by the United States and overtures made which the European Governments could not afford to refuse. Said Senator Teller this afternoon:

"None of our Ministers to European countries have been students of the silver problem, and however accomplished they may be in other directions they cannot do much in explaining to foreign Governments a subject which they themselves don't understand. An international commission would be made up of men specially qualified to discuss every phase of the question, and I feel certain their work would be fruitful in results."

"Wouldn't it be better for the United States to pass a law changing the ratio of silver to gold from 16 to 1 to 15½ to 1, and then ask the coöperation of the European Governments?"

"I hardly think so. If we were to authorize our representatives to say to them that such a change would be made we might get a little more from them. Of course we cannot expect the European Governments to lose 3 per cent by changing to our ratio. On the other hand we would gain 3 per cent by adopting the ratio of 15½ to 1 and the conditions would fully justify us in doing it. But there is no great hurry. Silver is all right now and will continue to rise till it reaches $1.29 an ounce."

THE TARIFF BILL IN THE SENATE.

It Is Likely to Go Through on Time with but Few Changes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Finance Committee had better take a look over the Senate before the five-minute rule goes into effect if its members think they can keep the Tariff bill about as it stands. The committee itself may refrain from offering some amendments which are urged upon it, because if this course be adopted great pressure will be exerted for further changes. Senator Aldrich is bound that the bill shall go through on schedule time, and therefore discourages suggestions looking to changes. On a few things the committee may be turned down. Senator Davis of Minnesota, since he made his speech for free binding twine, has received promises of Republican support which make him feel certain that he can carry this measure of relief to the farmers.

The sugar fight is still the great issue. The Sugar Trust is here in force, pleading with Senators not to cut down its profits by giving the consumer as well as the refiner free sugar, but it finds hard work in keeping the majority of the Finance Committee in line. Its present scheme is to get the Senate to consent to the substitute for the House schedule, with the understanding that there shall be a compromise in the conference committee. This proposed compromise is to fix the free line at No. 16, but to give the refiners all the protection they want on the grades above that line.

The reciprocity debate has shown that the Aldrich amendment will be adopted with only such changes as its author may sanction. Sherman has kicked because one cheek having been smitten the United States hasn't turned the other to Canada. Edmunds today injected a good deal of sarcasm into his support of the plan, and Evarts conjured up also a host of diplomatic entanglements growing out of the favored-nation doctrine as only a constitutional lawyer could imagine. Yet all the objectors agreed that the reciprocity amendment was going to be part of the Tariff bill, and so it will be.

Rich Haul by Burglars.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3.—The dwelling of Charles Van Brunt, the grandson of Commander Van Brunt, on Brush Hill, Milton, was entered by burglars Monday night. They carried off a quantity of clothing and a number of watches and diamonds. The stolen property is valued at $4,000. In a drawer of a bureau was a casket containing the family diamonds and heirlooms. These the burglars overlooked. They are valued at $20,000.

IT COMES ONCE A YEAR.

THE INTER-STATE EXPOSITION IS HERE AGAIN.

Nine Thousand Admirers of the Eighteen-Year-Old Attraction Turn Out to Take First Peep at the Chestnuts and the Pictures—A Detective Boat Badly Needed—Some of Ogle's Counterfeit Bills Afloat in This City.

A year ago people said: "Well, well, this ends the Exposition; it will now go the way of all wood, iron, and human flesh."

Others said: "Let it go. It's a shabby old thing and we're well rid of it."

Out in the country the boys and girls who used to lie awake nights after the lamp went out pondering on what they would do when they came to town to see the "Exp'sition" heard what was said, and their hearts sank.

"We hope it ain't true," they said.

The Exposition in her shabby attire sat silently on the Lake-Front and made no reply to jeers or prayers. She even let a crowd of men in blue overalls and jumpers come over one Saturday afternoon and chop a hole in her side.

A month ago she donned a gown of screaming yellow with a red border. It was bizarre and daring.

"The old fool," said the people. "One foot in the grave and rigging herself up like an actress. Shameful."

The Exposition answered not all. She hoisted a lot of flags above her—the torn flags she had worn for years. She bound across her front a big sign with her full name, "Inter-State Exposition," in blue and red letters. And last night, bedecked with lights and banners, she reappeared upon the scene of her former triumphs, and 9,000 of her old friends came down-town to see her.

She had little that was new to show them. The same candy and dry-goods booths, the same pianos and patent wringers, boots and shoes, chewing-gum, soda water, and hydraulic pumps that we have all seen for eighteen years were there again. But what of that? Old friends are the best, and the Exposition is one of the oldest.

When the show began at 8 o'clock, when the steam whistle blew and the lights flashed up and the fountain spouted and sparkled in rainbow colors under the shower of light from tinted globes suspended in air, and Prof. Liesegang's band shot out a blast of "America" that knocked things off the showcases, and the gentleman who plays the typewriter and the gentleman who works the corn-husker and the gentleman who thumps the show piano, all joined in the chorus. Then none of the 9,000 regretted they had come. Not much. But each young man gave his arm to his best girl and marching from booth to booth they made merry with the gum-drop that fadeth not and dallied with the raspberry soda when it was red within the cup.

It has been said that not many new things were exhibited. That is only partly true. The old shows appeared in many kinds of new dress. "It will be the best exhibit we have ever had," said Secretary Reynolds in the afternoon. A hundred workmen were then pounding away on the big and little booths, and the building was as noisy as a boiler factory. No well-trained exhibiter ever thinks of putting his booth in shape until the last moment, and the result is that opening day is calculated to shatter the nerves of the people in charge of the Exposition. Nothing was complete yesterday except the gallery of science, and that is as immovable as the Exposition. The Elephas Primigenious was in his old fatiguing position, and around him as ever were grouped those justly popular favorites, the Collosochelys Atlas, the Megatherium Cuvieri, and the Glyptodon (Schistopleurum typus Nodot); also the Albino deer with the pleading pink glass eye and the dodo and the whale. They antedate every other exhibit in the building except the candy stand and the cider-mill which were first erected at the county fair of the Troglodyte Association some years since and have made an appearance at each exposition. The Elephas Primigenious has begun to look a-weary, and one can almost detect a tired smile on his lank chops when a man with oiled boots comes in and attempts to call him by his stage name.

The best of the novelties comes from Kansas. It is the grain house which was taken down to Boston to the Grand Army reunion. The Rock Island road is putting it up here, and when completed it will be a pretty thing. The entrance to it is surmounted by an American eagle artistically built of oats and millet. Underneath the eagle is "Kansas" in letters made of chopped oat straw. The walls are hung with specimen products of the West, and the arrangement of the colors of the red and white corn, brown sorghum, and golden wheat makes a pleasant picture.

Back of the Kansas exhibit in the extreme south end of the hall the California fruit exhibit will be located.

The big down-town houses have put in extra work on some of the displays. Sprague, Warner & Co.'s, Burley & Co.'s, James H. Walker & Co.'s, James Wilde's, the Wolf and Periolat Fur company's, and Marshall Field & Co.'s booths were completed in the afternoon, and the others under way promised to be as tasteful as these were. The Brunswick-Balke company is preparing a big display, and near by a young man with as much hair on his head as would stuff a sofa-cushion was slashing around with a paint brush making a scene in an arctic sea where walrus hunters will chase papier-maché seals nightly for the pleasure of the public, and the advertisement of a fur house. A lot of machinery was put in at the north end of the building during the day, but it was not extraordinarily new, and the other exhibits were the old stand-bys. Everybody knows them, from the lightning rod to the patent bluing; their first appearance is associated with the days of our boyhood.

For half the people who visit the Exposition the biggest interest attaches to the art gallery. They don't all know a good picture from a bad one, but some of them do. Those who do are to be distinguished from those who don't principally by their silence. Those who don't are sometimes bad artists. Take a man who makes pastels while you wait, and the way he can carve up an artist who isn't around to hear him is a moral lesson. He was out last night. He wore long hair and his cuffs were frayed. He straddled in front of Gari Melchers' "The Sermon" with an open catalogue in his hand and said:

"Dreadful; abominable. The man who painted that had no more idea of art than my old shoe has. Not a bit, sir. Who ever saw a flesh tint like that. Bah!"

Then he strode away, throwing out his chest and frowning at the crowd gathered about the gorgeous painting "Spring Flowers." This is the show picture of the exhibit. Last year the populace swarmed about the portrait of Dr. Agnew at the cheerful task of cutting up a large dead man in a dissecting-room. They took special delight in the blood on the doctor's apron. It was even redder than real blood. "Spring Flowers" is not quite so "bluggy" as Dr. Agnew, but it is fetching with its dazzling combination of pretty girls and gorgeous flowers. There is one dress in it, too, that makes the ladies think. It fits tight, and is purple with spots.

"I'm going to have one made like it," said a girl in the crowd.

Isn't that honor enough for one painter.

The people promenaded, the band played, and Lieut. Alexander Ross's big policeman returned straying children to their sorrowing mothers until 11 o'clock. Then the first Exposition reception of the season was over.

UNITED STATES DETECTIVE BOAT.

Next Congress Likely to Vote an Appropriation for One Here.

Collector of Customs Clark does not expect that the appropriation of $27,000, which has been asked for the building of a detective boat for this port, will be passed at this session of Congress, because the item did not get into the regular appropriation bill before it was passed by the House. He believes, however, Congress at its next session will grant the request, and that the Chicago port will have a craft of this character and the service greatly strengthened.

"This boat," said the Collector yesterday, "is something that has been recommended by the Treasury Agents for a number of years, and it is the opinion of the Treasury Department that it would be a matter of economy. The bill providing for the appropriation was introduced at the suggestion of the department, and it has been recommended by the Committee on Appropriations of the House, but it is so late in the session I think it will hardly get through. I do not know any way in which the same amount of money could add so much to the efficiency of the service. The only boat the department has now in this locality is the revenue cutter Andrew Johnson. It covers Lake Superior and Lake Michigan, but can only examine the papers of vessels and see that they conform with the law. The officers on the Johnson cannot prevent smuggling. The idea is to place this detective boat out in the harbor, and when a foreign vessel comes in take an inspector out and place him aboard. As it is now these inspectors are stationed at the Rush street bridge, and when a vessel passes its destination is ascertained and a man sent to the dock where it is to unload. Naturally, he does not always get there before the unloading commences. We always have an inspector present to watch the unloading of every boat having foreign goods. You see it would be a great advantage to put a man aboard the vessel just as it is coming into the harbor. The customs boat would carry a number of inspectors and could watch the vessels going to South Chicago much better than under the present system."

Two custom boats of the character of the one Chicago has asked for have been stationed in each of the following harbors: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and San Francisco. These boats are in addition to the revenue cutters. More vessels enter the Chicago port in a year than any one of the others, and, it is said, more than enter the Boston and New York harbors combined. The vessels, of course, are not as large as the ocean steamers or sailing craft, but require as much vigilance. The custom boats are built especially for the service and cruise about the harbors in watch of foreign vessels.

NEW COUNTERFEIT BILLS AFLOAT.

Some of Miles Ogle's Bad Money in Circulation in Chicago.

A Kansas City dispatch published yesterday stated that a large number of counterfeit bills are in circulation in that city. The counterfeits are of the United States Treasury $2 silver certificates, and of the $10 issue of the Germania National Bank of New Orleans.

A number of the $10 bank notes referred to have been in circulation in this city. They are the work of Miles Ogle, who was arrested in Cincinnati Saturday night and held to the United States Court in the sum of $15,000. Operative Porter and William Hall, his assistant, of the United States Secret Service here, have located fifteen of the notes and have been able to get hold of seven. They were brought here by Robert Thompson and William Faber, who were tried in the United States Court and taken to the penitentiary about July 1, the former for two years and the latter for one year. They were charged with having in their possession and passing counterfeit National bank notes. Thompson is authority for the statement that twenty-five of the counterfeits were put in circulation here.

The counterfeit bears the check letter "C," and is signed "W. S. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury, and C. N. Jordan, Treasurer of the United States." It has the large scallop brown seal and brown back. The Treasury numbers are poorly stamped, and the color of the ink resembles a coarse brick-red color, while on all the genuine notes of this series the Treasury numbers are in bright carmine. The vignettes on each end of the counterfeits are coarsely engraved. The parallel ruling in the panel bearing "New Orleans" is coarse and resembles work done with a pen. The lathe-work surrounding the figure "10" and the word "ten" in the upper right and left end of the notes is poorly executed. It is printed on cheap bond paper. No attempt is made to imitate the silk threads or fiber in the paper. The letters are not uniform, and the back of the counterfeit is much better engraved than the face.

A week ago yesterday a man called at the Sub-Treasury and asked to have $90 exchanged for new money. He had $40 in gold and $50 in bank notes. Among the notes was one of the $10 Germania National Bank counterfeits. The man looked like a laborer, and said that he received the money from his employer. The bill was marked "counterfeit," and he was allowed to go.

None of the $2 counterfeit silver certificates are in circulation here so far as known. The one referred to in the dispatch is supposed to be the one known to the Secret Service as the "Italian note." The check letter is "B," and it is signed by W. S. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury, and James W. Hyatt, Treasurer of the United States. Its general appearance is good and it will readily pass for genuine.

Ogle has a $2 counterfeit silver certificate which recently made its appearance. It is of the issue under the act of Congress of Aug. 4, 1886, department series 1886. It is signed by W. S. Rosecrans, Register of the Treasury, and James W. Hyatt, Treasurer of the United States. The check letter is "C" and is poor and the lathe-work surrounding the large figure "2" is poor. The check letter "C" is omitted on the right end and is faint on the left end. None of these bills have been circulated here, so far as known.

Ogle is a noted counterfeiter, and belonged to the Reno gang of Southern Indiana. He has trained with Pete McCartney, and has served two terms in the Pennsylvania Penitentiary, one in Kentucky, and one in Tennessee, all for counterfeiting.

Several of the counterfeit bills on the New Orleans bank turned up in St. Louis three months ago.

A CASE OF MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

Such Is Claimed for W. J. Higgs, Arrested in Mason City, Ia.

W. J. Higgs, who was bound over to the District Court in Mason City, Ia., Tuesday, on the charge of having appeared before young women and girls in unconventional dress, is connected with the Creamery Package Manufacturing Company of this city. According to the dispatches it seems that some one has terrorized the people of north Mason City by rushing suddenly from the woods partially dressed. A great many girls and young ladies have been frightened in this way. Higgs was arrested on the charge of being the offender, but it is claimed by his friends that it is a case of mistaken identity.

C. W. Cornell, the secretary of the Creamery Package Manufacturing Company, was seen yesterday and asked regarding the matter. He said:

"All we know about it is what we have read in the papers. Mr. Higgs has charge of our business at Mason City. We have a branch house there and he is our manager. We received a letter from him this morning written Tuesday, but no reference is made to the matter contained in the dispatches. I think it is a case of mistaken identity. He has been in our employ about four months and is a young man of good character. He has never manifested any insane tendencies, and I am almost sure he is not the man who has been going through these performances. He is about 33 years of age and is not married."

TWO LARGE COMBINES ORGANIZING.

Close of Window Glass Manufacturers' Meeting—Shot Tower Trust.

The window glass manufacturers finished their meeting, but not their business, at the Auditorium yesterday. They are going to meet again Sept. 16. Mr. Hart, Chairman of the association, denied vigorously that the purpose of the meeting was to put up the price of glass, and declared that they had not done so. The time for opening the works had been set for Sept. 15. No, they hadn't agreed to limit the output. They were only discussing matters generally. They talked about details of the glass-making business and what to do in case of strikes.

"The people think we're all protectionists," he said, "but the half of us are free-traders. Our workmen get too much pay, more than any other branch of skilled labor. The Alien Contract Labor law won't let us import men to work cheaper and the union won't let anybody learn the trade, so they gouge all the profit out of us. If we get 10 per cent duty they take it away from us. They get all the benefit of the duty. Their organization is a close corporation. There's where the trust is that you fellows talk about."

It was learned that one of the schemes proposed at yesterday's meeting was the formation of a United Purchasing company, which should take the product of each concern in the association and distribute it to jobbers at the ruling rate. While this was favored, it is not yet an accomplished fact.

The meeting of the American Shot Association in Room No. 136 of the Auditorium Hotel yesterday was as quiet and secret as a blue lodge. President John Farrell of Bailey, Farrell & Co. of Pittsburg declared that they were only having a friendly reunion to see about uniting in one association. The officers are: John Farrell of Bailey, Farrell & Co., Pittsburg, President; E. A. Leroy of the Leroy Shot company of New York, Treasurer; E. W. Lowe, Secretary. The capital stock of the association will be $3,000,000. The members are: The Chicago Shot Tower company, the Raymond Lead company, the Collier Shot Tower company and St. Louis Shot Tower company of St. Louis, the Northwestern Shot company of Omaha, Cincinnati Shot Tower company, Continental Shot Works of Kansas City, St. Louis Shot Tower company, Tatham Brothers of New York, Merchants' Shot Tower company of Baltimore, Sportman's Shot company of Cincinnati, Gulf Shot and Lead company of New Orleans, Calwell Lead company of New York, Joseph Robertson & Co. of Baltimore, and the Thomas W. Sparks company of Philadelphia.

President G. H. Barbour of Detroit, Secretary Robinson, E. J. Callahan of St. Louis, T. W. Gardner, G. G. Woolf, and some other stove manufacturers of prominence held a secret meeting at the Auditorium yesterday. They refused, when interviewed, to admit even that there was a meeting, let alone to tell what it was about.

STORY TOLD BY A DRESSMAKER.

Mrs. Mary A. Penfield Relates Her Experience with Mrs. Collins.

There was no one to prosecute Mrs. Mary A. Penfield and her daughter, Estella, of No. 2516 Calumet avenue when the charge of larceny was preferred against them before Justice Prindiville yesterday morning. The Justice dismissed the case and the evidence was not heard. As given out yesterday the case was, Mrs. Penfield said, a one-sided tale.

"I had to give up my business as a dressmaker because I was suffering from heart-disease," she said. "My two grown daughters worked, and, being good dressmakers, earned good wages. The vacation season threw them out of work, and recently matters reached such a stage that we were absolutely penniless, were behind in our rent and owed a big grocer's bill. We became so desperate that, notwithstanding my doctor's advice to the contrary, I determined to do some work and advertised for that purpose. Mrs. Amelia Collins, wife of the millionaire, living at No. 4210 Indiana avenue, called, and when I told her I expected $2.50 a day she said that she was a poor woman, that her husband had been ill for a year, and that she wanted a dressmaker for $1.50 a day. I told her I would take $2 and she told me to call at her house. I did so and found three dresses that had been spoiled by a cheap dressmaker and which she wanted me to fix over. The fourth day I had finished two dresses to her satisfaction and was working on a sleeve. She wanted me to follow the directions of the pattern, but I insisted that the pattern was wrong. She abused me so that I was seized with a convulsion and had to go home. She begged me to come back, but I told her I would have to rest for some time. I got a letter from her shortly afterward saying that I need not come. I didn't go. She owed me for three full days and nearly a full fourth day—$7.50. She had paid me $4.50 and promised to pay me the rest when I got through with my work. Tuesday I became desperate for lack of money. I was about to mortgage my furniture when Stella suggested that I collect the $3 coming to me. We went to Mrs. Collins' house together, spending our last money for car-fare. The servant did not want to let us in, telling us Mrs. Collins would not be home till late. We pushed our way in and found Mr. Collins in the parlor. I asked him for the $3 and he said he knew nothing about it and told us to get out and call next day. We couldn't go, as we had no car-fare, and I told him so. Then he tried to put us out, making an effort to cane me. I confess, I cursed the house, and he became violent with rage. We ran out, and in the hall I noticed what I thought was his coat. I took it and told him he would not get it till he had paid me the $3. I honestly believe that it was not to be paid, and that is why I took what I noticed later was Mrs. Collins' cloak. I have it yet and believe I have a legal right to it.

"J. B. Lyon, an old friend of our family, bailed me out last night and I will now see if I cannot punish Mrs. Collins. I knew nothing of Mr. Collins' death until the officers told me about it."

The remains of the dead millionaire will be taken to Oakwoods Cemetery for burial at 2 o'clock today.

TO MAKE MECHANICS OUT OF THEM.

Operation of the Public Manual Training School—No Cigarette Selling.

More than one hundred boys presented themselves yesterday at the Chicago English High and Manual Training School for instruction in the mechanical arts. The large public school building adjoining the handsome stone structure on West Monroe street, near Halsted street, is to be set apart for the exclusive use of manual training school pupils. Every attendant will devote his entire time to the special studies allotted to him. As fast as the boys came in they took off their coats and donned long blue cotton aprons, after which they were set to work in one of the many mechanical departments. James F. Claflin, principal of the new school, attended to the reception of the pupils, while J. H. Reiner, Jeremiah Quard, John Reisstauvatt, and Charles Gage looked after the organization of classes for the commencement of the physical and mental work. The basement has been fitted up for the accommodation of the heavy machinery and steam power needed in the work. The first floor contains the workshops and the upper stories are furnished with desks, benches, and tables for study halls, drawing classes, etc. Any graduate of the eighth grade grammar schools will be admitted free and all others will be required to pass an eighth grade examination. The first year's work will be devoted to carpentry, joining, patternmaking, wood-turning, and the like. Second-year pupils will be taught molding, casting, welding, and forging of iron, soldering, etc. The third year will be devoted to the machine shops, vise work, the making and tempering of tools, etc. This will conclude the mechanical course.

Chief Marsh will today again call the attention of the police force to the ordinance forbidding the sale of cigarettes and "whisky-drops" to children. "I issued a bulletin some time ago about this matter," said the Chief yesterday, "and it resulted in much good. I will issue a bulletin at once, and any one caught selling paper cigars or sugar-coated alcohol to children will be made to suffer. No special detail has been made to look after the school children."

PUT A BULLET IN HIS BRAIN.

William Sigert, a Gardener, Commits Suicide at Grosse Point.

William Sigert, a gardener at Grosse Point, committed suicide last evening by firing a bullet into his brain.

He visited the city as usual yesterday with his load of vegetables, and returned home in the evening. He was under the influence of liquor, and he drove his wife and child and servant out of the house as soon as he reached home. He also attempted to shoot his wife, but Bertha Wilwach, the servant, took the revolver from the drunken man. He regained possession of the weapon, however, and after firing his revolver several times he stepped behind the house and took his own life. Six weeks ago Sigert was prostrated by the heat, and it is thought that he was insane.

SENATOR COKE'S CURRENCY BILL.

Local Bankers Believe There Is No Likelihood of Its Passage.

Senator Coke's bill to stop the issue of bank notes and providing for the redemption of those now in circulation has caused but little interest in banking circles, because the impression prevails that no such bill can ever become a law. President J. J. P. Odell of the Union National Bank, said:

"The passage of the bill would please bankers in the main, for it would increase the amount of money in circulation. The banks issue notes only to within 90 per cent of the value of the bonds deposited by them in Washington. The place of the withdrawn bank notes would be filled by United States legal tender bills, which would be re-issued in sufficient numbers to cover also the 10 per cent of our deposited bonds not now represented in the circulation.

"The effect of the bill would be about the same as that of Senator Sherman's bill introduced some time ago which provided that banks should be allowed to retire their bonds down to the sum of $1,000, the circulation to decrease proportionately. There is one great difference in the measures, however, and that is that Coke's bill is compulsory in its action and Sherman's was optional. Some banks can afford to keep out their circulation, and others that have a habitat in a section where interest is high have their money out at a positive loss.

"The bankers would get the premium on the bonds when they were no longer locked up. One might tell of other advantages, but there is no use in so doing, for there is no chance of the bill becoming a law, as there is a knotty constitutional question involved, and it is another question when the first one will be decided."

Senator Coke's bill provides at its conclusion permission to the National banks to loan money on real estate. One Chicago banker rather laughed at this provision, saying that many banks did that very thing now, notwithstanding the law to the contrary. "It is done indirectly, you see," he continued. "A man will come in to borrow and will give a note the security for which may be notes secured by real estate as collateral. The party interested can't complain and the Government won't, and so immunity is perfect."

WANT MISS SINCLAIR TO MOVE.

Residents on Chestnut Street Object to the Woman's Presence.

On the north side of Chestnut street, between Clark street and Dearborn avenue, is a row of three stone-front houses with broad steps leading to the entrances.

Last evening these steps contained a number of interested spectators, men and women sitting on each step as if the stairway were a portion of a Roman amphitheater. And every seat was taken, too, while from the windows above and from those of adjoining houses people stared at a two-story house across the street, Nos. 302 and 304. They were all gazing intently at a curious spectacle—a uniformed police officer standing sentinel in front of the house, armed with nothing but a club and note-book. In the book the policeman pretended to enter a description of every one who rang the bell of No. 304.

The officer had been standing at his post in front of the house all evening. He had been there the previous evening, and a brother officer had relieved him during the day.

What did it mean? It simply meant that Miss Carrie Sinclair had last May moved into the house, that the neighbors had protested and appealed to the police, and that after a number of prominent citizens living in the vicinity had signed a petition begging Capt. Koch to use his influence, that officer had resorted to a method tested before to drive Miss Sinclair away.

Miss Sinclair had a number of callers night before last. They found an officer at the door. He measured them with his eyes and then wrote something in a note-book. The visitors left rather hastily. Yesterday these incidents were repeated. Last night no one but reporters called. They, too, were registered. Miss Sinclair says she will move. The police officer also says that he is there to stay.

"I have the shortest beat I ever traveled in my life now," the policeman said to a reporter last night, "and I don't have to pull boxes, either."

The people on the opposite side of the street who had appeared there early staid extremely late. While the reporter was talking to the police officer they watched the two closely, and seemed to take a huge amount of delight out of an interview they could not hear.

APPOINTED BY THE SCHOOL BOARD.

William L. Tomlins Will Instruct the Pupils in Vocal Music.

At the meeting of the Board of Education last night the following additional assignments of teachers were made:

Miss Mamie Kennedy, Principal of the Hedges School; Miss Rose Farley, head assistant in the Hedges School; Miss Ellen Poole, head assistant in the Pickard School; John A. Wadhams, Principal of the Tilton School; salary, $800. Delos Buzzell, Principal of the Irving Park School; salary, $1,400. W. W. Speer, Principal of the Oakland School, No. 1; salary, $1,800.

A. H. Van Zwoll was elected Supervisor and Alfred Kirk Assistant Supervisor of the evening schools for the ensuing year.

The following named persons were appointed Attendance Agents under the Compulsory Education law, and their compensation fixed at $75 a month:

Jane E. Ester, Hattie E. Griggs, Bertha Harz, Clara Ryan, Nora V. Hurley, Jane McGuire, Dr. Marie Orglert, Amanda McDonald, Catherine Fox, and Messrs. J. F. Thompson, Alex. Mastro Valerio, James MacLaughlin, Theodore Josephson, Gustav Schmidt, Charles Hennig, Charles F. Sundell, John Vischer, and John Steiskall.

The Judiciary Committee was instructed to take immediate steps to eject a squatter who has occupied a portion of the Eighty-third street school property for the last ten years.

William L. Tomlins was appointed teacher of vocal music in the nine high schools and the manual training school at a salary of $2,200. He will be assisted by Miss Mary Hofer, who will receive $1,200 a year. Mrs. Nightingale will teach vocal music in the Lake View High School and receive $600 a year. The School Agent was instructed to purchase two horses and two buggies for the use of the two assistant engineers.

VIOLATING THE SMOKE ORDINANCE.

Railroads and Prominent Hotels Listed as Offenders.

Chief Inspector Young has seventeen cases for violation of the smoke ordinance against the Pennsylvania railroad company. That corporation sent its representative to the Health Department yesterday asking to be let off on confessing judgment of $50 each on two cases. This Mr. Young refused to agree to.

Mandel Bros., Cook & McLain, and the Raymond Lead company have put smoke consumers on their furnaces. The following are the new offenders: Herman Leon, No. 1129 Milwaukee avenue; Fecker Brewing company, Dudley street and Bloomingdale avenue; Grand Pacific Hotel, Palmer House, Rand, McNally & Co., Adams and La Salle streets; Longley, Low & Alexander, No. 214 Monroe street; J. V. Farwell & Co., Monroe and Franklin streets; Warren Springer, No. 140 Monroe street; L. Z. Leiter, No. 178 Monroe street; Carson, Pirie & Co., Madison and Franklin streets; J. W. Reedy, Nos. 83 to 91 Illinois street; Clement, Bane & Co., No. 236 Adams street; A. R. Bremer & Co., No. 20 Michigan avenue; Campbell Bros., No. 110 Ohio street; G. P. Bent, No. 323 Canal street; Dunlap & Smith, No. 318 Canal street; American Cutlery company, Nos. 177 to 189 Mather street; A. Friday & Co., No. 198 Mather street; Chicago Coffin campany, De Koven and Clinton streets.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL'S OFFER.

It Will Surrender Its Right of Way for 127 Acres Under the Lake.

The Illinois Central railroad company has made a proposition to settle the Lake-Front litigation by surrendering 117 acres of land, including 75 acres of made ground, for 127 acres of land under the lake. It is willing to surrender its 200-foot right of way, equal to forty acres; its yards and pier between Thirteenth and Sixteenth streets, containing thirty-five acres; its riparian rights to submerged land from Twenty-first street north, amounting to forty-one acres, for a new right of way 300 feet wide from Twenty-third street north to the north line of Adams street, and a connecting right of way fifty feet wide between the new right of way and the tracks north of it on Sixteenth street, this tract embracing eighty-two acres. The company also wants forty-five acres submerged land between Adams and Randolph streets, and ground enough to insure an easy curve into the new yards.

This arrangement would increase both the right of way and the yard room by 50 per cent. It would give the people seventy-five acres of made ground adjacent to the Lake-Front as it now stands. A firm of contractors has offered to make the fill in 250 days for $1,480,000. This would make the largest centrally located park in the world.

GLEANINGS IN LOCAL FIELDS.

Dr. Kiernan on Insanity.

Dr. Kiernan was put through an aggravating cross-examination yesterday by Frank H. Collier in the insanity investigation. The doctor adhered to his belief that Collier was a paretic maniac and his condition was much worse than it was fourteen months ago. The witness admitted that he was "rattled" at the time he swore in the Guitean case that out of twenty-five ordinary business-men he could pick out five of unsound mind. He should have said that one man out of 500 in the United States was insane. He believed that Charles Beck, the reporter who gained admission to the asylum for sensational purposes, was still insane.

Says She Is a Clever Thief.

Mrs. Rebecca Spencer is locked up at the Desplaines Street Station. Officer Hennessey says that the woman is a clever female thief. Yesterday Mrs. Spencer was arrested for a larceny she is said to have committed three years ago. At that time she occupied the position of housekeeper with Mrs. Annie Hamilton at No. 601 Monroe street. She was there but a short time when Mrs. Hamilton's silks, furs, and shawls began to disappear. Mrs. Spencer also disappeared a short time afterward. Justice Eberhardt continued the case for a week.

En Route to California.

Katherine Hakel was to have been married Tuesday night to Jan Vanoncek at her home, No. 566 South May street, but the man, who was employed on the *Svornost*, a Bohemian newspaper, is now on his way to California a single man. He departed on the wedding day, taking with him $100 which he had obtained from confiding friends and employers.

Six Months to Sober Up.

Maggie Smith, while on a spree, nearly killed 12-year-old Amanda Larsen, daughter of a barber at No. 120 Huron street. The woman tore down the street with a crowd of 400 people hooting behind her. She grabbed the girl by the hair, which she pulled out in handfuls and then almost ripped the child's clothing off her and throwing her down commenced to kick her. The girl's father ran to his daughter's assistance, but was kicked by the woman. When he got hold of her throat he choked her almost into insensibility. Amanda was badly hurt, and she fainted. Justice White sent the woman to the bridewell for six months.

Injured by the Cable Cars.

Patrick Cantwell, a paver in the employ of the West Chicago Street Railway company, was struck by a grip-car at the corner of Madison and Fifth avenue yesterday.

A horse and buggy driven by Frank Williams of No. 364 State street collided with a grip-car yesterday afternoon at the corner of State and Polk streets. The buggy was smashed and the horse injured but the driver escaped.

R. M. Oaks of No. 129 Larrabee street was injured at the corner of La Salle and Randolph streets yesterday morning. His foot was caught between two passing cars. His injuries are slight.

Three Years for Horse-Stealing.

Thomas Carbine was given a jury trial in the Criminal Court yesterday on the charge of horse-stealing. He stole a horse from Louis Eisenminger of No. 333 West Chicago avenue. He pleaded guilty and was given three years in the penitentiary. A two-years' sentence was given Gus Smitts yesterday in Judge Grinnell's court. He pleaded guilty to stealing a horse belonging to Lieut. George Hay of the Pinkerton force. The Judge gave him two hours to decide whether he would plead guilty or not, but it took him only about a minute.

Dr. Sawyer's Assailant Held.

J. Dalton Fancher, who shot Dr. Edward Sawyer last month, was before Justice Wallace yesterday. The doctor has entirely recovered from the wound. He told the story of the shooting with dramatic force, using nearly the same words as on the day of the occurrence. Fancher's story was not different from the one he told when locked up. Mrs. Carroll Fancher, the defendant's wife, about whom all the trouble started, was not in court. Justice Wallace held Fancher to the Criminal Court in $4,500 bail.

In Memory of Mrs. Jane Hoge.

At the regular monthly meeting of the directors of the Home for the Friendless yesterday a commitee consisting of Mesdames Thomas Hill, A. J. Brown, and Mrs. Max Hjortsberg was appointed to draft resolutions on the death of Mrs. Jane Hoge, one of the founders of the home and a lady who was identified with every prominent charitable movement in this city during her life. Mrs. Rexford, the superintendent, reported 192 inmates at the home and the state of their health as excellent.

He Knew Where They Were.

Miss Nellie Atherton, of Havlin's theater, the young woman who lost her jewels, charged Samuel E. Lawrence with the theft at the Armory Police Court yesterday. He was held to the Criminal Court in $300 bonds. He told where the jewels were but denied that he stole them.

Al Gallery in Trouble Again.

Al Gallery, son of millionaire J. D. Gallery, was fined $25 and costs yesterday morning on the charge of fast driving. No one appeared during the day to pay his fine, and if the money is not forthcoming by today the young man will be taken to the bridewell.

Items.

Saturday, Nov. 1, has been definitely selected as the date for the laying of the corner-stone of the Woman's Christian Union Temple, at the corner of Monroe and La Salle streets.

Forty men, representing the restaurant and boarding-house interests of Northwest Chicago, held a meeting Tuesday evening at No. 330 Milwaukee avenue and organized a trust. The price of board, they say, must be raised.

Harry E. Twyford, a salesman in Estey & Camp's music depot on State street, fell over a stairway in the store Tuesday night and sustained injuries from which he died. His body was found yesterday morning by the watchman.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Manasse (optician), TRIBUNE Building, was as follows: 8 a. m., 73° above zero; 9 a. m., 76°; 10 a. m., 80°; 11 a. m., 83°; 12 m., 83°; 1 p. m., 84°; 3 p. m., 86°; 6 p. m., 84°. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.68; 6 p. m., 29.64.

The remains of the late Olaf Stray, one of the giants of the police force, and stationed at the West Chicago Avenue Station, were laid away at Rosehill yesterday by his fellow officers. A company of police under Lieut. Johnson escorted the remains to the depot, where the train was taken to the burial place.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no other place of residence is given:

	Age.
Carl Brandt, Caroline Hauch	21—21
Alvie T. Smith, Lottie A. Barber	23—22
Julius Johnson, Sarah Johnson	27—21
Elmer L. Roop, Adelaine Huston	23—20
Charles W. Allen, Henrietta H. Howard	22—20
Oscar Johanson, Olava Mathison	26—20
Charles Esslinger, Fay Anderson	25—22
Patrick Kauna, Annie O'Mara	25—25
Walter G. Muhlki, Amalie M. Stracke	23—21
S. Lee Heidenreich, Fannie Garde	28—20
Henry Borger, Rose Sonhold	25—23
Frederich Uinuh, Dorothea Lange	22—22
Herman Fiedler, Etta Ley	23—24
Peter S. Romberg, Tillie Soderberg	25—25
Carl Friedlier, Jennie Gordon	30—24
William Theo. Gorman, Frances E. Douglas	31—24
Joseph A. Helbig, Mary L. Tophim	26—18
Edward W. Walshe, Nettie Murphy	29—20
H. D. Crawford, Peotone, Ill., H. Beedy, same	27—20
John Arado, Rose Flaherty	21—17
James J. Aszlund, Katie Dwyer	22—20
Joseph M. Wiber, Emilia E. Fischer	25—20
Frank K. Boot, Elizabeth H. Irwin	24—26
Carl W. Svanson, Othilia Svanson	29—23
Albert J. Miller, Nora May Downey	32—16
John O'Keefe, Kittie Crowley	38—26
Benjamin Ambler, Louisa Peterson	26—22
Jerry E. Morgan, Charlotta V. Farron	24—23
Francisur Spirdose, Louise Bocco	60—60
Otto Graustrand, Clara Svensson	27—27
Louis C. Esschen, Anna Jahn	22—18
John T. Scathan, Nettie Hale	28—17
William J. Breckenridge, Hattie Goodwin	26—25
Constan Carlson, Annie Johnson	24—19
Duncan Campbell, Lillie Treadwell	37—19
Albert Hare, Evanston; Annie Walthouse	26—23
William Mulealey, Esther Burke	24—20
Frank M. Schneider, Annie Schutz	20—20
S. L. Hole, Belvidere, Ill., Anna L. Murphy	29—23
Josef Zahradka, Mary Hejlova	24—22
J. H. Johnson, Waukon, Ia., A. C. Volden	25—26
Anthony Burns, Mary E. Kairns	24—22
Zachary F. Waters, Leonora Stafford	41—30
Frederick K. Higbee, Julia D. Pausinsky	24—18
Christian Ohberg, Adolphina Carlson	26—23
Joseph Hirschmann, Lena Adams	28—20
William McConnell, Annie Kruger	26—21
Peter Cook, Caroline Smith	19—22
Alfred Johnson, Mary Johnson	41—36
Francis Nagle, Alice Maud Baker	27—18
Henry Fruendt, Sophie Kunst	40—27
James Burke, Annie Higgins	26—21
Parvel Olszowski, Tekla Moskla	30—21
George Kurz, Louise Hartwig	29—24
William H. Fuller, Carrie Ferguson	36—32

DEATHS.

Death notices, five lines or less, one insertion, free.

FUNERAL TRAIN—DAILY ON CHICAGO AND Grand Trunk railway, Polk-st. depot, to Mount Greenwood and Mount Hope at 12 m.

Mount Greenwood Cemetery—Office Sec'y and Sup't Mount Greenwood, Ill. City—R. 33, 95 Washington-st.

Mount Hope Cemetery—City office, 305 Phenix Building, corner Clark and Jackson-sts.

Graceland and Calvary Funeral Train of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway leaves Union Depot, Madison and Canal-sts. daily at 12:30 p. m.

DEVYAR—498 Thirty-first-st., William Devyar, aged 80 years.

McDERMOTT—437 State-st., Mary Ellen McDermott, aged 6 years.

SMITH—449 Washburn-av., Pauline Smith, aged 28 years.

SCHULTZ—427 Center-st., John Schultz, aged 6 years.

WILSON—5104 Wentworth-av., James Blenander Wilson, aged 17 years.

LEVINS—5324 Wentworth-av., Bridget Levins, aged 36 years.

TARBROW—5123 Ashland-av., Charlotte Tarbrow, aged 76 years.

KENDALL—Sept. 3 Thomas Kendall, aged 62 years. Funeral Thursday, Sept. 4, at 3 p. m. from his residence, 1344 Diversey-st.

LEVY—Julia Levy, beloved wife of Soloman Levy. Funeral from her late residence, 425 Hermitage-av., Friday, Sept. 5, at 2 p. m.

FRANEY—Sept. 2, at her residence, 51 Wabansia-av., Mary Franey, beloved wife of Michael C. Franey and only daughter of Mrs. Carroll, aged 44 years and 6 months. Funeral Friday at 10 a. m. by carriages to the Church of the Annunciation thence to Calvary.

BELL—Cyrus Bell at Pullman, Ill., Sept. 2, at 10 p. m. Funeral Thursday at 1 p. m. from 223 Watt-av., to Oakwoods.

FERRIS—51 Superior-st., Patrick Ferris, aged 59 years.

GLEICH—135 Schiller-st., Eva Gleich, aged 60 years.

BIRNS—Town of Jefferson, Henry Birns, aged 26 years.

PEARSON—320 Fairview, Eellie Pearson, aged 48 years.

RERDINGER—47 Hastings-st., Michael Rerdinger, aged 26 years.

LARKIN—Mercy Hospital, Phil Larkin, aged 34 years.

COLLINS—Mercy Hospital, Bridget Collins, aged 22 years.

CLEAR—158 East Huron-st., Michael Clear, aged 57 years.

HARWOOD—5236 State-st., Julia Adell Harwood, aged 19 years.

ABERLE—Oscar Aberle, Sept. 3, aged 36 years. Funeral Friday, Sept. 5, 9 a. m., from his residence, 3213 Calumet avenue, by carriages to Rose Hill Cemetery.

POWERS—Sept. 3, 1890, James Powers, 19 years old, at the residence of his mother, 782 Forty-seventh street. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WHEELER—At Elgin, Ill., Aug. 29, Mrs. Jane B. Wheeler, age 61 years. Mother of Mrs. J. M. Phelps, and Mrs. Fred H. Stevens of Chicago.

GOW—At her residence, Tuesday, Sept. 2, Mrs. F. W. Gow. Funeral services Thursday, Sept. 4, at her late residence, 2837 Cottage Grove avenue, at 11 o'clock a. m. Interment in Philadelphia.

KLAUS—3049 Atlantic-st., Joseph Klaus, aged 50 years.

RICKMANN—4016 State-st., Tilly Rickmann, aged 4 years.

ECKHARDT—3233 Auburn-av., James Eckhardt, aged 31 years.

FORD—2111 State-st., Frankie Ford, aged 23 years.

HAYES—47 Artesian-av., Anna Thresa Hayes, aged 14 years.

HENREICH—2848 Cook-st., Joseph Frederick Henreich, aged 2 years.

JOSEPHI—At his late residence, 3130 South Park-av., Alexander Josephi, aged 74. Funeral from residence Friday, 12:30 p. m. sharp, by carriages to Graceland. No flowers.

MEYER—Cook County Hospital, Charles Meyer, aged 36 years.

1890—Inter-State Exposition—1890

CHICAGO.

THE EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION

NOW OPEN

WILL CLOSE SATURDAY, OCT. 18, 11 P. M.

Preparations for a most attractive display in every department are now complete.

The Art Halls are filled with the richest examples of American and Foreign Art, far excelling any previous Exhibition in the West.

The Mechanical Department presents many new features and includes some of the most wonderful machinery of recent invention.

The display of Electric Light in connection with the Central Fountain is full of grandeur and beauty.

The other departments are replete with the latest novelties in the several lines of manufacture and production.

A large Orchestra, composed of only first-class artists, with Mr. ADOLPH LIESEGANG as Director, will render choice selections every day and evening—an entertainment of the highest class.

Admission—Adults, 25c; Children, 15c.

Open from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m., Sundays Excepted.

All transportation lines in the West give reduced rates and sell coupon tickets to the Exposition.

DEATHS.

MURPHY—1712 Fifty-first-st., Alice Murphy, aged 30 years.

RICHTER—At 493 Elston-av., corner North, Minnie Richter, beloved wife of Frank Richter, aged 28 years and 2 months. Funeral from late residence, 493 Elston-av., corner North, Thursday at 1 o'clock by carriages to Rosehill.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE CHIEF SIGNAL SERVICE OFFICER, WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Thursday:

For Indiana and Illinois, fair, except light local showers in northern portions, cooler, northerly winds, shifting to westerly.

For Upper Michigan, showers, warmer, variable winds.

For Lower Michigan, showers, warmer in northern, slightly cooler in southern portion, southerly winds.

For Wisconsin and Minnesota, local showers, warmer, variable winds.

For Missouri and Arkansas, fair, cooler, southerly winds, becoming variable.

For North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska, fair, warmer, variable winds.

For Kansas, local showers, cooler, northerly winds.

For Colorado, fair, warmer, except stationary temperature in southeastern portion, variable winds.

UNITED STATES SIGNAL OFFICE, CHICAGO, Sept. 3—7 p. m.—Local forecast for Chicago and vicinity: Fair, cooler, southerly winds, becoming northerly during Thursday.

Place of observation.	Height of barometer	Thermometer	Max'm temperature	Direction of wind	State of weather	Precipit'n for 12 hours
Abilene, Kas	29.90	84	88	S.	Clear	....
Bismarck, N. D	29.92	66	70	N. W.	Clear	.18
Boston, Mass	30.24	60	66	E.	Fair	....
Buffalo, N. Y	30.14	70	78	N. E.	Clear	....
Cairo, Ill	30.06	76	82	S.	Fair	....
Charleston, S. C	30.14	76	84	E.	Fair	.52
Cheyenne, Wyo	30.00	66	68	E.	Fair	....
Chicago	30.00	78	86	S.	Fair	....
Cincinnati O	30.14	78	84	S. E.	Clear	....
Cleveland, O	30.14	74	82	S.	Clear	....
Fort Custer, Mont	29.98	70	72	S. E.	Clear	....
Davenport, Ia	29.96	82	86	S.	Cl'udy	.01
Denver, Colo	29.90	76	80	E.	Fair	....
Des Moines, Ia	29.92	76	82	S. W.	Fair	.01
Detroit, Mich	30.12	72	84	S. E.	Clear	....
Dodge City, Kas	29.88	76	90	S.	Rain	....
Dubuque, Ia	29.94	74	78	S.	Cl'udy	.16
Duluth, Minn	29.76	58	58	N. E.	Cl'udy	.44
El Paso, Tex	29.76	88	94	N. E.	Cl'udy	....
Erie, Pa	30.14	70	78	S. E.	Fair	....
Galveston, Tex	29.98	80	84	S. E.	Clear	....
Grand Haven, Mich	30.00	78	80	S.	Fair	....
Green Bay, Wis	29.94	70	74	S.	Rain	.32
Helena, Mont	30.06	64	68	W.	Clear	....
Huron, S. D	30.00	64	68	N. W.	Clear	.10
Indianapolis, Ind	30.08	78	84	S. E.	Clear	....
Jacksonville, Fla	30.08	78	84	S. E.	Clear	.04
Kansas City, Mo	29.94	78	86	S.	Fair	....
Keokuk, Ia	29.98	80	88	Calm.	Clear	....
Knoxville, Tenn	30.16	76	80	N. E.	Cl'udy	....
La Crosse, Wis	29.86	74	74	S.	Cl'udy	.06
Manistee, Mich	29.96	70	76	S.	Cl'udy	.01
Marquette, Mich	29.84	68	68	S.	Cl'udy	.04
Milwaukee, Wis	29.98	68	76	S. E.	Cl'udy	.01
Minnedosa	29.74	58	62	N. W.	Fair	....
Montreal	30.22	58	66	S. W.	Clear	....
Moorhead, Minn	29.90	62	62	Calm.	Clear	.06
Nashville, Tenn	30.12	76	82	S. E.	Fair	....
New Orleans, La	29.98	78	88	E.	Clear	....
New York City	30.18	74	82	S. E.	Clear	....
Norfolk, Va	30.18	72	80	S.	Clear	....
Omaha, Neb	29.94	74	82	S.	Fair	.02
Oswego, N. Y	30.18	64	68	S.	Clear	.10
Pensacola, Fla	30.00	78	84	S. W.	Clear	....
Philadelphia, Pa	30.22	72	78	S.	Clear	....
Port Huron, Mich	30.12	72	74	S.	Clear	....
Rapid City, S. Dak	30.02	64	82	S. E.	Clear	....
Rochester, N. Y	30.18	70	74	S.	Clear	....
St. Louis, Mo	30.08	78	86	S. W.	Clear	....
St. Paul, Minn	29.88	62	66	S.	Cl'udy	.32
Salt Lake City, Utah	30.04	72	74	N. W.	Clear	....
Sandusky, O	30.14	74	82	S.	Clear	....
Sioux City, Ia	29.94	68	82	N. W.	Clear	....
Springfield, Ill	30.04	78	82	S.	Clear	....
Springfield, Mo	30.02	74	82	S. E.	Clear	....
Toledo, O	30.16	72	76	S. E.	Cl'udy	....
Vicksburg, Miss	29.98	74	82	N. E.	Clear	....
*Portland, Ore	30.13	56	64	W.	Clear	....
*San Francisco, Cal	29.90	60	66	W.	Cl'udy	....

*Morning reports.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Arrived, steamer Nevada, from Liverpool.

Sunderland—Sailed, Regina, for Galveston.

New York—Arrived, State of Indiana, from Glasgow.

London—Sighted, Prussian, from Boston; Britannic, from New York.

Queenstown—Arrived, Arizona, from New York.

Copenhagen—Arrived, Thingvalla, from New York.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE—DAUPHIN PARK LOTS, SOUTH front, high and dry; only $475; worth $700. Call early. J. B. CAMPBELL, 510 Chamber of Commerce Building.

CHICAGO OPERA-HOUSE—Fire-Proof.
DAVID HENDERSON..........Manager.

LAST THREE NIGHTS | FAREWELL. LAST MATINEE SATURDAY. Crystal Slipper.

AZELLA, the Flying Dancer—FRASCUELLA, the Great Nautch Dancer.
200 PEOPLE | LAST TIMES.

Seats On Sale Now. | BEGINS POSITIVELY SUNDAY EVENING. GREAT PRODUCTION Bluebeard Jr. Or Fatima and the Fairy.

NEW COSTUMES! NEW MUSIC! NEW FACES!
John D. Gilbert, Ed. Pelper, Delmanning Brothers, Laura Clement, Jessie Villars, Jennie Eddy, Grace Addison, Edna Searling, Nellie Herbert, Dottie Neville, Carrie Noyes, Ella Sanderson, Beatrice Hamilton, Mlle. Paris, Wm. Martini, Douglas, and Flint.
SUPERB CHORUS—BRILLIANT BALLETS—SIXTY LITTLE CHILDREN.

THE COLUMBIA—Monroe and Dearborn.
The Very Latest Dramatic Sensation,
NEIL BURGESS' PRODUCTION OF
COUNTY FAIR.
"A great popular hit."—Post.
THE GREAT RUNNING HORSE RACE.
"Nothing like it has ever before been attempted on the stage."—Herald.
"This scene alone would carry any play."—Inter-Ocean.
A MAGNIFICENT PRODUCTION.
"One rarely sees a more interested audience in any theater."—Times.
THE MERRY HUSKING BEE.
"The audience roars."—Tribune.
Seats secured two weeks in advance. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

THE HAYMARKET—WILL J. DAVIS.
West Madison and Halsted-sts.
Sweet Singer and Jolly Comedian,
CHAS. A. GARDNER,
In his New Comedy, FATHERLAND.
Next Sunday—HEARTS OF OAK.

KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS.
Madison-st., Near State. Box Office Open All Day.
Every Evening at 8:15; Saturday and Sunday Matinees at 2:15.
THE ONLY LEON AT EACH PERFORMANCE.

PARK THEATER—State-st., near Harrison.
HOLMES & DAVIES' COMEDY COMPANY
In the Funny Comedy,
WHO HAS THE AWL?
20c—Admission—10c.

ALHAMBRA THEATER, Cor. State & Archer-av
H. R. JACOBS..........Sole Manager.
Palatial Theater of Chicago.
THE EMMA JUCH
GRAND ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.
TONIGHT,
IL TROVATORE
Friday.........."CARMEN"
MISS JUCH'S first appearance in this city as "Carmen."
Saturday Matinee.........."RIGOLETTO"
Saturday Night.........."BOHEMIAN GIRL"
MISS JUCH'S first appearance in this city as "Arline."
Sunday Night.........."THE FREISCHUTZ"
MISS JUCH'S first appearance in this city as "Agnes."
Next Week—"THE GREAT METROPOLIS."

H. R. JACOBS' CLARK-ST. THEATER.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2. TONIGHT AT 8 P. M.
SHEPARD'S MODERN MINSTRELS
AND
OGAWA'S YOKOHAMA JAPANESE TROUPE
Sunday, Sept. 7—Maclean & Prescott.

H. R. JACOBS' ACADEMY—Halsted & Madison
Tonight at 8. Matinee Saturday | Lost in New York.
Sunday, Sept. 7—THE GREAT METROPOLIS.
Monday, Sept. 8—AGNES HERNDON.

THE AUDITORIUM.
Last 3 Nights—Grand Matinee Today.
"Shenandoah should be seen by every patriot of our country."—Gen. W. T. Sherman.
Bronson Howard's Great War Drama,
SHENANDOAH
Will never be seen after these three nights as now presented at the Auditorium.
"It is the Greatest Semi-Spectacular Production of the Best American Play on the Largest Stage in the World."
One More Grand Saturday Matinee.
Only Three More Nights.
Grand Farewell Performance Saturday Night.
Secure seats in advance at the Auditorium.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Clark-st., opposite Court-House.
Packed to the Doors. | LAST FOUR TIMES
Tonight and Every Evening this week,
PRIMROSE & WEST'S MINSTRELS
Leading Minstrel Stars. Only visit this season.
Next Week—Hoyt's latest comedy drama, "A Texas Steer."

WEST SIDE PARK.
Running Races!
6 RACES TODAY,
With 57 Entries, including a Hurdle Race.
ADMISSION, 75c.
Trains leave depot, Fifth-av. and Harrison-st., at 12:01, 1:15, 1:20, 2:15, and 3:15 p. m.

HOOLEY'S THEATER.
Evenings at 8. Matinee Saturday at 2.
THE CHARITY BALL.
Presented by Daniel Frohman's New York Lyceum Theater COMPANY.
THIRD and LAST WEEK but one. Seats on sale for Farewell Performances.
By Belasco and De Mille.

THE PEOPLE'S—State-st., Near Harrison.
Good Reserved Seats, 35c and 50c.
Tonight. Matinee Saturday.
Charles Gayler's Grand Realistic Production,
LIGHTS AND SHADOWS
Sunday Mat.—CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS.

NEW WINDSOR—N. Clark and Division-sts.
M. B. LEAVITT..........Lessee and Manager
Only Matinee Saturday.
TO-NIGHT AT 8. | MORTIMER COMEDY COMPANY, LARKING.
Prices $1.00, 75, 50, 35, 25, 15.
Next Week—U. S. MAIL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE PARK,
Corner Congress and Loomis-sts.
BASE-BALL.
CINCINNATI VS. CHICAGO,
Thursday, Sept. 4; Friday, Sept. 5; Saturday, Sept. 6. Game called at 3:30 p. m. Tickets for sale at A. G. Spalding & Bros.', 108 Madison-st., and usual places.

HAVLIN'S—To Secure Seats Telephone 3127.
Matinee Prices 15, 25, 50. | STANDING-ROOM ONLY TO SEE WILL E. BURTON in TOM SAWYER. Matinees Thurs. and Saturday | Night Prices 15, 25, 35, 50, 75.
Next Week—MILTON NOBLES in THE PHOENIX.

CRITERION THEATER.
Every Evening This Week, Saturday and Sunday Matinees.
HENRY DICKSON in the Successful Melodrama,
"99."
Elegant Scenic Effects and a Strong Cast.
Popular prices—15c, 25c, 35c, and 50c.
Next week—LA CIGALE.

LYCEUM THEATER.
Remodeled, Redecorated, Reseated.
Lilly Clay Burlesque & Specialty Co.
20 Specialty and Burlesque Artists.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday.

LIBBY PRISON WAR MUSEUM.
Wabash-av., between 14th and 16th-sts.
LIBBY PRISON.
The only War Museum in America. A wonderful exhibition of historic relics. Open daily and Sunday from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Admission, 50 cents. Children, 25 cents.

EDEN MUSEE—Open 10 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.
Mme. Rose's Juvenile Dancers. The Four Gaiety Dancers. Two Greenaway Skirt Dancers. Cerita Barton, Grotesque Soloist. Leonzo, the Famous Juggler. The Great Hungarian Orchestra. New Wax Groups. Lincoln Relics, etc. Admission to Everything, 50c; Children, 25c.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

SINGLE COPY..........3 CENTS.

BY MAIL—IN ADVANCE—POSTAGE PREPAID.

Daily Edition, one year	$6.00
For two months	1.00
Daily and Sunday, one year	8.00
Sunday Edition, one year	2.00
Saturday Edition	1.50

Give post-office address in full, including county and State.

Remit by express money order, draft, post-office order, or in registered letter, at our risk.

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

Daily, delivered	12 cents per week
Daily, del., Sunday inc.	15 cents per week

Address THE TRIBUNE COMPANY,
Corner Madison and Dearborn-sts., Chicago, Ill.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICE.
Nos. [illegible] Tribune Building, New York City.

Persons desiring THE TRIBUNE served at their homes can secure it by postal card request or order through Telephone No. 214. Where delivery is irregular, please make immediate complaint to this office.

Readers of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE *who leave the city for the summer can have the Daily and Sunday sent them by mail for 15 cents per week or 67 cents per month.*

POSTAGE.

Domestic.

8, 10, and 12 page paper	1 cent
Saturday paper (16 pages)	2 cents
Sunday paper	3 cents

Foreign.

8, 10, and 12 page paper	2 cents
[illegible] to 20 pages	3 cents
[illegible] to 28 pages	4 cents
Over 28 pages	5 cents

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1890.

THE latest price of pure silver in the New York market is 119 per ounce. This corresponds to a shade more than 92 cents for the value of the silver in the United States dollar.

SENATOR SHERMAN'S resolution for the appointment of Commissioners to confer with similar Dominion officials about the removal of trade restrictions between the two countries is not out of place, but it should provide for the removal of all duties. No patchwork business is wanted, like the one-sided treaty of 1854; there should be complete reciprocity or none. It would be for the advantage of both countries to make a clean sweep of their boundary line custom-houses. The double barb-wire fence should be pulled away. Both peoples stand on the same American labor plane, equally interested in not being forced down to the low European wage standard. They can, therefore, pull together, and give and take, and make money by the exchange of commodities, while it would be impossible to maintain similar relations with a nation which was on the European low wages level.

IF Senator Sherman is sincere in his conversion to reciprocity he will not find fault with Senator Hale's reciprocity amendment merely because some of its details are defective. If he believes in its principle he will contribute to remedy its defects and not speak as if they were fatal to the amendment. Senator Hale, not being a technical lawyer, has doubtless made some slips in his proposition. It was not strictly accurate to imply that Cuba or Canada is a nation. But why does not Senator Sherman, instead of magnifying flaws, use his long experience to correct these little errors of detail and make the amendment as perfect in style as it is in principle? There is no great merit in picking flaws in language when the idea intended to be conveyed is clear enough. To do it shows no statesmanship. But to take a sound principle and put it in such well chosen words that it shall accomplish its purpose is something worthy of a public man like Senator Sherman.

IN the New York stock market the drive at Rock Island was continued yesterday and there was sharp selling of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. The local stock market was quiet, but prices of nearly all securities showed slight advances. New York exchange was $1 to 70 cents discount. There is a slight tendency toward an easier local money situation.—The local produce markets were active and irregular. Wheat was strong early on reports of crop damage in the Northwest and firmer cables, but weakened under liberal offerings and improved crop conditions. Corn was easy early because of a frost failing to materialize, firmer later on large buying of cash stuff for shipment, and easy at the close on rather free sales of "long" property. Provisions were fairly active and somewhat stronger under a good local demand. As compared with Tuesday wheat was 1¼ cents lower, corn was ⅝ cent higher for September and ⅝ cent lower for May, oats were ¼ cent higher, rye ½ cent higher, barley 2 cents higher, flax 1 cent higher, pork 25 cents higher, lard 2½ cents higher, and ribs 5 cents higher.

SENATOR ALDRICH has been so unswerving and enwrapt a friend of the Rhode Island mill boss and so little in the habit of looking beyond the manufacturing interests of his own State that there is reason to doubt the sincerity of his quasi-reciprocity amendment. Little he cares for a market for the surplus pork and wheat, beef and butter of the Western farmers, if they clash with the supposed interests of a cotton or woolen mill seeking for more tariff "fat." The reciprocity which he offers must be looked at with suspicion, especially when, as in this case, it begins wrong end foremost and proposes first to throw away the sugar revenues, and then dicker for reciprocity by threatening to reimpose half of them. The ablest of the Republican Senators is Mr. Edmunds. His reciprocity resolution contemplated the retention of the sugar duties until the deals are made. He believes that if the duties are now given up there will be a deficiency in the revenues. He will have something to say on the Tariff bill in general and this subject in particular before the discussion is ended, and what he will say if he talks out as anticipated will have more effect on the country than the mill-boss arguments of the smooth-tongued Senator from Rhode Island.

THE TRIBUNE already has printed the interesting statement made by Col. Dulaney of Bowling Green, Ky., as to the existence of the plot to release the Rebel prisoners at Camp Douglas in 1864 and the part which he personally played in it. The statement is specially memorable, as it is the first time that the conspiracy has been acknowledged by one who was engaged in it. Col. Dulaney, however, has made a material error, either by lapse of memory or misrepresentation by the types, in understating the number of prisoners confined in Camp Douglas at that time. He may be correct in the number of armed Southern Rebels on the outside in the city then who were to assist, which he places at 1,000, but he is far away from the fact when he puts the number of Rebel prisoners inside the fence at 3,000. During the period of Camp Douglas there was an average of 15,000 prisoners confined there. Sometimes there were more than this by several thousands, for Gen. Grant sent them up from the Mississippi Valley, after the first big installment of 14,000 from Donelson, in lively fashion. To have sent 1,000 Rebels here for the purpose of liberating 8,000 prisoners and conveying them back to Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, and Arkansas would have been the height of folly, even with the help of the Copperhead Democrats of Chicago. Col. Dulaney evidently has forgotten or the types have made the mistake of three thousand for thirteen or fifteen thousand. But had the conspiracy succeeded there would have been some lively work and few of those men would ever have got back to Dixie alive.

A TUG of war has arisen between Tammany and its saloon allies which bodes mischief to the former if the demands of the whisky men are not conceded. The *Wine and Spirits Gazette*, the official organ of the saloonkeepers, sounds the slogan in the following vigorous fashion:

> The molestations and harassments of the trade under the present administration of the excise department have reached a pass which warrants plain language. The leaders of Tammany Hall may as well understand that the liquor dealers are not so securely bound to Mayor Grant's chariot wheels that he and his appointees can do with them as they please and ignore their just and reasonable claims. There are ugly rumblings heard in the trade which forbode no good to Tammany Hall. Has the Mayor forgotten his ante-election pledges, on the strength of which he received the united support of the friends of personal liberty? Grant's administration of the Mayor's office has been a sore disappointment to many of his former friends.

The Wholesale Liquor Dealers' Association and the Central Association of Retail Dealers, representing a total membership of about 9,000, have followed up this warning by appointing a permanent committee to conduct the war against Mayor Grant and Tammany. They not only charge the excise and police authorities with a failure to keep pledges made to them, and with allowing violations of law by their special favorites, but they protest they will submit no longer to the extortion of being compelled to purchase brands of liquor at exorbitant prices sold by combinations of Tammany politicians or to heavy assessments from the fruits of which they derive no benefit. When thieves fall out honest men should get their dues, and in this case will if their honesty is reinforced by political courage and astuteness.

DO NOT THROW AWAY THE SUGAR DUTIES IN ADVANCE OF A DEAL.

The Republican financiers in both Houses of Congress admit now that there will not be a surplus of income over expenditure of more than fifteen millions at the end of the present fiscal year. In view of that serious statement, can there be a Congressman who will be so reckless or empty-headed as to vote for the throwing away of the fifty-seven millions of sugar duties? Can he excuse himself for doing it on the plea that it is done in order to secure reciprocity? Not in the judgment of sensible men, who know that it is easier to make a trade when one has something valuable to give than after it has been thrown away or squandered.

It is the folly or the fraud of the Aldrich reciprocity amendment that it takes off the duties in the hope that it may not be necessary to reimpose them next year. It exposes the Government or the party in power to the humiliating necessity of having to reimpose and put them back. It makes that probability the greater by providing that in case of the reimposition of duties they shall be but half what they are now. Cuba and the other sugar-growing countries may, if the Aldrich amendment is adopted, run along for months with a perfectly free American market for their sugars. At the end of that time, when they are pressed to reciprocate and let in American products, they may conclude that the difference of a cent a pound, which will be the average Aldrich rate of duty on raw sugars if they decline to open their ports, is not enough consideration for what is demanded for remission.

But if the present $40 per ton or 2-cent-a-pound duty on raw sugar is retained for trading purposes, and the sugar-growing countries know that through reciprocity they can get rid forever of that $40 per ton, first one and then another will jump at the offer. If the duties are reimposed now on coffee, rubber, and hides, the Latin-American States will be all the more eager to make concessions, first by repealing their export taxes on these, and then opening their ports to American food products. The greater the man's stock in trade the better the bargains he can make with people. There is not a businessman from Bangor to Galveston but knows that much political economy, and is amazed at the stupidity of Congressmen that they cannot see it, or their perverseness, if seeing it they will not act on it.

If there were to be a surplus of a hundred millions at the close of this year instead of a hoped for one of fifteen it would be asinine to abandon these fifty-seven millions of sugar duties without a consideration, when it is so easy to get one from the sugar growing countries. To give up the revenue from sweets when the surplus will be so small and uncertain is a mixture of blunder and madness. Keep the sugar duty as it is and hang on to the revenue from it until a deal is made. When first one sugar-growing country and then another says it will reciprocate for our products then take off the duty on those sugars, and let part of the revenue go, having received commercial advantages which are an equivalent or more. As other sugar-making countries come to terms, admit them to the same privileges. Finally when the sugar revenue is gone entirely, there will be an offset in the shape of a hundred or more millions additional of foreign markets for our surpluses, which will enrich the country. Keep our coin at home and make it better able to bear the burdens of taxation.

THE MURDER OF GEN. BARRUNDIA.

The recent murder of Gen. Barrundia by Guatemalan officials on an American steamer should call for a prompt and thorough investigation, and advices from Minister Mizner will be awaited with interest. The affair apparently was a most revolting one and as our representative took a leading part in it, if reports are correct, there is all the more necessity for such an investigation, that it may be determined whether the National policy of the right of asylum to political refugees has been violated. The career of Gen. Barrundia had been that of a political adventurer and his intrigues had made him specially obnoxious to the Guatemalan Government. He was plotting to make himself President in the place of Barillas and was accused of having made himself rich in corrupt ways. His property was confiscated and he was driven into exile. He attempted to enter Guatemala from the Mexican frontier, but being prevented by the Mexican authorities he sought to get back to his country as a passenger on a neutral ship under the American flag. Aware of his intentions, Barillas had ordered his capture, dead or alive, wherever found. As soon, therefore, as the Acapulco touched at San José it was invaded by an armed band of Guatemalans, who demanded of Capt. Pitts the surrender of his passenger. The Captain promptly refused to give him up and notified them that if they attempted to take him by force he would call upon the Thetis for help, which was lying near by. After some parleying the Guatemalans retired, but came back a few hours later, bearing an order from Minister Mizner for Barrundia's surrender. Capt. Pitts was obliged to yield. The posse went to Barrundia's cabin, and when he stepped out to surrender himself shot him dead. Such are the facts in the case as unofficially reported.

From the point of view of international law, it is contended that the Guatemalan Government had the right to demand the person of Barrundia, its enemy, and seize him, even on a neutral vessel while that vessel was within its jurisdiction. It clearly was within that jurisdiction, the *Acapulco* being in a Guatemalan port and within the marine league. At the same time the seizure could not have been effected but for the personal help of Minister Mizner, and it was through his intervention that the tragedy occurred on the deck of an American vessel and under the American flag. If the facts have been stated correctly the affair does not comport with precedent. It is not the way this country acted when Koszta was demanded by Austria, and when some years ago President Diaz of Mexico demanded an obnoxious person who was on board a Pacific Mail steamer in the port of Acapulco. The United States Government not only has insisted strenuously upon the right of refuge to political exiles, but it more than once has strained a point to preserve this right. This is the second time during the recent conflict with San Salvador that Guatemala has taken a position tantamount to an insult to our flag, and now, through the action of its Minister, the United States is made participant in a murder. It would be premature to pronounce a definite opinion upon this lamentable affair until the details have been reported officially and Minister Mizner's statement has been received by the State Department, but the necessity for a prompt and thorough investigation is none the less imperative.

THE SUPPLY OF SILVER.

A writer in the London *Economist* of Aug. 15 says: "It must not be forgotten that negotiations are already going on between the American Government and the silver mines of the United States with a view to bringing about an arrangement similar to the one agreed upon by the well-known French Metal company and the copper mines." And he thinks this arrangement will result in confining the production of the white metal in the United States to the average figure of the last two years. All of which suggests the remark that when a man offers a statement for which he is unable to furnish proof he generally begins with the flourish, "It is well known," or "It cannot be denied," or "It is self-evident," or, as in this case, "It must not be forgotten," as if the point had been already conceded and would not be disputed. No one in this country has heard of such an arrangement, and even the proposition to enter on it would be hooted at as advocating the foolish as well as the impracticable. The miners might possibly agree to restrict their production if offered a sufficiently good inducement to do so, but the Government would place itself in an equivocal position by becoming a party to such a "combine" and inviting the embarrassment that would follow a violation of the bargain by unscrupulous men. But no adequate inducement to such a bargain could be offered the silver miners. The Government purchases of silver are limited in quantity and price. It cannot overstep either boundary, and the only point it could make as against an oppressive increase in production would be that it must involve a reduction in the price of the bullion sold to the Treasury. Such a combination is therefore impracticable if not impossible.

The public is justified in looking for an important increase in the output of silver if the price be sustained at anything like the figures now reached. The production of the world in 1887 was nearly 96,250,000 ounces, that of 1888 about 110,000,000, and of last year 126,000,000 ounces, or two and a third times the maximum quantity to be taken by the United States. The writer referred to estimates that in addition to this India may be counted on to absorb 41,800,000 ounces per year, China 12,860,000, Japan 7,700,000, Cochin China 643,000, the Straits 3,215,000, England and colonies the same, Austria 3,858,000, Servia and Bulgaria 1,929,000, Mexico 1,607,000, and use in the arts 17,684,000. These foot up a total of 149,187,000 ounces, or nearly 18¾ per cent more than the production of last year. But if there be no mistake in these assumptions the recent rate of augmentation in the supply would carry it to a parity with consumption by the end of next year, after which a further increase in supply would largely depend upon the market, which in turn would be to a great extent regulated by the purchasing ability of the peoples of the different silver-consuming countries, according as their lot shall fall upon good or hard times. It is idle to speculate now as to the solution of the problem so far ahead, but the figures above presented may help to an intelligent view of the probable situation in the nearer future, and show that at least for the present the new silver legislation is not a cause for alarm.

FRYING FAT OUT OF THE CONSUMERS.

Said Senator Plumb the other day:

> It looks to me a good deal as though some persons interested in the rate of duties had said: "We do not care what the effect is upon the revenues; that is not our concern, nor our responsibility; some Congress has got to meet that, and in the meantime we want the pound of flesh." *I will not say the pound of flesh nominated in the bond, because there was no bond;* but they want the benefit of the opportunity to be created, and they have succeeded in getting it, whereby their profits will be enhanced, and it is a very awkward condition of things, a very injurious condition of things, that has been brought about to the country.

This is just so. Prior to the last election the Republican machine politicians "fried" some "fat" out of the mill bosses for the defeat of Cleveland and the Mills Tariff bill. The Democratic machine politicians squeezed an equal lot of grease out of the importers to help the election of Cleveland and insure the enactment of the Mills bill, so that more foreign goods might come in and the importers make more money. The "grease" weighed as much or more than the "fat." Most of it went to the "touchers," who pocketed it, but it influenced some votes, for the Democrats swelled their majorities largely in New York City and Eastern New Jersey and in Connecticut. But what they gained there was offset by the farmers, who, regardless of what the machine politicians on either side were doing, but fearing their home market was endangered by the Democratic free-trade schemes, came out strong for Harrison and elected him.

That which the Quay machine politicians are trying to do now with their McKinley bill is not to "fry fat" out of the manufacturers, nor is it to carry out any ante-election agreement, but it is simply to "fry the fat" out of the consumers. It may be because they think the consumers will like it, as eels are said to enjoy being skinned, or it may be because they have an idea that the mill bosses are the ruling classes of the United States and should have whatever they want. But whatever their motive the consumer will be in the plight of St. Lawrence on his gridiron by the time they get through with him. Senator Plumb is right in declaring that no pound of flesh is nominated in any bond to the mill bosses. They were not promised an increase of the high tariff by any responsible parties. There is no bond due them. Whatever fat they let be fried out was done voluntarily and in defense of their own interests. They felt that they would be injured by the reëlection of Cleveland and the enactment of the Mills bill, and therefore they contributed money to beat it. And the cohorts of officeholders and the powerful importing interests contributed still more money to put it through—Cleveland himself sending in his check of $10,000 to help elect himself and the free-traders' ticket. That is the long and short of the whole matter.

DODGING TORNADOES.

Lieut. John P. Finley in the current number of the *Forum* explains in a practical way the best method of dodging tornadoes. The article will appeal specially to all who have had any experience with one of these undesirable freaks of nature, and as no one else can tell what day he may be obliged to meet with a similar experience it should be of interest to all. The record of tornadoes shows that no place can claim immunity from them and that no month of the year is without its tornado in some part of the country. The section least afflicted with them is the Pacific coast, but even there they have atmospheric disturbances which are nearly as bad. As a general rule the entire country east of the Rocky Mountains is the arena of the tornado.

Lieut. Finley assumes that nothing can be done to protect a building against a tornado, as no building yet has been constructed on the surface of the earth which can resist one. Hence every building above ground is unsafe. And yet there must be degrees of safety. It would be rash to assume what would become, for instance, of the Auditorium if it were struck by a tornado, but local pride at least leads us to believe that it would make a much better showing than an ordinary frame or brick building. In the frame building the cellar is the safest place. He does not inform us what is the safest place in a stone building, but the least safe place is "a northeast room, in a northeast corner, in an east room, or against an east wall." He evidently believes in going west in a stone building while a tornado is raging. He finds absolute safety in an excavation made into the west cellar wall on a level with the floor, arched with masonry and the overhanging earth supported by heavy timbers.

Lieut. Finley further finds that the tornado always occurs in the afternoon and usually between half past 3 and 5 o'clock, originating in the west and usually moving from the southwest to the northeast, the cloud revolving from right to left. The person who otherwise is unsheltered always should seek the south side of the tornado's track; in other words, he should turn to the right if facing the tornado, as the law directs. He also says that tornadoes always give warnings of their approach "in the quick movement of detached clouds in the west and southwest towards a common center of disturbance, in the oppressive heat, the deathlike stillness of the air, and the distant roaring of the wind in the vortex of the tornado cloud." Here the facts are against Lieut. Finley's statement of the warning; at least we have the record of a notable exception. The recent tornado at Wilkesbarre, Pa., gave none of the warnings which he suggests. There was no quick movement of detached clouds, no common center of disturbance, no oppressive heat, deathlike stillness, or distant roaring at Wilkesbarre or within a hundred miles of it. It was a bright, beautiful, cool summer day, with the thermometer at about 70°. It was not cyclonic weather and there was nothing in the sky to give warning of anything unusual. The storm was not suspected until it was sweeping through the doomed town with all the energy of a fully-developed tornado. From this it is apparent that no universal rule can be laid down. The tornado usually gives warning, but there are times when it does not. When it does, Lieut. Finley's suggestions for safety may be valuable. When it does not, humanity is helpless.

RECIPROCITY AND THE DEMOCRATS.

The Washington dispatches speak of the glum and surly attitude of the Democratic Senators on the Pan-American commercial reciprocity question. That is due to the fact that they are not a quarter as much concerned about the tariff as they are about the Presidential election of 1892. They are trying to have the cards dealt so that they may have the best hand to play then. They know the Republicans have the deal, but the Democrats hope they may be foolish enough to throw away the best trumps.

The Democratic Senators know Blaine's Pan-American reciprocity plan, which is to keep sugar duties on till the Southern nations make great concessions to the Western farmers, and that it will be a good thing for the country. They know it will be extremely popular with the Western people, and that, as its good effects will become most apparent in 1892, and that its influence on the Presidential election will be irresistible, as party men they do not think they can afford to help the country in that way; and they are maneuvering to deprive the Republicans of their vantage ground, and a lot of Republican Congressmen appear to be just stupid enough to play into their hands.

The Democrats will not vote against reciprocity outright, for it would be a fatal blunder. But they will do what they can to substitute a bastard for the genuine article. They will be, when it comes to voting, for that form of reciprocity set forth in the Aldrich amendment which gives away the sugar revenue in advance and trusts to the generosity of other nations to give something in return hereafter. If that goes through, and it becomes necessary to reimpose the duties, as it will, then the Democrats will have free scope to talk of the imbecility and stupidity of the Republican leaders, and contrast the empty reciprocity given the country with the cheap goods free-traders would give the people if in power.

With the Blaine plan the Republicans would have the lead in the next campaign, where the tariff question is sure to be the great issue, and where the voters will be called on to choose between the cut-throat free trade and reciprocity, which would give wider markets for the surpluses of American farmers and many classes of manufacturers. Nothing but the pig-headedness of Republicans themselves in Congress, in allowing the mill bosses and the Democrats to take all the heart and pith out of reciprocity by the adoption of such a sham as the Aldrich amendment, can beat the Republicans in 1892.

Population of the United States.

The population of the forty-four States, excluding the District of Columbia, the Territories, and the Indians, will be about 63,000,000, as follows:

Alabama	1,550,000	Montana	130,400
Arkansas	1,190,000	Nebraska	1,050,120
California	1,219,736	Nevada	49,880
Colorado	410,267	New Hampshire	387,120
Connecticut	732,593	New Jersey	1,499,880
Delaware	175,407	New York	6,022,000
Florida	399,850	North Dakota	189,667
Georgia	1,849,875	North Carolina	1,650,333
Idaho	84,000	Ohio	3,649,890
Illinois	3,879,203	Oregon	304,209
Indiana	2,300,797	Pennsylvania	5,290,000
Iowa	1,998,143	Rhode Island	354,608
Kansas	1,601,857	South Carolina	1,189,392
Kentucky	1,899,450	South Dakota	339,850
Louisiana	1,150,550	Tennessee	1,800,450
Maine	677,298	Texas	2,198,300
Maryland	1,075,702	Vermont	345,907
Massachusetts	2,198,850	Virginia	1,700,000
Michigan	2,151,150	Washington	330,460
Minnesota	1,450,980	West Virginia	774,560
Mississippi	1,279,020	Wisconsin	1,725,772
Missouri	2,674,600	Wyoming	60,222

The population of the Territories, the District of Columbia, and the Indians aggregates about a million, making the total 64,000,000.

THE watermelons raised at Rocky Ford, Colo., are of such superior size and quality that the people of that vicinity are accustomed to set apart one day in every year to be observed as "Watermelon-Day," during which they receive visitors and feast them to their hearts' content on melons. This is the day set apart as Watermelon-Day for 1890. We mention the circumstance for the purpose of making everybody who can't reach Rocky Ford today to save his life feel good.

GOT a cool million or more—the owner of a chain of ice-houses.

THE pronunciation Arkansaw is the most right, and appropriate one. It ought to be as unlike Kansas as possible.

WE can't help thinking of those converts who were baptized in the Mississippi River near St. Louis the other day. What sublime faith they must have had!

A FLOATING item says New York has seven millionaire editors. We know Col. Elliott F. Shepard. Who are the remaining four?

GLADSTONE cannot come to America. It is a great pity. He is one of the few Englishmen who could visit this country without writing a book about it.

MINISTER MIZNER did not know but it was loaded.

THE New York *Mail and Express* has begun to talk again of a Globe's Fair. You see, gentlemen of the Board of Directors, what you have brought upon the country by this delay in the matter of the site.

THE fruit stands on the street corners must go. The police authorities have declared it. This, without doubt, is a righteous retribution. Some of the bigoted proprietors of these stands have been refusing lately to recognize the natural and inalienable right of a policeman to help himself to their choicest fruit as often as he pleases.

A MUSHROOM expert has started a "mushroom farm" at Peoria. The shortcomings of Peoria champagne henceforth will be forgotten in the celebrity of Peoria champignons.

YOU may go ahead with your Exposition, gentlemen, but this positively must be the last time. Front! Show the gentlemen to the Lake-Front.—*Warren Leland.*

IN A MINOR KEY.

The Demand Too Lively.

"I haven't time to pick out a fit now," the lawyer said hurriedly, "but if you'll send half a dozen or so of your latest style of high silk hats, size 7¼, over to my office some time this afternoon I'll make a selection from them."

"Can't spare them," said the hatter briskly. "I need every tile I've got in stock. Can't begin to supply the demand. There is to be a labor parade day after tomorrow."

One Appreciative Auditor.

The curtain went down on the first act and the little boy leaned over and whispered excitedly to his mother:

"Mamma!"

"Well, Jerry?"

"That isn't all, is it?"

"No, Jerry."

He waited a few moments and then whispered again, impatiently:

"Mamma, when are they going to roll up that shade again?"

It Was.

Owner of Horse (brushing the flies off the impatient animal)—"What are you telling me, Larry? Are you really a descendant of the Irish kings?"

Larry—"Yis, sor."

"And now you're shoeing horses in an Englishman's blacksmith shop! It looks like the irony of fate."

"Yis, sor. Stand still, ye baste! I make me livin', sor, by ironin fate."

Modernized Version.

Between nose and eyes a strange contest arose;
The hay-fever set them unhappily wrong.
The point in dispute was, as all the world knows,
To whom the said hay-fever ought to belong.

Add at last 'twas decreed, id a grave, soleb tode,
Ah-ka-chee! Ah-ka-choo! without ode if or but,
That whedever the dose had its hay-fever od
The eyes—ah-ka-choo! oh-ka-chee! bust be shut.

Nothing Wrong with Hankinson.

"I can't say the idea of taking that young man Hankinson into my family strikes me altogether favorably, Mabel," the father said. "What do you see in him to admire? Is he good for anything? What can he do?"

"What can he do!" exclaimed the indignant girl, proudly. "He can beat anybody that comes to our house playing lawn tennis!"

PERSONALS.

The poet Swinburne is a little man with a big head, which is fringed with auburn hair. He is quick and nervous in his movements and a brilliant talker. He is a bachelor.

James Jeffries of Russell County, Kentucky, has nineteen children, including seven pairs of twins. He also has ten brothers married, and the eleven families have thirty-seven pairs of twins.

Sam Jones doesn't beat around the bush much. The price of virtue, he says, should be the life of the scoundrel who violates the law, and it should be paid at the blazing end of a double-barreled shotgun, with forty buckshot in each barrel.

Dr. O. W. Holmes received among his presents on his 81st birthday a gold-lined silver spoon, the handle of which bears a witch on a broomstick, the word Salem, and the emblematic witch-pins crossed. It came from a lady as a token of Dr. Holmes' latest poem, the "Broomstick Train."

Joseph Pulitzer of the New York *World*, who has become totally blind, has for private secretary a young Englishman named Ponsonby, who is a nephew of Lord Ponsonby, the latter being the private secretary by appointment to Queen Victoria.

George Gilbert of Youngstown, O., boasted for many years that his living expenses did not average three cents a day. George is dead. He left an estate valued at $150,000. The struggles and triumphs of George illustrate that it is moderately easy to get rich in this world without using any surplus brain power by simply living on a plane a little lower than a dog.

Gen. W. H. Enochs, Republican candidate for Congress in the Twelfth Ohio District, twice enlisted as a private in the Union army, and left the service a Brigadier-General. He was the youngest man of his rank in the Army of the Potomac, and commanded in battle over 4,000 men when he was in his 23d year. His war record reads like a romance, so rapid was his advance and so gallant were his services to his country.

Miss Helen Furniss of Cheyenne, Wyo., is First-Lieutenant of the only feminine company of regular State militia in the United States. The company was organized to celebrate the date of Wyoming's Statehood, and met with such great approval that it was decided to make the organization permanent, and the young ladies were mustered into the regular service of the State. Lieut. Furniss makes it hot for violators of the regulations.

Ex-Senator Thomas C. Platt declined the Spanish mission as long ago as July 5, and his letter to Mr. Blaine has just been made public. In it he says: "Numerous business engagements and obligations preclude the possibility of my accepting the responsibilities of an office of any name or nature, local or Federal, however honorable or alluring it may be. I shall be content to continue to serve in the ranks, asking no other reward than the proud consciousness of possessing the confidence and esteem of those true Republicans who, like yourself, have made the 'Grand Old Party' immortal."

FLINGS AT THE FAIR.

Hutchinson *News:* Chicago must be trying electrocution on the plan for the World's Fair. There seems to be so much delay.

St. Louis *Republic:* Chicago is still talking World's Fair at a great rate. If the Fair can be talked into operation the country can have great hopes of Chicago.

Puck: "Since the apple and peach crops have proved such total failures I don't seem to feel so lonesome as I did," said the Chicago World's Fair, reflectively.

Nashville *American:* Chicago's experience with the World's Fair is like that of the man who held the bull by the horns. She would like to have some one help her to let go.

Cincinnati *Enquirer:* A Kansas City woman has figured out that the world will come to an end the 19th of next November. What, then, shall be done with the Chicago Fair? Perhaps sheol would be a good site.

Minneapolis *Tribune:* The harvest is past, the summer is ended, and Chicago is still without a site on all her broad prairies for the World's Fair. Unless there is something done very shortly Chicago will cease to be a synonym for suddenness.

Cincinnati *Times-Star:* The position of Chicago in regard to the World's Fair is similar to that of George D. Prentice's old lady in the crowded meeting: "Madam," said he, "will you have a seat?" "Thank you," was the answer, "I have one, but no place to put it."

Rochester *Express:* Experiments in irrigating South Dakota land with artesian well water have proved a great success. Grain grows almost twice as high as on land where there is no irrigation. Why wouldn't it be a good idea to open four or five artesian wells in the vicinity of the Chicago World's Fair boom?

Seattle *Telegraph:* There is uncomfortable delay in selecting a site for the big Fair at Chicago. It does not look as though preparations were going along as smoothly as was expected. It will be just as well for Washington to wait awhile before making an appropriation for a display. The regular session of the Legislature will be time enough for that. Then we shall have a better idea as to what sort of a Fair it is likely to be.

Baltimore *American:* Plans for a great floral show at the World's Fair are being perfected, but what the public would like to see perfected are the plans for the Fair itself.

New York *Star:* Chicago's World's Fair officials say that they propose to rush things after a site has been determined upon, which they hope will be some time during the next two weeks. We trust that the directors will be able to come up to their own expectations. There is abundant need for them to rush; but if their record for the last six months affords basis for substantial judgment the rushing that they are likely to do will not be apt to exhaust them.

San Francisco *Chronicle:* There should be no serious question of jurisdiction between the National Commission and the local directory, nor will there be if the latter will but realize that the coming Exposition is intended to be a World's Fair and not merely a Chicago Fair. Chicago must be content with the incidental and natural benefit which she will derive from the Exposition being held there, which ought to be sufficient to satisfy any reasonable city, and not expect to have the interests of the entire United States made subordinate to those of a single town, even though that town be Chicago.

POLITICAL NOTES.

"The 'un-Democratic, un-American, and unconstitutional' platform of the Democratic party," remarks the Milwaukee *News*, "can add a couple more uns to its list before long, and those are 'unhorsed and undone.' At least that seems to be the outlook from the way the Democrats are bolting the platform and Peck."

The Indiana Democrats have adopted the longest platform of the season, and yet it doesn't contain a word in explanation of the fact that they have increased the State debt from $4,000,000 to $8,000,000 within the last eight years, and that they are now vainly trying to sell $600,000 of bonds to meet a deficiency of revenue for State expenses.

If the expressions of the Democratic conventions held thus far the present year may be taken as evidence of the feeling that prevails generally in the party, there is a vastly preponderating sentiment in favor of Grover Cleveland as the candidate for the Presidency in 1892. The truth is the Democratic party is bound to Mr. Cleveland from necessity. It has no one it can put in his place with the slightest hope of success.

The Kansas City *Star* thinks "it is interesting now to see the politicians coming in and scrambling to get onto the reciprocity platform. At first they all stood aloof, except Senator Plumb. Now that they have heard from the people they begin to announce themselves as for reciprocity and they even try to create the impression that they always were for it—had held reciprocity views on the sly, as it were."

"As to Harrison's successor," says "Gath" in the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, "it is understood that Mr. Belden of New York holds that the most popular man for that State to nominate is Secretary Tracy, the only member of the Cabinet personally effective with Congress, but Belden says that if Maj. McKinley can be elected Governor of Ohio after carrying his district he will become the next Republican nominee almost inevitably."

The Troy (N. Y.) *Times* (Rep.), always noted heretofore for its extreme high-tariff views, now feels called upon to say: "There is inspiration and encouragement for every Republican in Secretary Blaine's address. It shows him as he is—the able, honest, and outspoken advocate of a policy which will at the same time protect and expand the industries of the United States. Along this line he stands ready to fight the battles of the Republican party, and he does not stand alone."

"The people are looking for a golden mean between free trade and a prohibitory tariff," says the Duluth *Tribune* (Rep.). "The catch word of the hour is 'reciprocity.' Do you think that Blaine invented this theory and that the people are now adopting it because it happens to strike their fancy? No; Blaine, with his finger always on the public pulse, felt the heart-beat of the Nation and now merely puts in words the inarticulate murmur of the people. This, however, is the height of statesmanship."

"The Waterville speech," muses Editor Halstead of the Brooklyn *Standard-Union*, "amplifies the Frye letters and answers all misgivings and objections from friend and foe, imparting to the subject the radiance of Mr. Blaine's clear and shining thought; and it outlines the ground upon which the Republicans are to fight and win the next Presidential campaign as distinctly and conclusively as his Paris interview responding to Cleveland's tariff message, preparing the way for the sweeping victory of 1888."

"It was so flagrant a mistake," in the opinion of the Keokuk *Gate City* (Rep.), "when Mr. McKinley undertook to revise the tariff on the line that all Americans needed was a home market, that as one Republican we have protested in season and out against a revision of the tariff based on that view. Any one who knew what the people were thinking and saying knew that there was a pervading and universal desire among them that the gates should be opened outward for larger markets for America's immense production."

"It is not to be doubted," says the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, "that a formidable contingent, if not a decided majority of the party, is thoroughly convinced that tariff legislation should diminish duties, and this sentiment deserves serious consideration. It is not an anti-protection sentiment, nor in any sense an anti Republican sentiment. The men who hold it are loyal to the principles of the party and anxious to promote its welfare. They want protection to the extent that it can be justified as a general advantage; but they do not want it made a pretext for fostering special interests at the public expense, when those interests are already thriving as well as other forms of business. In short, as Mr. Ames puts it, they look at the subject from a common-sense point of view."

Ex-Gov. Foster of Ohio positively refuses to run for Congress, but it is an open secret that he desires to succeed John Sherman as United States Senator. In a late interview Mr. Foster said concerning Presidential politics: "Senator Sherman will never be a candidate in the sense that he has heretofore been—that is, he will not organize to secure a nomination and appeal to his friends to help him. He has frankly avowed his intention of retiring when his present term as Senator expires, three years from now. Of course, I presume he would serve again if he was unanimously reëlected and would accept the Presidency under similar conditions, but there are no signs of any such spontaneous uprising for him. Harrison stands well with the people. He hasn't a friend anywhere in our State of the thick-and-thin type, but, judged by his support of Republican principles, he is strong and growing stronger. Secretary Blaine's reciprocity ideas have been well received and there might be such a thing as that he should succeed Gen. Harrison if his health is all right. It seems to be good."

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

The Juch English Opera company at the Alhambra Theater last night gave Wagner's "Lohengrin." The Vorspiel was not played particularly well, the opening phrases for the violins in altissimo being scratchy as well as uncertain in intonation. As the other instruments came in one by one, leading up to the climax, the effect was better, though the proper balance could not be attained, the number of strings employed being too small to make itself felt against the wood-wind and brasses. The same was noticeable in numerous places as the opera progressed.

Miss Emma Juch was the Elsa of the cast. Her interpretation was not an ideal one, for she quite misses the dreamy spirituality of the character, instead of which she impresses the listener with her self-conscious manner in all that she does. Neither was the exalted nature of the heroine emphasized as it should have been. She sang the part moderately well, though her tones were lost entirely sometimes in the ensembles, except upon high notes which were brought out by dint of forcing. In the great quintet and chorus following the prayer in the first act this was noticeable especially. Mr. Franz Vetta made a stately and dignified King Henry. His voice is less powerful and sonorous than is desirable in that part, though he sang the splendid prayer with great fervor. Mr. Rathjens as Telramund appeared to fair advantage. He sang the German text, the others singing English, which was an incongruity partly atoned for by the spirit of his interpretation and the general intelligence manifested in his reading. Vocally he was one of the best members of the cast. Miss Januschowsky gave the part of Ortrud with considerable dramatic force. Mr. Charles Hedmondt was less satisfactory in the rôle of Lohengrin than in that of Tell. The former seems too exacting for him as yet, though his work, while uneven in excellence, was of a nature to indicate that he may make a good exponent of the part when he has had greater experience. He looked the part admirably and sang portions of the music remarkably well. Mr. E. N. Knight did good service as the herald.

There was a good deal of "raggedness" at times in the work of most of the principals, but particularly in that of the chorus, which seemed to be quite adrift at times. A vast amount of rehearsal will be required to secure a proper degree of unity and certainty in the efforts of its members in a work of such difficulty. The entry of the brasses, at one point especially, showed instantly that the voices had deviated nearly half a tone from the proper pitch. The orchestra worked hard, but with indifferent success, the lack of a sufficient body of strings and the want of familiarity with the music on the part of some of its members being too evident. The opera is too exacting for the company to give a thoroughly good representation, while in lighter works it might appear to much better advantage.

Tonight the opera will be "Il Trovatore," with Januschowsky, Macnichol, Clarke, Rathjens, etc., in the cast.

It Would Cost Money.

Louisville *Courier-Journal:* If the New-Yorkers want to hold Gen. Grant down why don't they put a big monument over him?

QUERIES AND ANSWERS.

C. M., City: Address Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C.

READER, Bloomington, Ill.: "Mrs. John Smith" is the correct way.

X. Y. Z., Colchester, Ill.: The gentleman should be presented to the lady.

M. A. O'BRIEN, Delphi, Ind.: The query you make about Mexico was answered in THE TRIBUNE a few weeks ago.

READER, Chicago: Present your query about the rights of a widow to property where there is no will to a good lawyer.

T. D. KINSLEY, Sparta, Wis.: If you cannot see any difference between the schools from the catalogues before you, it doesn't make any difference which you attend.

INQUIRER, Streator, Ill.: Laundry is a noun. No matter what your friend tries to make of it as a verb, strictly speaking, it can't be done. Custom permits the word laundried.

HENRY K. WINCHESTER of this city wishes the name of the author of the following:

"When man's intelligence began
'Twas labor that first raised for man
Above his head a shelter rude
To shield him from vicissitude
Of weather. 'Twas the selfsame force
That helped him up thro' all the course
Of sheltering structures, from the tent
Of skins to the experiment
With logs, and boards, and stone, and brick—
From rough exterior to slick;
That built and builds our homes of ease
And stately marble palaces;
That rears the domed and towering walls
Of the St. Peters and St. Pauls."

Two Hundred and Sixty Feet.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Please inform me the height from the ground to the uppermost point of the Auditorium Tower. A READER.

A Query of Grammar.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—To settle a dispute will you kindly state in your columns which one of the two sentences is correct: I am angry at you; or, I am angry with you? A. LION.

[The latter.]

Once More, No.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Please answer whether the prizes have been given out to the parties making the nearest guess to the population of the United States. A READER OF THE TRIBUNE.

A Query from Duluth.

CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Which is right, as referring to this present time: "Did you know that our friend Brown was sick," or, "is sick"? H.

["Do you know that our friend Brown is sick" is the way to put it.]

Miles of Cable Road in Various Cities.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 27.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Kindly inform writer the number of miles of cable in actual operation in the following cities: Chicago, Denver, Kansas City, San Francisco. J. H. EDWARDS.

[Chicago, 76¾ miles; Denver, 29; Kansas City, 69½; San Francisco, 72.]

The Pacing Record for One Mile.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—What is the pacing record for one mile, and name of horse? D. F. W.

[Johnston holds the pacing record at 2:06¼, made at Chicago Oct. 3, 1884. Westmont paced a mile with a running mate in 2:01¾ at Chicago July 10, 1884. The pacing stallion record, 2:08¼, is held by Roy Wilkes, made at Independence, Ia., last Saturday.]

What to Wear at the Wedding.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—What style of clothes are best for wedding suit and color, for a person in ordinary circumstances? A READER.

[Ordinary circumstances are always governed by common sense. If you are poor and the girl loves you, it doesn't make any difference what you wear, so long as you are decently attired.]

Dress Does Not Make the Man.

GRAND RAPIDS, Wis., Sept. 2.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Please advise me what is the correct thing in the way of studs for a gentleman to wear in his shirt front in full evening dress. Is one diamond stud permissible? Reply in initials. C. F. J.

[One is permissible if it is very small. No gentleman will make himself conspicuous by his dress in any way.]

School Appropriations and the Bennett Law.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—(1) Has Congress appropriated money for any Catholic school? If so, where? (2) Does the Compulsory Education law provide that children *shall* attend some school in the district in which they live, and prohibit attendance outside of said district? (3) What class of religious people oppose the Bennett law?

[(1) Appropriations have been made for Indian schools that are under the control of Catholics. (2) In Illinois, yes. (3) Catholics and German Lutherans.]

Sunol and Axtell.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Where was Sunol, the race horse, raised and who raised her? When was she sold and what was the price received for her? Answer the same questions about Axtell. J. G.

[Sunol was bred at Senator Stanford's Palo Alto stock farm in California. She was raised at that place and sold to Robert Bonner last fall for a price not stated, but supposed to be $45,000. She does not pass into Mr. Bonner's hands until this season is over. Axtell was bred by Mr. Williams of Independence, Ia., and sold last fall to a syndicate for $105,000.]

Origin of "Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas."

Two readers of THE TRIBUNE, Dr. D'Unger and A. J. Heath, write to give the origin of the expression, "Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas." As will be seen they disagree. Dr. D'Unger says:

"The sentence, 'The Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas,' originated with Dr. Thomas Foster, editor of the *Minnesotian*, the first newspaper, I believe, published in Duluth. Dr. Foster, after leaving Duluth, invested in some mill property in Virginia; the result a financial failure. At one time he owned a considerable block of valuable land in Duluth, but 'it got away from him,' as he expressed it. For a time he was the 'National Historiographer' at Washington, engaged in compiling Indian records and the like. That position was 'created' for him by and through the influence of the Hon. Alexander Ramsey. Foster was a man of brains. The last I heard of him he was running a paper somewhere in Tennessee."

Mr. Heath says:

"The words, 'Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas,' as applied to Duluth, was, I think, original with Bayard Taylor. They occur in a letter to the New York *Tribune*, written by him in a description of that region, I think, just after the war."

CURRENT NOTES.

Every mother owns the best boy—the worst one belongs next door every time.—*Texas Siftings.*

We suppose a nose may be said to be broke when it hasn't got a scent.—*Binghamton Leader.*

A true word is often spoken in jest; but we always like it to be about some other fellow.—*Puck.*

An old maid asks: If whatever is is right, how does it happen that I'm left?—*Binghamton Leader.*

Time is the essence of all contracts, except when you endeavor to contract for a suit of clothes on time.—*Jewelers' Circular.*

The difference between a chef and a cook is that one is paid a salary and the other has to sue for her wages.—*Elmira Gazette.*

Poet, who is reading his verses to a friend—"Ah! my words seem to touch you. You are shedding tears!" "No, only wiping off the perspiration."—*Fliegende Blätter.*

"Does Mrs. Weeds mourn her husband sincerely?" asked Mrs. Wing. "Indeed she does," was the reply. "She hasn't anybody but the hired man now to scold."—*Somerville Journal.*

Wibble—"There goes a man that makes his living off other people's bad habits." Wabble—"Keeps a saloon, does he?" Wibble—"No; he deals in second-hand clothes."—*Terre Haute Express.*

Stranger—"Where do the Highminds reside? They are one of the old families of this city, I believe." Mrs. Forundred—"They used to be, but Mr. Highmind failed last year."—*New York Weekly.*

"Now," said the maternal oyster, "you cuddle down and keep out of the way when those dredgers go to work. There's a dreadful penalty awaiting you if you don't." "What is it?" "Solitary confinement in a stew."—*Washington Post.*

"I am glad to see you coming to church again regularly," remarked Dr. Choker. "Yes, I had to," replied McWatty; "the sinner who lives next door to me has got to practicing on the cornet on Sunday mornings, and I can't get a wink of sleep if I stay at home."—*Epoch.*

As to Farm Mortgages.

Albany *Journal:* While discussing the flood of many mortgage foreclosures in Kansas and other States, it is well to bear in mind that many of these are upon the unoccupied lands that have been bought for speculative purposes and have subsequently been mortgaged for all they will bring. The farmer is by no means the victim of the majority of these foreclosures. It is the speculator who has failed to realize.

LIVES LOST BY FLOODS.

ALARMING NEWS FROM PRAGUE AND THE DANUBE VALLEY.

Rivers Rising and Many Fatalities Reported—Prince Bismarck Warmly Received at Homburg—Showing Up the Boulangists—The Mapleson-Roze Marriage Declared to Be Not a Binding Affair—Miscellaneous News from Abroad.

PRAGUE, Sept. 3.—The booming of cannon at 1 o'clock this morning announced to the inhabitants of this city that there was an alarming rise in the River Moldau, which flows through Prague. The waters of the swollen river bore along fragments of furniture and wreckage of all kinds. At 6 o'clock this morning the inhabitants of the lower town were ordered to quit their houses by the

VIENNA, Sept. 3.—The rivers of the Moldau Valley are still rising. Warning has been given that the dam inclosing a fish pond several miles in extent near Gratzen is in a precarious condition. The people living in the vicinity are panic-stricken. The Danube is within three feet of the top of the dam which protects the lower portion of Vienna and the Prater. Numerous casualties are reported. Many villages in the Danube Valley are partially submerged. The authorities here are taking special precautions.

PRINCE BISMARCK AT HOMBURG.

The Ex-Chancellor Receives a Hearty Welcome—Other German News.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

HOMBURG, Sept. 3.—A ripple of excitement passed over Homburg today when it leaked out that Prince Bismarck would arrive this afternoon. Princess Bismarck, who was to have left here yesterday afternoon, postponed her journey and started off for Frankfort to meet her husband. He arrived at Frankfort from Kissingen at 4:30. Baron Rothschild's carriage was waiting to drive him to Homburg. Shortly before 6 Dr. Schweininger drove up to the Hotel Rischelman, and a few minutes later Prince Bismarck with the Princess and Count Herbert arrived. Enthusiastic "Lochs" were repeated again and again. The Prince wore a soft hat with a high brim, a sort of cowboy hat, and with smiling face acknowledged the reception. One of the first to greet him was the famous Italian painter, Prof. Carrodi. A small boy named Von Rath presented a bouquet of red roses, and Miss Reichelman a bouquet of panzies with white and red roses made up to represent the National colors. The Prince was particularly gracious, and the general remark was "How well he looks!" He has lost much of that hard look observable whilst he was in office. A crowd collected in front of the hotel and cheered, and when the Prince appeared on the balcony he received a great reception. He will remain here for two days and then go to Varvin. In the crowd were Sir Malet, Sir Thomas and Lady Dyer, and Gen. Frere.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—Count Herbert Bismarck is expected to arrive in this city shortly. It is reported that his visit is made for the purpose of making inquiries as to whether Prince Bismarck (his father) could sojourn for a while at Nice without fear of hostile demonstrations being made against him.

KIEL, Sept. 3.—At 8 o'clock this morning the whole German fleet saluted the imperial standard on the yacht Hohenzollern. The Austrian men-of-war in the harbor hoisted the German flag, and the German warships returned the compliment by flying the Austrian standard. Emperor William boarded a launch and inspected the fleet. The weather was brilliant. Emperor William spent two hours on board the Austrian man-of-war Archduchess Stephanie and then returned to the Hohenzollern, which departed for Ekensund amid salutes from the Austrian warships.

BERLIN, Sept. 3.—The preparations for a national celebration in honor of Count von Moltke on the occasion of the 90th anniversary of his birth include a proposal to buy the house at Parchin in which the Count was born and to present it to him. Count von Moltke is endeavoring to prevent the execution of this plan. Nevertheless a committee of members of the Reichstag has been formed to carry out the project. It is also proposed to celebrate the day by the establishment of a fund from which to bestow prizes upon persons who showed eminent ability in military science.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Prince Bismarck, receiving a deputation of Kissingen veterans, said the inventions for making warfare were becoming more and more murderous. No indemnity could compensate for the misery and expense caused by the new methods of warfare; therefore, happily, every one thought well before beginning a war.

SHOWING UP THE BOULANGISTS.

The Fate of This Anti-Republican Faction Doomed.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The disclosures concerning the modus operandi of the Boulangist party continue in the daily prints, and if there be still any sparks of life left in this ridiculous and once dangerous faction of anti-Republicans it can scarcely survive the current revelations of the unpatriotic and virtually treasonable purpose and maneuvers of its leaders. It is now asserted that Comte Dillon obtained, in the course of two years, from the Royalist Senator, M. Bocher, for the use of Gen. Boulanger, the immense sum of 3,500,000 francs, this amount being independent of the money which was provided by the Duchesse d'Uzes and other persons who fêted Boulanger and seemed to have placed themselves under his psuedo-Republican banner, their real object being the restoration of the Bourbons to the throne of France. Almost all this money was the proceeds of a fund which was created originally by the Duchesse Galliera for the purpose of restoring Louis Philippe's family to power, and there seems little doubt of the exact truth of the statements to this effect which are now being published.

THE AMERICAN HOG IN GERMANY.

Minister Phelps Thinks That Country Will Remove the Restrictions.

BERLIN, Sept. 3.—Mr. Phelps, the United States Minister, was interviewed today regarding Senator Edmunds' Meat Inspection bill. He said:

Public opinion in Germany is doing the work for us as rapidly as we could expect. Different German interests are bombarding Chancellor von Caprivi so hotly that we can afford to wait a little before throwing our great shell. We might turn this civil war into a foreign war to our undoing. Germany is a good country to coax, but a bad one to threaten, as Minister Sargent discovered. Our latest news is the startling appeal which the municipal authorities of Berlin have just addressed to the Chancellor. The figures are really startling. From April, 1889, to April, 1890, the City of Berlin made a gain in population of 60,000. According to the normal rate of consumption this increase in population should cause an increase of 20,000 head in the importation of swine, but instead of that imports have decreased by 25,000—a loss to the Berlin consumption of 45,000 a year. Matters have not improved since, for between April 1 and August there were received in Berlin only 200,848 head of swine, against 228,782 during the similar period last year. In view of these facts it is no wonder that Berlin is restive. The Chancellor has withdrawn the edict excluding Austrian pigs and now only Russia and America suffer from this unjust restriction. I expect that the prohibition against Russian swine will soon be removed and then our turn will come. In the meantime I am not a bit discouraged.

GENERAL FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The Mapleson-Roze Marriage Illegal—Public Curiosity Aroused.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Mr. Henry Mapleson says he has discovered his marriage with Marie Roze was illegal, and that, therefore, both are free to marry again after the annulment of their union. A good deal of curiosity has been aroused by this revelation, but the particulars are not made public.

Hartington Warns the Gladstonians.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—At a Unionist demonstration at York today Lord Hartington said he believed the exultations of the Gladstonians were wasted. The session recently closed could scarcely be paralleled in any period of English history, even during the bitterest party contests. He warned the Gladstonians that contempt for or miscalculation of the strength of the Unionist party was likely to lead to disaster. It could not be denied that the success of the Parnellite tactics rendered Parliament impotent and made the Irish party more formidable than it had ever been in the days of O'Connell or of Mitchell and Smith O'Brien. This success, he was convinced, had been the chief factor in the conversion of Harcourt, Morley, Trevelyan, and a majority of the Liberals to home rule. They did not think Ireland with home rule would be better governed, but believed that it was useless longer to contend against the insidious policy that was sapping the life of parliamentary government.

To Fight About Mrs. Leslie.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The Marquis de Leuville left this city today on the 11 o'clock morning train for Boulogne, where he arrived this evening and registered at the Hotel Marine. It is reported that the Marquis has gone to fight a duel tomorrow morning. The other fellow is a French correspondent for a syndicate of Paris newspapers. The origin of the duel lies among the other relics of Mrs. Frank Leslie's visit to England two months ago. Last week the French correspondent undertook to interview the Marquis about Mrs. Leslie. De Leuville threatened to kick him out of the house, but found that he could not. Then the newspaper man got saucy and called the Marquis all sorts of disagreeable names. Finally he was put out. The next day De Leuville sent the correspondent a challenge, so it is said, and it was accepted. The meeting was arranged to take place tomorrow morning. The London police may have warned the Boulogne officers to stop the affair, however.

Americans Start for Home.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 3.—Richard Croker sailed today on the City of New York. He declined to be interviewed, but intimated he would not accept any office this year. He was not prepared to say that Tammany would renominate Grant, but confessed he could see no reason why they shouldn't do so. Mr. Croker looked far from a well man, but is much better than when he came over. Both the City of New York and Teutonic were crowded with homeward-bound Americans. Marcus Mayer and Agnes Huntington sailed on the City of New York. Chauncey Depew, Horace Porter, Archbishop Corrigan, and Mgr. McDonell sailed on the Teutonic. There is a good deal of betting among the shipping-men of Liverpool that this time the New York will beat the Teutonic.

Death of Dr. James Matthews Duncan.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—The eminent physician, Dr. James Matthews Duncan, F. R. S. E., has just died at Baden at the age of 64, having been born April 29, 1826, in Aberdeen. He was chiefly noted for his practice, lectures, and treatises on obstetrics and the history and morale of the science and its associations. His work was done largely in Edinburg, and he came to London in 1877, taking the chair of obstetrics in St. Bartholomew's Hospital. He was one of the founders of the Edinburg Royal Hospital for sick children, and he was intimately associated with the discovery of the anæsthetic property of chloroform in 1847.

The Panama Railway Strike Continues.

PANAMA, Sept. 3.—The strike on the Panama railway continues. The strikers will not allow work to be done by outsiders. The telegraph wires were cut several times, and attempts were made to tear up the rails. Troops have been sent to Colon to maintain order. Steamers will probably be detained on both sides of the isthmus in consequence of the strike.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 3.—At the Trades Union Congress today Mr. Burns received a cable dispatch from Australia saying that the lockout at Melbourne has become general and appealing for funds for the men.

MONS, Sept. 3.—The strike of the miners in this district has ended.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—At a meeting of dock laborers today, called in behalf of the Australian strikers, Ald. Phillips announced that he had invited the Knights of Labor and the French Trades Congress to assist the strikers' fund. The meeting decided to boycott Australian vessels.

News Notes from Havana.

HAVANA, Sept. 3.—In order to protect their interests against the encroachments of the custom-house officers, importers here have formed a league, which a majority of the best firms have already joined. A cable dispatch from Spain says that the Empress of Austria, who is to visit the island incognito, will assume the name of Elizabeth Nicholson. The District of Sancti Spiritus is reported to be fast recovering. The last crop in that locality amounted to 1,164 hogsheads of muscovado and 50,240 bags of centrifugals, which, with the exception of the crop of one planter who ships his sugar directly to New York for his own account, were all sent to Cienfuegos and sold at that place.

Cholera Scare in Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 3.—The *Lokal Anzeiger* says a medical examination showed the presence of cholera bacillariæ in the body of a person who recently died in this city with symptoms of cholera.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—It is reported that there are cases of cholera in Madrid and Barcelona.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 3.—The Czar has sent officers to Bokhara with an imperial decree ordering that precautions be taken in regard to river craft to prevent the spread of cholera.

To Settle the Irish Land Question.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—A company formed here two years ago, which has just gone into operation, promises not only to have an important effect in the settlement of the Irish land question, but to shape to some extent the future of Ireland. It has at its disposal a capital of $1,000,000, with which it proposes to buy Irish estates and resell them to tenants. In thus securing a change of owners from the absentee landlords to those in actual possession a long step in advance will have been taken.

Salisbury Annoying O'Brien.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

DUBLIN, Sept. 3.—Salisbury, who is taking bankruptcy proceedings against O'Brien, created a sensation today by having his bailiff enter a first-class railway carriage where O'Brien was with his wife, and attempting to serve a document demanding £1,600 from O'Brien. A row was raised, and the bailiff was ejected from the carriage because he had only a third-class ticket.

The Italian Government Offended.

ROME, Sept. 3.—A painful impression has been created here by the fact that the officers of the Austrian man-of-war Minerva sought an audience with the Pope before officially calling upon the Ministry. The newspapers of this city denounce the action of the officers, and declare that it was a significant act of discourtesy to the Italian Government.

An Austro-Italian Deal.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The bourse claims to have positive knowledge that Premier Crispi is negotiating with Austria for a renewal of the Austro-Italian alliance, and that Italy is to receive Trent in return for friendly recognition of Austria's annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Will Be Here in October.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

DUBLIN, Sept. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. William O'Brien and John Dillon have been unable to secure passage to America before October, but will sail that date. Mr. O'Brien told THE TRIBUNE correspondent that the American program had not yet been arranged.

State Finances in Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, Sept. 3.—A decree just issued grants a Government guarantee of State loans amounting to the sum of 50,000,000 milreis. The financial needs of most of the States are declared to be urgent. No interest is shown in the canvass for the election of members of the Constituent Assembly.

A German Steamer Aground.

ZANZIBAR, Sept. 3.—The German mail steamer Reichstag, after colliding with and damaging the Sultan's steamer Nyanza today, went aground in the harbor of Dar-es-Salaam, where she lies in a bad position.

Austria's Emperor at Teschen.

VIENNA, Sept. 3.—Emperor Francis Joseph arrived today at Teschen, where he received an enthusiastic welcome. His purpose in visiting the town is to witness the maneuvers of the First Army Corps.

To Search for Count Mirabeau's Remains.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The Government has ordered that a search be made in the St. Marcel Cemetery for the remains of Count Mirabeau. Persons living in the vicinity of the cemetery have addressed a petition to the authorities asking that the order be countermanded on the ground that the exhalations that would arise from digging up the ground would produce an epidemic.

Forest Fires in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 3.—Extensive forest fires are reported in the vicinity of Norovtchat and Potchinki. Much damage has been done.

Briefs from Abroad.

It is reported that Moussa Bey has been arrested at Broussa.

President Carnot of France has recovered from his indisposition.

Johann von Lutz, the Bavarian statesman, is dead. He was born in 1826.

The Porte has authorized the founding of a Russian school in Constantinople.

King Leopold has asked Baron Wismann to come to Brussels to settle the quarrel between Emin Pasha and Mr. Stanley.

A telegram from St. Petersburg to a newspaper in Rome says that the Czar is going to Constantinople in October next.

The Berlin *Reichsanzeiger* denies that Emperor William's visit to St. Petersburg was attended with any unpleasantness between him and the Czar.

The Paris *Matin* says the German Government is negotiating with Italy for the purchase of the docks at Messina which it has hitherto leased.

The experiment of transmitting opera music from the opera-house to the Urania Theater by telephone was made in Berlin and proved a complete success.

The Austrain Government has dissolved the Irredentist Progress Society at Trieste. The organization was composed mainly of members of the Municipal Government.

The London *Standard's* Rome correspondent says that no official notice was received at the Italian Foreign Office that the French fleet was coming to Spezia and that it is now arranged to salute King Humbert upon another occasion.

Lord Salisbury's health has been completely restored by his use of the arsenical springs at Bourboule. At the same place are also Mr. William Henry Smith, who was fagged out by his duties as Government leader in the Commons; Sir Cecil Raikes, the Postmaster-General; Lord Lytton; and Sir E. D. Morier, the diplomatist.

BIG FIRE AT HIAWATHA, KAS.

Two Blocks of Buildings in the Business Center in Ashes.

ATCHISON, Kas., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—About 1 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the rear of Horne's livery stable, located in the heart of Hiawatha, a town of 3,000 inhabitants and the county seat of Brown County. There were seventy-five head of horses in the stable, all of which were driven out but twelve. These were burned. The building being dry and the upper part full of hay it was soon ablaze. The flames leaped quickly to the adjoining buildings, and as a strong wind was blowing from the south the entire block was on fire in less than thirty minutes. A heavy gust of wind carried fire across the street to the First National Bank Block, a magnificent three-story brick structure, and in a few minutes it was ablaze. All efforts put forth to save it were in vain.

The heaviest loss was to the First National bank. The safe, which has not been rescued yet on account of the intense heat, contained $75,000 in currency and many other valuables. If the safe does not withstand the heat, and it is not likely that it will, the loss to the bank is in the neighborhood of $200,000. The other principal losers are: William Horn, livery stable, $8,000, no insurance; J. A. McGuire, grocery store, $6,000, insurance $3,000; Grimes & Love, hardware store, $5,000, partially insured; Kentucky Hotel $5,000, insurance $2,000; John White, grocery store, $4,000, partially insured; J. N. Davis, vacant building, $3,000, no insurance; Otto & Zimmerman, store, $5,000; partially insured. Other losses aggregated $15,000, insurance $5,000.

Fatal Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The premises extending from No. 227 to No. 231 East Fifty-sixth street was destroyed by fire this morning. The lower part of the building was occupied by T. Hogan, and the upper portion by the Rossemore Bouquet cigar factory. Daniel Hillian, perished in the flames. The loss sustained by both firms is estimated at $40,000, which is pretty fully covered by insurance.

Other Fires.

LEVIS, Que., Sept. 3.—The tannery owned by Mrs. Carrier and occupied by Mr. Duplessis was burned this morning, together with ten small dwelling houses adjoining. Total loss about $80,000; partly insured.

BRIDGEPORT, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The residence of John Stivers burned at noon today. Loss, $3,000; insurance, $800.

MINONK, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The house of Joseph Bonner, living eight miles southwest of Minonk, was yesterday totally destroyed. Loss, $3,500; insurance, $2,200.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 3.—The Riverside Woolen Mill, recently started up after a long idleness, was partially destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $15,000, mostly on stock and machinery; insurance, $20,000. The company will rebuild at once.

One of the new stables at the fair grounds, the one in which Sunol lived this spring while getting ready for the summer campaign, and thirteen of the old stables were destroyed by fire this evening. Loss about $5,000, with $2,300 insurance. No horses were burned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The jute bagging factory of Peter Young, the kindling-wood factory of Hendrick Pieletke, and the wholesale grocery store of Dlahn Bros., near the navy-yard, Brooklyn, were destroyed by fire today. Total loss, $300,000.

SECURED ADVANTAGEOUS CONTRACTS.

The State Work to Be Done at Much Cheaper Rates than Usual.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Commissioners of State Contracts today completed their labors and awarded contracts for the ensuing two years. As predicted last night the printing will be done by Phillips Bros. and H. W. Rokker of this city, the former doing the first class for an aggregate of $3,868.20, against $3,265 for the last contract, and the latter doing class two for $23,120, against $23,190; fourth class at $6,260, which now includes classes five and six, and is done at a figure considerably below the last contracts. On a tie bid for the printing of election registers, which was determined by lot, it was awarded to William M. Bloomer of Peoria for $360, against $350. These figures are only comparative, however, as the amounts are liable to run largely in excess or below the contract basis, according to the amount of work required performed.

The Calumet Paper company of Chicago was the lowest bidder on the second class of stationery, securing the contract for $4,255.92, against $3,967.40, and the J. M. W. Jones company of Chicago takes the engraving and lithographing for $2,268 and $1,114.75 respectively, which is a few hundred dollars below the previous contract.

The bids on binding created more trouble than any other. So many contained irregularities that but one was left in form and that at an advanced rate. There was some suggestion of a combination, but as the bid of H. W. Rokker of this city was several thousand dollars less in the aggregate than any other, and he insisted the irregularity of $1 in his bid instead of 10 cents was a clerical error, and that he stood ready to perform the contract at the latter figure, the award was finally given him, his contract aggregating $12,700.75, against his bid of two years ago of $12,848. The bid this year is much lower from the fact that the previous one did not contain 5,000 copies of geological reports which are included in this year's contract. Other bids were: Workman Bros., Chicago, $15,050.25; Springfield Printing company, $16,716.15; Thomas Reece, $20,165.25. Everything being taken into consideration it may be said the State has secured more advantageous contracts than ever before, and competition has never been known to have been so close.

The John Morris Company's Bid.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In your item this morning under letting contracts and opening bids for the State work at Springfield there is an error, so far as the bid of this company is concerned, which I would like to have you correct. John Morris Company of Chicago put in their bid at $3,934.21, and not $5,934.21, as you have it printed. Be kind enough to correct this, as it somewhat reflects upon the intelligence of this house. JOHN MORRIS COMPANY.

Suicide of a Chicago Drummer.

DAYTON, O., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—John T. Duffy, a traveling man representing Haywood Bros. & Co., manufacturers of rattan furniture, Chicago, committed suicide this afternoon by taking laudanum. Duffy was 30 years old, handsome, a good salesman, receiving $2,500 per year, and had a score of friends in this city who took him in good society. No reason is known for the act save that he has been suffering from mental depression. The remains will be sent to Chicago for interment.

DIVISION OF TRAFFIC.

STATEMENTS SHOWING HOW THE SANTA FE HAS BEATEN RIVAL LINES.

The Fight Over the Railroad Business from Southwestern Missouri River Points—Visit of the Grand Trunk Magnates on a Tour of Inspection—Sir Joseph Hickson Talks About the St. Clair Tunnel and Congressman Taylor's Bill.

The revelations made in yesterday's TRIBUNE regarding the manner in which the new agreement for a division of traffic from the Southwestern Missouri River points is being carried out caused quite a stir in railroad circles. It had been known for some time past that the Santa Fé was getting away with the great bulk of the traffic, and the managers of other roads had become satisfied that the popularity of Traffic Manager Hanley was not alone responsible for the favoritism shown by shippers towards that road. But few railroad officials had been aware of the fact that the Board of Arbitration, consisting of the Chairmen of the five Western associations, had made a ruling in the matter, and had ordered the Santa Fé to divert traffic to the Rock Island and other roads which had run behind, and that the Santa Fé had thus far failed to make such diversion. Great pains were taken to keep the latter fact from becoming known, for the reason that it was feared that great uneasiness would thereby be caused in financial circles. The publication of the matter, however, seems to have had a salutary effect. It was announced yesterday afternoon that the Santa Fé had given orders to its agents at Missouri River points to direct such freight as they can to the Rock Island and other roads. If the Santa Fé fails to hold to its promise serious trouble is sure to result, as its competitors are determined to secure a fair proportion of the traffic by whatever means they may find necessary.

The official statement of east-bound shipments from Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison, and St. Joseph for the month of August shows to what extent the Santa Fé has gained the advantage over its competitors. During the month the Santa Fé carried 4,180 cars of freight of all kinds from the above named points to Chicago and Mississippi River points. The nearest to it is the Alton, and it carried only 1,814 cars; the Burlington second, 1,727 cars; the Rock Island, 1,495 cars; the Milwaukee and St. Paul, 1,237 cars; the Wabash, 815 cars; the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City, 656 cars; the Missouri Pacific, 990 cars; and the Fort Scott and Memphis, 760 cars.

As the Santa Fé between Chicago and Southwestern Missouri River points is considered a weak line it is not surprising that its competitors allege cutting of rates as the cause for its getting during the month more freight alone than any two of its strongest competitors combined.

The grain and live-stock shipments from Southwestern Missouri river points to Mississippi River points and Chicago during the month of August were as follows:

	Grain. Cars.	Live-Stock. Cars.
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé	1,416	1,771
Burlington	323	786
Alton	80	877
Milwaukee and St. Paul	122	904
Rock Island	799	482
Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City	388	25
Wabash	95	94
Missouri Pacific	479	1
Fort Scott	328	1

THE GRAND TRUNK MAGNATES.

Sir Joseph Hickson Discusses Railway Affairs.

Sir Henry Tyler, President, and Sir Joseph Hickson, General Manager, and the other officials of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada, who arrived here Tuesday evening, left again for the East yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, after having made a thorough inspection of their company's interests in this city. They said they found everything in excellent condition. Sir Joseph Hickson said that the company's affairs were steadily improving and the prospects for a large business and good earnings had never been better. The new tunnel under the St. Clair River, between Port Huron and Sarnia, he said, would shorten the time of trains several hours and immensely increase the company's facilities for hauling the traffic. It was one of the grandest works, he said, ever undertaken by a railroad company in this country and its benefits would be felt in Chicago and the Northwest. It would take about two months more before trains would be able to run through the tunnel.

Regarding the bill recently introduced in Congress by Representative Taylor of this city to prohibit goods from being taken through Canada in bond he said he could not see how any Chicago man could favor such a measure. He thought the people of this country had too much good sense to countenance a measure of that kind and he did not think Congress would pass it. If adopted it would do great injury to Chicago and the whole Northwest as well as all of the New England States, and would place the people of those sections at the mercy of the New York trunk lines, who appear to be the instigators of the agitation.

Notes.

The annual report of the Union Pacific for the year ended June 30, 1890, shows gross earnings of $22,610,503; operating expenses, $13,089,136; net earnings, $9,521,366. The surplus after payment of all charges is $2,039,891, out of which were paid dividends amounting to $1,112,732, leaving applicable to future dividends $947,159, from which will be paid Oct. 16 dividend No. 5 amounting to $369,000. This leaves a net surplus of $578,159, all of which, however, is not applicable to dividends on preferred stock. A part of it will accrue to the common stock.

Chairman Walker issued a call yesterday for the eighteenth regular meeting of the Board of Managers of the Inter-State Commerce Railway Association, to be held at the association rooms in the Rookery, Wednesday, Sept. 10, 1890, at 10 o'clock a. m. As the association has been repudiated by a majority of the roads, and all roads were relieved some time ago from carrying out the agreement, the Board of Managers will have no business to transact. The meetings, it appears, are being called merely to keep up the organization and to provide for the payment of the salaries of the Chairman and his assistants.

Chairman Blanchard having received notice that, taking effect Monday, Sept. 1, the charge for compression of cotton has been advanced to 10 cents per 100 pounds, gives notice that new cotton tariff and division sheets showing revised divisions in accordance with the advanced charge for compression, will be issued as soon as practicable. In the meantime, rates and divisions as per cotton and division sheet No. 8 will govern on shipments of cotton from Memphis (all-rail and river and rail) paying the advanced compress charges on and after Sept. 1.

Chairman Blanchard gave notice yesterday that the Joint Committee of the Central Traffic and Trunk Line Associations, authorizes uniform divisions of rates on traffic from Cairo, when coming from south of Cairo only, via East St. Louis, destined to the western termini of the trunk lines and points east thereof, based on actual mileage of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, Cairo to East St. Louis, and short-line distances from East St. Louis to points to which prorating arrangements are desired; Eastern terminals to be deducted before prorating. The sum of the locals to Cairo plus the amount yielded by the foregoing proportions from Cairo to East St. Louis shall in no case exceed the local rates to East St. Louis. The divisions via East St. Louis will not apply to proportional rates on pig-iron or other commodities from Cairo which it has been agreed shall not be prorated through East St. Louis.

THE OBITUARY RECORD.

H. G. O. Morrison.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—H. G. O. Morrison, the well-known pioneer of the Minneapolis bar, died at the residence of Stanford Newell, St. Paul, at midnight. Mr. Morrison was born at Livermore, Me., Jan. 24, 1817. He was a member of the Maine Legislature in 1840, and came to Minnesota in 1855. He founded the town of Pine Bend, Minn., and spent a considerable portion of his life as United States Assessor and Revenue Collector for the District of Minnesota.

Thomas H. Fifield.

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sep. 3.—Thomas H. Fifield, a prominent pioneer, is dead, aged 88 years. He came to Porter County forty-nine years ago. He removed from Wheeler to Valparaiso, then to South Bend. His daughter Almira was an army nurse. He had eight children, thirty grandchildren, and twenty great-grandchildren. The funeral occurs tomorrow at the Methodist church here.

John Henry Hollis.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—John Henry Hollis, one of the earliest members of the Cotton Exchange, died suddenly at his home in Brooklyn Tuesday evening. He had two sons, one in Chicago and another in El Paso, Tex.

THE FAMOUS COCOA OF EUROPE.
THE COMING ONE OF AMERICA.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA

"Best & Goes Farthest—Largest Sale in the World—Once Tried, Always Used"

are household words all over Europe. Now that the manufacturers are drawing the attention of the American public to this *first* and, ever since its invention, the *best* of all cocoas, it will soon be appreciated here as well as elsewhere all over the world. All that the manufacturers request is simply *one trial*, or still better a *comparative test* with whatever other cocoa it may be; *then* VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA *itself* will convince every one of its great superiority in strength, flavor and economy. The English high-class paper *Health* says: "None of the numerous cocoas have as yet equalled this inventor's in *solubility, agreeable taste and nutritive qualities.*" It is a *strengthener of the nerves*, and a refreshing beverage.—Superior to tea and coffee and having no injurious effects. Ask for Van Houten's and take no other. 30

INVESTIGATING THE CENTRAL STRIKE.

Contradictory Testimony Given by Officials and Discharged Employes.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The State Board of Mediation and Arbitration today resumed its efforts to ascertain the causes of the strike on the New York Central and Hudson River railroad.

Hamilton Harris, counsel for the railroad company, called as the first witness of the day General Manager Toucey, and Chairman Purcell asked him to give the board such information as he possessed in reference to the discharge of Master Workman E. J. Lee.

Mr. Toucey said he had an interview with Mr. Lee some time ago in the course of which Mr. Lee alluded to the watering of the company's stock; intimated that some one was making a good deal of money, and that he and the other men ought to have some of it.

In reply to a question by Gen. Pryor the witness said he did not discharge Mr. Lee. Before the talk about the stock watering Mr. Lee made certain demands on behalf of some of the men and they were refused.

Superintendent Voorhees testified that he had nothing to do with the discharge of any of the seventy-eight men. He was out of town for three weeks before the strike.

Master-Mechanic Buchanan testified that in discharging Lee he did so by orders of Vice-President Webb, and had no personal knowledge of the causes for his discharge. Of the seventy-eight men discharged he knew the causes for discharge in the case of two only, Malloy and Conway. Malloy was discharged for obtaining a pass under false pretenses. Conway was discharged for neglect of duty. He absented himself without leave and was several times late in the morning and at noon.

Trainmaster J. W. Steven, on being called by counsel for the railroad company, testified that he had never told any employé of the company that he must either leave the Knights of Labor or leave the road.

Then Gen. Pryor called John Seery, who was employed under Stevens. Seery testified that he went into Mr. Stevens' office to get some supplies and Mr. Stevens asked him if it was true he had joined the Knights of Labor. Seery told him it was. Then Stevens told him he should not have joined without acquainting him, as he had helped him to better his position. Mr. Stevens further said that he had better get out of the Knights or it might cost him his bread and butter. Seery understood him to mean that if he did not leave the Knights he would be discharged.

This conversation occurred Aug. 1.

At the request of Mr. Stevens he was recalled. He said part of Seery's testimony was true and part of it was not. He did ask Seery if he belonged to the Knights of Labor and he told him he ought not to join them without acquainting him. This was on account of his personal relations to Seery, he having got him a better position and more pay than he had been receiving. He did not tell him his bread and butter depended on his leaving the Knights, but when Seery asked him what he ought to do he told him he must act on his own judgment. If Seery was his brother, however, he would advise him to leave them, as in case of a strike he would find himself compelled to go out with them.

Gen. Pryor asked the witness if he had a conversation with Conductor William Gibson in reference to his leaving the Knights of Labor.

Mr. Stevens said Gibson came to him with his resignation from the Knights of Labor and asked him to mail it for him. The witness promised to do so, and told Gibson he was glad to see him taking that step. He never advised any one to leave the Knights of Labor.

At the conclusion of Mr. Stevens' testimony Gen. Pryor announced that he had no more witnesses to call here, but had a number in Albany. The Board decided to adjourn until Friday at 10 a. m., when it will meet in Albany. Secretary-Treasurer Hayes of the Executive Board, Knights of Labor, handed up to Chairman Purcell a long list of witnesses who are to be subpœnaed to testify in Albany. They are mainly discharged employés of the Central road.

NEW YORK'S DANGEROUS STREETS.

Many Horses and Drivers Shocked by Escaping Electricity.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Broadway, at Cedar street, was charged with electricity for over an hour today, and drivers of cars and over 200 car-horses were shocked. The electricity escaped from the subway, which is buried a few feet below the surface of the street, and was caused by a leakage among the electric light wires.

Horses were thrown to the ground by the sudden shock they experienced as their iron-shod hoofs touched a spot in the street, and that no one was killed among the thousands of people who reached the scene and who crossed the tracks seems almost a miracle.

Drivers of Broadway cars whose hands were on the metal brakes as their cars rolled over the dangerous spot also received a shock which will cause them to remember Broadway and Cedar streets for many a long day. Broadway at that time was filled with people, and as the news spread through the buildings on either side the windows were crowded with faces until at least 5,000 people were gazing at the spot. Car after car rolled over the space that was charged with electricity and every time the horses sprang into the air as they received the shock. Some fell to the ground and a few were lame after they had gone through with the peculiar experience. For over one hour the crowd watched the actions. Then the electricity was shut off and the horses passed along the street in safety. The leak from the wires underneath was a big one, as the ground for twenty feet around was charged.

A Hospital Patient Poisoned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Harry Wrigley, a young Englishman, who was taken to Bellevue Hospital three weeks ago suffering from typhoid-fever, through the carelessness of one of the trained nurses at the institution was poisoned to death Tuesday evening. The nurse, Lemuel N. Jaynes, was arrested this evening and locked up. Jaynes frankly admits poisoning the patient, but says that it was purely accidental. Coroner Levy said tonight that while it might turn out that Wrigley's death was the result of an accident, he intended at the inquest to make some inquiries as to the way the so-called trained nurses came to be accepted by the hospital authorities.

In the Dunbar Mine.

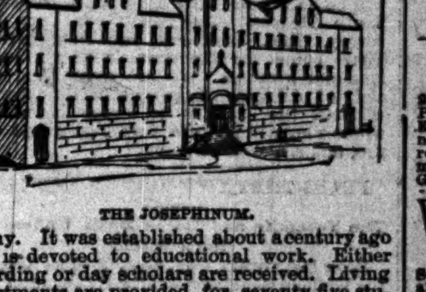
SCOTTDALE, Pa., Sept. 3.—Considerable progress was made today in the work of entering the ill-fated Hill Farm mine at Dunbar, Pa. The immense fan which is in operation tends to subdue the flames, but whether the fire has been entirely extinguished is not yet known.

ORGANIZATION OF THE JOSEPHINUM.

A New Catholic Institution for the Education of Young Ladies.

The organization of the Josephinum, opened yesterday by the Catholic Sisters of Christian Charity at Oakley avenue and Thompson street, includes a commendable novelty in the education of young women. Instruction in the discharge of household duties constitutes one of the two departments of the school and is made no less prominent than the other, which is given up to the studies usual in young ladies' seminaries.

Before graduating in the industrial course each girl must be able to make a dress or cook a dinner, though the essentials of a polite education are not neglected. German, as well as English, is employed in the work of the school, as the order has flourished in Ger-



THE JOSEPHINUM.

many. It was established about a century ago and is devoted to educational work. Either boarding or day scholars are received. Living apartments are provided for seventy-five students and class-rooms for more than 100 additional. Within the building there is everything to render the life of its occupants pleasant. The rooms are handsomely finished and furnished and well provided with light and fresh air. A wide space for recreation surrounds the structure, which is itself worthy of note from its architectural excellence.

The establishment of the Josephinum is due to the energy of Father Thiele, pastor of St. Aloysius Church, and of Sister Edwards, who is to direct it. The formal dedication will take place at the beginning of October with appropriate ceremonies. Archbishop Feehan will preside. Part of the exercises will be in English and part in German. There will also be an imposing musical service.

POLITICAL NEWS.

Do Not Like the Indorsement.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The indorsement of the McKinley bill yesterday by the Republican Congressional Convention at Anoka has caused much adverse comment among low-tariff members of the party. All the other Republican Congressional Conventions and the State convention ignored the bill entirely, and it was supposed that the Fourth District would follow in the footsteps of the others. Of this action the St. Paul *Pioneer Press*, the leading Republican paper of the State, says:

"The convention was entirely off the track in its approval without qualification of the McKinley bill and of the Lodge Election bill. If these are made test questions and Republicans are called upon to sanction them by voting for Mr. Snider, it may make a serious difference in the result."

Prohibitionist Meeting a Failure.

ADRIAN, Mich., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Prohibitionists, under the guise of "friends of Government reform," made a mass demonstration here today. Despite the fact that the affair was widely advertised and that John P. St. John and Mrs. Mary Lathrop were among the attractions the affair was a failure. One band, ninety-four teams, and 300 people, two-thirds of whom were women, constituted the grand procession. St. John and Mrs. Lathrop spoke to very small audiences.

Don't Care for Gen. Palmer.

SHAWNEETOWN, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Gen. Palmer spoke today at Omaha, Gallatin County, instead of Ridgway, as he was announced to do. The meeting was poorly attended. The farmers are busy with their fall seeding and evince little or no interest in his campaign. He confined his remarks almost entirely to the Lodge Election bill and the tariff. After the Omaha meeting Gen. Palmer came to Shawneetown and delivered a speech to a crowd of 400 or 500. The fact that court was in session added materially to his audience.

Trying to Form a Combination.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 3.—A small convention composed of about thirty delegates, chiefly from this city and representing elements in the Union, Labor, Prohibition, and Greenback parties, convened here about noon today. The object seems to be to organize out of the better elements of these parties a National reform party. The movement is said to be largely in the hands of Willis Jones of the Chicago *Express*.

Driven to Suicide by Overwork.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 3.—Adam Amalung of A. & W. Amalung, hosiery manufacturers, proprietors of three establishments, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting. His business was unembarrassed and very prosperous. The cause was worry and overwork.

Rockland College.
Nyack-on-the-Hudson, N.Y. Both sexes. Progressive, Successful. Music and Art Specialties. An endowment takes ladies at $200. Catalogues. W.H.BANNISTER, Pres.

MISS ELLEN SIMPSON, of 1619 Mt. Vernon-st., Philadelphia, Pa., a teacher of highest standing, having a delightful home school, will educate a limited number of girls of first-class families. Special attention given to Music, French, and Art.

THE BROOKLYN HEIGHTS SEMINARY. Boarding and Day School for girls. 40th year. Opens Sept. 25. Address for circulars 138-140 Montague-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WEST WALNUT STREET SEMINARY for Young Ladies. 24th year. Is provided for giving a superior education in Collegiate, Eclectic, and Preparatory Departments; also in Music and Art. MRS. HENRIETTA KUTZ, 2045 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

ST. JOHN'S MILITARY SCHOOL, MANLIUS, N. Y. Address WM. VERBECK.

TEMPLE GROVE LADIES' SEMINARY, SARATOGA Springs, N. Y. Thirty-sixth year begins Sept. 17. Address CHAS. F. DOWD, Ph. D., Pres.

THE MISSES ANABLE'S BOARDING SCHOOL for young ladies. New Brunswick, N. J. Will reopen Sept. 24th. Students prepared for college.

DWIGHT SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Englewood, N. J., near the Palisades, on the Hudson. MISSES CREIGHTON and FARRAR.

MISS BROOKS' SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 87 MONroe-st.; Sept. 15. Address 67 Flournoy-st.

KENWOOD INSTITUTE
(INCORPORATED),
5000 and 5001 Lake-av., Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. HELEN EKIN STARRETT, Miss ANNIE E. BUTTS, } Principals.
A Home and Day School for Young Girls and Women. Accredited Preparatory School for Vassar and Wellesley Colleges and the University of Michigan. Largely increased accommodations for boarding pupils. Special facilities for the study of Art and Music. Principals at home Thursday and Saturday afternoons. Circulars on application.

ESTABLISHED 1867.
CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE.
CENTRAL MUSIC HALL.
Every facility offered for thorough course in all branches of Musical and Dramatic Art.
Fall Term September 8th, 1890.
New catalogue mailed free on application.
DR. F. ZIEGFELD, Pres.

Chicago Conservatory,
AUDITORIUM BUILDING.
(Wabash-av., entrance to the Elevators.)
MUSIC, DRAMATIC ART, DELSARTE, ELOCUTION, LANGUAGES, ETC.
Special SUMMER COURSE July 7 to Aug. 1.
Catalogue sent on application.
SAMUEL KAYZER, Director.

THE HARVARD SCHOOL,
2101 INDIANA-AV., reopens Wednesday, Sept. 24th. Prepares for College, the Scient. School, or Business. Kindergarten, Primary and Higher Department. The new Gymnasium and Kindergarten Building will be ready for inspection soon after Sept. 1st. For information apply to JOHN J. SHOBINGER or JOHN C. GRANT, Principals.

WYMAN INSTITUTE,
Home School for Boys, Upper Alton, Ill.
Ten hours' ride from Chicago. Twelfth year opens Sept. 17, 1890. Careful home training, best educational advantages. Preparation for college a specialty; facilities unexcelled. Manual training, gymnasium, military drill, etc. Address ALBERT M. JACKSON, A. M., Principal, or MRS. EDWARD WYMAN.

Girls' Higher School,
479 and 481 Dearborn-av., Chicago. Fifteenth year begins Sept. 17. Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children. Full courses of study, including preparation for college. Excellent houses thoroughly fitted up. Address
MISS REBECCA S. RICE, A. M., MISS MARY E. BEEDY, A. M., } Principals.

ST. MARGARET'S SCHOOL,
604 and 606 West Adams-st., Chicago, Ill.
For Young Ladies and Children. Number of boarding pupils limited. Boys prepared for the Manual Training School. Advent term begins Sept. 18, 1890. Address VIRGINIA SAYRE, Principal. The Rev. T. N. Morrison, visitor and instructor in Bible History.

DEARBORN SEMINARY,
2141 Calumet-av., School for Young Ladies and Children, will open its thirty-fifth year, Wednesday, Sept. 24. For circulars address
MR. Z. GROVER or MRS. JENNIE F. PURINGTON.

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY
(Under the direction of the Servite Sisters), S. W. corner W. Van Buren-st. and Albany-av., one of the largest and most thoroughly equipped and successful institutions for young ladies in the United States. The musical department is unsurpassed. Full course of study. Exceptionally fine advantages. Pupils can enter at any time. Send for catalogue.
MOTHER SUPERIOR.

GIRLS' CLASSICAL SCHOOL,
Ninth year, opens Sept. 15. Prepares for all colleges that admit women. Special attention paid to physical development. Advantages for music and art. Handsome accommodations for boarding pupils. Send for catalogue. THEODORE L. SEWALL and MAY WRIGHT SEWALL, Principals, 343 North Pennsylvania-st., Indianapolis, Ind.

KENYON MILITARY ACADEMY
This old and remarkably successful school provides thorough preparation for College or Business, and careful supervision of health, habits, and manners. For catalogue address LAWRENCE RUST, LL. D., Rector, Gambier, Ohio.

HARCOURT PLACE SEMINARY.
A school of the highest grade for young ladies and girls. Established upon original lines, its growth has been remarkable. For catalogue address the Principal, MISS ADA I. AYER, B. A., Gambier, Ohio.

EAST GREENWICH ACADEMY.
Founded 1802. Both sexes. On Narragansett Bay. Steam heat. Electric light. Endowed. Twelve courses. $200 a year. September 2. For illustrated catalogue, write Rev. F. D. BLAKESLEE, D. D., East Greenwich, R. I.

Pennsylvania Military Academy,
Chester, Pa. 29th year opens Sept. 17.
A Military College. Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Architecture, Arts. A Preparatory Course of one year. Circulars of Mr. W. J. Wilcox, 126 Washington-st., city. Col. CHAS. E. HYATT, President.

Racine College,
RACINE, WIS.
Fall Term of the Grammar School begins September 11th, 1890. REV. A. PIPER, A. M., Warden.

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY, CHICAGO,
CHICKERING HALL, WABASH AVE. & JACKSON ST.
All branches of Music, Dramatic Art, Delsarte, Teachers' Training School. Unsurpassed advantages at moderate cost. Catalogs mailed free. J. J. HATTSTAEDT, Director.

Clinton Liberal Institute, Fort Plain, N. Y.
Unequaled Seminary Equipment. Both sexes. Classics, Languages, Engineering, Belles Lettres, Science, Business Training, English, Music (Vocal, Piano, Violin, Pipe Organ), Art, Elocution, Library, Museum, 17 Pianos, Art Models, Gymnasiums, Elevator, Steam, Gas, Bathrooms all floors, handsomely furnished rooms. C. V. PARSELL, A. M., Pres.

SYLVAN DELLS.
A Home School for Boys and Girls. Prepares for College. Manual Training Dept. Gymnasium. W. H. RUSSELL, Principal, P. O. Box 24, Highland Park, Ill.

JACKSONVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY
Preparatory and collegiate courses, literature, language, music, art. E. F. BULLARD, Principal, Jacksonville, Ill.

Illinois Military Academy.
Superior location; improved facilities. Fall term begins Sept. 17th. HENRY J. STEVENS, A. B., Prin., Morgan Park, Ill.

MISS MARTIN'S SCHOOL
For Young Ladies and Children will reopen at 128 Indiana-av. on Monday, September 15. Kindergarten Department. Girls prepared for College.

Northwestern Military Academy,
Highland Park, Ill. Col. H. P. Davidson, Supt.
Session begins Sept. 17.

KIRKLAND SCHOOL.
275 and 277 Huron-st., for Young Ladies and Children, will reopen Sept. 18. Complete course, from Kindergarten upwards. A few boarders received. Girls fitted for college. For circulars address Miss KIRKLAND or Mrs. ADAMS.

CHICAGO FEMALE COLLEGE Morgan Park, Ill. (near Chicago). Boarding school for girls and young ladies. For catalogue address G. THAYER, LL. D.

MISS SPAIDS' SCHOOL, No. 3 East 31st-st., Chicago. This practical Family School for Girls and Boys reopens Sept. 10th. All branches, including Kindergarten. Day and boarding pupils. Circulars on application. MISS E. E. SPAIDS, Principal.

COLUMBIA SCHOOL OF ORATORY—ELOCUTION, Voice Culture, Physical Culture, Visible Speech, Literature. Send for circular. MARY A. BLOOD, A. M., and IDA MOREY-RILEY, O. M., Associate Principals. 3 East Adams-st., Chicago.

SOME OF THEIR RECORDS.

WHAT THE OFFICESEEKERS ACCOMPLISHED IN TIMES GONE BY.

Work That Was and Was Not Done by the Members of the Last General Assembly—Important Measures That Were Delayed—Mr. Loeb's Resignation Is Accepted—Jacob Miller Secures the Vacancy—The Democratic Primaries in the Thirteenth District.

It is interesting at this particular time, when nearly all the Cook County members of the last General Assembly are hustling about begging for renomination and reëlection, to recall the records which those men made on certain important measures introduced for the special benefit of the people of Chicago. Those measures—there were four of them—proposed to give Councils in cities and Boards of Trustees in villages the right to regulate the price of gas, of electric lights, and of telephone service. One bill embraced all those objects.

Three other bills dealt with each separately. They were prepared by the Corporation Counsel on the unanimous instruction of the Common Council, which passed a resolution bearing on the matter introduced by Ald. Dixon, Jan. 14, 1889. They were introduced Feb. 7, 1889, by Mr. Meyer, and on his motion referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations. They slept in this committee, of which Meyer was a member, till April 26. They would have slept longer but that THE TRIBUNE called attention to the conspiracy to kill them in an article published April 20 preceding.

Mr. Meyer tried to explain his inaction after that, and April 26 called a meeting of his committee. There were present the following Cook County members of that committee: Meyer, Baker, Whitehead, Chott, Sundelius, Getman, Kent, Reynolds, Crafts, Lyman, Farrell, Quinn, Buckley, Walsh, and McElligott.

The telephone bill was first taken up. Mr. Crafts moved that it be referred back without favorable recommendation. Sundelius moved to lay that motion on the table. It was defeated bythe following vote:

Yeas—Meyer, Baker, Whitehead, Sundelius, Lyman, Walsh, Hurst, McElligott—8.
Nays—Chott, White, Getman, Kent, Reynolds, Crafts, Farrell, Buckley, Quinn—9.

All the members voting above were Cook County members except White and Hurst.

Crafts' motion to report unfavorably was then adopted, the following voting for it:

Chott, White, Getman, Kent, Reynolds, Crafts, Farrell, Buckley.

Subsequently, when the bill was reported back to the House, May 3, Meyer moved that it be placed on the calendar for a first reading. Mahoney and Brokoski supported this motion, which Crafts opposed. He wanted the unfavorable report concurred in. There voted with him on that occasion of the Cook County members Buckley, Carmody, Farrell.

Kunz, Lyman, and Walsh of the Cook County members were absent, though the Chicago Council sent a deputation of Aldermen and the Mayor to urge the passage of the bill.

Buckley, Carmody, Farrell, Quinn, and Walsh will be candidates before the Democratic Senatorial Conventions tomorrow begging renomination. Lyman will be before the Democratic convention of the Thirteenth District today asking for renomination. Crafts has been renominated.

A bill prepared by Senator Eckhart fixing the rental of telephones at $75 per year passed the State Senate March 7, 1889. It was placed on the House calendar March 8, 1889. Numerous attempts were made to take up this measure for passage in the House. Crafts led the opposition and headed them off. Finally it was reached May 2, 1889, whereupon Allen of Vermilion moved to lay the bill upon the table, Cook County members voting as follows: Yeas—Buckley, Crafts, Farrell. Nays—Baker, Brokoski, Buchanan, Chott, Ford, Getman, Hayes, Hoppin, McElligott, Mahoney, Meyer, Miller, Monaghan, O'Donnell, O'Toole, Reynolds, Sundelius, Whitehead, Wilk, and Wisner. The total vote was yeas, 51; nays, 69; and the motion to lay on the table was lost. Whereupon Baker moved that the bill be ordered to second reading without reference. Crafts then moved to refer the bill to the Committee on Corporations. Thereupon Mahoney moved to lay Crafts' motion on the table, Cook County members voting as follows: Yeas—Baker, Brokoski, Buchanan, Ford, Getman, Hayes, Hoppin, McElligott, Mahoney, Meyer, Miller, Monaghan, O'Donnell, O'Toole, Sundelius, Wilk, Wisner, and Whitehead. Nays—Buckley, Carmody, Chott, Crafts, Farrell, Quinn, and Reynolds. Total vote cast—yeas, 61; nays, 67.

The question now recurring on the motion offered by Mr. Crafts, Brokoski moved as a substitute that the bill be referred to the Judiciary Committee, and upon which motion the Cook County members voted as follows:

Yeas—Baker, Brokoski, Buchanan, Ford, Hoppin, Miller, Monaghan, Sundelius, Whitehead, and Wilk. Nays—Buckley, Carmody, Chott, Crafts, Farrell, Getman, Quinn, Reynolds, and O'Donnell.

Total vote cast—Yeas, 40; nays, 76.

This meant the defeat of the bill. The Judiciary bill was favorable to its passage.

The measure was then referred to the Committee on Corporations, where it had slumbered, and with the intention to strangle it. The following voted to send it there: Buckley, Carmody, Crafts, Ecton, Farrell, Getman, and Reynolds.

Lyman, Walsh, and Kunz dodged all the votes. They absented themselves from the house on the occasion. Those who dodged or voted to kill the bill directly or indirectly who will be candidates for renomination before the conventions which meet today and tomorrow are Buckley, Carmody, Farrell, Quinn, Walsh, Lyman, and Kunz. It remains to be seen how the Democratic convention will deal with the candidates.

MEETING OF LAWLER'S FOLLOWING.

The Congressman Speaks in West Twelfth Street Turner-Hall.

Congressman Frank Lawler and some of his constituents of the Second District met in the West Twelfth Street Turner-Hall and organized a mutual admiration society, which it is expected can be used to club the Democratic party into giving "Our Frank" the Shrievalty nomination. Most of the people present were residents of the Nineteenth Ward and cheerfully received the many compliments bestowed upon them. The Lawler boom seems to be in charge of Ald. Cullerton, Matt. Corcoran, Ed F. Kelly, Larry Ennis, C. S. Darrow, Red Sheridan, Dan McMahon, Dan Graham, Niles McFadden, the agitator, Joe Epstein, Jack T. Burke, Jack Bermington, and F. J. Wisner. These individuals were seated on the platform with others who would like to be Deputy Sheriffs.

P. C. Harbour, practically unknown in politics, introduced the veteran politician, Ald. Cullerton, as the Chairman of the meeting. Cullerton made a speech and was followed by Assistant Corporation Counsel Darrow. Then came J. J. Geraghty.

Lawrence M. Ennis had a great deal to say about how tired Mr. Lawler is and how he should be rewarded with a fat job. He failed to mention the dieting question.

While Agitator Kelly was talking Mr. Lawler arrived. There was great rejoicing. A resolution thanking Mr. Lawler for his services as Representative was passed. Mr. Lawler was then introduced. He said he had done the best he knew how in Washington and acknowledged that when he was sent to Congress he felt that it was not just the thing to do. He then told what "your humble servant" had done for the people, and took the credit of securing the location of the World's Fair. He also spoke about how he happened to get the Shrievalty bee in his bonnet. He spoke about the oppression of taxation, but did not put himself on record regarding how he would get up the bill of fare at the jail. He said, if nominated, he would carry all other tickets through. He felt sure if the wishes of the people were carried out he would be nominated.

Miles McFadden spoke and the meeting adjourned.

Mr. Loeb's Resignation Accepted.

The Republican Committee of the Sixth District met yesterday and accepted the resignation of William Loeb as one of the nominees on the ticket with regret. Mr. Loeb declined because of illness in his family and the demands of business. He promised to heartily support the ticket. Jacob Miller of the Twenty-first Ward, who was Mr. Loeb's unsuccessful competitor in the convention, was then nominated unanimously. Mr. Miller served most acceptably in the last General Assembly. He voted right on every question that came up for action. He is a German-American and was educated in the public schools here. His selection gives general satisfaction.

It is generally understood that Henry Gleason is not a serious candidate for Sheriff on the Republican side. Some of his intimate friends connected with the Sheriff's office were booming him yesterday for Probate Clerk. Mr. Gleason will make a much stronger run for the Probate Clerkship than he could possibly make for the Shrievalty.

Charles Gross, also of the Sheriff's office, is making a strong fight for the County Clerkship and is said to have entered into an alliance offensive and defensive with William Lorrimer. If Gross can't get it he'll help Lorrimer. Both will turn up as candidates for the Probate Clerkship. P. J. Cahill has now a decided lead for this position. The Criminal Court Clerkship lies between P. A. Sundelius and ex-Collector Ball. Miles Kehoe's slate has already gone to pieces. Louis Hutt's name is still on the fragments.

The Democratic primaries in the Thirteenth District passed off quietly yesterday. O'Malley seemed to have it all his own way in the Twenty-third Ward except in one precinct. Stanley Kunz won in some of the precincts of the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Wards. Phil Furlong won in the Twenty-second Ward precinct. O'Malley seems to have the best of it for the Senatorship, but it will not be a walkover.

Kunz's friends last night claimed that O'Malley will be beaten, but O'Malley's friends say that Kunz does not know what he is talking about. The convention meets today in Svea's Hall.

A Springfield telegram says Gov. Fifer today issued his proclamation calling a special election in Chicago, Nov. 4, 1890, for the purpose of filling the vacancies on the Superior Bench occasioned by the resignation of Judges Gwynn Garnett and Egbert Jamieson. This action of the Governor indicates that he will not issue a call for the extra Superior Judges, as urged by some aspirants. Mr. H. H. C. Miller of Evanston will almost certainly be nominated to succeed Judge Jamieson. Theodore Brentano, William Vocke, and Col. F. Q. Ball are mentioned in connection with the other vacancy.

There was a private meeting of the friends of Charles Kern last evening on Wabash avenue, near Thirty-first street, to boom Mr. Kern for County Treasurer. The meeting was harmonious.

The Republican Senatorial Convention for the First District has been called for Oct. 11.

The Twenty-second Ward Republican Club will meet this evening at Myer's Hall, corner of Sedgwick and Sigel streets.

There will be a meeting of the Twenty-first Ward Republican Club at Luth's Hall on Garfield and Lincoln avenue, this evening.

ITALIANS LOCATING IN ALABAMA.

A Large Colony to Be Established in Baldwin County.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Mr. Mastro Valerio of Chicago is now visiting Mobile, and while here was seen by your correspondent in relation to the founding of an Italian colony in Baldwin Countny, Alabama. "There are now three families and twelve souls in the colony," said Mr. Valerio. "They have twelve acres under cultivation in rice, sugar-cane, and garden truck, and also 1,000 acres in grape vines. Next year they will have a fine crop. They are about to enter upon the cultivation of the silk worm. The 9th of this month a number of Italian people will be here from cities in Illinois, Nebraska, South Dakota, Michigan, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Kentucky, and Pennsylvania. They come for the purpose of purchasing land and locating. We are organizing a society of philanthropic people in Chicago who will aid the Italians to locate hereabouts, where they will go into farming, grape culture, and silk worm-raising."

FEARS THAT TWO VESSELS ARE LOST.

The Yosemite and Barge Ryan Unheard Of for a Week.

PORT DALHOUSIE, Ont., Sept. 3.—The break in the Welland Canal was sufficiently repaired to allow the passage of light-draught boats this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The steamer Hecla, which should have gone through first, was drawing too much water to allow her to pass. It is expected that the water will be high enough by morning to resume regular locking.

TORONTO, Ont., Sept. 3.—A special to the *Empire* from Port Dalhousie estimates the damage done to the Welland Canal at $5,000 and states that the Government will attempt to hold Mathews & Bros. of Toronto, owners of the steamer Stimpson, responsible for this amount, claiming that the break was caused through the negligence of the Stimpson's officers.

Slight Advance in Grain Rates.

Lake freights had a decided upward tendency yesterday, and towards the close of the market a ¼ cent advance was obtained. The propeller John Plankinton got 1¾ cents for 83,000 bushels of corn to Buffalo, and the schooner Homer got 3¾ cents to Kingston. The Montreal rate held firm at 6 cents, but the Georgian Bay rates were dull. Should the grain receipts largely increase freights will still further advance. Vessel agents and owners made strong efforts at the opening to secure better figures, but it was only after the close of the market that any was obtained. Outside of line boats there is not much free tonnage in port.

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 3.—Wheat tonnage is dull at 2¼ cents to Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Coal freights were fairly active and firm at the old rates.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 3.—Coal freights were quiet and rates were easy. Shippers were well supplied with tonnage. Several boats went up light, unable to get cargoes. The situation in ore freights is unchanged.

Around the Lakes.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The Barnum will repair the two bow planks stove in by striking the dock at Sarnia in a fog.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Sept. 3.—The tug Andrew J. Smith cleared down this morning with the steamer Rube Richards and consorts, May Richards and Sawyer.

ALPENA, Mich., Sept. 3.—The barge Baker, lumber laden, in tow of the steambarge Messenger, sprung aleak off Presque Isle. It water logged and had to be brought here to be pumped out.

MENOMINEE, Mich., Sept. 3.—The schooner George Dousman, bound from Green Bay to Chicago with lumber, grounded on Peshtigo Point last night. It was released this morning by the tug Merritt.

Fears for the Ryan and Yosemite.

ASHLAND, Wis., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—There is some apprehension felt here in regard to the vessels Ryan and Yosemite which passed the "Soo" about a week ago and have not since been heard from. They were coming here to load lumber.

The propeller Yosemite and the barge Charles N. Ryan hail from Sandusky and are owned by Estes and others there. The former was built in Sandusky in 1867 and the latter in Huron in 1873. The Yosemite is 229 tons net, rated A 2, and valued at $20,000. The Ryan is 582 tons, rated B1, and valued at $11,000.

Grain, Coal, and Ore Charters.

Toledo—To Buffalo—Atmosphere, John Magee, wheat, 1¾ cents.

Buffalo—For coal—Cuba, America, Florida, Chicago, 60 cents; Barnum, Duluth, 40 cents; Curtis, Holland, Fassett, Reed, Veronica, Milwaukee, 50 cents; Arctic, Ogarita, J. C. King, Ashtabula to Portage, 50 cents. H. E. Packer takes railroad iron for Chicago; G. W. Davis stone for Toledo.

Chicago—To Buffalo—Owego, John Plankinton, corn; Scranton, corn and oats. To Oswego—Halsted, corn. To Kingston—Homer, corn. To Port Huron—May Durr, oats; J. T. Johnson, corn. To Ogdensburg—H. R. James, corn. Total capacity—corn, 280,000 bushels; oats, 75,000 bushels.

Vessel Movements of Sept. 3.

Sault Ste. Marie—Down—Maruba, 4:20 a. m.; Cormorant, Wall, 10:40; Northerner, Wilson, Manitowoc, 12:40 p. m.; Alberta, 1:30; Nimick, 3:50; Wagstaff, 5. Up—Oceanica, 9:15 a. m.; Columbia, Comrade, 11:30; Dahlia, 11:08; Empire State, Fedora, 5:40; Tampa, 6:40; Aurora, 5:15.

Mackinaw City—Down—Hudson, 1:15 a. m.; Roby, 5; Hopkins, Case, Porter, 8:10; Christie, Rogers, Boody, 9; Pridgeon, 10:30; Olwill, Baldwin, 12:30 p. m.; Susquehanna, 1:30; Ira Owen, 3; Rochester, 4:10; Gilchrist, 4:40; Coffinbury, Gawn, 6. Up—Seneca, 10 last night; Lycoming, 12; Commodore, 1:15 a. m.; Corsica, 4:40; Canton, 6:50; Montana, Peter Smith, 7; Corona, 7:30; Inter-Ocean, Vought, 10; Tuscarora, 3:30 p. m. At anchor—Narragansett, St. Lawrence.

Later—Up—Jewett, 5.

Buffalo—Arrived—Lehigh, C. F. Curtis, Holland, Fassett, Reed, Florida, Barnum, T. W. Palmer, Russia, Wilhelm, Atlanta, Nirvana, Crosthwaite, Lenty, Montgomery, Jackson, Maine and consort. Cleared—With sundries—Hudson, Milwaukee, Chicago; Badger State, Duluth. With coal—Quito, Sunrise, Chicago; Prengle, Hartigan, Lake Linden; Sweetheart, Marquette, Schuette, Toledo. Light—Fayette Brown, Exile, Ashland, City of Rome, Chicago.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived with lumber—Burnham, Oscoda, Starke, Manistee; Otis, Menominee; Butters, Ludington; A. Soper, Thompson, Laura, Dunbar, Powers, Woods, Reid, Muskegon; Mee, Manistee; Skylark, Au Sable; J. Weaver, Frankfort; L. Nau, Millecoquin Bay; L. Seaton, Sturgeon Bay; Menominee, Menominee; E. Darley, William Grandy, Fred Carney, Marinette; D. Macy, Ludington. With sundries—Seneca, Portage, Owego, Wissahickon, Buffalo; Philadelphia, Buffalo; M. Bradshaw, Benton Harbor; City of Racine, Muskegon; City of Chicago, Manistique. With coal—John Rugee, Oswego. Light—Halsted, Milwaukee. Cleared light—Otis, Menominee, Powers, Thompson, Reid, A. Laura, A. Soper, Dunbar, Woods, Muskegon; Carter, Butters, Ludington, Starke, Manistee; H. Wilbeck, Stampede, Shepard, Menominee; M. K. Perew, Mike Corry, E. S. Robinson, Marinette; Stafford, Thompson Pier; C. L. Fisk, Ludington; Jennie Weaver, Frankfort; Levi Grant, Oconto Bay; Willie Loutit, Manistee; Packard, South Haven; F. Neil, Washburn; Fontana, Escanaba. With Sundries—Chicago, Manitowoc; City of Racine, Muskegon; City of Traverse, Duluth. With Grain—Gov. Smith, Ogdensburg; May Dunn, Port Huron; Buffalo, Buffalo; Homer, Kingston; L. A. Law, Buffalo; J. T. Johnson, Sarnia.

Hygeia Distilled Water is free from all micro-organisms. Sold by The Fuller & Fuller Co., 220 Randolph street. Call or send for circular.

FIRENZI GOT HOME FIRST.

A FIELD OF FAST ONES BEATEN BY THE QUEEN OF THE TURF.

The Twin City Handicap Easily Captured by the Swift Mare at Sheepshead Bay—Bergen Temporarily Suspended for Suspicious Riding on Nellie Bly—A Costly Mistake by the Stewards—Racing at Lexington—West Side Results—General Sporting News.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Great horses draw great crowds. The announcement that Firenzi, Los Angeles, Tournament, Senorita, Badge, Come-to-Taw, Eurus, and Prince Royal would meet in the Twin-City Handicap at Sheepshead Bay attracted 10,000 people to the beautiful course. They were treated to a splendid exhibition of speed and weight-carrying ability by the Queen of the Turf, who, with 128 pounds on her back, played with her field all the way and beat them in royal style. It was reported that McLaughlin would have the mount on Firenzi, but for some unexplained reason he did not ride her, and the mount was given to Garrison. The "Snapper" rode her well. She opened at 6 to 5 in the books, but gradually receded till 9 to 5 could be had at the close on account of a big plunge on Senorita, who was regarded as a good thing by all the talent. Prince Royal was scratched at the last moment. Tournament, with 114 pounds up, was neglected in the betting, going to the post at 15 to 1. Hayward had the mount and the old jockey's following has grown to small proportions. The colt ran a grand race, making the pace from the fall of the flag and being beaten by three-quarters of a length by Firenzi. Badge, Come-to-Taw, and Senorita were never dangerous. Los Angeles ran well, but did not have the speed to stay with Mr. Haggin's wonderful little mare, though the difference of weight was ten pounds. Old Eurus covered himself with glory and finished third, half a length behind Tournament. In the face of Firenzi's easy success today what excuse can be made for her and her jockey, Bergen, for their amazing defeat Monday, when she carried but 119 pounds to Tenny's 126? The same jockey was left on Nellie Bly, the favorite in the race for the Sapphire Stakes.

Suspended for a Week.

Mr. Caldwell blamed Bergen for pulling up, and Bergen retorted savagely that he did not pull up, that Nellie Bly was faced the wrong way of the track when the flag fell and had no chance to get off. A dispute followed, which resulted in Bergen's suspension for one week.

The stewards made a ridiculous mess of the fifth race which will cost the Coney Island Jockey Club no less than $15,000. Only four horses ran and the winner was Vivid. Sam Wood, the favorite, finished second, Hydy third, Brown Duke fourth. Vivid's jockey weighed out at 93 pounds, his proper weight, and weighed in at 96, and when the stewards were informed of this they disqualified Vivid and gave the race to Sam Wood. The bookmakers paid off on Sam Wood about $15,000 before the stewards discovered that they had made a indicrous mistake and rectified it by putting Sam Wood back in second place and giving the race to Vivid. Then the pencilers had to pay off on Vivid and the excitement was intense. Many persons who backed both Vivid and Sam Wood to win got their money on both horses straight and place.

The Summaries.

First race, for all ages, a sweepstakes of $25 each, with $1,000 added, seven furlongs—Starters: Palisade, 106 pounds, 40 to 1; Al Farrow, 104, 2 to 1; Fitz-James, 104, 20 to 1; Volunteer II., 104, 2 to 1; Climax, 104, 12 to 1; Princess Bowling, 101, 7 to 2; Little Minnie, 101, 50 to 1; Monita Hardy, 101, 25 to 1. Princess Bowling won, Al Farrow second, Fitz-James third. Time, 1:27 1-5.

Second race, the Sapphire Stakes, for 2-year-olds, a sweepstakes of $50 each, with $1,250 added, five and a half furlongs—Starters: Walcott, 118 pounds, 30 to 1; Stratagem, 118, 20 to 1; Thorndale, 118, 12 to 1; Void, 118, 4 to 1; Key West, 118, 8 to 1; Sequence colt, 118, 30 to 1; Forerunner, 118, 5 to 1; Sir George, 111, 25 to 1; Florimore, 111, 20 to 1; Quarterstretch, 111, 8 to 1; Gascon, 111, 8 to 1; Orton, 111, 40 to 1; Silver Ado, 111, 40 to 1; Adage filly, 108, 12 to 1; Nellie Bly, 115, 3 to 1; Miss Hooker colt, 118, 20 to 1. Gascon won, Key West beat Void half a length for the place. Time, 1:10.

Third race, a handicap sweepstakes of $25 each, one mile and a furlong—Starters: Buddhist, 110 pounds, 3 to 5; My Fellow, 104, 10 to 1; Retrieve, 104, 25 to 1; Sagarat, 102, 25 to 1; Fitz Roy, 100, 40 to 1; Robespierre, 98, 10 to 1; Wilfred, 96, 5 to 1. Buddhist won by a half length, while My Fellow beat Wilfred two lengths for the place. Time, 1:55 4-5.

Fifth race, purse $1,000, one mile and a furlong—Starters: Vivid, 102 pounds, 5 to 2; Sam Wood, 103, 4 to 5; Hydy, 103, 6 to 1; Brown Duke, 108, 5 to 1. Vivid won by half a length, while Sam Wood beat Hydy for the place by four lengths. Time, 1:56 2-5.

Sixth race, the Turf Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, a handicap sweepstakes of $35 each, with $1,250 added, mile and one-quarter on turf—Starters: Philosophy, 127 pounds, 4 to 1; St. Luke, 118, 30 to 1; Raymond, 115, 7 to 1; Masterlode, 109, 4 to 1; Iceberg, 106, 60 to 1; Belwood, 118, 8 to 1; Floodtide, 118, 12 to 1; Lavinia Belle, 130, 3 to 1. Philosophy won, Lavinia Belle second, Masterlode third. Time, 2:09 1-5.

LAST DAY AT LEXINGTON.

Close of the Meeting of the Iroquois Hunt Club.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The racing of the Iroquois Hunt Club closed today:

First race, purse, for yearlings, three furlongs—Glen's Pride, 97 pounds (McHugh), 4 to 1; On the Lea, 102 (Harris), 1 to 2; Loudoun, 100 (Davis), 4 to 1. On the Lea won in a canter by eight lengths, Loudoun second, ten lengths in front of Glen's Pride. Time, 37½.

Second race, purse, for all ages, one mile—Fanny S., 82 pounds (Worsham), 10 to 1; Spectator, 122 (Freeman), 4 to 1; Jubilee, 122 (Barker), even; Mary H., 109 (Graham), 15 to 1; Emma Fields, 84 (J. Blevins), 30 to 1; Onlight, 82 (L. Blevins), 5 to 2. Spectator won by two lengths, Jubilee second, a length and a half in front of Mary. Time, 1:44. Place odds: 3 to 2 Spectator, 1 to 3 Jubilee.

Third race, handicap, for all ages, six furlongs—Roseland, 85 pounds (J. Blevins), 1 to 2; Marmora, 83 (L. Blevins); Pet filly, 72 (Worsham), 4 to 1 each; Sir Planet, 84 (Anderson), 8 to 1. Roseland won easily by five lengths, Marmora second, two lengths in front of the Pet filly, third. Time, 1:15¾.

Fourth race, purse, for 3-year-olds and upward, gentlemen riders, five furlongs—Lady Jones, 115 pounds (Graves), 6 to 5; Sampson, 120 (Gibson), 2 to 1; Princess Glen, 120 (Rally), 7 to 5; Lucy H., 120 (Steele), 5 to 1. Princess Glen won handily by three lengths, Lady Jones second, five lengths in front of Lucy H. Time, 1:04.

PRINCE REGENT GETS A BEATING.

The Stallion's Long List of Victories Broken by Mambrino Maid.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Between 4,000 and 5,000 people saw Mambrino Maid defeat Prince Regent today at Hampden Park in a hard fought five-heat contest for the Hampden Park Stake of $5,000.

2:22 trot, $5,000 stake:

Mambrino Maid, b. m., by Mambrino Star-tle (Goldsmith)	2	1	2	1	1
Prince Regent, ch. s. (Andrews)	1	2	1	2	4
Jean Valjean, b. g. (Bowen)	4	3	3	3	2
Edith R., b. m. (Turner)	5	5	4	4	3
Diamond, b. g. (Barker)	3	4	5	5	5
Golden Rod, ch. g. (McDonald)	6	6	7	6dr	
Saxon, ch. g. (Reynolds)	7	6	6	7dr	

Time—2:19; 2:19¼; 2:18; 2:17¾; 2:20.

2:26 class, purse $1,500:

Chelsey D., ch. g., by Index (Feek)	1	1	1
Albion, br. g. (Brown)	2	2	3
Capt. Lyons, b. s. (Goldsmith)	3	3	2
Nutmont, b. s. (Reynolds)	4	4	4

Time—2:24¼; 2:21¼; 2:22¼.

Mr. C. J. Hamlin's attempt to beat 2:15¾ with his double team, Belle Hamlin and Justina, failed because the old gentleman's strength gave out on the third quarter, being unable to hold Justina to her stride. The mile was made in 2:18.

RACES AT THE WEST SIDE TRACK.

Some Surprises During the Day—Entries for Today's Contests.

Of the six races run at the West Side track yesterday three were won by the favorites—Split Silk (7 to 5), Fred Fink (8 to 5), and Khafton (3 to 5). Dungarvan was at 2½ to 1, Cassandra at 3 to 1, and Pearl Jennings at 3 to 1. The surprise of the day was the really great performance of the erratic old mare, Pearl Jennings. So little were her chances considered by the trainer that she ran only for the money of the public. As this was placed freely, however, the race was a disastrous one for the bookmakers.

First race, purse $300, $50 to second, for maidens, 2 years old, to carry 115 pounds; if beaten three or more times at this meeting allowed seven pounds; five furlongs—Starters: Silverlight, 150 pounds (Porter); Berndene, 112 (Soden); Peristaltic, 105 (Victor); Split Silk, 105 (Delong); Sir Rodney, 115 (McGinty); Ida Beeswing, 105 (Monahan); Rosebud, 112 (Murphy). Betting: 7 to 5 Split Silk; 5 to 1 each Berndene and Beeswing; 8 to 1 Silverlight; long prices each the others.

Gilford Stables' ch. f. Split Silk, by Harry O'Fallon, dam Rita Elliott.....1
C. H. Freeman's br. f. Ida Beeswing.....2
Otis Powers' ch. g. Berndene.....3
Time—1:03¼.

Post odds: 7 to 5 Ida Beeswing place.

Second race, purse and conditions same as first race, five furlongs—Starters: Tenor, 108 pounds (Penny); Dungarvan, 115 (Soden); Annie Clark, 105 (Delong); Coupee, 105 (Monahan); Miss Barnes, 105 (Grimes); Collector, 108 (Doggett); Bob McCart, 115 (Jones); Tommy McGee, 112 (Hoggett). Betting: 7 to 5, Tenor; 2½ to 1, Dungarvan; 5 to 1, Annie Clark; from 15 to 40 to 1 each the others.

John Hannigan's blk. c. Dungarvan, by Hindoo, dam Calphurnia.....1
J. M. Paul's br. c. Tenor.....2
T. D. Carter's ch. f. Annie Clark.....3
Time—1:03¼.

Post odds: 4 to 5 Dungarvan place; 1 to 2 Tenor place.

Third race, $2,500 selling, purse $300, $50 to second, $25 to third, one mile and seventy yards—Starters: Silver Lake, 107 pounds (Soden); Fred Fink, 97 (Doggett); Hornpipe, 111 (Monahan); St. Albans, 103 (Delong); Jackstaff, 90 (Jones). Betting: 9 to 5, Fred Fink; 11 to 5, Silver Lake; 3 to 1, St. Albans; 3 to 1 each, Hornpipe and Jackstaff.

J. Hoffman's b. g. Fred Fink, 4 years, by Telemachus, dam Lady Lon, $500.....1
J. Hannigan's ch. f. Silver Light, 3 years, $3,500.....2
L. Ezell's St. Albans, 5 years, $800.....3
Time—1:48¾.

Post odds: 3 to 5 each of the first two for place. Winner bought by owner at an advance of $65.

Fourth race, purse $300, $50 to second, for 3-year-olds and upward, weights five pounds above the scale, non-winners this year of $500 allowed five pounds; of $400, ten pounds; of $300, fifteen pounds; of any race, twenty pounds; maidens allowed twenty-eight pounds; six furlongs—Starters: Cassandra, 104 pounds (Penny); Only Dare, 107 (Gardner); Levering, 96 (I. Ezell); Billy W., 90 (Walet); May Hart, 104 (Jones); Prince, 98 (Vignes); Artistic, 103 (Lawrence); Intruder, 99¼ (Grimes). Betting: 8 to 5 Artistic, 3 to 1 Cassandra, 3 to 1 Jones' pair coupled, from 10 to 25 each the others.

G. W. Poole's b. m. Cassandra, 4 years, by Kyrle Daly, dam Chignita.....1
F. D. Jones' b. f. May Hart, 4 years.....2
Bergin & Co.'s b. g. Prince, 3 years.....3
Time—1:15¾.

Post odds: Even Cassandra place, 3 to 5 May Hart place.

Fifth race, purse and conditions same as fourth race, six furlongs—Starters: Sis O'Lee, 98 pounds (Porter); Khafton, 119 (Monahan); Fan King, 109; Packhorse, 109 (Lawrence); Elsie B., 109 (Delong); Jim Reed, 112 (R. Jones); Pete Harland, 101 (Gardner). Fanchette and Harry Glen were scratched. Betting: 1 to 2 Khafton, 7 to 1 Sis O'Lee, 10 to 1 Fan King, 12 to 1 each Elsie B. and Packhorse, 30 to 1 with Khafton out; 2 to 1 Sis O'Lee, 2½ to 1 Fan King, 3 to 1 Packhorse, 6 to 1 Elsie B., 12 to 1 Jim Reed, 20 to 1 Pete Harland.

E. L. Carmichael's br. g. Khafton, 4 years, by imp. Paario, dam Gyptis.....1
Surland Stable's ch. f. Sis O'Lee, 3 years.....2
Vanderbilt Stable's b. g. Packhorse, 4 years.....3
Time—1:14¼.

Sixth race ($2,000 selling), purse $300, $50 to second, $25 to third, for 3-year-olds and upwards, seven furlongs—Starters: Steve Jerome, 105 pounds (Soden); Fauntleroy, 109 (Hathaway); Pearl Jennings, 102 (Delong); Bonnie Annie, 96 (Gardner); Revival, 90 (Graham); Bolster, 102 (Doggett); Red Leo, 96 (Bain). St. Albans and Barney O'Dare were scratched. Harry Glenn was excused by the judges. Betting: 4 to 5 Steve Jerome, 3 to 1 Pearl Jennings, 4½ to 1 Fauntleroy, 20 to 1 Bolster, 51 to 1 each the others:

E. Corrigan's b. m. Pearl Jennings, aged, by Selaps, dam Mary Howard, $700.....1
C. W. Poole's ch. g. Steve Jerome, 6 years, $800.....2
Cycle Stable's ch. h. Bolster, 5 years, $600.....3
Time—1:27.

Post odds: Even money Pearl Jennings place.

Today's Entries.

First race, three-quarters of a mile—Sunlight, 110 pounds; John Clarkson, 110; Frankie D., 107; Venture, 107; Jasper, 107; Haley, 107; Rebound, 107; Nellie O., 107; Honest Abe, 107; Intruder, 107.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile—Bargain, 110 pounds; Red Leo, 107; Cole Miller, 107; Henry Brown, 107; Wedgefield, 107; Cleo Martin, 107; Valediciory, 107; Warren Leland, 107; Mollie V., 107.

Third race, selling, one and one-sixteenth miles—Barns, 108 pounds; Stony Montgomery, 105; Packhorse, 103; Jake Saunders, 94; Fakir, 98; Fred Fink, 99.

Fourth race, handicap, one mile—Ernest Race, 115 pounds; Bankrupt, 113; Prophecy, 111; Crawfish, 105; Fayette, 105; Good-Day, 97; Fakir, 95; Pearl Jennings, 100; Blue Veil, 93.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, selling—Creole, 114 pounds; Fanchette, 109; Tom Stevens, 106; Vexator, 103; Joe Wynne, 97; Lida S., 97; Passion, 97; Little Axe, 91.

Sixth race (split of fifth), three-quarters of a mile—Vottell, 112 pounds; April Fool Jr., 110; Skobeloff, 103; Callie Mc., 100; Mamie C., 100; Elsie B., 100; Tom Daly, 97; Bugle, 94.

Seventh race, hurdle, one and one-fourth miles—Winslow, 160 pounds; Longshot, 160; Evangeline, 150; Gov. Hardin, 149; Ecarte, 128; Joe D., 125.

Opening of the Shelbyville, Ind., Races.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The races opened here today. The 3-year-old trot, purse $160:

Coran	2	2	1	1	1
Gambyran	1	1	5	4	4
Bian Alcoe	6	3	2	2	2
Scifis Belle	4	4	3	3	3
Redwood	5	5	4	dr.	
Minnie A.	3	6	dr.		
Free Count	7	dr.			

Time—2:47¼; 2:39¼; 2:41; 2:43¼; 2:47½.

Three-minute pace:

Dallis M.	3	1	1	1
Sorrel Dan	1	2	2	2
Billy D.	2	3	4	3
Joe R.	6	7	6	4
Dan	4	5	5dr	
Blacksie	5	4	3dr	
Daniel Boone Jr.	7	6	7dr	

Time—2:36¼; 2:33¼; 2:33¼; 2:35½.

The 2:27 trot, in which eight entries have been made, was postponed till tomorrow.

Trotting at Paris, Ky.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The weather and attendance at Paris today was good. The 2-year-old colt Sternberg won his race in grand style. The summary:

Two-year-old stake:

Sternberg, b. c., by Wilkes Boy	1	1
Andy Cutter, b. c., by Cyclone	2	2

Time—2:35¼; 2:34¼.

The 2:35 class:

Greenwood Belle, b. m., by Caliban	1	1	1
Lancing, blk. h., by Stronger	2	2	2
Snowden, b. h., by Strathmore	dis		

Time—2:25; 2:24¼; 2:27½.

Belvidere, Ill., Races.

BELVIDERE, Ill., Sept. 3.—The thirty-first annual fair of Boone County began here today. The races today resulted as follows. 2:38 trot:

Frank E.	1	2	1	1
Jockey B.	2	1	2	3
Olive B.	3	3	2dr	
Elgin B.	4	4	dr	

Time—2:41¼, 2:37¼, 2:41¼, 2:47.

Half-mile, running:

Alice Lee	1	2	1
Jim McKinnie	2	1	3
Salana	3	4ro	
Crazy Jane	4	3ro	

Time—55½, 53¼, 54.

Turf Events at La Harpe.

LA HARPE, Ill., Sept. 3.—The La Harpe District Fair, composed of Henderson, Hancock, and McDonough Counties, is in full blast, with a largely increased attendance. The races today resulted:

Two-year-old trot, three in five—King Rattler first, Gold Flax second. Time, 2:38.

Two thirty-seven trot—Emma M. first, Bopeep second, Willie C. third. Time, 2:30.

Running, three-quarters mile, two in three—Irish Boy first, John A. Logan second, Lady Henry third. Time, 1:19½.

Racing at Emporia, Kas.

EMPORIA, Kas., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The first day's races of the Neosha Valley Fair Association were well attended.

First race, three-minute class, trotting, won by Nobody's Claim. Time, 2:33.

Second race, 2:30 class, purse $150, won by Kentucky Russell in 2:26.

Third race, five-eighths mile dash, running, purse $60, won by Lucy Day. Time, 1:04.

The races continue tomorrow and Friday.

Results at Racine.

RACINE, Wis., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—In the Bolton Sprague race today Oak Leaf was first, Black Maria second, Nellie B. third. Time, 2:58.

In the 2:40 race Hattie K. was first, Badger State second, Alsie Medium third, Reverse fourth. Best time, 2:38¼.

In the half-mile running race Victor won. Time, :57.

Death of a Promising Youngster.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Applegate & McMeekin of this city have lost by death from lung fever the gray filly, 2 years old, by Gabriel, dam Jenerett's Pride, by Lever, second dam Pera (dam of Dry Monopole), by imported Glengarry. The youngster was quite a promising one and valued at $2,000.

Sold to Capt. Pabst.

RACINE, Wis., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Capt. Pabst of Milwaukee today bought the 8-year-old bay mare Alsie Medium, by Happy Medium, dam by Corbean, the property of Granger Smith of Waukegan, for $2,500.

To Represent the M. A. A. C.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Board of Directors of the M. A. A. C. has selected the following team to represent the M. A. A. C. in the inter-club championship contest with the Wanderers' Cricket and Athletic Club of Chicago, to take place at Sportsmen's Park next Sunday afternoon: Herman Wieneke, O. J. Fath, George F. Powell, Charles L. Hickey, R. J. Ceacock, J. Harnor Wilson, Dan Leahy, Harry Lytance, F. H. Leacock, A. H. Hitchings, James J. O'Brien, John C. Meyers, E. A. Schmitt, Eugene P. Hunn, George W. Mark, H. A. Henrichs, D. L. Dick, John Mulvey, M. McDonough, T. J. Kastner, Frank M. Wilson, A. J. Hunn, H. W. Winsby, Robert Young.

The Manchester Chess Tournament.

MANCHESTER, Sept. 3.—At the chess tournament the morning was devoted to the playing off of the games left unfinished in previous rounds. The results were as follows: The games, Alapin vs. Tarrasch, Lee vs. Gunston, Thorold vs. Taubenhaus, Gossip vs. Thorold, Mortimer vs. Mackenzie, Bird vs. Gossip, and Tarrasch vs. Mackenzie, were all drawn. In the games Van Vliet vs. Owen and Scheve vs. Locock, both Owen and Locock scored. Tarrasch also beat both Thorold and Schallop.

Mason over Muller; Scheve over Schallop; Finsley over Gunston; Locock over Owen; Van Vliet over Mackenzie; Tarrasch over Gossip.

Wisconsin's Rifle Team.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The following team has been selected from the Wisconsin National Guard to represent Wisconsin at the inter-State rifle competition next week: Capt. Gurdon H. Windsor, Third Infantry, Captain of the team; Sergt. J. E. Riley and Private R. A. Kane, Company A, Fourth Infantry; Second-Lieut. W. W. Warren, Third Infantry; Sergt. James Gibson, Company A, First Infantry; First-Lieut. T. J. Rogers, First Infantry; First-Sergt. E. K. Erwin, Company K, Third Infantry; Capt. T. K. Birkhaeuser, Fourth Infantry; First-Lieut. W. A. Grimmer, Third Infantry; First-Lieut. C. R. Fero, Second Infantry; Sergt. W. P. Ashley, Company I, First Infantry; Capt. W. F. Windsor, Third Infantry; Private M. W. Burns, Company E, Third Infantry; Corporal W. Presentin, Company F, Fourth Infantry; and Private G. A. Carbon, Company E.

KNOCKED OUT A VICTORY.

GOOD BATTING IN ONE INNING WINS A GAME FOR THE PIRATES.

Ward's Men Beaten at the Start in a Contest at Washington—Seven to Four the Score—New York, Boston, and Pittsburg the Other Players' League Winners—Results on the National Diamonds—General Base-Ball News.

Players'.	Won.	Lost.	P.ct.	*National.*	Won.	Lost.	P.ct.
Boston	69	41	.627	Brooklyn	76	35	.679
Brooklyn	66	47	.584	Boston	70	42	.625
New York	60	49	.550	Philadelphia	70	44	.614
Philadelphia	60	50	.545	Cincinnati	65	42	.607
Chicago	60	54	.526	Chicago	62	47	.568
Pittsburg	47	58	.447	New York	53	61	.464
Cleveland	42	65	.392	Cleveland	32	76	.296
Buffalo	29	78	.271	Pittsburg	18	94	.155

Western.	Won.	Lost.	P.ct.	*American.*	Won.	Lost.	P.ct.
Milwaukee	64	34	.653	Louisville	65	35	.650
Kansas City	62	38	.620	St. Louis	61	43	.586
Minneap'lis	63	39	.618	Columbus	56	48	.537
Denver	50	49	.505	Rochester	55	47	.539
Sioux City	47	50	.485	Toledo	53	48	.524
Omaha	44	55	.444	Athletic	52	52	.500
Lincoln	38	63	.376	Syracuse	42	59	.415
St. Paul	31	71	.304	Baltimore	27	78	.257

Attendance at Yesterday's Games.

Players' League.		*National League.*	
At Philadelphia	582	At Philadelphia	3,127
At Boston	1,286	At Brooklyn	2,370
At New York	477	At Altoona	2,000
At Washington	4,000		
Total	6,345	Total	7,497

Games Scheduled for Today.

Players' League—Chicago at Pittsburg, Cleveland at Buffalo, Philadelphia at Boston, New York at Brooklyn.

National League—Cincinnati at Chicago, Cleveland at Pittsburg, Boston at Philadelphia, New York at Brooklyn.

American Association—Toledo at Brooklyn, Columbus at Rochester, Louisville at Philadelphia, St. Louis at Syracuse.

Western Association—Sioux City at Milwaukee, Omaha at Minneapolis, Kansas City at Lincoln.

Illinois-Iowa League—Monmouth at Joliet, Ottumwa at Ottawa, Cedar Rapids at Galesburg, Dubuque at Aurora.

WON IN THE FIRST INNING.

Comiskey's Men Beat the Brooklyns in a Game at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—One inning sufficed for the Pirates to polish off the pride of John Montgomery Ward's heart this afternoon at Capitol Park before a concourse of interested spectators whose numbers a moderate estimate placed at upwards of 4,000. Business was inaugurated in the first inning when Murphy was pounded for six hits which netted five earned runs. In their half of the same inning Ward's men could not get more than one run, which was secured by the doughty Captain on a base hit and singles by Orr and Cook.

In the second inning O'Neill sent a liner into the grass back of third base, on which he made a home run before the ball could be found. An effort was made to have Umpire Gleason declare the ball a foul hit, but he would not listen to such a suggestion. Blanks were in order for both sides until the ninth inning, when Pfeffer put the ball over the left-field fence, base hits for the preceding seven innings being pretty well scattered. Bauer opened the last inning for the Brooklyns with a clean hit, but was forced out by Orr, and Cook was hit by the ball. With two men on bases Joyce sent a hummer to right field, which Schugart threw over Farrell's head in an endeavor to head of big Dave Orr, and two runs came home. Joyce scored on Seery's sacrifice hit to first, and the game wound up with a score of 7 to 4.

When Kinslow came to bat in the second inning he was presented with a handsome gold medal having the inscription, "From His Washington Pals," and again in the fourth inning operations were suspended to enable this popular Washingtonian to receive a handsome gold locket. Turning to the crowd, Kinslow remarked: "I can't stand this thing much longer, and the next present will probably be a house and lot."

There were few costly errors in the game, but there was a marked listlessness on the part of the players which was freely commented upon by Secretary Rusk of the Agricultural Department and Gen. Anson G. McCook, Secretary of the Senate, both of whom are ardent admirers of the National pastime. Murphy and Orr treated the spectators to a surprise when O'Neill was caught napping at first after making a clean hit. John Ward carried off the fielding honors for the Brooklyns, one catch working an outburst of applause, for he took the ball hot from Duffy's bat, and while in the air threw to Orr. It looked as though the ball would go into the bleacheries, but Dave was equal to the emergency, and while in the air with both feet he drew down the ball with his left hand, to the surprise of every one in the grounds. The score:

Brooklyn.	A	B	P	A	E	*Chicago.*	A	B	P	A	E
V'n H'lt'n, cf	3	0	0	0	1	Duffy, cf	5	2	3	0	0
Ward, ss	4	1	3	4	1	O'Neill, lf	5	3	1	0	0
Bauer, 2b	4	1	1	5	1	Farrell, c	5	2	3	2	0
Orr, 1b	4	2	14	1	0	Pfeffer, 2b	5	4	6	2	0
Cook, r.f.	3	1	0	1	0	Boyle, 1b	5	1	12	1	0
Joyce, 3b	4	1	2	4	1	Schugart, cf	4	1	0	0	1
Seery, l.f.	4	1	2	0	0	Will'm'n, 3b	4	0	0	1	2
Kinslow, c	3	0	5	7	0	Bastian, ss	4	1	2	9	0
Murphy, p	3	0	0	7	0	Baldwin, p	3	1	0	3	0
Totals	32	6	27	23	4	Totals	41	14	27	18	3

Chicago	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—7
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—4

Earned runs—Chicago, 6; Brooklyn, 1. Double play—Bastian-Pfeffer-Boyle. Home runs—O'Neill and Pfeffer. Base on balls—Williamson, Cook, Van Haltren. Struck out—Williamson, Bastian, Joyce, Seery, Bauer, and Farrell. Bases on errors—Chicago, 4; Brooklyn, 3. Hit by ball—Cook. Stolen bases—Ward, Cook, and Joyce. Sacrifice hits—Ward, Boyle, and Farrell. Umpire—William Gleason. Time of game—1:35.

New York, 11; Buffalo, 7.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The New York and Buffalo League teams today played off a postponed game. The score:

Buffalo	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	1	0	—7
New York	2	1	3	2	1	0	0	2	*	—11

Batteries—Crane and Ewing and Twitchell and Halligan. Base hits—New York, 16; Buffalo, 8. Errors—Buffalo, 6; New York, 3. Earned runs—New York, 5. First base on errors—New York, 1; Buffalo, 4. Left on bases—New York, 7; Buffalo, 8. First base on balls—By Crane, 3; Twitchell, 4. Struck out—Johnston, Crane (2). Home run—Slattery. Three-base hit—Beecher. Two-base hit—Connor. Sacrifice hits—Richardson (2), Shannon, Halligan, Faatz. Stolen bases—Ewing (4), O'Rourke, Shannon, Hoy. Double plays—White and Faatz, Richardson and Connor, Shannon and Connor, Shannon, Richardson, and Connor. Hit by pitched ball—O'Rourke. Wild pitch—Crane. Passed balls—Halligan, 2. Umpires—Gaffney and Sheridan. Time—1:55. Attendance, 437.

Boston, 12; Cleveland, 6.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3.—Boston did some pretty slick work today off Bakely and won easily. Attendance, 1,286. The score:

Boston	1	1	1	1	5	1	1	0	1	—12
Cleveland	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	—6

Hits—Boston, 16; Cleveland, 11. Home runs—Quinn (2), Nash, Stovey. Three-base hit—Stovey. Two-base hits—Brouthers (2), Irwin, Browning (2), Tebeau. Stolen bases—Brown, Stovey, Delehanty. First on balls—Boston, 3; Cleveland, 3. Errors—Boston, 3; Cleveland, 2. Bases on errors—Cleveland, 3. Passed ball—Brennan. Wild pitches—Bakely, 2. Struck out Brennan (2), Gruber (3), Radford, Brown, Nash (2), Richardson (2). Double play—Irwin-Quinn-Brouthers. Umpires—Ferguson and Holbert. Time—2:05. Batteries—Gumbert, Murphy, and Swett, Bakely and Brennan. Earned runs—Boston, 6; Cleveland, 2.

Pittsburg, 11; Philadelphia, 10.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 3.—Kuehne's home-run hit, made with two men on the bases in the ninth inning, today won a game for Pittsburg from the Philadelphia Players' club. Attendance, 582. The score:

Philadelphia	1	0	3	4	0	0	0	2	0	—10
Pittsburg	0	1	0	0	6	0	0	0	4	—11

Hits—Philadelphia, 10; Pittsburg, 11. Errors—Philadelphia, 3; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries—Knell and Cross; Maul and Quinn. Two-base hits—Fogarty, Hallman, and Corcoran. Earned runs—Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburg, 7. Three-base hits—Visner and Beckley. Home runs—Shindle and Kuehne. Stolen bases—Shindle, Fields, Visner, Griffin, Farrar, Hallman, Fogarty, and Visner. Hit by pitched ball—Pickett. Struck out—Hanlon, Fields (2), Shindle, Wood, Hallman. Wild pitch—Knell. Time—1:47. Umpires—Snyder and Pearce.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia and New York Split Even in Two Games.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 3.—The New York and Philadelphia clubs played two games here this afternoon, and each succeeded in winning one. Attendance, 3,127. The score:

Philadelphia	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	—6
New York	0	0	0	3	0	4	0	0	0	—9

Hits—Philadelphia, 9; New York, 11. Errors—Philadelphia, 5; New York, 6. Batteries—Vickery and Schriver; Sharrott and Buckley. Earned runs—Philadelphia, 2; New York, 2. Three-base hits—Sunday and Thompson. Home run—Tiernan. Stolen bases—Sunday, Thompson, Glasscock, and Clark. Double play—Vickery-Allen-McCauley. First on balls—Hamilton, Sunday, McCauley, Allen, Tiernan, Glasscock, Whistler, Bassett. Struck out—Hamilton, McCauley, Allen, Vickery, Whistler. Wild pitch—Sharrott. Time—1:38. Umpire—Powers.

The second game:

New York	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—5
Philadelphia	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	1	—	—0

Batteries—Burkett, Buckley and Murphy; Esper and Gray. Two-base hits—Glasscock (2), Myers, Thompson, McCauley, Esper. Stolen bases—Burkett, Clarke, Hamilton (2), Sunday, Thompson. Double play—Bassett-Whistler. First on balls—Denny, Hamilton (2), Allen (2).

Cleveland, 10; Pittsburg, 6.

ALTOONA, Pa., Sept. 3.—Over 2,000 people witnessed the championship game between Pittsburg and Cleveland, transferred from Pittsburg here today. The score:

Cleveland	1	2	3	0	2	1	1	0	0	—10
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	—6

Hits—Cleveland, 12; Pittsburg, 7. Batteries—Young and Dowse; Heard and Decker. Two-base hits—Decker (2). Double plays—McKean-Delaney-Virtue; Delaney-McKean; Sales-Berger-Hecker; Sales-Hecker. Passed balls—Dowse (2); Decker (2). Balk—Heard. Stolen bases—Pittsburg, 3. Struck out—Gilks, Virtue, Young, Heard (2). Base on balls—By Young, 6; by Heard, 3. Time—2:05. Errors—Cleveland, 4; Pittsburg, 10. Earned run—Cleveland, 1.

Brooklyn, 13; Boston, 4.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 3.—What was expected to be a close game, turned out nothing more than a complete walk-over, when the Brooklyn and Boston teams today played off their postponed game of May 1. The score:

Boston	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	—4
Brooklyn	3	0	0	2	0	0	3	5	*	—13

Base hits—Boston, 10; Brooklyn, 13. Batteries—Clarkson, Nichols, Ganzel, and Hardie, Lovett and Daly. Errors—Boston, 3; Brooklyn, 4. Left on bases—Boston, 7; Brooklyn, 7. Home runs—Collins, Pinckney. Earned runs—Boston, 2; Brooklyn, 1. Three-base hits—Fouts. Two-base hits—Tucker 2, Terry. Sacrifice hits—Pinckney, Fouts, Burns, Smith (Boston). Double plays—Terry and Pinckney. Struck out—Hines, Tucker, Hardie, Lovett, Smith (Brooklyn). Bases on balls—Off Lovett, 3; off Clarkson, 2. Hit—Tucker. Passed balls—Daly. Wild pitch—Clarkson, 1; Lovett, 2. Umpires—Lynch and Streif. Time—1:51. Attendance—2,370.

Today's Ball Games.

Anson and his colts will play this afternoon at the National League Park. The team has won nine out of the twelve games played on the Eastern trip, the best record made this season by a Western club away from home. Its opponents this afternoon will be the Cincinnatis, with Arlie Latham, Bid McPhee, Long John Reilly, Tony Mullane, and other stars. It will be Latham's first appearance in this city on league grounds this year. Elmer Foster, the hard-hitting fielder, secured from the Minneapolis club, arrived in the city yesterday and will also make his first appearance as a member of the Chicago club. It will be Ladies' Day and Professionals' Day combined, and all ladies accompanied by escorts, as well as actors, will be admitted free to all the privileges of the grounds and grand stand.

Prior to the game there will be a contest between the invincible Reporters and the Ashlands of the Club League. The Reporters have not yet lost a game. The first game will be called at 3 o'clock sharp, and the second game immediately upon the conclusion of the first. The make-up of the Reporter-Ashland game will be as follows:

Reporters.	*Position.*	*Ashlands.*
Fields	Catcher	Morris.
Murphy	Pitcher	Smith.
Foss	First base	W. Clark.
Macmillan	Second base	Van Zandt.
Gardner	Third base	O'Brien.
Dwight	Shortstop	Newman.
Washburne	Left field	Pearson.
Andrus	Center field	E. Clark.
Packard	Right field	Armstrong.

For the Chicagos Anson will present Stein and Kittridge as his battery, while the Cincinnatis will have Mullane and Harrington. The make-up of the two teams will be as follows:

Chicago.	*Position.*	*Cincinnati.*
Kittridge	Catcher	Harrington.
Stein	Pitcher	Mullane.
Anson	First base	Reilly.
Glenalvin	Second base	McPhee.
Burns	Third base	Latham.
Cooney	Shortstop	Beard.
Foster	Right field	Knight.
Carroll	Left field	Marr.
Wilmot	Center field	Holliday.

ILLINOIS-IOWA LEAGUE.

Ottawa, Aurora, Dubuque, and Ottumwa Yesterday's Winners.

OTTAWA, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The game here today was the poorest of the season. The only features of the game were the numerous errores made by the players on both sides. Crowell was an easy mark for the home sluggers. The score:

Ottawa	4	0	3	0	0	0	1	5	2	—15
Monmouth	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	3	3	—10

Batteries—Lynch and Brandenberg, Crowell and Zeis. Base hits—Ottawa, 15; Monmouth, 11. Two-base hits—Ottawa, 3; Monmouth, 1. Three-base hits—Ottawa, 3; Monmouth, 1. Errors—Ottawa, 3; Monmouth, 7. Struck out—By Lynch, 9; by Crowell, 1. Time of game—2:15. Umpire—Prescott.

AURORA, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Aurora won today's game in spite of questionable decisions of the umpire. When the home team went to bat for the first time Dr. Bartlett, on behalf of the citizens, presented Capt. Manning with a fine gold watch. The score:

Aurora	3	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	—6
Cedar Rapids	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—5

Batteries—Viau and Donovan, Wilson and Ready. Errors—Aurora, 1; Cedar Rapids, 5. Earned runs—Aurora, 4; Cedar Rapids, 3. Base hits—Aurora, 11; Cedar Rapids, 9. Two-base hits—Hines, Corbett, Donovan, Magee. Passed balls—Aurora, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Reeves.

GALESBURG, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Galesburg's pitcher was remarkably inefficient today. The score:

Dubuque	2	5	1	1	0	2	3	2	*	—16
Galesburg	1	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	—6

Batteries—Galesburg, Sullivan, Ivory, and Swineham; Dubuque, McVicker and Carrol. Base hits—Galesburg, 12; Dubuque, 19. Errors—Galesburg, 6; Dubuque, 1.

JOLIET, Ill., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The Ottumwa was won today. The score:

Joliet	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Ottumwa	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	*	—5

Batteries—Gragg and Sharp, Edinger and Clark. Errors—Joliet, 8; Ottumwa, 1. Base hits—Joliet, 3; Ottumwa, 8. Struck out—Joliet, 10; Ottumwa, 6. Wild pitches—Edinger, 1; Gragg, 1. Time of game—2:10. Umpire—Hurley.

WESTERN ASSOCIATION.

Lincoln, 6; Denver, 4.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 3.—The home club won from Denver today. The score:

Lincoln	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	*	—6
Denver	1	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Runs earned—Lincoln, 2. Two-base hits—McClellan, O'Brien. Three-base hit—Macullar. Stolen bases—Macullar, Cline, Curtis, McClellan. Double play—Macullar-Phelan-Flanagan. Bases on balls—Off Roach, 1; off Whitehead, 1. Hit by pitcher—Traffley. Struck out—By Roach, 4; by Whitehead, 6. Passed ball—Reynolds. Wild pitch—Whitehead. Time of game—1:40. Umpire—Hoover.

American Association.

At Baltimore—Toledo, 4; Baltimore, 2.
At Rochester—Rochester, 7; Columbus, 5.
At Philadelphia—Louisville, 10; Athletics, 4.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 5; St. Louis, 3.

Printers' League.

Clubs.	*Played.*	*Won.*	*Lost.*	*Per ct.*
Herald	6	4	2	.667
Times	8	5	3	.625
Tribune	6	3	3	.500
Inter-Ocean	6	1	5	.167

The Heralds and Times played an exciting game at the Southwest Grounds yesterday. The pitching of Gelwick after the third inning won the game for the Heralds. Following is the score:

Heralds.	A	B	P	A	E	*Times.*	A	B	P	A	E
Gelw'k, l.f. & p	5	1	1	3	0	Thomas, lf	4	2	1	0	0
Reed, ss	4	2	0	4	3	Bilger, p	5	2	1	1	0
Lynch, 1b	4	2	14	1	1	Young, c	4	1	11	0	1
Goggin, 2b&c	5	1	7	4	3	Adair, 3b	5	0	0	1	2
Babb, p. & 2b	5	0	0	0	2	Stang, 1b & 2b	5	0	3	1	2
Clarke, c. & lf	5	1	1	1	2	Will'ms, cf. 1b	5	1	1	0	1
Mullane, r.f.	3	0	0	0	0	Crane, 2b	5	0	0	1	2
Lahan, 3b	5	1	2	0	0	O'Conn'll, ss	3	0	0	1	1
Haerr, c.f.	5	1	2	0	0	Oschgar, rf	3	0	1	0	0
						Checkett, c.f.	3	1	0	0	1
Totals	41	9	27	13	17	Totals	42	7	24	5	13

Heralds	1	4	0	1	0	3	0	2	*	—16
Times	1	1	7	0	1	0	0	0	1	—11

Earned runs—Heralds, 4; Times, 2. Two-base hits—Lynch, Goggin, Thomas (2). Three-base hit—Bilger. Left on bases—Heralds, 4; Times, 5. Double play—Haerr-Lynch. Bases on balls—Lynch, Mullane (2), Reed, Young, Stang, Williams. Hit by pitched ball—Thomas. Struck out—By Gelwick, 6; by Bilger, 9. Wild pitches—Babb, 4; Bilger, 1. Passed balls—Young, 4; Goggin, 2. Umpires—Snow and Lawler. Time—2:20.

Carthage vs. Colchester.

LA HARPE, Ill., Sept. 3.—The Carthage and Colchester ball clubs have played two games out of three for $175. First game, Colchester, 9; Carthage, 6. Second game, Carthage, 13; Colchester, 8.

Base-Ball Notes.

In New York the Cincinnatis are known as "Mutrie's Jonahs."

John Dolan, a pitcher hailing from Newport, Ky., has signed with the Cincinnati club.

Foutz and O'Brien of the Brooklyns will go to California with Comiskey this winter.

Duluth and Oshkosh no doubt will be members of the Western Association next season.

Shugert seems to be playing about as good ball as any of the stars on the Chicago team.

It is said Cincinnati has its eye open for a new shortstop. What can be the matter with Beard?

The good work of Beatin in the box lately is said to be due to a fine of $125 laid on by Manager Leadley.

Billy Sowders, late of the Pittsburg (N. L.) club, is now pitching for an amateur club in Indianapolis.

Del Darling left last night to join the Pirates in Pittsburg. Probably he will play first base the remainder of the season.

Ben Young, the umpire, who was killed Tuesday in a railroad wreck, is well known all over the country. He was a school-teacher during the winter.

The Buffalo brotherhood club is said to be after Higgins, the second baseman released by Von der Ahe. The Cleveland National League club is also after him.

The burning question of the hour now is: "Will Palmer O'Neil's team beat Louisville's famous record of 111 defeats in a season?" Its chances are first-class to make a record.

May be Anson's team has been playing ball the last month. They have won fourteen out of the last seventeen games they have played. They are yet in the race by a large majority.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Ned Hanlon says: "The new men coming into our league next season will have to be better players than the ones whose places they are to take. We will not displace any of our men for outsiders who are only their equals or only a trifle stronger. New men coming into our league must be gilt-edged ball players, and not novices who promise to do well with a little experience."

General Sporting Notes.

The boxing championship of the Amateur Athletic Union will be held Dec. 20 at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York. There will be the same events as last year.

Paddy Shea of Omaha and Bill Morris of Kansas City have signed articles for a finish fight, to take place within a month. The stakes are $500 a side. The last time the two men met Shea knocked Morris out.

The largest black bass caught by a Philadelphian this year, so far as reported, was by Mr. E. E. Etting, the fish weighing 6¾ pounds. It was taken on a fly rod, the bait was a cricket, cast in the same manner as an artificial fly, allowing it to sink a little before being recast.

A letter from Billy Madden says: "McAuliffe is getting on well, and I have taken nineteen pounds of superfluous flesh off him. He was fat when he went into training, so it is hard work for him. He has an off day at times, but I watch him closely so as not to overdo nature. If everything goes as favorably in the next two weeks as it has in the last three McAuliffe will be fit to box for a Kingdom. Nineteen pounds is a lot of flesh to take off a man in three weeks without bad results."

Scrofulous humors, hives, pimples, and boils are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Sold by druggists.

TALKED OVER IN SECRET.

MEETING OF AMERICAN ASSOCIATION AND BROTHERHOOD OFFICIALS.

The Consolidation Scheme Discussed at an All-Night Session in Philadelphia—President Phelps and His Associates Not Willing to Violate the National Agreement—The Fall Championship Series—Deals for Athletic Players.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—Authorized representatives of the American Association and of the Players' League held a secret conference in this city Tuesday morning. The conclave was held in a private parlor in the Colonnade Hotel. There were present Zach Phelps, President of the association; Chris Von der Ahe of the St. Louis club; Mr. Whittaker, the reputed owner of the Athletic; Al Johnson, Vice-President of the Players' League; Johnny Ward, and Secretary Frank Brunell. The last-named trio constitute the special Emergency Committee appointed at the last meeting of the Central Board of Directors of the Players' League. Al Johnson is the Chairman and arranged all the details of the conference, the real objects of which were, first, the consideration of a proposition for the consolidation of the two organizations; second, the final disposition of the offer of the Players' to place a series of exhibition games with the association clubs of the present championship season.

The conference lasted from midnight Tuesday until 4 o'clock this morning. Each and every phase of the offers made by Johnson, Ward, and Brunell furnished the subject for an exhaustive interchange of views, but no definite agreement could be reached, and at the close of the conference the association and the players' people differed as radically in their views as at the beginning. In a word Phelps and his associates refused to violate the National agreement and all hopes for a series of exhibition games and especially a world's championship series have gone glimmering, at least for the present. It appears that the inducements held out by the players did not prove at all tempting to the association. From all accounts the "Boss President" and his partners consider that the American Association is now in "easy street," so to speak, and they intend to stop right where they are. The magnates made every possible effort to keep the fact of their meeting a solemn secret. Johnson came over from New York late Tuesday evening. Frank Brunnel was his traveling companion. Phelps and Von der Ahe were already in town, and Whittaker piloted the brotherhood trio from the Broad Street Station to the Colonnade, where all were gathered.

The clerks and porters received strict orders to allow no interruption and on no account give out any pointer to the reporters. When the assembly broke up the base-ball statesmen were guided down into the hotel cellar and through the underground tunnel which connects the hotel people with the laundry, which is located in the rear of the hotel. Once in the laundry the affable porter led his distinguished patrons through a narrow alley and they made a soft good-night at the corner of Fifteenth and Sampson streets. Once out of the hotel the precious half dozen lost no time in getting out of town, and Ward went over to Washington on the paper train, which leaves Broad Street Station at 4:30 o'clock. A few minutes later Brunell, Johnson, and Phelps boarded an express bound for Gotham. Von der Ahe and his wife started for New York on the 8 o'clock train. Mr. Whittaker and ex-Umpire Larry O'Dea accompanied Chris to the station. In answer to the usual question Von der Ahe made the following statements:

"This conference was held at the request of the Players' League. They made certain propositions to the association which upon mature deliberation we decided not to accept at present. The association is as firm in its faith to the National agreement as ever. We will have a great circuit next year and we hold the winning hand in the fight. I can't tell you all that was done last night. I came away before the others. There will be an Athletic club next year. At present Mr. Whittaker owns the club. I have purchased the release of Denny Lyons from him and if the Players and I can agree on terms he will play with the Browns tomorrow. Don't be surprised if you hear of Brooklyn and Cincinnati returning to the association next year. Sunday ball and the quarter admission means big money for Byrne and Sterns and they know it. They will never desert the league for the brotherhood."

Mr. Whittaker of the Athletic Club at first declined to talk for publication. He said:

"Yes, there has been a conference, but practically nothing was accomplished. In a few days we may have some news to give out. At present there is nothing."

J. Earl Wagner of the local Players' club declares that he knew nothing of the meeting. Neither of the Wagner brothers were present at the meeting. John Ward will arrive here at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning.

BEATEN BY THE EASTERNERS.

Carver and Ryerson Defeated in the Newport Tennis Tournament.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—There were two exciting events in the American Tennis tournament here today. The first was the championship match for singles between O. S. Campbell of Columbia College, and H. W. Slocum, a New York lawyer. Slocum won the cup last year, and is in every way a crack player. Campbell, however, proved the better man. The opening set was easily taken by Campbell, who played superbly and all around the champion, but did not in the least disconcert Slocum. The score was 6-2.

The second set went to Slocum, six games to four.

The third set went to Campbell, six games against three, and the fourth and deciding set went to Campbell, six games to one.

The second event was in doubles for the American championship between V. G. Hall and Clarence Hobart of New York vs. J. W. Ryerson and J. A. Carver of Chicago. The first set was easily won by the Westerners, who played the ball all around the champions from the East. The games resulted as follows:

Carver and Ryerson.....1 2 3 4 5 [illegible]
Hall and Hobart.....0 [illegible]

Ryerson began serving in the second set. Hall and Hobart won the first two games by the magnificent playing of Hobart, who used his underhand drop strokes with telling effect. Carver did some pretty playing, but the team of the Easterners told.

Hall and Hobart.....1 2 3 4 5 [illegible]
Carver and Ryerson.....0 [illegible]

In the third set both teams played carefully. Hall and Hobart continued to play like clockwork. The two players seemed invincible. Carver lobbed very well, but Ryerson was too anxious and knocked many balls out of court and into the net. The set resulted in favor of the Eastern pair as follows:

Hall and Hobart.....1 0 0 4 [illegible]
Carver and Ryerson.....0 [illegible]

The sets were now 2 to 1 in favor of the East. Hobart began serving in the fourth set. Carver and Ryerson won by a very close call. The set was marked by many fine rallies:

Carver and Ryerson.....1 2 0 4 5 0 0 0 0 [illegible]
Hall and Hobart.....0 0 3 0 0 6 7 8 9 [illegible]

Hobart began serving in the fifth and final set. The first three games went to Hall and Hobart, and the East breathed easy. Carver made a splendid play in the fourth game, taking a ball far over his head, and returning the same safely into the left hand corner of his opponent's court. It was all in vain, however, as Hall and Hobart were playing a sharp team game, and won quite handily.

Hall and Hobart.....1 2 3 [illegible]
Carver and Ryerson.....0 [illegible]

Hall and Hobart thereby win the championship.

The Freeman-Barket Checker Tournament.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 3.—The Switzer opening was drawn for today in the Freeman-Barket checker tournament. Both games were drawn, making the score stand six drawn games thus far. In the morning game Freeman made the move 24-19, which has been played but four times in important matches during the last forty years.

The Detroit Walking Match.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 3.—The scores in the walking match at midnight stood as follows:

Hart, 289 miles; Moore, 280; Cox, 279; Messler, 274; Glick, 265; Hegelman, 263; Horan, 254; Campana, 253; Noremac, 250; Connors, 215; Townsend, 212; Binchey, 205; Little, 201; Taylor, 190; Sullivan, 178; Loomis, 170; Guerrero, 145; Cartwright, 124.

FATAL FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA.

Three Lives Lost by the Act of a Drunken Youth.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 3.—By the explosion of a coal-oil lamp early this morning at No. 1504 Germantown avenue the building was set on fire and Mrs. Sarah McIntyre, 40 years old, Mamie McIntyre, her 10-year-old daughter, and Sarah Logue, 17 years, were burned to death. The police have arrested Charles McIntyre, 30 years old, son of the dead woman, on suspicion of having caused the fire. A partial investigation of the cause of the fire by the Fire Marshal shows that McIntyre came home drunk last night and upset a lamp in his bedroom. Mrs. McIntyre, after she had been rescued and who was standing in the street clad only in her night dress, uttered a terrible cry, and screamed out for some one to save her daughter and niece, who were still in the building, and then before the firemen and spectators realized her purpose the maddened woman dashed into the smoke and seething flames and started to make her way up the stairs. For an instant her form was clearly outlined by the red light of the fire as she made her way up the stairs, and then, before the horrified crowd could even cry out, a great gust of black smoke enveloped her and she was seen no more. The charred and blackened bodies of the two girls and the heroic mother were found lying together at the head of the stairs.

...IN SECRET.

...CAN ASSOCIATION ...OD OFFICIALS.

...me Discussed at an ... in Philadelphia— ... and His Associates ...olate the National ...Fall Championship ...hletic Players.

...ept. 3.—[Special.]—An ... the American Associa... ...eague held a secret con... ...y morning. The con... ... parlor in the Colon... ... present Zach Phelps, ...on; Chris Von der Ahe ... Whittaker, the reputed ... Johnson, Vice-President ...hnny Ward, and Secre... ... last-named trio consti... ...mergency Committee ...st meeting of the ...ectors of the Play... ...on is the Chairman ...ls of the conference, the ..., first, the consideration ...nsolidation of the two ... final disposition of the ...e a series of exhibition ...n clubs of the present

...rom midnight Tuesday ...rning. Each and every ... by Johnson, Ward, and ...bject for an exhaustive ...ut no definite agree... ... and at the close of ...iation and the players' ...lly in their views as at ...rd Phelps and his asso... ...the National agreement ...of exhibition games and ...ampionship series have ... for the present. It ap... ...nents held out by the ...at all tempting to the ...counts the "Boss Presi... ...onsider that the Ameri... ... now in "easy ... speak, and they ...e they are. The mag... ... effort to keep the fact ...n secret. Johnson came ... Tuesday evening. Frank ...ing companion. Phelps ...ready in town, and Whit... ...hood trio from the Broad ...olonnade, where all were

...received strict orders to ... on no account give out ... reporters. When the ... the base-ball states... ...own into the hotel ... underground tunnel ... people with the laundry, ...ar of the hotel. Once in ... porter led his distin... ... a narrow alley and they ... the corner of Fifteenth ...nce out of the hotel the ...o time in getting out of ... over to Washington ...hich leaves Broad Street ...k. A few minutes later ...nd Phelps boarded ...tham. Von der Ahe and ... York on the 8 o'clock ... ex-Umpire Larry O'Dea ... station. In answer to ...er Ahe made the follow-

...held at the request of the ...made certain propositions ... upon mature delibera... ... to accept at present. ... firm in its faith to ... as ever. We will ...uit next year and ... hand in the fight. ...s done last night. I ...thers. There will be an ... At present Mr. Whittaker ...urchased the release of ...nd if the Players and I ...ill play with the Browns ... surprised if you hear of ...ay returning to the asso... ...ay ball and the quarter ...ney for Byrne and Sterne ...ody will never desert the ...od."

...Athletic Club at first de... ...ation. He said: ... a conference, but practi... ...mplished. In a few days ... to give out. At present

... local Players' club de... ...nothing of the meeting. ...rothers were present at ...ard will arrive here at 3 ...ing.

...HE EASTERNERS.

... Defeated in the New... ... Tournament.

... 3.—[Special.]—There were ... in the American Tennis ... The first was the cham... ...ngles between O. S. Camp... ...ge, and H. W. Slocum, a ...um won the cup last year, ...crack player. Campbell, ...tter man. The opening set ...pbell, who played superb... ...hampion, but did not in the ... The score was 6-2. ... to Slocum, six games to ... to Campbell, six games ...fourth and deciding set ...ames to one.

...n doubles for the Ameri... ...een V. G. Hall and Clar... ...rk vs. J. W. Ryerson and ... The first set was easily ... who played the ball all ...from the East. The game

...in the second set. Hall ... two games by the mag... ...art, who used his under... ...telling effect. Carver did ...t the team of the Eastern...

...h teams played carefully ...aned to play like clock... ...seemed invincible. Carver ...erson was too anxious and ...of court and into the net. ...vor of the Eastern pair as

...1 in favor of the last. ...the fourth set. Carver ...very close call. The set ...e rallies:

... in the fifth and final set. ...ent to Hall and Hobart. ...asy. Carver made a splen... ...me, taking a ball far over ...the same safely into the ...pponent's court. It was ... Hall and Hobart were ... game, and won quite

...y win the championship.

...Checker Tournament.

...t. 3.—The Switzer open... ... in the Freeman-Barker ...oth games were drawn. ...ix drawn games thus far. ... Freeman made the move ...yed but four times in im... ...he last forty years.

...alking Match.

...3.—The scores in the ...ght stood as follows: ..., 280; Cox, 279; Messier, ..., 263; Horan, 254; Cam... ... Connors, 218; Townsend, ..., 201; Taylor, 200; Sulli... ...errero, 145; Cartwright,

...PHILADELPHIA.

...he Act of a Drunken ...ath.

... Sept. 3.—By the ex... ...p early this morning ...n avenue the building ...rs. Sarah McIntyre, 60 ...ntyre, her 10-year-old ... Logue, 17 years, were ... police have arrested ...years old, son of the ...cion of having caused ...stigation of the cause ...arshal shows that Mc... ...k last night and upset ... Mrs. McIntyre, who ... who was standing ... in her night dress, ut... ...nd screamed out for ...ughter and niece, who ..., and then before the ... realized her purpose ...ashed into the smoke ... started to make her ...n instant her figure ...by the red light of the ...way up the stairs, and ...ied crowd could even ... black smoke envel... ... seen no more. The ...odies of the two girls ... were found lying ... ...stairs.

EXTENDING TO INDIANA.

A NEW CHICAGO INDUSTRY GOING UP AT HAMMOND.

Establishment of a Big Starch Manufactory to Employ Two Hundred Men—The Malleable Iron Company to Remove to the State Line—Present Status of the Calumet Terminal's Purchases—Acre Tracts Having a Boom—Objectionable Real-Estate Men.

Hammond is to have a great starch manufactory. It will be an important addition to the long list of manufactories which have located near Chicago this year. By Oct. 1 the actual manufacturing will be started, from 200 to 250 men given employment, and the daily consumption of corn will be 3,500 bushels. The projectors of this new industry are Messrs. Stein, Hirsh & Co. Work on the buildings is being rapidly pushed. The plant is located northwest of the Town of Hammond on the Michigan Central railroad. It is the only Hammond plant located in Illinois, as it is west of the Hammond packing-houses, which lie just east of the State line. The buildings are located on an eighteen-acre tract which extends from the Michigan Central railroad to the Calumet River.

The Stein & Hirsh company have been located at this point for a number of years, but have been engaged in the manufacture of fertilizers. The old building, 100x155 feet, is being rebuilt and will be used as a steep-room and mill. West of this, a three-story brick factory has been built. This is 160 feet long and 100 feet wide, and will be used as a factory and settling-room. Between this building and the river an elevator is being built. It is to be ninety-four feet long, forty feet wide, and eighty-five feet high. It will have a capacity of 100,000 bushels.

In connection with the starch manufactory a large number of cattle will be fed. Sheds to accommodate 1,500 head are now being built just northwest of the elevator and along the river front. They are finished, with the exception of the roofs, and are about 325 feet square.

About two months ago Messenger & Fulcher bought fifty-one acres in the northwest quarter of Sec. 8, just across the Michigan Central railroad and southwest of the starch works. They paid $40,000 for the tract. They have just sold Stein & Hirsh a half-interest in the land, and surveyors are now employed subdividing it. Fifty houses are to be built before winter to accommodate the starch-works employés.

An entirely local element enters into the values of property at Hammond. Lots in other towns are valued as to location, drainage and general appearance, but in Hammond the question of odor has to be considered. The property near the starch works has appreciated in value since the rendering works were moved nearer Hammond. Owners of land in Thornton near the State line claim that the prevailing winds are from the West, and that the "Bridgeport smell" of the stock yards and rendering factory will bring at least a fair proportion of Hammond residents across the line.

Scheme of the Calumet Terminal.

The manufacturing interests along the Calumet river from Burnham north to the South Chicago Harbor are the present objective points of the Calumet Terminal railroad. The recent movement of the Calumet Terminal railroad in Sec. 6 of Thornton, as outlined in Sunday's Tribune gave them the key to the situation along that part of the river. The Calumet Terminal originally had a right of way running diagonally across Sec. 5, parallel with the line of the Nickel-Plate railroad. This road is built to the Fort Wayne crossing, at the southwest corner of the tract owned by the Chicago Rolling Stock company. The recent purchase of the railroad strip south along the east side of the river will give them a connection with the Compound Lumber company. This company, of which C. B. Holmes is the President, is a new industry incorporated with a capital stock of $150,000. The property of this corporation has a river frontage of 900 feet, and extends to the right of way just purchased by the Calumet Terminal. The Compound Lumber company employs about 150 men in the manufacture of veneered doors. Their lumber is shipped by rail in the log, and the work is done by a sawmill on the grounds.

The Calumet Terminal now owns a right of way parallel with the Fort Wayne road and along Mackinaw avenue, directly north, for more than a mile. This right of way was bought over a year ago and the title is held by parties who are directly interested in the recent movements of the road. The next point to be reached is the works of the Mahla & Chappell company, at Chittenden Bridge, about two miles further north. The road is to cross the slip between the river and Hyde Lake, and negotiations are under way for the purchase of a large tract north of Hegewisch, in this locality, at $1,500 an acre. The road then is to be extended along the east bank of the Calumet River to connect with the Ironside Works and the Washburn & Moen tract adjoining. From this point it will be carried up through the part of South Chicago known as the East Side, past the shipyards at One Hundredth street, to reach the Iroquois Iron Works and the new smelting company's plant at the mouth of the river.

An incident in the activity of acre tracts in this vicinity is the fact that a 160-acre piece in Sec. 22 is in the market at $1,000 an acre, although not a foot of the land shows above the waters of the southern part of Wolf Lake. Prices on acre tracts between South Chicago and Hammond are now ranging from $1,000 to $1,500 an acre.

Moving Towards Hammond.

The Chicago Malleable Iron company are to move to Hammond from their present location on West Twenty-sixth street. They now employ 150 men, but will double that number when they are established in their new home. They will either locate near the Chicago Ax Works north of the Calumet River, or in the eastern part of the town between the Nickel-Plate and the Michigan Central railroads. A representative of the company was on the ground yesterday to come to a decision in regard to the site.

The Chicago Real Estate Board held its regular meeting yesterday. A committee has been investigating the complaints of the abstract men, that the facilities offered them at the Recorder's office were insufficient. George L. Warner, the Chairman, reported progress in his investigations among the abstract firms. The Committee on Special Assessments made no report, as A. L. Coe, the Chairman, is ill, and no meeting of the committee has yet been held. The great number of men who have rushed into the real-estate business as a last resort were scored by Mr. Warner. He also paid his compliments to the system of exacting a yearly license of $25 from real-estate brokers. He termed it a mild system of blackmail, as it was not high enough to exclude objectionable dealers. The opinion prevailed that many irregular brokers were not paying their licenses, and that some system should be arranged to force them to comply with the law. One member estimated that out of 2,400 real-estate brokers only 1,600 paid licenses. Another member declared that the directory listed 1,900 brokers, of whom 1,200 had paid the required $25 to the City Collector.

E. Rudolph has sold to W. Ward twenty acres at La Vergne for $38,066. This tract is located at the southwest corner of Greenwood avenue and Thirty-first street.

Two acres in Sec. 27, near Twelfth street and on the Calumet Lake have sold at $5,000 an acre. This lot is just south of the Pullman brickyard.

A. W. Green has sold forty acres between Eleventh and Twenty-second streets and Prairie and Austin avenues for $84,000. Fifteen acres on Ridgeland avenue and Eighteenth street have been sold for $32,250.

Says the Canal Should Be Sold.

Hagerstown, Md., Sept. 3.—Judge Alvey has filed a decision that the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal should be sold, together with all the property and franchises of the company. The Judge concurs in the opinion of the engineers who made a personal inspection, that the canal cannot be operated with any reasonable prospect of being made to produce revenue applicable to the payment of its large bonded indebtedness.

Westinghouse Employes Return to Work.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 3.—The strike of the employes at the Westinghouse works was terminated by the men coming to the shops today and resuming their old places. This action is the result of a meeting of the strikers this morning, where it was decided that, inasmuch as they could not hold out any longer, they had better go back to work. The strike affected about 1,300 men.

Might Have Been Different.

If the apple crop had failed that year
When Eve ate one so free,
Instead of the failure of the pair,
How different all might be.
—Philadelphia Times.

NAME YOUR CHOICE FOR SHERIFF.

Who Is the Man Best Fitted for the Republican Candidacy?

The Chicago Tribune, in order to give the friends of the Republican candidates for the office of Sheriff of Cook County, Illinois, an opportunity to express their choice, has begun a voting contest. The polls will be open until Monday, Sept. 8, at midnight. The result will be announced the following Wednesday morning.

Fill out the annexed coupon and send it to "The Chicago Tribune Voting Department, Chicago, Ill." No coupons will appear after the issue of Sunday, Sept. 7.

Not more than one coupon will be accepted in one envelope; and, as it is desired that the contest shall be strictly legitimate, no person will be entitled to vote more than a single coupon in any one day. All coupons which have the appearance of being cut out and voted in bunches will be rejected.

ONE VOTE FOR

....

....

AS THE

MOST POPULAR CANDIDATE

FOR

SHERIFF OF COOK COUNTY

ON THE

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

CHARLES S. BEATTIE "EXPLAINS."

He Tells Why the Injunction Case Was Not Pushed—City Hall Matters.

The policy of holding Judge Horton responsible for gambling and pool-selling is being worked by the City-Hall hangers-on, as was predicted. Charles Stewart Beattie, who announces himself as the private counsel of Supt. Marsh, had himself interviewed yesterday. He explained the cause of the failure of himself and his Associate Counsel Hutchinson to push the hearing of the Corrigan injunction case on the motion to dissolve in this way:

"I don't care to try my client's rights before Judge Horton, and I presume Mr. Hutchinson feels the same way. I know what evidence the other side has, and they can't harm my client by any of it, nor will it in any way injure Mayor Cregier. We are only too anxious for trial, but we shall not take it before Judge Horton ourselves."

It is probable that Mr. Corrigan will ask his lawyer to go before Judge Horton and ask him to call up the case. This may be irregular, as Judge Horton has given Corrigan what he asked for—a temporary injunction. The next step is a motion to dissolve, but Mr. Hutchinson for Cregier and Mr. Beattie for Mr. Marsh do not want to make this motion.

In the meantime Corrigan repeats that he is ready to prove his charges against Cregier. He also repeats that overtures for a settlement of the case out of court have been made to him. Persons claiming to represent the Administration, it is said, have approached him on that subject.

Mr. Corrigan says he feels it his duty to the press and to the people of Chicago who have treated him so well to persist in his charges so that "unworthy officials may be unmasked."

His challenge is not likely to be accepted.

Mr. C. E. Judson of the Consumers' and Hyde Park Gas companies was at the City-Hall yesterday, and requested that his written application to lay gas mains in certain streets in Hyde Park under the old village ordinances be returned to him. As he will not get a permit he will probably try and lay some pipe without it, and thus precipitate a test case, as the police will prevent pipe-laying if it is attempted.

Ald. Brookman of the Twenty-fifth Ward has prepared an ordinance which he will introduce when the Council reconvenes Monday week, and which will apply to the granting of franchises to corporations. His purpose, he explained yesterday, is that hereafter when the City of Chicago grants to a corporation a franchise that is liable to be worth millions in a few years the city shall receive benefits from it in an equitable proportion. It is not intended to discourage improvements, the Alderman says, but encourage them, and have competition, if that is possible, to obtain these valuable privileges.

He asks: "Why should the city pay $1 or $1.25 per 1,000 feet for gas? The city should own its plant. If the city can furnish water at a low price it can furnish light, heat, and power. Think of this. In Manchester, England, gas-coal is worth more than twice the price that it is almost anywhere in the United States. Now, then, gas in that city is sold to the poor at twenty-five feet for a penny, or to the consumer by meter at 60 cents a 1,000 cubic feet, but it is made and sold by the municipal corporation. Chicago could sell gas at 40 cents a 1,000 feet and make money on its investment. Fuel gas could be sold to consumers by the city at fifteen cents—I am now alluding to hydrogen gas—and pay interest on the capital invested. You might say new works make new places, but such plants could be conducted on an economical plan and by business methods, just the same as the Government conducts its revenue department or the city its water department. In my travels East and abroad I have looked into these matters, and I believe that we ought to look out for the interests of the public welfare much more than we do. Heretofore we have been too ready to grant franchises. Let us put safeguards around us and act more carefully in the future."

Mayor Cregier has gone East on a short vacation. No one about his office seems to know how long he will be gone or where he will spend his time further than that he is East. It seems to be the impression, however, that he will be absent about ten days and that he intends visiting several prominent eastern cities. He intended to spend yesterday in Pittsburg.

Superintendent McGann of the Street department threatens to close up the curb stone and street corner merchants unless they are more careful in the disposal of their refuse and refrain from obstructing the thoroughfares.

They Can't Stand Petroleum.

"Wherever you find petroleum you won't find mosquitoes," said an oil country man. "The infernal insects can't stand the smell of the grease, and wherever oil wells are plenty there is no call for mosquito bars. Over and over again I've seen mosquitoes leave a new oil field as soon as a well flows. Whether petroleum, applied to the hands and face, will drive off mosquitoes I don't know. But one of the few compensations of the driller is that he's seldom troubled by mosquitoes.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

Burlington Route Harvest Excursions.

Half rates to the West, Southwest, and Northwest, via Burlington route, Sept. 9 and 23 and Oct. 14.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

When baby was sick we gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

Brown's Household Panacea, "THE GREAT PAIN RELIEVER," cures cramps, colic, colds; all pain. 25 cents a bottle.

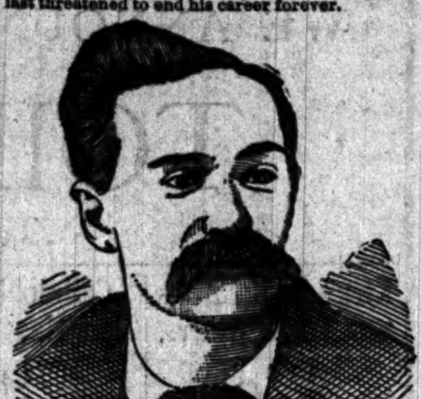
$2.75 pays for 12 of Brand's Best Cabinet Photographs. Studios 210 and 212 Wabash avenue.

The best worm lozenges for children are Brown's Vermifuge Comfits. 25 cents a box.

BALLS AND PARTIES.

THE NEVER-ENDING ROUND OF SOCIAL GAYETIES IN CHICAGO—BAND MUSIC, ETC.

Chicago is becoming widely noted for her constant round of balls, parties, and social gayeties, and those who have listened to C. P. Munroe's splendid brass band and orchestra at the Chicago Athenæum athletic entertainments, Battery D promenade concerts, etc., are aware that in ball-room and reception music we are not behind the times. Mr. Munroe has supplied choice bands for such occasions for over ten years, though a little experience in September last threatened to end his career forever.



C. P. Munroe, 244 W. Indiana-st.

Speaking of this experience to a press reporter Mr. Munroe said: "A year ago I contracted a cold that caused my nose to stop up and gave me a pain over the eyes, a feeling of stuffiness, and a discharge into the back of the throat. My tongue was coated. I lost my appetite. I soon had an incessant painful cough, debilitating night-sweats, severe chills, and all the symptoms of quick consumption. By February I had become so reduced in flesh that my doctor ordered me to stop playing the cornet under penalty of soon dying of consumption. Then I went to Drs. McCoy & Wildman, those eminent specialists. After taking their medicine I began to improve immediately. I resumed playing and was soon completely cured."

A CHALLENGE FOR $5,000.00.

DRS. McCOY & WILDMAN WANT THE PUBLIC TO JUDGE WHO ARE THE IMITATORS.

"When Dr. McCoy and myself," said Dr. Wildman, "some three years ago established a practice in this city, we were attacked by the State Board of Health. Several lawsuits were the result, every one of which was decided in our favor, even in the Supreme Court.

"When the doctors found advertising had been proven by the courts to be legitimate even by a doctor, then two other doctors deliberately copied our style of advertising. In this way they undertook to convey the impression that they too were, like us, specialists of note.

"Now, to forever settle this matter and prove which doctors originated our present mode of practice and peculiar advertising, and which possess the greater ability to correctly treat the class of cases we treat, I will make the following challenge: I will meet each and every doctor who has copied our style of advertising and prove that they are simply imitators and that we are the originators of the same. I will also agree to a public competitive examination with each and every such doctor. The examination to take the form of questions and answers in anatomy, physiology, surgery, obstetrics, practice of medicine, and materia medica, without a knowledge of which no doctor is fit to practice medicine. The examination to be in public before a jury of qualified physicians, who will be chosen by each party, and said jury shall decide which of us is the better qualified to practice. I will also prove that one of these two doctors was for a short time employed by us as an assistant. I can also prove by our books and by theirs that the firm of McCoy & Wildman have treated more patients in the last two years than both of these doctors together.

"Now if I do not prove myself to be the more competent in this competitive examination, and also prove the above facts, then we will forfeit $5,000 to go to the world's fair fund, our imitators in each case holding themselves to do the same if defeated."

FIVE DOLLARS A MONTH.

Until Nov. 1 Drs. McCoy & Wildman will treat all cases at the uniform fee of $5 per month. Those placing themselves under the doctors' care prior to Nov. 1 will be treated until cured at the same rate—namely, $5 per month.

DOCTORS
McCoy & Wildman,
OFFICE, 224 STATE-ST.,
Corner of Quincy, Chicago.

SPECIALTIES—All Chronic Diseases, including Throat and Lung Diseases, Consumption, Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, and Kidneys.

CATARRH CURED.

Patients living at a distance successfully treated by mail. Write for Symptom Blank. Office hours—9:30 a. m. to 11:30 p. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 6 to 8 p. m.; Sundays from 9 a. m. to 12 m. only.

Central Business Property.

Choice Investments.

Within 2 and 5 Blocks of Court-House, on

Madison-st.,	Monroe-st.,
State-st.,	Wabash-av.,
Fifth-av.,	Michigan-st.

PAYING FROM 6% TO 8%.

If you are looking for a conservative investment in income paying or vacant property call on us for further particulars.

FIRTH & COCHRAN,
90 Washington-st.

5/A HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST

NONE GENUINE WITHOUT THE 5/A LABEL

The 5/A Baker is Best of All. Its strongest endorsement is its use by Railroad, Express and Fire Companies in all large cities.

There are 30 *other styles* of 5/A Horse Blankets, each at its Cost The Best you can buy.—
5/A Extra Test ranks next to 5/A Baker.
5/A Five Mile is so named because each blanket has five miles of warp threads—
5/A Boss Stable is a giant in strength—and
5/A Electric very strong for out-door use.
5/A Horse Blankets are for sale by all dealers.
The different styles are shown in the 5/A Book which you can get Free from your dealer. Ask for it. If your dealer does not handle 5/A Goods, write to the manufacturers,
WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia.

KIRK'S AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

Best for General Household Use.
SOLD ONLY IN POUND BARS.

The Chicago Tribune IS THE LEADING NEWSPAPER OF AMERICA

THE LEADER

STATE AND ADAMS-STS.

UNMATCHABLE BARGAINS
—IN OUR—
FANCY GOODS
DEPARTMENT.

98c { 1,000 Persian Table Covers, 6-4 SQUARE, NEW AND ARTISTIC COLORINGS, NEVER RETAILED FOR LESS THAN $2.00. } 98c

CHENILLE TABLE COVERS,
IN SUPERB COLORINGS, FULL 6—4 SIZE,
$1.29.

DERNBURG, GLICK & HORNER.

No. 3.

THE LEADER

State and Adams-sts.

Bargains

OFFERED FOR THURSDAY.

MAIN FLOOR.

192 doz. Gents' Silk or Satin Neckwear, in Tecks and 4-in-hands, in the latest novelties, satin lined, worth from 45c to 75c	CHOICE 25c EACH.	5,000 dozen Ladies' Linen Embroidered and Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, Ninety different styles	CHOICE 12½ CENTS. Worth 50c
50 doz. Ladies' Blk. Silk Plaited HOSE, Extra long, full regular, usual price $1.00	CHOICE 50c EACH.	Misses' Hdkfs., Child's Hdkfs., Ladies' Hdkfs., Gents' Hdkfs.,	5c Worth from 10 to 20c.
100 dozen Ladies' Mull Embroidered TIES, forty different designs	10c	100 styles of Gents' Pure Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, White and Fancy Borders	10c Worth 15c to 25c.

DERNBURG, GLICK & HORNER.

The Chicago Tribune IS THE LEADING NEWSPAPER OF AMERICA

A GREAT NERVE REMEDY



If you are sick take "SANATIVO," the great Spanish Cure for Impure Blood, Bad Circulation, Nervousness, Headache, Loss of Brain Power, Weak Memory, Trembling, Wakefulness, Lost Power, Pain in the Back, and Vital Exhaustion. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package, or 6 for $5.00. Sent by mail to any address. Circulars free. Address or call on

DALE & SEMPILL, Clark & Madison Sts., Chicago.

Only $20. ODELL Double Case TYPE WRITER. It has 78 Characters, and is the only Type Writer with Check Perforator attachment. Is fast taking the lead of all Type Writers. Larger sales than all others combined. Send for circulars. ODELL TYPE WRITER CO., 85 Fifth Av., Chicago.

ONLY



THIS SHOWS SKIRT INSIDE OUT.

Ladies are interested in the DRESLYFT.

If they will attach one to a skirt in this way (the directions with each pair show how) it will relieve them of all care of the dress skirt in rainy, muddy weather. Their hands will be free to carry a bundle or an umbrella. The bottom of the skirt will be neither soiled nor worn nor the shoes ruined.

Made in Cotton, Worsted, and Silk.
Price in Cotton, color black........25c a pair
Price in Worsted, blk. and colors.35c a pair
Price in Silk, black and colors....50c a pair
For sale by dealers everywhere.
Sample pair by mail on receipt of price.
ELMER & ANDERSON, 267 Franklin-st., Chicago, Agents for The Dreslyft Co.

TO RENT
In the Tribune Building
Third story office. Apply to
WM. C. DOW,
20 Tribune Building.

DR. R. GREER,

20 years' practice, gives free consultation upon all diseases. Dr. Greer's new remedies cure at once; a positive cure for nervous debility. Office hours 9 to 8 daily. Sundays 10 to 12. Western Medical and Surgical Institute, 127 La Salle-st.

No. 4.

THE LEADER

STATE AND ADAMS-STS.

Special Inducements

FOR TODAY (THURSDAY).

BASEMENT.

5 Cases of Shaker Flannel, Ends, all perfect	5c a Yard
5 Cases of Good Canton Flannels, Ends, Heavy	5c a Yard
20,000 Yards Turkey Red—Remnants	7c a Yard
2 Cases Kid Finished Dress Lining Cambrics	3c a Yard
2 Cases Black and White Cashmere Plaids	8c a Yard
3 Cases Scotch Plaids and Blues and Whites	11c a Yard
300 Pieces Double-Width Cashmeres, Black and Colors	12½c a Yard
100 Pieces 36-inch Wide Cashmeres, in Black and Colors	19c a Yard

DERNBURG, GLICK & HORNER.

HEALTH BULLETIN.

Use **Columbia Pure Water.**

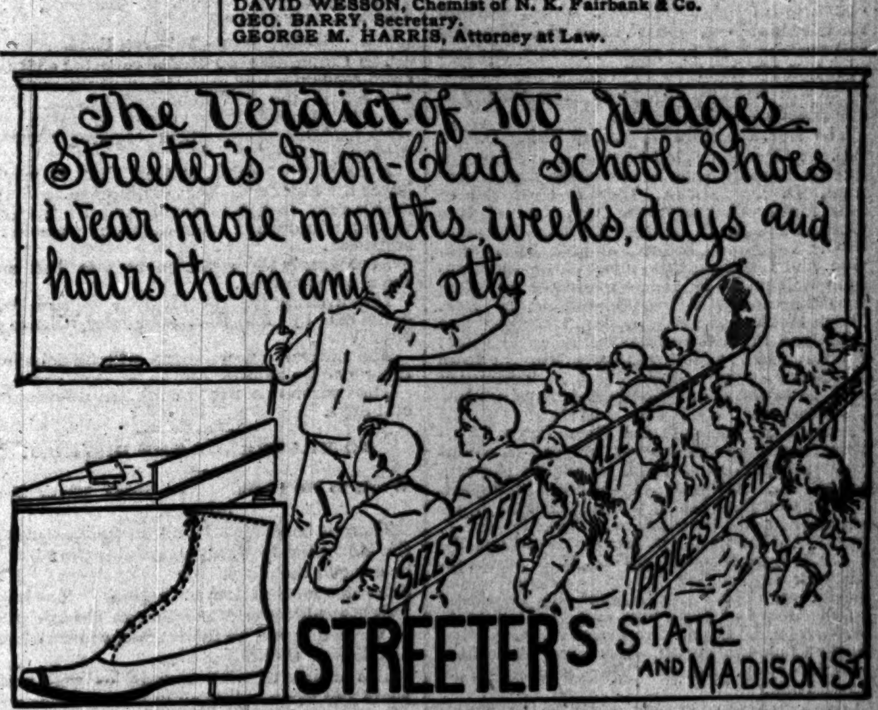
DISTILLED AND CHARGED WITH PURE AIR.

Contains { *No Disease Germs. No Organic Matter, No Mineral Matter.* }

Delivered in Five-Gallon Demijohns, 11c per Gallon.

COLUMBIA PURE WATER CO., 1215 Wabash-av.
TELEPHONE 5265.

DIRECTORS:
WILLIAM D. PRESTON, Cashier Metropolitan National Bank.
JOSEPH SEARS, Vice-President N. K. Fairbank & Co.
H. N. WHEELER, Real Estate.
GRANGER FARWELL of Lobdell, Farwell & Co.
DAVID WESSON, Chemist of N. K. Fairbank & Co.
GEO. BARRY, Secretary.
GEORGE M. HARRIS, Attorney at Law.





DR. A. W. BRINKERHOFF'S SYSTEM OF RECTAL TREATMENT.

PILES, FISTULA, FISSURE, RECTAL ULCER, POLYPUS, PRURITUS, and CHRONIC DIARRHŒA Cured Without the Use of Knife, Ecrasure, or Cautery—No Anæsthetics.

Treatment painless, sure, safe. 300,000 operations with it and NOT ONE DEATH. Patients go about business after treatment. No medicine by stomach. Symptoms: Protrusion, burning, bleeding, and pain at time of and after passage; soreness in lower portion of back; mucus, mattery, or bloody discharges; frequent urination; itching and moisture about the anus; constipation, followed as disease progresses by diarrhœa; gradual decline, and in time general prostration. Write for 32-page pamphlet, illustrated, free. Refer to A. M. BILLINGS, Pres. Home Nat'l Bank.
" Mrs. A. M. BILLINGS, 600 West Lake-st.
" C. H. BUDDOCK, 498 Washington-blvd.
" Mrs. H. M. HAIGHT, 12 Loomis-st.
" HARRY HANKINS, 332 Chestnut-st., Englewood.
" HENRY C. MALZEN, 523 Wabash-av.
" M. B. HERBERT, 102 Webster-av.
" WM. JESSIMAN, 232 W. Madison-st.
" A. O. STOVER, 79 Carroll-av.
" F. B. SANDS, Belvidere, Ill.
" ALBERT BENHAM, 150 South Gifford-st., Elgin, Ill.

OFFICE, ROOMS 23, 23½, AND 24, McVICKER'S OFFICE BUILDING, 78 to 82 MADISON-ST. Take Elevator.
Hours.... { 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. 2 p. m. to 4 p. m.
Dr. W. C. Brinkerhoff in charge. Telephone No. 719
Residence { 195 Oakwood Boulevard, near Cottage Grove-av. and 39th-st. Hours. { Mon., Wed., and Fri., 7 to 9 p. m. Sundays, 2 to 4 p. m. Tel., 1026.

USE CALLUSTRO

$1.00 to MILWAUKEE
AND RETURN,
Saturday Evening, Sept. 6, 9 p. m. Sharp,
Giving you 18 hours in Milwaukee Sunday.
STEAMER CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE,
From State-st. Bridge.

75c to Racine and Kenosha and return, Friday, Sept. 5, 9 a. m. sharp, giving you 6 hours in Kenosha and 8 hours in Racine, returning to Chicago the same evening at 11:30.

25c to Michigan City and return every Saturday at 9 p. m. Secure tickets early on the steamer morning and evening.
H. BABY, Manager.

UNION PACIFIC IS THE **Favorite Line** TO ALL

Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington, —AND— Puget Sound Points.

For rates, tickets, or any desired information apply to W. H. KNIGHT, General Agent, 191 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

The Pennoyer Sanitarium.

(FORMERLY KENOSHA WATER-CURE.)

The new institution is beautifully located upon spacious grounds (75 acres) overlooking Lake Michigan and is equipped with every modern convenience, including elevator, gas, electric bells, hot water, heating, and sanitary plumbing, artesian water of rare excellence. Baths, electricity, massage, etc., are used. Skilled attendants. WILL OPEN AUG. 30. For circulars address N. A. PENNOYER, M. D., Manager, Kenosha, Wis.

Opium Habit Cured

Dr. S. B. Collins' Painless Opium Antidote

Will cure you at home without any interruption of ordinary business. Book sent free to any address. Hundreds of original testimonials of physicians and others for inspection at my office, Room 27 American Express Building, Monroe-st., Chicago, Ill. P. O. Drawer 691 (formerly La Porte, Ind.)

THE DR. OWEN
Electric Belt
And Appliances



(TRADE MARK.)

Cure acute, chronic, and nervous diseases without medicine. It is a stimulant and tonic, and while curing one disease does not produce another. Send 6c for sealed illustrat'd catalogue with full list of diseases and valuable information and sworn statements in English, German, Swedish, & Norwegian. The OWEN ELECTRIC BELT AND APPLIANCE CO., 191 and 193 State-st., Chicago, Ill.

102 E. WASHINGTON ST. BORSCH OPTICIAN. CONSULT US ABOUT YOUR EYESIGHT. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

CHICAGO SEMINARY HALL

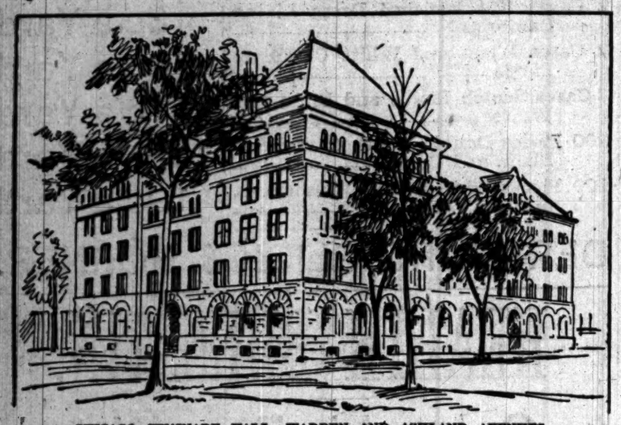
NEW BUILDING OF THE THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL TO OPEN SEPT. 10.

It Will Accommodate One Hundred and Thirty-four Students—Complete System of Electric Gongs in the Institution—Miss Jennie L. Codman Will Leave Oct. 1 for Allahabad, India—Annual Session of the Kentucky Conference of the African M. E. Zion Church.

The handsome structure at the southwest corner of Ashland boulevard and Warren avenue is the new building of the Chicago Theological Seminary and is to be known as Chicago Seminary Hall. It will be opened Sept. 10.

Some three years ago it became necessary on account of the growth of the institution to provide for the increase of students, and it was decided to erect a building where the new structure now stands. The funds were provided by the Congregational churches of Chicago and vicinity and liberally inclined people of this denomination.

The building, when completed, will have cost $120,000, exclusive of the lot and the furnishings. The latter will cost about $12,000. The structure has a frontage on Ashland boulevard of 125 feet and 150 feet on Warren avenue. The reception-room, offices, and recitation-rooms are on the first floor, while the second, third, and fourth floors are to be used for dormitory purposes. The fifth floor will be devoted to a gymnasium and the basement will be provided with bath-rooms for the students and will contain the heating apparatus. The entire building, with the exception of the first floor, will be finished in cypress, with maple floors. The corridors of the first floor will be English tile and the lecture-rooms, offices, and



CHICAGO SEMINARY HALL, WARREN AND ASHLAND AVENUES.

reception-room will be finished in maple, trimmed with oak. It is the idea to have each room furnished by some church or individual and place a door-plate on the door designating the donor. The building will accommodate 134 students. For the convenience of the students and to notify them of the hours of recitation a system of eighteen electric gongs is being put in. These gongs are operated by a clock, which rings a different program each day of the week. The building will be completed about Oct. 1, but it is expected that it will be so far completed by Sept. 10, when the school year commences, that the students may occupy a portion of it.

The Chicago Theological Seminary was organized in 1858 by delegates from the Congregational churches in Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, and Missouri. It has been from the first under the control of the churches of the Northwest, which, through the triennial convention, elect the directors and visitors. It has grown rapidly and last year had 177 students. The prospects are that there will be more this year. The faculty is composed of the following:

The Rev. Franklin Woodbury Fisk, D. D., LL. D., President and Wisconsin Professor of Sacred Rhetoric; the Rev. George Nye Boardman, D. D., LL. D., Illinois Professor of Systematic Theology; the Rev. Samuel Ives Curtiss, Ph. D., D. D., New England Professor of Old Testament Literature and Interpretation and Librarian; the Rev. Giles Buckingham Wilcox, D. D., Stone Professor of Pastoral Theology and Special Studies; the Rev. Hugh McDonald Scott, D. D., Sweetser and Michigan Professor of Ecclesiastical History; the Rev. George Holley Gilbert, Ph. D., Iowa Professor of the New Testament and Interpretation; the Rev. Gustav Adolph Zinnmerman, Ph. D., Instructor in the German department; the Rev. Peter Christian Trandberg, instructor in the Dano-Norwegian department; the Rev. Fridolf Risberg, S. M. C., instructor in the Swedish department; the Rev. David Nyvall, M. Ph. C., instructor in the Swedish department; Mr. J. R. J. Anthony, instructor in elocution; the Rev. Reinert August Jernberg, B. A. B. D., instructor in English in the Scandinavian department. William E. Hale is the President of the Board of Directors and the Rev. G. S. F. Savage, D. D., the Secretary. H. N. Holden is the Chairman of the Executive Committee and Henry W. Chester is the Treasurer of the institution.

Chicago Seminary Hall is the fourth building which has been erected. The others are Keyes Hall, named for Willard Keyes of Quincy, Ill.; Carpenter Hall, built by the late Philo Carpenter; and the Hammond Library Building, named for Col. C. S. Hammond. The library contains 9,400 volumes.

WILL GO TO ALLAHABAD, INDIA.

Miss Jennie L. Colman Soon to Depart on Her Missionary Work.

Miss Jennie L. Colman, daughter of the Rev. George W. Colman of the Park Ridge Congregational Church, leaves about Oct. 1 for Allahabad, India, to enter upon the duties of a missionary under the auspices of the Woman's Presbyterian Board of Missions of the Northwest.

Miss Colman was born in Acton, Mass., twenty-five years ago, and came to Chicago in August, 1881. In 1885 she graduated from the Englewood High-School, and later on attended the American Conservatory of Music in this city and graduated from the teachers' certificate class in 1887. She also studied elocution with Mrs. Josephine Turck Baker, and for the last six weeks has been a student in Moody's Bible Institute.



MISS COLMAN.

For four years Miss Colman was the Principal Assistant at the Park Ridge school.

During a conversation with a TRIBUNE reporter Miss Colman said: "I belong to a missionary family. My aunt was stationed at the same place I am going to for eleven years, and it is just eleven years since she died. As far back as I can remember it has always been my desire to enter the missionary field, and since my aunt died I have longed to go to the place where she spent so many years, and I am happy to say my wish is soon to be gratified. Although a member of the Congregational Church I am going out under Presbyterian auspices, and for that purpose joined the Hyde Park Presbyterian Church. I have enlisted in the cause for five years, and just what my work is to be I do not know as yet, although until I learn the language I will probably teach mathematics and music.

"I have a large lot of India literature I have been going over with a view of familiarizing myself with some of the customs and institutions of the country. The change will be great, and I am sure I shall make mistakes at first. All my life I have been accustomed to help myself, but in India it is not considered proper to do so, and the slightest manual labor will have to be performed by servants. Should I insist upon doing many things I should lose influence with the people. What particularly disgusts me are their marriage laws and customs. I have just read of the wedding of a boy of 15 and a girl of 5. This is bad enough, but worse still are the customs after the death of the husband. The poor wife is treated as a thing to be abhorred. Her head is shaven and she lives secluded for a year. The reason of this is because the people believe the man died because his wife was such a great sinner.

"The need of work among these people is evident, and I am going to help them if I can."

Miss Colman will be the first missionary sent out by the Christian Endeavor Union of Chicago. She is a brunette, rather below the average height and is bright and vivacious.

Thursday evening, Sept. 11, the Christian Endeavor Union will tender a reception to Miss Colman at the Hyde Park Presbyterian Church.

THEY ELECTED THEIR OFFICERS.

Twenty-fourth Annual Session of the Kentucky Conference.

The twenty-fourth annual session of the Kentucky Conference of the African M. E. Zion Church began yesterday at Washington Chapel, on Dearborn street near Twenty-ninth, Bishop F. H. Lomax of North Carolina presiding.

Bishop Lomax opened the session with a few words of welcome to the sixty delegates and a review of the work for the last year.

The following officers were then elected: Secretaries, the Revs. G. B. Walker, H. W. Smith, W. M. Syres; Compiler, G. W. Walker; Marshals, L. N. Campbell, J. M. Hurt; Post-Office Messenger, L. N. Slaughter; Timist, the Rev. Campbell; Reporter, Norris Chester.

Several addresses were delivered on the progress of the church, after which Bishop Lomax appointed the following committees:

Rules—J. M. Washington, I. R. Irion, G. H. Carry.

Reception—J. B. Johnson, W. A. Foreman, A. J. Manson, W. H. Chambers, L. J. Irion.

Lay Delegates—W. M. Syres, A. R. Easly, Henry Campbell, A. R. Jackson, H. W. Smith.

Finance—J. M. Washington, E. H. Carry, T. J. Manson, F. A. Easton, G. B. Walker, W. H. Chambers.

Donations—J. R. Irion, B. Mitchell, J. W. Selectman, J. J. Kennedy, W. F. Hays.

Devotion—J. M. Washington, J. B. Johnson, W. H. Chambers, G. H. Carry, G. B. Walker.

Holy Orders—Elders E. H. Carry, H. Walters, M. A. Easton, G. B. Walker, C. T. Jones.

Holy Orders—Deacons R. T. W. James, T. H. Green, W. H. Ely, H. W. Smith, W. H. Tucker.

Temperance—R. T. W. James, W. W. Dorsey, Solomon Young, S. B. Jones, James Gough.

Education—G. B. Walker, W. H. Tucker, H. W. Smith, B. Mitchell, W. W. Dorsey.

Condolence—M. A. Walker, J. M. Freeman, Benjamin Lynch, T. H. Huthinson, Henry McElroy.

Complaints—J. W. Selectman, I. A. Easly, Henry Campbell, T. J. Manson, W. W. Stroward.

Sabbath-Schools—H. W. Smith, W. M. Syres, A. Sherman.

Book Concern—A. Walters, T. J. Masnon, Willis Adams, L. Irion, J. J. Kennedy, S. Cleburne, S. Sherman.

State of the Church—B. H. Carry, W. H. Chambers, J. B. Johnson, J. M. Washington, R. T. W. James.

Star of Zion—W. H. Smith, J. B. Johnson.

State of the Country at Large—J. C. Dorcy.

Representative of Sabbath-School Conference—W. H. Lawson.

Ways and Means for High School in Conference—E. H. Clarry, J. B. Johnson, W. H. Chambers, R. T. W. James, H. W. Smith, S. Claiborne, W. A Toreman, James Irion.

Didn't Want Tobacco Used.

The Committee on Rules reported that the conference meet at 10 in the morning and at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, adjourning at 4 o'clock. A motion was made to amend the rules prohibiting members chewing tobacco during sessions.

A member objected, stating that it would lower the dignity of the conference to have such a rule on the minutes, and he thought that an admonition from the Bishop would be sufficient.

Accordingly the amendment was lost and the report adopted.

Last evening the introductory sermon was delivered by the Rev. Alexander Walters of New York.

The address of welcome will be delivered this morning by Mrs. Emma Scott of Chicago.

The conference will remain in session several days.

TO REARRANGE THE DISTRICT.

Work to Be Done at the Rock River Conference.

There is considerable talk at present among the Methodist fraternity regarding the work to be done at the Rock River Conference. The delegates meet at Aurora Sept. 24. The most weighty subject that will engage the attention of the elders will be the rearrangement of the districts of the conference.

The present district boundaries were made years ago, when nearly all of the railroads running into Chicago ran east and west. At that time the then presiding Bishop advised a change, but no action was taken until Bishop Walden's time, when he advised the Presiding Elders to prepare a plan for rearrangement. Last fall Bishop Newman appointed the Presiding Elders to submit a plan for this purpose at the next conference, to be presided over by Bishop Foster. The elders accordingly, through their Secretary, Dr. Van Horn, have made up a schedule which has been submitted to the preachers' meeting in Chicago and by them approved. The number of districts will remain the same as at present. Chicago will be divided at Harrison street, making a Chicago and a South Chicago district, Joliet to be absorbed. The districts will be, therefore, Chicago, South Chicago, Freeport, Dixon, Rockford, and Aurora. After this subject has been disposed of the various appointments to the different fields of labor will be considered.

There is much speculation as to what changes will be made. Three new elders are to be appointed, one to succeed Dr. W. C. Dandy, whose term has expired; the second to succeed Dr. Artell, who retires on account of ill health, and the third to succeed Dr. Van Horn.

The three new elders required are one each for Aurora, Dixon, and South Chicago. Dr. Lewis Curts will likely go to Aurora, Dr. Burns to Dixon, and Dr. H. G. Jackson to South Chicago.

Regarding other appointments nothing is certain. Dr. W. Fawcett is spoken of in connection with the First Church, Dr. J. M. Caldwell will preach at the South Park Avenue Church, and Dr. P. H. Swift will go to the Oakland Avenue Church. Dr. Bolton, it is said, will succeed Dr. Jackson, and the church at Evanston will be ministered to by the Rev. S. F. Jones, Dr. Bolton's assistant.

This list is not given as being correct, but is the view of several who have been talked to upon the subject.

Big Gathering of Lutherans.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 3.—The fifth great annual reunion of the Lutherans of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, and the District of Columbia took place at Pen Mar. Extensive preparations had been made for the occasion. There were over 20,000 people in attendance. It was the greatest reunion yet held, and the Lutherans were joyful over their success.

Denied by Sir John Macdonald.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 3.—Sir John Macdonald declares that a report which comes from Wheeling, W. Va., to the effect that the Premier, Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Hector Langevin, Sir Alexander Murteau, and other Canadian, English, and Scotch capitalists have just purchased 400,000 acres of land in Mercer, Boone, and Wyoming Counties, West Virginia, on which to found a great Scotch colony, is without foundation.

The Burned Child Dreads the Fire.

Kansas City *Journal*: The record of the last ten years should teach the people in the Western States that the time has come for a limit on the power of counties and cities to create bonded debts.

A Good Player Leads Trumps

TO WIN, AND A TRUMP CARD INDEED IT IS THAT THE HUB IS PLAYING NOW TO WIN YOUR TRADE.

500 MEN'S

FINE FALL SUITS.

Made of the celebrated Beaver Dam Mills' Woolens, strictly all wool and very handsome in design. Other dealers would think them a great leader at $18, but THE HUB will start the ball a-rolling by offering them at only..... $12.50

NEW LINES OF

FALL OVERCOATS.

In light & medium weights, consisting of All-Wool Cassimeres, Kerseys, Meltons, and one line of strictly All-Wool Fine Black Cheviot Overcoats, silk faced and silk sleeve linings, REGULAR $15 OVERCOATS EVERY ONE OF THEM, but to start the ball a-rolling we mark them only..... $10.00

Choice of Many Lines of Fine All-Wool Cassimere Pants, Former prices from $4 to $6, now being closed out at only..... AND $3.85

BOYS'

SCHOOL SUITS.

Our new stock of Boys' School Suits is a magnet which no mother about to purchase Boys' Clothing will be able to resist. We call especial attention to our

CELEBRATED BESSEMER

IRONCLAD SUITS,

Of all-wool goods, ages 4 to 14, with Knee Pants, made with double seats and double knees, warranted to outwear any suit that was ever put on the market at any price. Ordinarily these suits would not sell under $7, but to start the ball a-rolling The Hub names the low price of only..... $4.69

"THE HUB"

N. W. Cor. State and Jackson-sts.

WESTERN SALVAGE WRECKING AGENCY

SAMUEL GANS, Manager.

Auction Notice.

PEREMPTORY SALE for account of Fire Underwriters at Salvage Wrecking Salerooms, 200 to 206 Madison-st., Chicago,

TOMORROW,

AT 10 A. M.

1,800 bundles Manilla, Express, Straw, and Print Paper.
130 cases Single & Double Slates.
600M. Slate Pencils.
600 Satchels and Traveling Bags.
Note Paper, Cardboard, Twine, Ink, Mucilage, Albums, etc.

Only slightly damaged by water. Arranged for sale by SAMUEL GANS, Manager, Western Salvage Wrecking Agency. GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioneers.

The Chicago Tribune IS THE LEADING NEWSPAPER OF AMERICA

FURNITURE

Largest and best assorted stock of Honest Made Goods in the city. Get prices from all competitors; then come to us and be convinced we are lower than the lowest on First-Class Furniture. We also sell Andrews' New "Gem" Folding Beds.

Wirts & Scholle.

222 WABASH-AV., Between Adams and Jackson-sts.

HATS CHAS. W. BARNES' FALL STYLES SILKS AND DERBYS Correct Shapes. Quality the Best. 223 STATE-ST.

Candy Try the experiment of sending $1.25 $2.50, or $5.00 for a box of candy. PREPAID by express from Denver east to Boston west, of the best candy in America. Address C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner, Chicago.

GENEVA OPTICAL CO., Manufacturers and Importers of Optical Goods, 25 Washington-st., Chicago.

Chas. Gossage & Co.

State and Washington-sts.

FALL, 1890.

Carpets and Rugs

We Call attention to our Perfect Assortment of

AXMINSTERS, WILTONS, MOQUETTES, BRUSSELS, INGRAINS.

Oriental and Domestic **RUGS.**

In addition to Choice Patterns and Best Qualities we are positively

"Lowest in Price."

L. Manasse, Optician,

88 Madison-st., Tribune Building. Established 1868.

SIGHT IS Priceless.

Importer and Manufacturer of Optical, Mathematical, and Surveying Instruments, Photographic Outfits, Magic Lanterns, etc.

The value of Spectacles depends on the skill of the optician. Make no mistake and consult us.

Artificial Human Eyes inserted without pain.

BEWARE—We Have NO BRANCH STORE in This City.

FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY. **MANDEL BROTHERS.** 117 TO 123 STATE-ST. USEFUL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET —REDUCED.

WE ANNOUNCE A GREAT CLEARING SALE —OF— **TOILET GOODS**

To Make Room for Fall Importations.

Kirk's or Bradley's 4-oz. Triple Waters, 42c. Regular price, 75c.	Celluloid Plate-Glass Hand Mirrors, 79c. Regular price, $1.75.	Standard Toilet Soaps, 5c. Worth up to 20c.	Nonpelas French Tooth Powder, 5c. Worth 25c.	Toilet Paper, medicated, roll or pkg., 5c. Worth 10c.
Ricksecker's 8-oz. Cologne, 88c. Regular price, $1.50.	Oxidized Metal-Back Cloth Brushes, 39c. Worth up to $1.00.	Nail and Flesh Brushes, 8c. Regular price, 15c.	Hair Brushes with Mirror Back, 35c. Worth 75c.	FEATHER DUSTERS, 10c. Worth 25c.
Best Tooth Brushes, With Four Rows Bristles, 10c. Regular price, 25c.	Nail-Polishers, all sizes, 39c. Worth up to $1.50.	Sponge Baskets, hand crochet, 59c. Worth $1.00.	Castile Soap, made of Pure Olive Oil, 35c.	MEDICINE GLASSES, 5c.

JAMES H. WALKER & Co.

Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

Our fixed policy to make special offerings of only worthy lots of goods is strictly followed at this sale. The savings on purchases of even very moderate amounts will pay for time and outlay. Ask to see the following:

40-Inch Serge, 40-Inch Camelette, 40-Inch Brilliantines, 40-Inch Armures, 40-Inch Henriettas, PER YARD 49c TO 75c

Black Plaids, Black Checks, Black Stripes, Black Diagonals, Black Jacquards, Black Camel's Hair, Black Mohairs, Camel's Hair Stripes, Black Cheviots, Black Cashmeres, PER YARD 75c TO $2.00

Black and White— —In Checks, —In Plaids, —In Hair Lines, —In Stripes, —In Brocades, PER YARD 50c TO $2.50

The new Astrachan Robes, Embroidered Robes, and Colored Embroidered Robes are a feature of the exhibit.

Our Motto: Honesty Is the Best Policy.

HANSEN'S EMPIRE FUR FACTORY,

SUCCESSORS TO

C. M. HOTCHKIN & CO.,

151-153 Wabash-av.,

Manufacturers, Importers, and Exporters.



-FURS-

OF ALL KINDS.

Seal Sacques, Shoulder Capes, Cloaks and Millinery.



FURS ALTERED AND REPAIRED.

ESTABLISHED MILWAUKEE 1862.

CARSON PIRIE & Co.

Wabash and Adams.

SHOE SALE

Thursday, Friday, Saturday.

Ladies' Fine Oxford Ties, Boys' Russet Shoes, cloth tops, Ladies' Lawn Tennis Shoes	REDUCED TO 99c. Former Price $1.75.
Ladies' Bright Dongola Shoes, flexible soles	$2.25 Worth $3.25.
Ladies' Patent Tip Shoes, front lace and button	$1.98 For this Sale only.
Ladies' Best Quality Bright Dongola Shoes, perfect fitting	$3.00 Worth $4.00.

Chas. Gossage & Co.

State and Washington-sts.

SALE OF TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES

—FOR— Thursday—Friday—Saturday.

FRENCH TOOTH BRUSHES 10c.	Colgate's Bay Rum Soap and Coleo Soap, 10c Cake.	Lundberg's Opal Cologne, 45c.
FRENCH NAIL BRUSHES, 25c.	Turkish Bath, Brown Windsor, and Honey Soap, 5c Cake. 50c Dozen.	ROGER & GALLET'S EAU DE COLOGNE, 50c.
POWDER PUFFS, 10c.	Coudray's Sachet Powder, all odors, 25c Oz.	Pure Bay Tree Bay Rum, 18c.
PATEY'S COLD CREAM, 10c.	Lautier's May Bells Perfume, 25c Oz.	MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER, 45c.
CALDER'S DENTINE, 15c.	Retsnim's Lily Cream, 25c.	Sheffield's Cream Dentifrice 18c.

OUR FALL LINE OF

IMPORTED FANS,

AND

Foreign and Domestic Jewelry

JUST OPENED, TO WHICH WE INVITE INSPECTION.

EXCEPTIONAL STYLES and VALUES.

No. 2.

SPECIAL SALE

—OF—

LADIES' SHOES

—AT—

THE LEADER

State and Adams-sts.

A Genuine Dongola Hand-Turned Button, tipped and plain toe, sizes 2½ to 7, D & E widths. Formerly sold for $3.75. OUR PRICE. $2.69.

This Sale Is for Thursday and Friday.

DERNBURG, GLICK & HORNER.

SMYRNA RUGS!

BEST MAKES—BASEMENT DEPT.

Ft. In.	Ft. In.		Former Price.		Price This Week
1 6 by	2 10	SINGLE DOOR	$ 1.75	RUG.... NOW	$ .99
1 9 "	3 9	BUREAU	2.50	RUG.... NOW	1.50
26-INCH	RUG	Ft. In. by Ft. In.	3.50	..... NOW	2.00
30-INCH	RUG	" " " "	4.25	..... NOW	2.75
3 Ft. by 6 Ft.	RUG	" " " "	6.25	..... NOW	3.75
4 Ft. by 7 Ft.	SOFA RUG		10.25	..... NOW	6.00

All Grades of CARPETS in this Dept. sold at a saving of 25%.

Chicago Carpet Co.

WABASH & MONROE.

...ARTICLES
...HE TOILET
...EDUCED.
...ALE
...et Paper, medi-
...ed, roll or pkg.
5c.
Worth 10c.
FEATHER DUSTERS,
10c.
...orth 25c.
...DICINE
...ASSES,
...5c.
...Co.
ARTICLES
...day.
...org's Opal Cologne,
45c.
...GER & GALLET'S
...U DE COLOGNE,
50c.
Bay Tree Bay Rum,
18c.
...RAY & LANMAN'S
...ORIDA WATER,
45c.
...ld's Cream Dentifrice
18c.
...ANS,
...welry
...NSPECTION.
...VALUES.
...E
...OES
OUR PRICE,
...$2.69.
Friday.
...ORNER.
...UGS!
...EPT.
Price This Week.
NOW $ .90
NOW 1.50
NOW 2.00
NOW 2.75
NOW 3.75
NOW 6.00
...of 25%
...Co.

Pages 9 to 12.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1890—TWELVE PAGES.

BITTER ATTACK ON QUAY

MR. KENNEDY OF OHIO DENOUNCES THE PENNSYLVANIA SENATOR.

The Congressman's Disappointment Over the Fate of the Election Bill Calls Forth a Fierce Harangue Against the Senate and Its Methods—Evarts and Edmunds Not Enthusiastic Over Reciprocity—International Arbitration—Miscellaneous Capital Gossip.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—During the discussion in the House today on the Clayton-Breckinridge case Mr. Kennedy of Ohio took occasion to pay his respects to Senator Quay. Mr. Kennedy drew from the details of the Clayton-Breckinridge case the conclusion that a Federal election law should be enacted. He reflected severely upon the Senators who have been opposed to the Lodge bill. For himself, confident in the doctrines of the Republican party, fully committed to the principles of that party, he must forever dissent from the cowardly surrender which hauls down the flag and strikes the colors of the Republican party to a defeated foe. Continuing he said:

The cloak of Senatorial courtesy has been used to hide the infamy and corruption which have dishonored and disgraced a body which was once the grandest in the land. The cloak of Senatorial courtesy has become a stench in the nostrils and a by-word in the mouths of all the honest citizens in the land. It makes a cloak behind which ignorant and arrogant wealth can purchase its way to power, and then hide its cowardly head behind the shameless protection of Senatorial silence. It means a cloak which shall cover up from the public gaze of an outraged people the infamies which demand investigation and which merit the punishment of broken laws and violated statutes. It means a cloak behind which petty party bickerings may barter away a party's principles and play the demagogue in the face of the people. It means a cloak behind which pretended fairness hides its dishonest head while in secret it is trading and trafficking in the rights and liberties of the people. It means a cloak under which not only the timid but the cowardly politition can cover up his tracks and be either foul or fair as the necessity demands. The hour for Senatorial courtesy has passed. The ox-team of Senatorial progress must give way to the motor of a more enlightened and progressive and determined age. Let the old and threadbare cloak of Senatorial courtesy be hung up with the sickle and the flail of a bygone day.

Referring to the betrayal of Christ by Judas, Mr. Kennedy said:

It was meet and fitting that Judas should be paid the 30 pieces of silver: it was still a part of the eternal fitness of things that, having been guilty of the basest crime of all the centuries, he should go out and hang himself. History is repeating itself. The great party of the Republic, having lived for thirty-five years, has never yet assisted in riveting the shackles on a human being, and now, when it was to be expected that it would redeem its pledges and be faithful to its history, it is about to prove false, and the repeated promises are not to be redeemed.

Attack on Senator Quay.

It comes victorious from every field and if it fails now it finds in its own party those who are faithless to the trust reposed in them. If it is to be crucified it is only because its chosen leaders have bartered away its principles for the tricks and petty schemes of politicians. The Judas Iscariot of 2,000 years ago is to find a counterpart in the Judas Iscariot of today. The Judas who took the thirty pieces of silver and went and hanged himself has left an example for the Matt Quays that is well worthy of their imitation.

Some time since I stood in my place on this floor and denounced a Senator from a State because, when charged with corruption and branded with infamy, he did not arise in his seat and demand an investigation and inquiry that should establish the purity of his actions and his personal honor. One other occupying a high place in the councils of the party to which I belong has suffered himself month in and month out to be charged with crimes and misdemeanors for which, if guilty, he should have been condemned under the law of his State and have had meted out to him the fullest measure of its punishment. This man is a Republican; shall I now remain silent? Is it just and honest to remain in my seat silent because one who is accused of crimes and refuses to seek for vindication is a Republican, and that Republican the recognized leader of my party? Neither decency nor honor would permit me to do so. I do not know whether the charges made against the Chairman of the National Republican Committee are true or false, but I do know that they have been made by journals of character and standing again and again, and I do know that in the face of these charges Matt Quay has remained silent, and has neither sought nor attempted to seek opportunity to vindicate himself of them. I do know that as a great Republican leader he owed it to the great party at whose head he was either to brand them as infamies or to prove their falsity, or he owed it to that party to stand aside from its leadership. He has not done either, and for this I denounce him. The Republican party cannot afford to follow the lead of a branded criminal. He has failed to justify himself, and though opportunity and ample time have been given him he remains silent.

His silence under such circumstances is the confession of guilt. An honorable man does not long dally when his honor is assailed. He has delayed too long to justify the belief in his innocence, and he stands a convicted criminal before the bar of public opinion. Under such circumstances he should be driven from the head of a party whose very life his presence imperils. The Republican party has done enough for its pretended leader. Let him be relegated to the rear. It is no longer a question of his vindication; it is now a question of the life of the party itself.

Debate in the House.

When the House assembled, on motion of Mr. Cannon of Illinois, Mr. Burrows of Michigan was elected Speaker pro tem. and took the chair amid applause from both sides.

Mr. Mansur (Mo.) reported a resolution authorizing a subcommittee of the Committee on Territories to proceed to Arizona and New Mexico to inquire into the social, educational, financial, and moral conditions existing in those Territories and to report whether they are prepared for statehood. Also to visit Utah and inquire into the extent of celestial marriages in that Territory.

Mr. Buchanan (N. J.) objected to its consideration.

The House then proceeded to the further consideration of the Clayton-Breckinridge case.

Mr. Bergen (N. J.) resumed his argument in favor of the unseating of Breckinridge.

After depicting the assassination of Clayton he criticised Breckinridge for not resigning his seat and thereby disowning the advantage he had gained from murder. He had not done so, but had stood by those who had stood by him at the death.

Was Mr. Breckinridge a party to the conspiracy which ended in the tragedy? He trusted not. He was almost ready to say that he believed not. He would feel very sad to make any statement on this floor as terrible as that. But it had been in Beckinridge's power to save the life of Clayton. Had he done it? It was said he had. He (Bergen) trusted that he had, but the gentleman evaded saying so.

Mr. Crisp of Georgia said the whole majority report was founded upon "suspicion," and not upon "proof." He quoted as the "milk in the cocoanut" the following extract:

The necessity for the enactment of some laws which will prevent ballot-box stealing and murder from conferring a prima facie title to a seat in Congress is evident from the result in this contest. Had such laws been in force as would have prevented the contestee from taking his seat with such a title, no one would have attempted to confer such title by stealing the ballot-box.

There had been one ballot-box stolen, but giving to Clayton every vote contained therein there would have been no change in the prima facie case. The certificate had been given to Breckinridge long before the said assassination of Clayton. Whether Clayton were dead or alive would not have interferred with the organization of the House. The certificate had been issued by the lawful authorities before the death of Clayton, and if that gentleman had lived he would have been here simply as a contestant.

Mr. Crisp gave notice that he would at the proper time move to recommit the pending resolutions, with instructions to the Committee on Elections to ascertain whether Mr. Breckinridge or Mr. Clayton received a majortiy of the votes cast at the election.

Mr. Lacey of Iowa replied to Mr. Crisp and criticised the minority report.

Mr. Outhwaite of Ohio argued in support of the sitting member retaining his seat.

Mr. Kelly of Kansas spoke in favor of the majority report.

The Breckinridge case went over and the House adjourned.

RECIPROCITY TALK IN THE SENATE.

Edmunds and Evarts Not Carried Away with the Idea.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—A written communication from the Oswego Board of Trade contradicting a statement of the Secretary of Agriculture on the subject of the production of barley was presented to the Senate this morning by Mr. Evarts, who asked that it be printed in the *Congressional Record*. Objection to that was made but 500 copies were ordered printed for immediate distribution. Mr. Rusk's statement was that barley is the only cereal of which there is not raised a sufficiency for home consumption. The denial is to the effect that the annual production of the United States is about 60,000,000 bushels and that the quantity used last year for malting purposes was less than 45,000,000. Ten million bushels had been imported from Canada—the quality being superior for malting purposes to that of the United States barley.

Mr. Call offered a resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, declaring that the murder of Gen. Barrundia on the steamer Acapulco, by the authorities of Guatemala while under the protection of the flag of the United States was an insult to the people of the United States, and demanded prompt action by the Government of the United States for the redress of that injury and for security against the recurrence of such cases.

The Tariff bill was taken up, the sugar schedule being under consideration.

Mr. Edmunds addressed the Senate. He referred to an assertion in Mr. Vance's speech last evening, that the farmer bore all the burden of customs duties, while he had no benefit from them. That Senator had named a variety of articles that were on the free list; but he had not named the article of mica, found in North Carolina, on which there is a duty.

Mr. Vance—There is no duty on mica in this bill.

Mr. Edmunds—Then there ought to be.

Mr. Rance—Put it there.

Mr. Edmunds—He did not speak of the duty on tobacco, nor of the duty on rice, which the farmers of North Caroline raised. He forgot the lumber interest of North Carolina. He shut his eyes to the importance of the pitch and tar and turpentine that have given such a wholesome and odorous name to the people of that State.

Mr. Vance—They are put on the free list also, and the duty on rice is reduced.

Mr. Edmunds—Well, let us unite to put them where they belong. The fact is that the farmer of North Carolina is, in respect to every material interest, precisely in the condition of the farmer of Vermont, and if a tariff is bad for the farmer of North Carolina it is bad for the farmer of Vermont.

Little Faith in Reciprocity.

Coming to the question of reciprocity, Mr. Edmunds recalled the history and the practical operation (injurious to the United States) of the Canadian reciprocity treaty of 1854. He opposed the placing of sugar on the free list, and as to reciprocity with Central and South America said that the demand of a country for commodities did not depend as much upon numbers as upon the state of its society, its wealth, and its civilization. When he looked at any Central American or South American State he thought (speaking with reserve and conservatism) that any one hundred average people in North America had during the last year consumed more of the products, merchandise, food, and clothing that go to make up the comfort and luxury and happiness of mankind than any one thousand average people in the Central or South American States. Therefore the expectation of the United States being able to dispose of a large increase of its products here was, in his opinion, one of the greatest illusions that brilliant men or sober statesmen had lately fallen into. He did not mean by that, however, that he was not willing and glad to try it on the plan of receiving any of the products of those countries which the United States did not produce and giving to them products which they did not produce.

Mr. Morgan addressed the Senate in support of the amendment heretofore proposed by him as a substitute for Mr. Aldrich's reciprocity amendment. It provides for a duty of 3 per cent ad valorem on corn, wheat, rye, barley, oats, hay, straw, potatoes, cotton, live domestic animals, and on asses, mules, and horses, and that when any of such articles are exported a premium of 3 per cent shall be paid on their value to the owner.

Voorhees Denounces the Bill.

Mr. Voorhees addressed the Senate. He compared the Senator who supported the pending bill but who withdrew from the Senate Chamber when its iniquities were being exposed, to the rapacious crow who stole his corn, but got away without listening to the argument of the farmer's shotgun. The bill, he said, was full of nuggets of gold for the manufacturer, but was as barren of fruit for the poor man as the tree that was cursed by the Savior.

Most of Mr. Voorhees' speech was devoted to a vivid and picturesque denunciation of the McKinley bill as the anti-Christ of all preceding legislation.

Mr. Evarts spoke of the various reciprocity amendments and criticised them as being objectionable under the "favored nation" clause of international treaties. If Brazil should give to the United States any better terms than she gave to Great Britain the latter would turn round and say "How is this? We are entitled to all the benefits of the most favored nation." It would not do to plead that novelty in public law; "this is a non-competing nation." Was it, he asked, written in the bond that a different rule applied to competing and to non-competing nations? No publicist, he said, could stand in that position.

He concluded by saying: "Make your tariff as you think right. Let others make theirs as they think right. And when you reach, as England has reached, the position that you can devour the substance of other nations better by free trade than you can preserve your own substance by protection, then change your laws."

Mr. Gray complimented Mr. Hale on his amendment, which meant nothing less than absolute free trade throughout the Western Hemisphere from the Arctic Ocean to Cape Horn—including Cuba, Porto Rico, and (if necessary) Canada.

Mr. Hale corrected the statement as to Canada, and said that he had never had any intention of including that country.

"Then," said Mr. Gray, "your proposition is only less comprehensive, less promising, and less statesmanlike than I had supposed."

There was but a small attendance of Senators at the evening session, which was mainly occupied by Mr. Pierce in a speech advocating the idea of reciprocity.

The Senate at 9:45 adjourned until tomorrow at 10 a. m.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

The Recommendations of the Pan-American Conference Transmitted to Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—The President today transmitted to Congress the recommendations of the International American Conference touching international arbitration, together with a letter of transmittal from Secretary Blaine. In his letter the Secretary says:

The act of Congress, approved May 24, 1888, authorized the President to invite the several other Governments of America to join the United States in a conference "for the purpose of discussing and recommending for adoption some plan of arbitration for the settlement of disagreements and disputes that may hereafter arise between them." In pursuance of this invitation the conference recently in session at this Capital adopted three reports:

1. Recommending a definite plan of arbitration for the settlement of differences between the American nations.
2. Recommending the adoption of a similar plan by the nations of Europe.
3. Declaring that the right of conquest could not be recognized by the American nations.

The President in his letter says: "The ratification of the treaties contemplated by the reports will constitute one of the happiest and most hopeful incidents in the history of the Western Hemisphere."

PURCHASES OF SILVER BULLION.

Secretary Windom Will Adhere Strictly to the Letter of the Law.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—Secretary Windom and the Director of the Mint had a consultation this afternoon in regard to the new Silver law, one result of which was a decision that the department will purchase 4,500,000 ounces each month, reckoning from Aug. 13, the date when the law took effect. It was suggested that the department purchase 54,000,000 ounces a year and merely average the monthly purchases. But this plan was thought to be open to objection, and it was decided to adhere strictly to the letter of the law. This action accounts for the comparatively light purchases today, as the total purchases since the 13th ult. amount to within 250,000 ounces of the monthly quota, with ten days remaining within which to complete it.

The silver offerings to the Treasury Department today amounted to 2,008,500 ounces. The amount purchased was 300,000 ounces, as follows: One hundred thousand ounces at $1.19¼; 200,000 ounces at $1.19.

SENATOR GIBSON'S SUGAR SCHEDULE.

The Proposed Substitute for the Provisions in the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—The substitute for the sugar schedule of the Tariff bill intended to be proposed by Senator Gibson provides for levying the following duties: On all sugars not above No. 13, sirups, and molasses, testing by polariscope not above 75°, 7-10 of 1 cent per pound; for every additional degree, 2-100 of 1 cent; all sugars between No. 13 and No. 16, 1¾ cents per pound; between No. 16 and No. 20, 1⅞ cents per pound. Above No. 20, 2 cents per pound. Molasses, testing above 50°, 4 cents per gallon. Provided, that if any export duty be laid on sugar or molasses by any country from which it may be imported, such sugar or molasses shall be subject to duty as now provided by law. Sugar, candy, and all confectionery made wholly or in part of sugar valued at 12 cents or less a pound, and refined sugars, tinctured, colored, or in any way adulterated, 5 cents per pound. All other confectionery, 50 per cent ad valorem. Glucose, ⅝ of a cent per pound.

GENERAL WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Kearsarge Ordered to Proceed at Once to Aspinwall.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 3.—Orders were issued by the Navy Department today for the United States steamer Kearsarge, now at New York, to proceed at once to Aspinwall. It is supposed that this action is based upon rumors of a threatened railroad strike at that place. Information to that effect has been received at the State Department from Consul-General Adamson at Panama. The latter said he heard the rumors through the Consul at Aspinwall, and that he had requested the Colombian authorities to protect American interests in the event of trouble, and had been assured that it would be done.

The Raum Investigation.

The Raum Investigating Committee today discussed for two hours propositions that the investigation be again begun, and that the Commissioner be instructed to furnish a list of all his appointments and a statement to show whether Washington pension attorneys had received preference over others or over claimants without attorneys. No conclusion was reached, and the committee adjourned till tomorrow.

Reduction of the Public Debt.

A prominent treasury official said today that while it was true that the statement of the public debt for August showed a net decrease, less cash in the Treasury, of only $883,073 it was also true that the bonded debt had been reduced $19,847,200 during the same period by the purchase of bonds.

Approved by the President.

The President has approved the act for a bridge across the Little Tennessee River near Niles Ferry, Tenn.; the act for a bridge across the Missouri River between the City of St. Charles, Mo., and the County of St. Louis, Mo.; and a number of private pension bills.

St. Paul Census Returns.

The Census Bureau today forwarded to the Attorney-General the schedules of twenty-three districts in St. Paul. These schedules will form a part of the record in the cases against enumerators charged with padding the returns.

John W. Ross Nominated.

The President today sent the nomination to the Senate of John W. Ross, to be Commissioner of the District of Columbia. Mr. Ross is at present Postmaster of Washington, and is a Democrat.

Bond Purchases.

The Secretary of the Treasury today purchased $63,650 4½s under circular of Aug. 30.

COMMERCIAL RECIPROCITY.

Not a New Departure, but in Exact Harmony with the Policy of the Party.

Sioux City (Ia.) *Journal*: It is not saying too much to assert that the best practical thought of the party is rapidly resolving itself upon the policy of reciprocity, and it is not venturesome to presume upon the support of the country when this issue is fairly tried and fought out.

Reciprocity has come in good time and in the logical order. It is, in fact, only one stage of the great policy which the country under the Republican party has been illustrating for a third of a century and which has caused a development the like of which was never seen before since time began. But it is important to remember that reciprocity is no new departure. It is in exact harmony with the whole course of Republican tariff legislation from the day when it came into control of the National Government. It is merely an extension of the same policy in accordance with which the free list has been steadily enlarged by the remission of duties on all articles in which it is to the interest of this country to have free trade. The Republican party has rapidly reduced the war taxes, but in doing this it has followed the principle that care should be taken to discriminate between home and foreign interests. Thus, instead of there being war taxes on all our imports, there was last year absolute free trade in one-third of the prodigious total.

But it was Republican free trade, in broad contrast with Democratic free trade. It was free trade that did not sacrifice the home market. That did not rob the American farmer of his best customers, nor expose the American manufacturer to injurious competition. The fundamental position of the Democratic party is that the Government has nothing to do with any of these considerations, and that the tariff should be for "revenue only."

Now we have come upon a time when there can be a still further extension of this policy. We have reached a stage of the development of the protective policy wherein it can be successfully applied to foreign trade. Indeed, we have in the meantime built up an immense and profitable foreign trade, in addition to holding the home market. It may serve the demagogical purposes of the Democratic press to ridicule the present foreign trade of the United States, but it is clearly a commerce of vast magnitude and worth. But the opportunity is opening up, if wise counsels prevail, to extend foreign exchanges beyond the dreams of any other nation on the face of the earth—to enlarge the markets for the products of the American farmer and for the fabricated products of the American manufacturer. That opportunity lies in reciprocity.

But it involves the same issue that has been the bone of contention between political parties for more than a third of a century. The Democratic party now, as heretofore, is pledged to free trade. It is opposed to protection to American interests as applied to foreign markets the same as it has been opposed to protection to American interests as applied to the home market. There is absolutely no difference in principle.

The way before the Republican party is clear. It should go straight ahead. If its policy from its organization has been right then the policy of reciprocity is right. It is right because it is practical. It is right from the standpoint of American interest. It is right in the light of experience. The same policy has saved the home market. It has developed our National resources and diversified our industries. It will now further develop them by the opening of foreign markets. No sane man can doubt that if the Democratic instead of the Republican policy had been followed the result would have been most disastrous, and there is no more ground for doubt that indiscriminate free trade would be equally disastrous in the future.

There is already abundant evidence that reciprocity affords common ground for all Republicans to stand upon. The West and East, the manufacturer, the laborer, and the agricultural producer, can meet on this broad platform of reform and patriotic common sense. And it is significant that the Western Republican papers that have been most insistent for reform of the tariff, like THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE and the St. Paul *Pioneer-Press* are the foremost advocates of the extension of the protective policy under the form of reciprocity. [The New York *Tribune*, Buffalo *Express*, Boston *Journal*, Cincinnati *Gazette*, and St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* also have wheeled into line.] Nor is it less certain that a considerable portion of the Democratic party, that portion which has always opposed tariff for revenue only, will give aid to the Republican party in critical times, as it has done heretofore.

DISTINGUISHED HOTEL GUESTS.

E. Cotteau at the Sherman—Excursionists Returning from Alaska.

E. Cotteau, a noted French traveler and author of "From Paris to Japan Through Siberia," "Sojournings in Two Americas," and other works of travel and adventure, was at the Sherman House yesterday.

A party of eighty people of wealth, mostly from Boston and Philadelphia, returning from a fifty-day excursion to Alaska, stopped at the Sherman House yesterday. Among them were John Rogers, Gen. Alexander Henderson, Chief Engineer of the United States Army; Gen. John S. Berry of Baltimore, the Hon. Stillman B. Allen of Boston, and Gen. I. J. Wister, who was in the service of the Hudson Bay Fur company in Seattle when there was but one house there.

Sherman—Alexander Henderson and wife, Chief Engineer United States navy, Washington; J. T. Keen and wife, Philadelphia; J. Dundas Lippencott and wife, Philadelphia; Stillman B. Allen, Boston; E. F. Ames and wife, Montreal; John S. Berry, Baltimore; Dr. L. W. Clapp, Pawtucket, R. I.; William Hayes, London, England; E. Cotteau, Paris, France; Dr. Crommslow, New South Wales, Australia; Charles O. Perkins, Sitka, Alaska.

Grand Pacific—E. W. Johnson, Denver, Colo.; O. M. Amstead, Grand Rapids; Joe Fischer and wife, Big Springs, Tex.; Robert C. Pew, Pittsburg; Henry H. Glegg, Cleveland, O.; J. S. Loose, Kansas City; W. W. Allen and wife, Milwaukee; W. W. Rycroft, Bradford, England.

Leland—Frank Beard and wife, Aberdeen, S. D.; H. S. McCollum, Salt Lake City; J. Martin Miller, New York; Miss Lillie Bronnson, Louisville, Ky.; George H. Tarbell, Tacoma, Wash.; E. Ramsey, Miles City, Wash.; E. T. Higgin, New York.

Auditorium—J. H. Colburn, Boston; W. C. Whittamore, Washington, D. C.; A. P. Hyde and wife, Hartford, Conn.; A. W. Friese, Milwaukee; Horace P. Deacon, Philadelphia; Sam Hunter and wife, Shreveport, La.

Tremont—B. Franklin and wife, Boston; B. E. Franklin, Minneapolis; Miss C. Call, St. Paul; M. Lennox, New York; George B. Shaw, Lexington, Ky.; Charles Crawford, Dubuque, Ia.

Richelieu—G. B. Bryant, New York; Mrs. J. M. Brown, Galveston, Tex.; A. L. Reid, Philadelphia; J. K. Watterman, St. Louis; Charles S. Clark, New York.

But More for the Republicans.

Davenport *Democrat*: With George W. Peck as their candidate for Governor there will be fun for the Wisconsin Democrats.

It Looks That Way.

Baltimore *American*: It really seems that everybody is coming out in favor of reciprocity.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., SEPT. 3.—[SPECIAL.]—The Secretary of State today issued licenses to incorporate the following companies:

Gillette Electric Gate company; location, Chicago; to manufacture and vend electric gates for drawbridges, railway crossings, etc.; capital stock, $1,000,000; incorporators, Harleigh Gillette, Ernest L. Prussing, Benjamin Stickney, and Robert H. Gillette.

Highland F. M. B. A. Elevator company; location Highland; to deal in grain, live stock, and farm produce; capital stock $7,000; incorporators, Jones Tonz, Frank Lorenz, Edward Lorenz, and others.

Red Star Mining company; location, Chicago; to conduct a general mining and milling business; capital stock $750,000; incorporators, W. T. Haines, E. A. Bigelow, and William S. Everett.

Will L. Thompson & Co.; location, Chicago; publishing sheet music and musical books and dealing in musical merchandise; capital stock, $40,000; incorporators, Will L. Thompson, Charles F. Thompson, and Jacob E. Way.

Burt's Electric Light, Fuel, and Power company; location, Chicago; manufacture of arc light and incandescent dynamos, lamps, motors, etc.; capital stock, $5,000,000; incorporators, Jennie L. Bennitt, Allan S. Bennitt, and Martin C. Burt.

Thomas J. Tipton company; location, Chicago; to conduct a general meat packing and curing business; capital stock, $250,000; incorporators, William J. Campbell, Hugh Shiells, and Joseph A. Griffen.

Quartz Gravel Mining company, Plumas County, California; location, Chicago; to mine and mill gold ores; capital stock, $1,000,000; incorporators, W. P. Beem, A. T. Zeman, and George H. Taylor.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

THE FOLLOWING TRANSFERS OF CITY PROPerty for $1,000 and upwards were filed for record Wednesday, Sept. 3:

Garfield blvd, s w cor of Butterfield st, n f, 50x100 ft, dated Aug. 18 (J. Weil to J. Curran)....$8,500
Bunker st, 110 ft e of Clinton, s f, 23x122¾ ft, dated Sept. 3 (V. Buresch to J. Miller)....8,425
Shober st, 271 ft n of North av, e f, 25x124¾ ft, dated Sep. 3 (C. M. Beyer to H. Heider)....2,000
Breslau st, 116 ft n of Haulburg, w f, 28x100 ft, dated July 14 (F. B. Smith to M. Burke)....1,500
The premises No. 157 West Fourteenth st, dated Aug. 26 (H. K. Love to E. Brown)....3,000
Ogden av, 82 ft w of Spaulding, n w f, 50x127 ft, dated July 29 (F. E. Talbot to F. W. Dorn Jr.)....2,550
Grand boulevard, 100 ft s of Forty-first st, w f, 50x175 ft, dated Aug. 2 (Walter Lister to G. K. Dyas)....11,250
Seminary av, 224½ ft s of Noble, w f, 37½x124 ft, dated Sept. 1 (P. Galke to J. Artmaier)....8,250
Dashiel av, 192 ft s of Thirty-fifth st, e f, 24x123¾ ft, dated Sept. 2 (E. Rule to W. Schmidt)....1,400
Humboldt blvd, 72 ft w of Linden av, s f, 48x166 ft, dated Sept. 1 (G. Siegfried to P. P. Powell)....1,400
St. Lawrence av, 210 ft n of Forty-sixth st, e f, 25x120 ft, dated July 2 (A. W. Street to C. Batsch)....750
South Clark st, n e cor of Fourteenth st, w f, 41¾x100 ft, dated Sept. 1 (J. O'Brien to H. H. Porter)....26,000
Elk st, 256¾ ft n w of Ashland av, n e f, 24x100 ft, dated Sept. 2 (H. Katschke to H. Schevndeow)....3,500
Cottage Grove av, 275 ft s of Sixty-seventh st, e f, 25x121 ft, dated April 26 (M. H. Hawke to A. J. and H. B. Mitchell)....1,125
Carroll av, 50 ft e of Robey st, n f, 25x123½ ft, dated Sept. 1 (L. P. Fiestedt to A. Carlson)....1,600
Stony Island av, n w cor of Grand Terrace, e f, 35x125 ft, dated July 30 (F. Ferguson to Max Wolff)....2,275
Clark st, 48 ft s of Bryn Mawr av, w f, 48x362 ft, dated July 25 (E. and M. Boshert to C. Keller)....2,300
Avenue "J," 49 ft s of 103d st, e f, 100x125 ft, dated July 2 (H. Hobbs to J. A. Hartmann)....3,000
Avenue "J," s w cor of 103d st, e f, 49x125 ft, dated July 28 (E. Maynard to same)....1,700
Fifty-sixth st, 72¾ ft e of Wright st, s f, 24x140 ft, dated Aug. 29 (H. W. Ames to C. E. O. Thomas)....2,600
Juniata av, s w cor of Eighty-fifth st, und, ⅛ of 20 acres exc R. R. and sts, dated March 25 (Brosseau & Booth to J. L. Schaffer)....14,701
Perry av, near s w cor of Sixty-sixth st, e f, 50x134 ft, dated Sept. 1 (S. E. & W. G. Farrar to H. C. Draper)....5,500
Poucher av, 248¾ ft s of Sixtieth st, w f, 25x125 ft, dated Aug. 27 (A. Jernberg to G. W. Brooks)....1,350
Turner st, 47¾ ft n of Sixtieth, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Aug. 15 (same to L. E. Young)....3,250
West Kinzie st, n e cor of Carpenter, s f, 45x116 ft, dated May 15 (S. A. Hitchcock to P. H. Adams)....4,300
Star av, n w cor of Sixty-fourth st, e f, 38 ft to alley, dated Aug. 27 (L. Hoyt to E. T. Neeb)....3,200
Worthen av, 96 ft s of West Nineteenth st, e f, 25x123¾ ft, dated April 15 (Sawyer & Lombard to H. Von der Heydt)....1,000
Mitchell av, s e cor of Wabansia, w f, 37 7-10x118 ft, imp, dated Aug. 15 (C. P. Johnson to J. Jacobsen)....2,400
N. Halsted st, 170½ ft n of Wrightwood av, w f, 25x145½ ft, dated July 31 (F. G. Corning to F. A. Miller)....1,650
Winter st, 398¾ ft s of Sixty-eighth st, w f, 25x160 ft, dated Aug. 27 (H. W. Wiley to A. W. Sterrett)....3,500
S. Chicago av, bet Sixty-eight and Sixty-ninth sts, n e f, 25x125 f, dated July 29 (H. and J. J. Morrissey to A. J. Hart)....1,100
Seventieth st, 100 ft w of Webster av, n f, 32x100 ft, improved, dated Aug. 27 (R. L. Price to E. H. Carleton)....4,200
Wrightwood av, s e cor of Central av, 10 acres, dated Aug. 5 (The Coddington Savings Bank to G. C. Loucke)....7,000
Laughton st, s w cor of Coulter st, triangle of 153 ft to Coulter st, dated July 7 (A. Benes to F. Musilek)....2,800
Vincennes av, near Thirty-sixth st, w f, 52x200 ft, dated Sept. 13 (H. Kolbe to L. E. Fextor)....12,000
Desplaines st, s w cor of Fifty-first st, e f, 99x125 ft, dated Sept. 3 (same to same)....10,000
Parmelee st, bet Leavitt and Oakley sts, s f, 25x124 ft, dated Aug. 30 (T. and L. Moszcynska to P. Schweltzer)....20,050
Ewing st, 265 ft e of Halsted st, n f, 25x119 ft, dated Sept. 1 (M. and A. Vranek to M. Wranek)....4,000
Winthrop av, n w cor of Berwyn, e f, 99¾x150 ft, dated March 25 (J. A. McDowell to A. Brooks)....4,000
State st, n e cor of Seventh-sixth, w f, 399¼x160 ft, dated Sept. 1 (E. Krautwurst to J. G. Egglers)....16,000
North Hoyne av, 128¾ ft n of Thomas st, e f, 25x108 ft, dated Aug. 19 (H. Ehlers to B. Jacobson)....1,280
Michigan av, near Fifty-second st, w f, 50x161 ft, dated Aug. 26 (A. E. Edwards to E. H. Norton)....7,250
California av, 250 ft s of Thompson st, w f, 50x128 ft, dated Aug. 30 (estate of K. H. Kaufmann to J. C. Grist)....2,150
Wentworth av, n e cor of Seventy-sixth st, w f, 50x125¾ ft, also Perry av, s w cor of Seventy-sixth st, e f, 50x125¾ ft, dated Sept. 2 (A. Bouton to J. W. Howe)....1,600
Seventy-fifth st, 67 ft e of Spencer av, n f, 50x120 ft, dated July 3 (J. Rhodes to R. J. Saunders)....1,750
Lots on first st e of Spencer av, bet Seventy-fifth and Seventy-sixth sts, e f, 50x125 ft, dated Aug. 1 (same to J. G. Weart)....1,750
Seventy-fifth st, s e cor of Spencer av, n f, 67x120 ft, dated July 2 (same to same)....2,775
Oakdale av, 547 ft e of Evanston, s f, 50x140 ft, dated Aug. 1 (J. V. Le Moyne to S. A. Glasser)....5,000
Dunning st, 87 ft e of Racine av, s f, 18x124 ft, imp., dated Sept. 2 (A. R. Lill to J. Lill)....4,000
Lakeside av, 575 ft east of Sheffield, s f, 66x165 ft, dated Aug. 15 (P. Herdien et al. to J. G. Kircher)....3,960
State st, 174 ft s of Seventy-first, w f, 50x129 ft, dated July 30 (D. B. Scully to T. Fegan)....2,000
Delaware st, s w cor of W. Forty-ninth, n f, 125x125 ft; also Lots 8 to 12 and 31, 45, 46 in same sub, dated June 28 (C. H. Tebbetts to E. M. Conger)....3,510
Ridge av, 25 ft s of Victor st, e f, 75 ft to alley; also Lots 82, 83, 122, 124, 127, 164, and 165 in same sub, dated Sept. 1 (A. G. Wiese to M. Murphy)....6,349
Ashland av, s e cor of Kansas st, w f, 28x150 ft, dated Sept. 1 (H. A. Bradfish et al. to H. J. F. Koeritz)....8,000
Fifty-ninth st, 100 ft e of Pittsfield av, n f, 25x124 ft, dated July 15 (N. R. and F. M. Park to L. Werzichowsky)....2,500
Halsted st, 219 ft n of Graceland av, und ½ of 100 ft front, dated Aug. 15 (A. Anderson to H. L. Archer)....2,750
Luella av, s e cor of Seventy-sixth st, w f, 98x125 ft, dated July 28 (J. Cheatle to P. J. McDonagh)....1,005
Forest av, near Thirty-seventh st, w f, 125 ft to alley, dated Sept. 1 (H. Francisco to J. Montgomery)....11,800
Sixty-third st, n w cor of Madison av, e f, 150 ft to alley, dated Nov. 25, 1889 (E. Keith to A. A. Beebe)....13,500
Same property, dated July 26 (A. A. Beebe to W. T. Hill)....20,000
Seventh av, 100 ft s of Ninety-ninth st, e f, 50x125 ft, dated July 21 (A. F. M. McDowell to C. A. Carlson)....1,000
Wabash av, 50 ft s of Fortieth st, e f, 25x160 ft, dated Aug. 9 (R. Pabst to N. F. Sepple)....1,875
The premises No. 429 Chestnut st, dated Sept. 2 (F. H. Rood to G. A. Monroe)....2,250
Kedzie av, 175 ft n of Nineteenth st, w f, 25x123¾ ft, dated Aug. 1 (A. A. Bigelow to Deck & Breggies)....5,500
Butterfield st, 38 ft n of Thirty-third, e f, 25x96¼ ft; also Lot 5, Block 15, in S E ¼ N E ¼ Sec. 21, 38, 14; dated June 30 (J. S. Bartlett to Anna Bartlett)....8,000
Wilcox av, n e cor of West Forty-second st, e f, 50x121 ft, dated Aug. 9 (W. Trimble to E. Laughlin)....1,250
Oakdale av, between Seminary and Racine avs, s f, 96x122 ft, dated Aug. 29 (C. Kemnitz to C. Kemnitz Jr.)....4,000
Exchange av, 125 ft n of Eighty-eighth st, w f, 25x138¾ ft, dated June 27 (J. Bednarek to Catholic Bishop)....1,250
Houston av, 75 ft s of Eighty-eighth st, e f, 25x140 ft, dated June 27 (Catholic Bishop to J. Bednarek)....1,250
Aberdeen st, between Fifty-ninth and Sixtieth, e f, 25x125 ft, dated Sept. 3 (E. Oesterreicher J. H. Stewart)....1,500
W. North av, 124 ft e of Hancock av, s f, 50x136 ft, dated Aug. 25 (J. Delimont to A. Franke.)....1,500
Coles' av, 187 ft n of Seventy-eighth, w f, 100x200 ft, dated July 1 (J. N. Buchanan to F. H. Britton)....3,500
W. Jackson st, 267¼ ft w of Desplaines, s f, 49¾x165 ft, dated Aug. 27 (G. H. Holden to J. H. Walker)....2,500
Clinton st, s w cor of Mather, e f, 716x75 ft, dated Aug. 27 (G. H. Holden to J. H. Walker)....28,000
Grace av, n e cor of Seventy-fourth st, w f, 49¾x118 ft, dated Sept. 3 (J. Compton to S. H. Burgoyne)....1,500
Lakeside av, e of Sheffield av, s f, 150x165 ft, dated Aug. 23 (P. Herdien et al to F. D. Mitchel)....9,000
Lakeside av, adj above, s f, 50x165 ft, dated Aug. 15 (same to J. Marks)....3,000
The premises No. 843 Southport av, dated Sept. 1 (G. Eckart to J. Eckart)....2,000
Southport av, 72 ft n of Melrose st, e f, 24x125 ft, dated Sept. 1 (W. Eckart to same)....1,500
West Randolph st, 100 ft w of Peoria, s f, 25x100 ft, dated Sept. 1 (W. A. Ambers to E. Colter)....6,000
Winter st, 240 ft n of Seventy-seventh, w f, 40x125½ ft, dated June 26 (A. R. Myers to W. C. D. Gillespie)....1,600
Sixty-sixth st, 265 ft e of Stony Island av, n f, 80x125 ft, dated Aug. 1 (F. Voss to H. B. Wheeler)....10,000
West Eighteenth st, 125 ft w of Brown, n f, 25x100 ft, dated Sept. 1 (J. A. Esch to G. Back)....3,550
West Division st, 153 ft w of Rockwell, s f, 25x122 ft, dated Aug. 19 (J. E. Bergwardt to A. Giese)....1,450
Hastings st, 70 ft e of Laflin, s f, 24x124 ft, dated Sept. 2 (J. Casey to M. A. Casey)....2,500
That part of W. ½ S. E. ¼ Sec. 2, 38, 13 s of Center and Archer road and e of w 47 acres of W. ½ S. E. ¼, dated July 17 (M. S. and P. Thomas to R. W. Palton)....24,000
Evans av, bet Forty-third and Forty-fourth sts, e f, 25 ft to alley, dated Aug. 19 (C. C. Landt to C. E. Clark)....1,625
Throop st, 61 ft s of Fiftieth, w f, 25x124 ft, dated July 5 (J. T. Young to N. Liston)....1,200
Lot 23, Blk 25, Irving Park, dated Aug. 29 (M. J. Nichols to D. D. Mee)....6,000
Ashland av, n of Garfield boulevard, w f, 60x121 ft, dated Aug. 28 (H. B. Bogue to S. R. Stringham)....2,600

OUTSIDE SALES.

Blk 3, 8, 13 and e ½ of 11, Kimbark & Hubbard's Sec. 26, 39, 12 (W. A. Havemeyer to P. Svanson)....18,000
E ½ n w ¼ Sec. 1, 36, 14, 55 acres (J. Ingram to Wadleigh & Alden)....41,250

NEW SUBDIVISIONS.

North Paulina st, n e cor of Bloomingdale road, 125x96 ft; by P. Dalton.

Peterson av, s w cor of Evanston, one block; by W. D. Fisher.

Kedzie av, 194 ft s of Elston av, w f, 357x124 ft; by C. Fick.

The transfer mentioned yesterday of 160 acres, corner of Robinson avenue and One Hundred and Third street, for $60,000, should have read the southeast and southwest corners of Robinson avenue and One Hundred and Third street, only 120 acres, from James Croisdale to Albert Fisheil.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT ISSUED THE following permits yesterday:

Willard Sons and Bell Company, frame factory, Ninety-eighth street and Erie avenue, to cost $3,000.

S. Kugan, one and a half-story frame cottage, Superior and One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street, to cost $1,000.

August Johnson, one-story frame cottage, Ninety-fifth and Champlain street, to cost $1,000.

J. Pancochar, one-story brick cottage, No. 1044 Troy street, to cost $1,500.

S. Erdman, three-story brick flats, at No. 525 South Oakley avenue, to cost $5,000.

J. Zidek, two-story brick flats, at No. 979 Fairfield avenue, to cost $2,200.

W. C. Reebie, three-story brick livery-stable, at No. 546 Sheffield avenue, to cost $15,000.

E. Simonsen, three-story brick flats, at No. 300 Erie street, to cost $5,000.

Louis Horek, one-story brick cottage, at No. 1213 West Twenty-first street, to cost $1,000.

Thomas O'Grady, three-story brick stores and flats, at No. 179 Ohio street, to cost $9,000.

B. Coles, three-story brick stores and flats, at No. 173 Center street, to cost $10,000.

Harry Rubens, four-story brick flats, at Nos. 580-582 La Salle avenue, to cost $26,000.

D. H. Dymond, two two-story brick flats, corner Park avenue and Forty-third street, to cost $3,600.

D. H. Dymond, two-story brick and frame flats, Marvin and Forty-third streets, to cost $1,800.

Lewis Nelson, two-story frame flats, at No. 24 Bingham street, to cost $1,800.

A. Johnson, two-story frame flats, at No. 315 Fifty-eighth street, to cost $2,500.

C. H. Eich, two-story frame flats, at No. 5880 La Salle street, to cost $2,300.

George B. Randolph, two-story brick flats, at Sixty-first street and Wentworth avenue, to cost $5,000.

John Boleck, two-story brick flats, Butterfield and Fifty-seventh street, to cost $1,500.

LOST AND FOUND.

STOLEN—FROM HANNAH & HOGG'S, Halsted and Madison-sts., rangy 16¼ bay horse; knee sprung, interferes; black end spring common top buggy; buckles and saddle rings gold plated. SKINKLE, Telephone Transfer Co. 28 Canal-st.

LOST—FROM 31 47TH-ST., KENWOOD, A Yorkshire terrier; long silver hair; black in parting on back; short tail and ears; had red ribbon; named "Rex"; liberal reward for his return. FRED L. FAKE.

FOUND—A HANDSOME COLLIE DOG. Apply 617 First Nat. Bank Building.

LOST—ON CONGRESS-ST. OR OGDEN-AV. BEtween Loomis and Polk-sts., a black leather pocket-book containing $125.
A check to Harvey Edgerton, $500; a promissory note for $25, and other papers.
If the finder will return the same to DR. E. H. THURSTON (the name on the book in gilt letters), 519 Wabash-av., or 3018 Indiana-av., a suitable reward will be given.

LOST—TUESDAY, IN CHICAGO OYSTER-HOUSE, pair of eyeglasses set in tortoise-shell lorgnette. Return to Hotel Deming and get reward.

LOST—SUNDAY AT THE EDEN MUSEE OR BEtween Wabash-av. and Dearborn-st. on Madison, a diamond cluster pin, seven stones, chain and pin attached; not valued as a diamond but a relic. Finder please return to Eden Musee and name your own reward.

LOST—A PLAT OF A SUBDIVISION; FINDER please address HARRY GREENEBAUM, 79 Dearborn-st.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, BEtween 2 and 5, gentleman's scarf-pin with pendent opal. Any one finding the same will receive large reward by returning it to MRS. E. ROODE RICE, 386 North State-st.

LOST—WHITE ENAMEL VIOLET PIN WITH diamond center and leaves edged with diamonds. Return to MR. GEORGE SMITH, 615 Phenix Building, corner Clark and Jackson-sts., and receive reward.

LOST—ON DEARBORN-ST., BETWEEN ADAMS and Monroe or Adams, near Dearborn, gold bangle pin, with name "Katie." Reward will be paid for return to 392 South Leavitt-st.

LOST—SATURDAY, AUG. 30, FRATERNITY PIN, small gold key set in turquoise and diamonds with attachment. Address 3912 Vincennes-av.

LOST—A SUM OF MONEY ON ADAMS-ST., BEtween Dearborn and Clark; liberal reward. Address A B 173, Tribune office.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—IF CHRISTOF DORING, WHO LEFT Hanover, Germany, 11 years ago, and has not seen his family since, will address me I will be glad to give desired information. J. K. BRUSTER, Chicago P. O.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—DIAMONDS ARE AS GOOD PROPerty as real estate; am offering special inducements to purchasers during the summer months; terms as easy as you can get on real estate; goods delivered on first payment. GEO. E. MARSHALL, diamond importer. 110-112 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—A. L. WILLARD, M. D., PHYSICIAN and surgeon, 225 State-st., makes a specialty of diseases of the feet; instant and painless relief from corns, bunions, and ingrowing nails; satisfaction guaranteed or no charge for service; hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—THE TURKISH BATH IN McCOY'S Hotel, 125 E. Van Buren-st., has changed hands, has been put in excellent order, and will be found first-class in every respect; ladies' bath open from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.; gents' bath open day and night. G. C. SOMERS, M. D., Consulting Physician.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER WANTED—PARTIES ORGANIZING a laundry (joint stock company) want partner with several hundred dollars ready money. If you haven't looked into the laundry business in Chicago look this up. Address F 87, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN GROCERY STORE, 300 North Western-av.; only $500 required.

SILENT PARTNER WANTED WITH $750 IN A LEgitimate business, established 2½ years; 25 per cent guaranteed; money well secured. Address F 68, Tribune office.

WANTED—A PARTNER; SINGLE MAN WITH a little capital to take half-interest in manufacturing a new patent cream can and other useful articles; a tinsmith or cooper preferred. Address MATHIAS ABENTS, Bellevue, Jackson County, Ia.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $8,000 OR $10,000, BY a young man who has control of an extensive town-site business and large land and mining interests in the West. Young man preferred. Address, with references A O 63 Tribune office.

BOOKS.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD BOOKS, rare books, costly books, all kinds of books, libraries, cyclopedias, and magazines at SIZER & KIMBALL'S, 159 State-st., Palmer House.

BUSINESS CARDS.

REMOVAL—THE WADSWORTH-HOWLAND CO., manufacturers of paints, colors, and varnishes, painters' supplies and artists' materials of all kinds, have removed their salesroom to 207 State-st.; offices at factory at 127, 129, and 131 West Harrison-st.

ROOFING.

ALL KINDS OF TAR AND GRAVEL ROOFING done and old roofs repaired by J. WILKESFORD, 128 Washington-st., near La Salle-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper and dry goods man wishes a position with good house; best of references or bond. Address A B 182, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SHIPPING CLERK. City references. Address F 62, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SHIPPING CLERK OR collector; 10 years in present position. Address E 138, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED double-entry bookkeeper; good penman. Excellent recommendations from former employers; not afraid to work. Address F 57, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AS assistant bookkeeper and collector; experience and references. Address F 50, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN EXPErienced in bookkeeping and general office work, including collecting and corresponding. Address E 171, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED shipping clerk; first-class references. J. C. BAILEY, 2310 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A PRACTICAL BOOKkeeper; opening, balancing, or closing books, or adjusting complicated accounts; books written up weekly or monthly. Address F 20, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ELIGIBLE HOTEL clerk for position of trust in such; answer immediately; by the A. D. T. Co. H. C. DAVIS, 3827 Washington-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATIONS WANTED—ANY BUSINESS HOUSE gratuitously supplied with very expert stenographers, also those inexpert, yet accurate, from our advanced dictation class; some owning machines.
J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY STENOGRAPHER of six years' experience wishes dictation for an hour or two daily, same to be transcribed at her office; neat and correct work; highest references. Address E 17, Tribune office.

Salesmen.

SITUATION WANTED—TRAVELING SALESman with Western trade wants territory for implement house. Address F 43, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FURNITURE salesman of 5 years' experience; best of references given. Address E 156, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST-CLASS MEAT cook. FR. WASCIEWITZ, 1733 Sherman-place.

SITUATION WANTED—TO MASTER TAILORS—A position as coat, ladies' or general cutter; age 38; 18 years' experience. Address B. L., Box 900, Leominster, Mass.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, ETC. Address F 5, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS COACHman; can give best of references. Address F 4, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN—BY A married man; understands his business thoroughly; not afraid of work. Best of references. Address E 74, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; STRICTly sober and industrious; willing to be useful. Best city references. Address E 130, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—POSITION OF RESIdent buyer in New York for one or more houses; party having 25 years' experience in general merchandise. B G., P. O. Box 1196, New York.

SITUATION WANTED—$25 CASH TO A PARTY putting advertiser onto a job worth $12 per week; young man, good record, a hustler, and handy. Address E 146, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS houseman; can lay carpets, repair furniture, and hang curtains; first-class reference. Address F 61, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN FURNITURE STORE; inside work. Address F 67, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MAN WHO UNDERstands the care of horses and cows to do general work around the house. Address E 151, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—EMPLOYMENT OF ANY kind immediately by educated young lady; office work preferred. Address F 24, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATIONS WANTED—ANY BUSINESS HOUSE gratuitously supplied with very expert stenographers, also those inexpert, yet accurate, from our advanced dictation class; some owning machines.
J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

SITUATION WANTED—PERMANENT SITUAtion desired by experienced lady stenographer; Remington No. 2. Address F 15, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY AS TYPEwriter; first-class; references; hours 9 to 5. Address D M 32, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK OR GENERAL girl; references. 559 Madison-st., Flat A.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A WOMAN AS GOOD plain cook or general housework in a first-class family of two. Address 1912 Archer-av., cor. State.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SECOND GIRL; HAVE some experience; can give two years' reference from my present place, where am nurse. Call Thursday. 178 Elm-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL IN private family to do light general or second work. 52 De Koven-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GIRL IN PRIVATE family to do general or second work. 3530 Cottage Grove-av., in store.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A GOOD COOK OR general housework, with daughter to attend school half day and be useful also. 1051A Fulton-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COLORED WOMAN as cook; boarding-house or hotel. 1919 State.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GIRL TO DO GENERal or second work. 58 E. Superior-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY 2 GERMAN GIRLS, one as first-class cook, the other first-class waitress or second girl. 330 North Market-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COOK IN PRIVATE boarding-house. Call 137 28th-place.

Seamstresses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS SEAMstress in family or with dressmaker. Address 3256 La Salle-st., 3d floor.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED woman washing by the day, or work to take home. 3836 Butterfield-st.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—SUPERIOR PRIVATE family domestics of all nationalities furnished at SMITH'S THROOP-ST. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 8 AND 10 THROOP-ST., NEAR MADISON.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

WANTED—A COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER IN A wholesale clothing-house; state past experience and references. Address E 11, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER, man or woman; also office boy. Must furnish satisfactory references. Apply only between 10 and 11 at 124 Market-st. Para Rubber Shoe Co.

WANTED—A RELIABLE BOOKKEEPER AND correspondent at a moderate salary. Address F 44, Tribune office.

WANTED—BY A WHOLESALE HOUSE, A bright young man 18 to 20 years of age for general office work; must be competent and a good penman. Address, stating salary expected, F 2, Tribune.

WANTED—DRUGGIST—GERMAN; REGISTERed assistant, with privilege of attending college. State age, references, and salary expected. North Side. Address F 35, Tribune office.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO LEARN MEN'S furnishing goods business; best references required. Address F 21, Tribune office.

WANTED—GROCERY CLERK WELL ACQUAINted with the South Division; permanent and lucrative situation to a thoroughly good man; must have city references. Grant's Tea Store, 249 Clark.

WANTED—DRUG CLERK WITH 1 OR 2 YEARS' experience; must speak German. Apply to W. BEINSSEN, 156 West Randolph-st.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT YOUTH FOR OFfice work. Address, stating references, E 136, Tribune office.

WANTED—CLERKS AND STUDENTS. SEND for circulars; bookkeeping simplified; business methods and best shorthand. E 325, 113 Clark-st.

Stenographers.

WANTED—FOR GENERAL OFFICE WORK A stenographer and typewriter who is also a first-class penman; $50 per month. Address D 139, Tribune office.

WANTED—AT ONCE—TWO GENTLEMEN STEnographers, Remington operators; experienced, accurate, intelligent; $40, $50. 412 First National Bank Building.

WANTED—TYPEWRITER OPERATOR (REM. 2); short hours. Address F 9, Tribune office.

WANTED—A RAPID TYPEWRITER. 240 La Salle-st., Suite 61-62.

Salesmen.

WANTED—THREE (3) GOOD SALESMEN; MUST be hustlers, good money to good men, none others need apply. Call at room 78 Traders' Bldg., 8 and 10 Pacific-av.

WANTED—SALESMAN AT $75 PER MONTH salary and expenses to sell line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample; horse and team furnished free. Write at once for full particulars and sample case of goods free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass.

WANTED—AT ONCE—THREE TRAVELING salesmen with from $1,000 to $5,000 to invest in an established manufacturing business coming to Chicago; none but first-class men need apply. Address or call on A. M. H., No. 8 Wabash-av., from 10 a. m. to 12 o'clock. Address F 19, Tribune office.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BOOT AND SHOE house salesman in a wholesale shoe house. Address, with references and what house have worked for, F 65, Tribune office.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENTS' FURNISHing salesman to take charge of underwear department. 171 South Clark-st.

WANTED—AT ONCE—THREE A1 SALESMEN, who are hustlers, having a large acquaintance and influence which has not been developed, to act as general subdivision salesmen for a prominent real estate firm; experience in the business not essential; to the right parties most liberal commission will be paid. Address E 178, Tribune office.

WANTED—SALESMAN—A YOUNG MAN TO call on the foundry trade. Call on J. S. McCORMICK at Commercial Hotel today, 4 to 5 o'clock.

Boys.

WANTED—BOY ABOUT 15 YEARS OF AGE FOR office work; must reside with parents and bring references. Address F 57, Tribune office.

WANTED—BOY ABOUT 16 FOR GENERAL office work in a real-estate office; must write a good hand. Address F 150, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Boys.

WANTED—BOY TO TEND TELEPHONE AND make himself generally useful in coal office; wages, $5 per week. Address, giving references, F 60, Tribune office.

Designers.

WANTED—TODAY—A FIRST-CLASS ARCHItectural draughtsman. Room 849 Rookery.

Trades.

WANTED—GOOD MACHINISTS—ABOUT 50 machinists of all branches; wages for skilled men from 25 to 30 cents per hour, according to ability; piece-work rates enable a good man to earn one-third more; steady employment to reliable men; shop exceptionally comfortable to work in; all workmen paid weekly; an aid society, fostered by the company, assists its employes in case of sickness or accident; this establishment in past years has furnished steadier employment to its workmen than any other in Western Pennsylvania; good boarding at moderate rates will be provided for those who desire it or are not acquainted in Pittsburg. Further information may be obtained by calling at this company's agency in Chicago, 158 Lake-st., or by applying in person or by letter to the Westinghouse Machine company, corner Liberty and Twenty-fifth-sts., Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ENgineer by large retail house on State-st., using electric light plant. Address, giving experience, age, whether married or single, references, and salary wanted, A O 45, Tribune office.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS ARCHITECTURAL draughtsman at once. Call at Tul de Horvath, Architect's office, 333 63d-st., Engelwood, Ill.

WANTED—CRACKER-PEELER; GOOD WAGES; steady employment. Apply at Louisville Steam Bakery, No. 219 Ninth-st., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—CLOTH CUTTER FOR MERCHANT tailoring. 189 Clark-st.

WANTED—REED AND WILLOW WORKERS, roll-makers and framers. Address
National Carriage and Reed Company, 236 and 238 Pearl-st., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS MAN TO TAKE charge of a job printing office. Must be thoroughly capable of handling first-class job work and an energetic manager. Answer F 48, Tribune office.

WANTED—PAPER STOCK CUTTER AND GENeral work in printing office.
ROGERSON & STOCKTON, 186 Monroe-st.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS ROTARY PRESSMAN; also first-class feeder for Potter press. Goes Lithographing Co., 152 Monroe-st., City.

WANTED—CUTTERS—WHY IS IT EFFORTS are made to counterfeit the A. D. Rude new method of cutting? Did you ever hear of any one trying to counterfeit a bad dollar?

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COACHMAN. MUST have good references. Apply at Room 405 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—COACHMAN; GOOD, SOBER, INDUStrious man; must be a careful driver and understand his business thoroughly, and also understand the duties about a house. Address, with references, E 98, Tribune office.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COACHMAN; $25 month; good references. F 30, Tribune office.

WANTED—A TEAMSTER; STEADY WORK; APply at feed store, No. 4 Abbott Block, Austin, Ill.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A BUSINESS-MAN OF EXPERIENCE in securing, handling, and training agents, organizing sub-agencies, looking after news and periodical dealers, and to act as a general superintendent for a leading magazine; one who thoroughly understands the business and can give satisfactory references as to ability, business standing, and character can secure a desirable position. Lock Box 1,560, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—EDUCATED MEN IN EVERY SECtion of the United States accustomed to insurance, newspaper, commercial agency or biographical work, and able to earn $2,500 to $5,000, will learn of a new enterprise immensely popular and remunerative by applying
JAMES T. WHITE & CO., 765 Broadway, New York.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED BUILDING AND loan men. Apply to W. C. COLLINS, Rock Island, State Manager of Illinois for the People's of Minneapolis; best commissions paid.

WANTED—ACTIVE, INTELLIGENT MEN WITH some knowledge of building and loan and life-insurance business as solicitors in this city and every town in the State; first-class business and liberal inducements to good men. U. S. Investment and Endowment Co., 407 Royal Insurance Building.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS ADVANCE MAN for Opera Co. Address F 18, Tribune office.

WANTED—A MAN TO ACT AS TREASURER OF a dramatic company; must put up $300 in cash as security; can have interest in business or salary. Address F 13, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD COLLECTOR WITH $1,000 TO $2,000 cash; can make $75 per week and no risk; investigate. Address E 160, Tribune office.

WANTED—SEVERAL GOOD MEN TO PUT UP enameled letter signs, and several men to do advertising work. Apply Nos. 65-67 S. Water-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED OFFICE LADIES ON check work. Call at once. Leader, State and Adams.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY CLERK IN BAKERY. Apply at 61 Washington-st.

WANTED—LADY BOOKKEEPER, DOUBLE ENtry. PFEIL & BREDT, 127-29 State-st.

WANTED—SALESLADY; FOR DRY GOODS; pleasant location; West Side. Address, giving qualifications, M O 25, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

WANTED—CALIGRAPH OPERATOR FULLY competent who writes fair hand; state where formerly employed and salary expected. Address F 11, Tribune office.

WANTED—A LADY STENOGRAPHER WITH typewriter; state experience and salary wanted, and address F 69, Tribune office.

Domestics.

WANTED—GERMAN GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 275 West Jackson-st.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; small house; American family of 2. 392 Bowen-av.

WANTED—2703 WABASH-AV.—A GERMAN OR Scandinavian girl for second work and assist in laundry; best wages paid.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL TO COOK, wash, and iron; good wages; German or Swede. 404 W. Adams.

WANTED—COOK—FIRST-CLASS BOARDING-house, South Side; good manager. State references; refined widow lady preferred. F 26, Tribune.

WANTED—NICE, NEAT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of three. 229 Marshfield-av., near Jackson-st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK AND LAUNDRESS, with references; good wages paid. 568 Congress.

WANTED—A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. 4321 Ellis-av.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL OR WOMAN for general housework; three in family; wages $4. 411 East 41st-st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT COOK AND LAUNdress; also an experienced second girl; private family. Call at 377 W. Monroe-st. after 10 o'clock a. m.

WANTED—COMPETENT SECOND GIRL; REFerence required. 230 Dearborn-av.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK in small family; $3 per week. 251 Center-av.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR AMERICAN FAMily; good wages to right person, who can cook, wash, and iron. 2901 S. Halsted-st.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LADY MAID; MUST speak French and be willing to travel. Apply, with reference, Flat 5, 33 Rush-st.

WANTED—GOOD COOK; ALSO GIRL FOR SECond work. References. 459 Dearborn-av.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; must know how to cook. References required. 116 32d-st., between South Park and Vernon-avs.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL TO DO GENERal housework in small family; city references required. 25 42d-st., near Lake-av.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; references; call afternoons. 5501 Washington-av.

Seamstresses.

WANTED—LADIES OWNING MACHINES TO make Nelly Bly caps at home; excellent pay; those who have made boys' and childrens' caps preferred; desirable parties instructed free.
G. L. MORGENTHAU & CO., 270 Fifth-av.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO PLAIN SEWING FOR restaurant. 21 East Washington-st.

Nurses.

WANTED—WET NURSE FOR A YOUNG INfant, intelligent and capable of taking responsibility of the child. Liberal arrangements would be made with one thoroughly capable and conscientious. Address D 178, Tribune office.

WANTED—AN EDUCATED GERMAN GIRL for children; one who is a good seamstress preferred. Address E 134, Tribune office.

WANTED—NURSE—A RELIABLE WOMAN TO take charge of bottle baby. Apply at 499 West Jackson-st.

WANTED—A GOOD YOUNG GIRL TO HELP care of children; good pay; call at once. 395 Burling-st.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. 3808 WABASH-AV.

Employment Agencies.

WANTED—606 NORTH CLARK-ST.—TODAY good German and Swedish general girls.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMEN SOLICITors; $20 per week. R. 50 Reaper Block.

WANTED—A RESPONSIBLE LADY, OVER 25, capable of managing a small business. Address F 54, Tribune office.

WANTED—LADIES OR GENTS TO LEARN TO color photographs; taught in one hour free; $20 weekly. L. B. SNELL, 491 N. Clark-st., near Division.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—AGENTS—PATENT PANTS PROtector; best thing known; sells at sight; send 10c. for samples. West Side Machine Co., 29 Bellevue-st., Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS—ENTIRELY NEW rubber undergarment; sells at sight. Write or call. LITTLE & CO., 21 Lakeside Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

ACCOUNTANTS.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT AND AUDITOR; WILL qualify as receiver or assignee. Best of references. G. L. MARCHAND, 112 Clark-st., Room 58.

PROFESSIONAL.

ATTORNEYS WILL MAKE YEARLY CONTRACTS for the legal business of firm or individual; all references. Address A O 34, Tribune office.

A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 124 DEARborn-st., Chicago; advice free; 21 years' experience; business quietly transacted.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS FLAT AND PROPERTIES paying good income.

INVESTIGATION SOLICITED.

SOUTH SIDE.

Corner of 31st and Dashiel....$11,600
Forest-av., flat building....15,000
Wabash-av....$7,500

WEST AND NORTHWEST.

Corner of Milwaukee-av. and Wood-st....13,000
Corner of Milwaukee-av. and Lincoln-st....28,000
Corner of Van Buren-st. and Winchester-av....15,000
Van Buren-st., between Nassau and Sacramento 10,000
Madison-st., between Francisco and Sacramento 10,500

NORTH SIDE.

Oak-st., between Sedgwick and Townsend...... 34,000

These buildings are nearly all paying 10 per cent and some more than that.
JOHNSON & McGEE, 213-214 Inter-Ocean Building.

FOR SALE—SNAPS! SNAPS! SNAPS!—TWENTY houses in Englewood, new and elegant, $1,700 up to $7,500; terms very easy. Call and see us. Also 75 feet on 59th, near Jackson Park. "Snap" if taken today; fully $15 per foot under market; 25 feet biz cor. on Wentworth-av., $25 less than 'tis really worth. We will guarantee a proper building on this lot to pay 12 per cent on investment; 30 feet on Wright-st. at $60, surrounded by beautiful and tony residences; 1 lot on Elizabeth-st., $450; also 15 acres most beautiful land on 79th; electric motor will pass it soon, and then $6,000 an acre will be cheap for it; can now be had for $4,500.
If taken at once: Also 40 acres in Cicero at $1,500; also 40 acres in Cicero at $1,600; also 40 acres in Cicero at $1,650; also 40 acres in Cicero at $1,700; also 40 acres in Cicero at $1,700; also 40 acres in Cicero at $1,750; also 40 acres in Cicero at $1,800. Nothing ever offered equal to these acres for a 50 per cent profit inside of 6 months. Investigate this at once.
BOWLEY & BLACK, 85 Washington-st., R. 1.

FOR SALE—CHICAGO UNIVERSITY TRACT. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUILDERS FOR 30 DAYS.
We will sell during the month of September the following lots in this tract:
5 lots on College-place, $157 per ft.
5 lots on Rhodes-av., $150 per ft.
5 lots on 34th-st., $150 per ft.
5 lots on University-place, $150 per ft.
Easy terms will be given at low interest to persons improving, title perfect; policy guaranteeing title can be obtained from the Title Guaranty and Trust Company.
All sewer, gas, water, and street improvements completed and paid for, including new stone sidewalks.
D. G. HAMILTON, 94 Washington-st. JOHN WAIN, 303 Tacoma Building. Exclusive Agents.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE CORNER, 100X132 FEET, ON Cottage Grove-av. and 34th-st., suitable for a first-class apartment building; overlooking the park and Lake Michigan; price $35,000 on easy terms; title perfect and policy guaranteeing title can be obtained of the Title Guaranty and Trust Company.
D. G. HAMILTON, 94 Washington-st. JOHN WAIN, 303 Tacoma Building. Exclusive Agents.

FOR SALE—BIGGEST BARGAIN IN THE CITY—Must be sold to close an estate; lots on some of the best South Side avenues at $55 to $57 per ft., worth $100, with all street improvements in and paid for, both steam and cable cars; property all around this has been sold for $80, while this property had not been on the market. T. P. KEEFE, 177 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SPLENDID 9-ROOM RESIDENCE; furnace heat, fine barn; 50 ft., e. f. lot at Irving Park; $5,600. Call immediately; must sell. A. H. HILL & CO., 155 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FOR CHOICE REAL ESTATE INvestments in all parts of city call on HEPER & MUELLER, 175 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE RESIDENCES; LARGE list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR 99-YEAR LEASE WITHOUT REvaluation, choice central property, 188 and 190 E. Washington-st.; 40x180. Address G. C. CHAPMAN.

FOR SALE—$14 PER FOOT—SPLENDID 50-FT. residence lots at Irving Park, right in town. A. H. HILL & CO., 155 Washington-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
FOR TWO DAYS ONLY.
The southeast corner of Cottage Grove-av. and 62d-st. at only $125 a foot. With the Fair at Washington Park this corner is easily worth $250. Guarantee policy furnished. The corner of 63d sold at $350.
BOWERMAN, FARNUM & WARE, 83 Dearborn-st., ground floor.

FOR SALE—LOTS—SOUTH SIDE—
Stony Island-av., 28x165, $150 per foot.
Wharton-av., near 53d, 100 ft., $115.
Cottage Grove-av., near 77th, 125x125, $65.
Rosalie-court, 50 ft., $120.
Jackson-av., near 53d, 100 ft., $125.
Vincennes-av., near 45th, 50 ft., $110.
University-place, near Rhodes-av., 50 ft., make offer.
Call for particulars, and if we have not what you want we are here to get it.
JOHNSON & McGEE, 213-214 Inter Ocean Bldg.

FOR SALE—BY C. W. MILLS, 405 TACOMA. 6 nice building lots near Sheridan-drive; all improvements.
50 ft. on Buena-av., near Evanston-av.
100 ft., 4 lots, n. w. cor. 85th and Center-av.
150 ft., 4 lots, n. w. cor. 85th and May-sts.
50 ft. corner on Cottage Grove-av.
25 lots in Auburn Park (a bargain to close out).
Dauphin Park lots, e. front, on Cottage Grove.
Wabash-av. and 37th-st., 50 ft., at $150.
50 ft., so. front, 72d-st., near I. C. depot; cheap.
50 ft., e. front, Rhodes-av.; cheap.
Some large and small So. Side houses on very reasonable terms.
Choice acre tracts, South, North, or West Side.

FOR SALE—
WE HAVE A LARGE LIST OF DESIRABLE RESIDENCES ON SOME OF THE LEADING STREETS AND AVENUES ON SOUTH SIDE AND HYDE PARK. CONVENIENT TO STEAM AND CABLE CARS.
WILLIAM L. PIERCE & CO., 145 LA SALLE-ST., AND 3901 COTTAGE GROVE-AV.

FOR SALE—
A DECIDED BARGAIN.
48 lots at $187.50 each.
In Sec. 19, Cicero, only two blocks from the new R. R. now being built; these lots will sell for $500 within a year; can you make money faster?
WM. G. FULLER, 177 La Salle-st., Room 28.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE BARGAINS—
100 feet on Calumet-av., near 43d-st.
70 feet on Calumet-av., near 42d-st.
100 feet on Prairie-av., near 44th-st.
50 feet on Prairie-av., near 45th-st.
45 feet, corner of Cottage Grove-av. and 58th-st.
96 feet on Wharton-av., near Midway Plaisance.
N. ATCHISON, 90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—3-STORY BRICK, STONE FRONT, ON Wentworth-av.; rents for $800; price....$7,800
2 lots cor. Wentworth-av. and 24th-st....8,000
2 lots 75th-st., near Champlain-av., $40 per foot.
W. K. GORE, Room 204, 130 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—STONE-FRONT RESIDENCE ON Indiana-av., bet. 16th and 18th-sts., east front; fifteen rooms, newly decorated; new and best plumbing; hardwood floors; brick barn, four stalls; and all in first-class order. L. M. HODGES, 101 Washington-st., Room 26.

FOR SALE—BUILDINGS WITH LONG GROUND lease; will pay 15 per cent net; Dearborn, between 21st and 22d-sts. Room 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ON GROVELAND-AV., NEAR 30th-st., 2-story brick residence; price, $6,000. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A LARGE NUMBER OF VERY NICE modern houses, from $5,500 to $10,000. JOHNSON & SAXE, Room 36, 70 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BY MATSON HILL, ROOM 23 ADAMS Express Building, No. 185 Dearborn-st. NEW BUILDING, 4-story and basement, containing 7 stores and 18 flats. Heated by steam; cooking by gas; lighted by electricity; halls wainscoted in marble. Everything first-class. $150,000. STATE-ST., 200 ft., vacant, near 37th-st.

FOR SALE—FIVE STORIES AND BASEMENT brick building, 50x100 and lot, on Third-av., rented for 20 years. J. H. KEELER, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—STATE-ST., NEAR ELDRIDGE-CT., 40x138; stone imp., $50,000 cash for a few days only. HIBBARD PORTER & BRO., 22, 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV., VACANT, 24,000 square feet; splendid locality; compelled to sell immediately; $60,000, quarter cash. F 11, Tribune.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE 12-ROOM BRICK house on Indiana-av., near 29th-st.; $11,000. MYRON L. PEARCE, 95 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—LOOK AT THIS! INDIANA-AV. AND 29th-st., frame, 2-story, 22¼ feet, $2,500; brick, 2-story and basement, 25 feet, $3,500; ground, $300 per foot. J. I. LEVI, 306 United States Express Building.

FOR SALE—FINEST HOUSE IN THE CITY—NO. 2869 Lake Park-av., modern stone front; all improvements; only a small cash payment required. S. S. THOMAS, 177 La Salle-st., Room 10.

FOR SALE—2,100 FEET, BETWEEN 67TH AND 71st-sts., east of South Park-av.; improvements all in and surrounded by houses worth $2,500 and upwards; $65,000 will buy this; want ¼ cash; these lots are selling from $45 to $70 front foot; there is money in this. W. A. FRYE & CO., 159 Washington-st., Room 8.

FOR SALE—4 PCS. CALUMET-AV. PROPERTY north of 29th-st., splendidly located and cheap. Address F 28, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—DEARBORN-ST., NEAR VAN BUREN. 50x71, improved, $175,000. Dearborn-st., near Van Buren, vacant, 50x88, $2,150 per foot; bargain. Dearborn-st., near Harrison, 25, 50, or 100 feet. HIBBARD PORTER & BRO., 22, 175 Dearborn-st.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS—Four, five, and eight room brick cottages, built and finished in first-class style; elevation of ground highest in the city; refer to people who have bought. Inquire of owner, Western-av. and Superior-st., including Sunday. STEINBRECHER.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL FINE 3-STORY FLAT buildings in good location on West Side and paying fine income. JOHN V. HAIR, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—
MADISON-ST. PROPERTY.
South front near California-av., 100x125 feet. Very cheap. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—HERE IS YOUR CHANCE—VAN Buren-st., near California-av., 25x125; chance for you to make $800. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—BETWEEN RIVER AND HALSTED st. investments. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle.

FOR SALE—FINE HOMES ON AND NEAR ASHland-boulevard; $10,000 and up. JOHN V. HAIR, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—NEW BUILDINGS, 7 and 8 room flats, with every improvement; price only $6,000; 1123 and 1125 West Adams-st.; south fronts.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BY E. L. CANFIELD.
—PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE.—
Corner residences specially suited for physicians. E. L. CANFIELD, 164 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—BY E. L. CANFIELD.
SPECIAL BARGAIN IN MEDIUM-PRICED HOUSES IN CHOICE LOCATIONS.
12-room brick house and choice corner lot; the best for the price east of Ashland-av. and between Monroe and Van Buren-sts.
E. L. CANFIELD, 164 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—WEST SIDE LOTS.
Cor. 12th and 40th-sts., 50x141....$6,000
Cor. Harrison and 45th, 50x125....3,000
Cor. Monroe and 46th, 50x165....3,000
Wolcott-av., near Kedzie and 47th, 8 lots....2,800
Adams-st., east of Homan, 25x142, per ft....100
Adams-st., east of Homan, 31x142, per ft....100
Adams-st., west of Spaulding, 25x130, s. f., per ft....110
Lake-st., bet. 40th and 41st, 50x125; cheap.
Ogden-av., cor. Leavitt; triangle.
Crawford-av., near Chicago-av., 25x125; want offer.
Tinkham-av., 50x125....800
Cor. 47th and Miller, 50x125....1,100
Every lot in this list is more than worth the price asked.
Call for descriptions.
JOHNSON & McGEE, 213 and 214 Inter-Ocean Building.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—IMMEDIATE possession—233 Warren-av., modern brick residence, 11 rooms, barn, lot 37½x125 feet to alley; this is the best bargain offered for dwelling on West Side. 421 Marshfield-av., 2-story and cellar stone front in flats; $4,500. West Monroe-st., near Francisco, brick house and lot. E. GOODRIDGE & CO., Exclusive Agents, 130 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS—THREE RAILROADS. Manufacturing, coalyard, and stoneyard sites on Pan-Handle road, Wisconsin Central, and Northern Pacific, north of 12th-st.; giving switches from an east road and a west road.
126 ft. on railroads by 486 ft. deep. Tel. 2737.
268 ft. on railroads by 627 ft. deep.
536 ft. on railroads by 486 ft. deep.
Also many other desirable locations.
J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER—WASHINGTON-BLVD., handsome modern 3-story and cellar residence; massive stone front, 16 rooms, hardwood finish, steam heat, dining-room, kitchen, sitting-room, parlor, and paneled reception-hall on first floor; built for a home, but too large for my use; lot 30x120; clear of incumbrance; price, $25,000. R. D. HUSZAGH, 112 Clark-st., Room 308.

FOR SALE—
A CORNER.
Washington-blvd., s. e. cor. Sheldon-st., 2-story, basement mansard brick, 13 rooms. Lot 24x171 feet. Price $11,000. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NOTICE PARTICULARLY—Monroe-st., choice corner, 2-story and basement brick, in A1 order; extra lot, brick barn, etc.; could not buy lot and build for the money. Call at once for particulars.
Adams-st., choice location, 2-story and basement stone-front house, 10 rooms, only $6,500; easy terms. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., R. 6.

FOR SALE—FINE BLOCK OF EIGHT THREE-story stores, with flats above, with all the modern improvements; new and well rented; elevation of ground highest in city: Western-av. and Huron-st.; inquire of owner, Western-av. and Superior-st., including Sunday. STEINBRECHER.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL GROVE OF 16 LOTS on Trumbull-av., between Ogden-av. and West 18th-st., Chicago, by A. E. Searles, owner; Ogden-av. street cars pass it, and for improvement or investment is not surpassed in Chicago. All negotiations to be verbal with said owner at 19 South Root-st., Aurora, Ill.

FOR SALE—ADAMS-ST., CORNER ST. LOUIS-AV. This choice corner, 25x180, one block east of Garfield Park and near the Madison-st. cable, is offered exclusively by HARRY GREENEBAUM, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS—TWO-story brick houses, eight and ten rooms, arranged for one or two families; elevation of ground highest in city; owner corner Western-av. and Superior-st., including Sunday. STEINBRECHER.

FOR SALE—FACING GARFIELD PARK, CHOICE deep lots offered exclusively by HARRY GREENEBAUM, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM PRESSED BRICK FRONT cottage; Hoyne-av., near Armitage; price $1,600 cash. Inquire 12 Homer-st.

FOR SALE—FIVE-ROOM BRICK COTTAGE; W. Superior-st., near Western-av.; easy terms. Inquire 1015 W. Superior-st., first flat.

FOR SALE—LOTS FRONTING ON HUMBOLDT-bd., near Western-av.; 166 feet deep; 18 minutes from Wells-st. depot; fare 6¼ cents; $650 a lot. J. W. FARLIN, 85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—30 ARTESIAN-AV., TWO FLATS OF 6 rooms each; a bargain; owner to leave the city. WHITESIDE & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—303 S. LEAVITT-ST.—NEW, ELEGANT modern 8-room house; rare chance to a quick buyer. N. ATCHISON, 90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ONE LOT ON WASHINGTON-BLVD., east of Crawford-av., south front, at a great bargain, for immediate sale. E. C. HULING & CO., 90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN 7-ROOM BRICK COTTAGE, 510 Claremont-av., $2,600. GEO. M. FADNER, owner, 159 La Salle-st., basement.

FOR SALE—WEST MADISON-ST. FRONTAGE between Ridgeland and Harlem-avs.; new electric street-car line passing in front; all business frontage; purchaser now will secure rapid advance. A. B. SOUTHARD, Room 94, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CORNER HARDING AND GLENview-avs. (one block from Chicago-av.); east front corner; 37x125; only $600; a bargain on easy terms, $150 cash and $5 monthly. HARRY GREENEBAUM, 79 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEW MODERN HOUSE OF 9 ROOMS, northwest part city; lot 60x200 to alley; price $4,000; a bargain; by owner. Address F 41, Tribune office.

TO LEASE—99 YEARS WITHOUT REVALUATION—all or part of 275x100 on West Harrison-st., s. w. cor. Desplaines-st.; also 2,000 ft. on Pan-Handle and Northern Pacific Rys. at Campbell-av. and Taylor-st. J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—N. W. CORNER ADA AND CARROLL-av., business lot, 42x125, with house; good bargain; easy terms. Address OWNER, 1112 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—ON COLORADO-AV., NEW 3-STORY store and flat property; special bargain; will pay 12 per cent. N. ATCHISON & CO., 90 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE 3-STORY FLAT BUILDING; good location; well rented for 20 months; $10,000. R. N. LLOYD & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS—10 lots, Hermitage-av., near Harrison-st. Tel. 2737. J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st., R. 6.

FOR SALE—FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS—268 feet, Campbell-av., cor. Taylor-st. Tel. 2737.
486 feet, Harvard-st., west of Campbell-av.
272 feet, Taylor-st., west of Campbell-av.
486 feet, Fillmore-st., west of Campbell-av.
Above have switches from Pan-Handle, Wis. Cen. and Northern Pacific railroads. J. W. HEDENBERG, 102 Washington-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—ON HERMITAGE-AV., AN ELEgant new modern 8-room house, at less than cost. N. ATCHISON, 90 Washington-st., R. 59.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE six-room flats on the West Side. If sold at once will be at a sacrifice; reason for selling business transferred to New York City. Address T 145, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—10-ROOM HOUSE AT HUMBOLDT Park. What have you for first payment? J. W. O. JOHNSON, 501 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, 1 LOT ON WASHington-st., west of Garfield Park; only $800 today. BOWES & CRUICKSHANK, 187 and 189 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—2-STORY FLAT, W. ADAMS-ST., $6,200. Two-story flat, Park-av., $7,500. Two-story flat, Washington-boulevard, $12,000. Two stores with flats above on West Madison-st., $12,000. JOHNSON & SAXE, Room 36, 70 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—UNION PARK-PLACE, NORTH OF Lake-st., lot 25x120, with a good stone front house and 2-story barn; price is $5,200; the improvements are worth more than the price of the entire property; must sell at once. M. A. WELLS, 84 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
BARGAIN—166 LOCUST-ST.
Modern three-story house of 9 rooms; price $7,500. This is worth investigating.
FOR SALE—
EASY TERMS—NO. 269 CHESTNUT-ST.
Modern two-story brick house of 8 rooms; south front; lighted on east side by alley; price $7,500. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—IMPROVED CLARK-ST. PROPERTY, near Kinzie-st.; must be sold at once; all rented at $1,800 per year; only 3 tenants; price $22,000. ENGERS, COOK & HOLINGER, 167 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES IN VICINITY OF LINcoln Park; $4,500 to $20,000. JOHNSON & SAXE, Room 36, 70 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—TO CAPITALISTS—I AM AUTHORized to sell an elegant apartment building in favored locality, North Side, fully rented. Well worth your attention. Address E 86, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FINE BRICK HOUSE IN 3 FLATS; 18 rooms, on E. Indiana-st.; $10,000; rent $1,000. J. H. KEELER, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—3-STORY AND BASEMENT STONE front brick house, 28x30, with lot 40x150, fronting Lincoln Park; will be sold at a bargain. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. E. Cor. of Madison and La Salle-sts.

FOR SALE—N. WELLS-ST., SOME BARGAINS IN unimproved property for a quick sale. J. H. KEELER, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—AT A LOW FIGURE ON N. HALSTED-st., east front, between Garfield and Webster-avs., lot 25x125 feet. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE RESIDENCES—LARGE list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

HYDE PARK REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST RESIDENCES in Hyde Park; every modern convenience; barn, etc.; $30,000. Address F 64, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MYRTLE-AV., NEAR 65TH-ST., 50X150, east front, all improvements; is finest speculation or building lot on South Side; $65 per foot; must sell by Saturday this week. Address Owner, F 45, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A NEARLY NEW BRICK HOUSE, exceptionally well situated; built by owner for a home; lot 36x140; price $7,500. Apply on premises, 236 Forty-fourth-st., near Drexel-boul.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON PARK—CHOICE lots fronting Washington Park on 60th-st., also on Rhodes and South Park-avs., between 60th and 61st-sts. E. P. HOTCHKISS & CO., 154 La Salle-st., Room 16.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL CORNER ON 70TH-st., three blocks east of Cottage Grove-av., 180x125 feet; only $30 ft.; must sell. OWNER, 724 Opera House Bldg.

FOR SALE—THE BEST TWO LOTS IN DAUPHIN Park, near Cottage Grove-av., way below market prices if taken today. Owner 724 Opera House Bldg.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER—40X125, SOUTH FRONT, Woodlawn terrace, near Hope-av., $20 under the market; snap bargain; owner must sell. Apply at Room 80, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD HOME—WASHINGTON-av., a beautiful home with lot 100x150, on Washington-av., near 51st-st.; will be sold at a bargain; frame house, 13 rooms, with all modern improvements; large and convenient barn. Call on owner, 5011 Washington-av.

HYDE PARK REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
$1,000—UNDER THE MARKET—$1,000.
$1,000—UNDER THE MARKET—$1,000.
$1,000—UNDER THE MARKET—$1,000.
$1,000—UNDER THE MARKET—$1,000.
WE BOUGHT— { before the recent great advance in the values of South Side land.
WE BUILT— { before the recent great advance in building material and labor.
HENCE WE CAN SELL—
OUR ELEGANT SOUTH SIDE HOUSES
OUR ELEGANT SOUTH SIDE HOUSES
OUR ELEGANT SOUTH SIDE HOUSES
OUR ELEGANT SOUTH SIDE HOUSES
FULLY
$1,000—UNDER THE PRESENT MARKET—$1,000.
LOCATION:—ELLIS-AV. AND 41ST-ST. Branch office on the property.
DESCRIPTION—They each have 10 rooms, besides bath, laundry, halls, and closets; first floors finished in hardwood, second floors in Georgia pine; all steps of stone; walls extra heavy; furnace heat, electric wiring for gas lighting, electric bells, and speaking-tubes; artistic wood mantels; elegant gas fixtures throughout and every wall decorated.
Near Illinois Central R. R., Cottage Grove-av. cable cars, and Drexel-boulevard suburban trains.
THEY HAVE
SOUTH FRONT LOOKING DOWN OPEN STREETS
PRICES ONLY $7,500 AND UPWARD.
EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
You can choose between stone fronts and best rock-faced, pressed-brick with terra-cotta trimmings.
NOTE.—The next three years will bring high rents in Chicago and by reason of the increased demand that will be made on the labor and material market all building will be high.
DON'T ALLOW THESE BARGAINS TO ESCAPE YOU WITHOUT INVESTIGATION.
Plans can be seen and all information and cuts of houses can be obtained at office of the owners,
W. H. CAIRNDUFF & CO., Room 32 Calumet Building, 187 to 191 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—
50 or 100 ft. on Ellis-av., west front, just north of corner of 65th-st., at a price under the market for a quick sale.
75 ft. on 69th-st., near Jackson Park and Stony Island, at a price surely a bargain.
50 ft., e. f., on Lexington-av., 150 ft. south of 65th-st.; fine houses on both sides of this lot; a bargain price on this.
100 ft. n. w. cor. Sheridan-av. and 61st-st.; fine improvements and near Midway-plaisance; the choicest corner in Woodlawn.
57 ft., e. f., South plaisance, on Sheridan-av.
A fine corner on Oglesby-av., north of 63d-st., at $30 a foot for a few days only.
A decided bargain of a corner one block from Stony Island and 64th-st.; $4,000 for the corner; 30x80.
Have a large list of desirable bargains.
PORTER & CO., Suite 315, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAINS.
Drexel-av., bet. 61st and 62d, 50 ft., at $80.
Drexel-av., cor. 66th, east front, 50 ft.; bargain.
Drexel-av., near cor. of 66th, e. f., 50 ft., $65.
Greenwood, bet. 61st and 62d, 75 ft., only $60 ft.
Drexel, cor. of 62d, 150 ft., at a big bargain.
Drexel-av., near 61st, 100 ft., w. f., $65 ft.
Wharton, near 61st, 100 ft., w. f., $65 ft.
Wharton, near 61st, 100 ft., e. f., $60.
Wharton, near 55th, 50 ft., e. f., $70.
BOWERMAN, FARNUM & WARE, 83 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN CORNERS.
WASHINGTON PARK PROPERTY.
180x125 ft. s. w. cor. Forrestville-av. and 49th-st.
180x125 ft. s. e. cor. Forrestville-av. and 49th-st.
81x125 ft. s. w. cor. St. Lawrence-av. and 49th-st.
200x161 ft. n. w. cor. Prairie-av. and 59th-st.
49x161 ft. s. w. cor. Prairie-av. and 58th-st.
465x161 ft. n. w. cor. Michigan-av. and 59th-st.
50x161 ft. n. w. cor. Wabash-av. and 57th-st.
225x161 ft. cor. Calumet-av. and 60th-st.
180x161 ft. n. w. cor. Calumet-av. and 57th-st.
GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE INVESTMENT.
APARTMENT BUILDING ON 46TH-ST.,
near Drexel Blvd, 3-story cut stone front, interior finely finished; handsome wood and tile mantels. Everything leased, annual rental $1,150; price $11,500.
BAIRD & BRADLEY, 90 La Salle-st., Exclusive Agents.

FOR SALE—
1,200 feet near Yates-av. and 75th-st. at less than $20 per foot for a few days; adjoining property is selling at from $40 to $60 per foot.
1,200 feet at Michigan-av. and 79th-st., bargain at $25 per foot.
250 feet near Jeffery-av. and 75th-st. $25 per foot.
McKEY & POAGUE, 177 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAINS TODAY ONLY—
N. W. COR. OF COTTAGE GROVE-AV. AND 79TH, 150x125, AND N. E. COR. OF EVANS AND 79TH, 150x125, ONLY $12,000.
150x125, E. F., BET. 78TH AND 79TH, AND 150x125 FT. ON EVANS-AV., ONLY $8,000.
BOWERMAN, FARNUM & WARE, 83 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR SALE—THE ROCK FACED AND PORTAGE stone houses Nos. 4427 to 4435 Ellis-av.
Hardwood finish throughout, such as is generally found only in $50,000 houses.
Artistically hand painted in water colors.
Convenient to I. C. trains and cable cars.
Prices $10,000 and upwards.
Easy terms.
GEORGE C. WATTS, Builder and Owner Of High-class Residences.

FOR SALE—
Brown stone front residence, 14 rooms, Grand-boulevard, near 42d-st.
75 ft. corner Cottage Grove-av., near 68th-st.
50 ft. corner 68th-st. and Evans-av.
Two corners, 35th-st., near Forest-av.
Drexel and Grand-boulevard lots.
B. F. JACOBS, Real Estate and Loans, 99 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—4322 GRAND-BOULEVARD, JUST completed and ready for occupancy, 3-story Bayfield brown stone, east front, 12 rooms; full cabinet finish; vestibule, reception-hall, back parlor, dining-room, and main stairway wainscoted in panels; best sanitary plumbing, including sanitas closet and bowls; lot, 25x150; an elegant home built in the best possible manner. Open for inspection. A. M. LYNCH, owner, 4320 Grand-blvd., or 203 South Water-st.

FOR SALE—GRAND BARGAIN ON SOUTH CHICago-av., near Jefferson. 6 beautiful grove lots, e. f., on Ontario-av., and 3 w. f., on Bond, south of 79th. 3 on Coles, near 80th. 5 in Dauphin Park. These are all snaps. Grand bargain in 2 lots half block east of Illinois Central, on 79th-st. I. S. MAHAN, 725 Opera-House, 112 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—SOMETHING CHEAP—25X126 CALumet-av., between 42d and 43d-sts., at $67.50 per foot. O. L. BENEDICT, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—INDIANA-AV., NEAR 52D-ST.—150X171 feet; only $160 per foot. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE—326 FT. ON 74TH-st., near Stony Island; call early. 73d-st., cor. of Nutt-av., $28 per ft. Cottage Grove, cor. of 76th, $60. 79th-st., 40 ft., s. f., at $40, near Jeffery. Oglesby-av., near 70th, 35 ft. with barn, $975. JACKSON & MURRAY, 504 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN; EAST FRONT LOTS on Jeffery-av., near 81st-st., $25 per ft. H. L. RANKIN, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE GROVE-AV., NORTH OF 45th-st., 24x170 feet; $175 a foot. COTTAGE GROVE-AV., fronting Washington Park, north of 55th-st.; 175 feet at a bargain. COTTAGE GROVE-AV., near 42d-st., 72x140 feet; $250 a foot. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—INDIANA-AV., NEAR 54TH-ST., EAST front, 200x161 ft.; a bargain. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN—105X180 FT. on 44th-st., south front; 180 ft. east of Grand-boulevard; will be sold at a bargain if taken by Monday. A. MENDEL, Owner, Room 39, 177 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—HANDSOMEST CORNER IN WOODlawn—S. W. cor. Lexington-av. and 65th-st.—50 or 100 feet front, with modern 10-room house, stable, and all improvements completed; high ground and surrounded by beautiful grove. Apply on premises or to owner, S. S. WHITEHOUSE, Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—PRAIRIE-AV., NEAR 54TH-ST., 100 FT. at a decided bargain. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—100X125 FT., S. W. FRONT ON SOUTH Chicago-av., near 79th-st. FRED J. FEE & CO., 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$32 PER FOOT—50 FEET ON VINcennes-av., near 71st-st. MIZE BROS., 149 La Salle-st., Room 10.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE GROVE-AV.—BEST BARgain now to be had on this great thoroughfare. 100 feet between 61st and 63d-sts. for $100 per foot. Next week most likely price will be $150. "A word to the wise." E. P. HOTCHKISS & CO., 154 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BY THE OWNER; 300 FT. ON JEFfery, cor. 74th, at a big bargain. Address F 97, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS—FOR SALE—
Oakenwald-av., between 45th and 46th, e. f., 60x125.
Berkeley-av., n. e. cor. 45th-st., 100x100, $150 per ft.
Langley-av., n. w. cor. 50th, 100x122, $85 per ft.
HIBBARD PORTER & BRO., Room 22, 175 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—300X164 FEET, EAST FRONT, ON Lexington-av., cor. 51st-blvd., just south of the Counselman mansion; the choicest vacant property in Kenwood for fine residences; will sell in lots to suit. Apply to WM. R. KERR, 302 Owings Building.

FOR SALE—PRAIRIE-AV., NEAR 46TH-ST., EAST front, 50x161 ft.; a decided bargain. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—PRAIRIE-AV., 100X150; S. E. COR. 43D-st. J. G. BRONSON, 309 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—ON 47TH-ST., NEAR VINCENNES-av., about 100 feet frontage; a bargain. PETER VAN VLISSINGEN, 95 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—THE PROPERTY FRONTING NORTH on 56th-st., Lake, and Jefferson-avs., at the terminus of the cable road, only one block from north entrance to Jackson Park, size of lot 222x125 feet; splendid site for block of stores with flats above; South Park station Illinois Central and cable road opposite. Apply to WM. R. KERR, 302 Owings Building.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOME RESIDENCE NO. 5325 Cornell-av., just being completed; every modern improvement. A. F. SHUMAN, owner and builder, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—75X200—EAST FRONT, ON WOODlawn-av., between 48th and 50th-sts.; nothing better on Woodlawn-av. S. L. UNDERWOOD, 48 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—ELLIS-AV., EAST FRONT, NORTH of 51st-st., 88x150 feet; $150 a foot. CORNELL-AV., near 53d-st., 50x206 feet; $225 a foot. EAST END-AV., north of 53d-st., lots in sizes to suit. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—300 FEET ON 50TH-ST., BETWEEN Washington-av. and Madison-av.; fronts three streets; can be improved with stores and flats and made pay 10 per cent net; will sell 25 feet or more. WM. R. KERR, 302 Owings Building.

FOR SALE—FOR 3 DAYS, 100 FEET ON LEXINGton-av., near 51st-st., at $25 per foot; less than market price. Inquire at Room 302 Owings Building.

FOR SALE—5316 ELLIS-AV., TWO-STORY FRAME house; lot 127x158 to alley; a bargain. C. U. GORDON & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

HYDE PARK REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CORNERS—SOUTH—
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY THESE.
The elevated railroad south will be located near these and will greatly enhance their value.
Michigan-av., 600x161 ft., corners, 77th and 78th-sts.
Indiana-av., 600x171 ft., corners, 77th and 78th-sts.
Indiana-av., 600x171 ft., corners, 79th and 80th-sts.
Indiana-av., 600x171 ft., corners, 81st and 82d-sts.
Indiana-av., 300x171 ft., N. E. corner 81st.
Indiana-av., 600x161 ft., corners, 84th and 85th-sts.
Prairie-av., 600x161 ft., corners, 77th and 78th-sts.
Prairie-av., 600x161 ft., corners, 78th and 79th-sts.
Prairie-av., 300x171 ft., N. W. corner 81st-st.
Prairie-av., 240x171 ft., S. E. corner 81st-st.
Prairie-av., 600x171 ft., corners, 81st and 82d-sts.
Prairie-av., 600x161 ft., corners, 84th and 85th-sts.
Calumet-av., 600x161 ft., corners, 78th and 79th-sts.
Calumet-av., 240x171 ft., S. W. corner 81st-st.
Wabash-av., 600x171 ft., S. W. corner 79th-st.
GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
BARGAINS IN LOTS. PER FT.
BOWEN-AV., BET. GRAND-BLVD. AND VINCENNES-AV., 50X125....$120
ELLIS-AV., NEAR 63D-ST., 50X125....70
GREENWOOD-AV., NEAR 65TH-ST., 50X130....60
MYRTLE-AV., NORTH OF 66TH-ST., 50X125....65
MONROE-AV., NEAR 55TH-ST., 50X175....125
OAKENWALD-AV., NORTH OF 46TH-ST....140
WOODLAWN-AV., NORTH OF 65TH-ST., 50X150....70
WOODLAWN-AV., NORTH OF 55TH-ST., 50X150....115
BERKELEY-AV., NEAR 42D-ST., 2-STORY AND BASEMENT BRICK RESIDENCE; ALL CONVENIENCES; $6,000. ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR AN INVESTMENT IN HOUSES, LOTS, OR ACRES CALL ON FIRTH & COCHRAN, NO. 90 WASHINGTON-ST.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—10 DAYS ONLY—
300 ft. s. e. corner Wabash-av. and 81st-st.
300 ft. s. w. corner Michigan-av. and 81st-st.
300 ft. n. w. corner Michigan-av. and 82d-st.
300 ft. n. e. corner Wabash-av. and 82d-st.
JOHN WEBSTER, 41 Portland Block. CARTER & HOWELL, 351 39th-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAINS—
10 lots on Dobson-av. cor. 79th-st., $5,000.
5 lots on Washington-av. near 79th-st., $3,000.
10 lots on South Chicago-av., south of 79th-st., $6,500.
4 lots on South Chicago-av. near 72d-st., $5,000.
4 lots on Ellis-av. near cor. 79th-st., at a bargain.
4 lots on Chauncey-av. near 79th-st., $1,600.
3 lots on Nutt-av. cor. 78th-st. at a bargain.
4 lots on Ellis-av. near cor. 72d-st., $2,500.
200 ft. cor. of Jeffery and 74th-st. at big bargain.
BOWERMAN, FARNUM & WARE, 83 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
MICHIGAN-AV., n. w. corner 79th-st., 300x161 feet, $30 a foot; will sell in 100-ft. lots.
MICHIGAN-AV., s. e. cor. of 80th-st., 200x161; price per ft., $25.
Investigate this.
MICHIGAN-AV., near 75th-st., 100x160 ft.; price $32.50 per ft.
MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—THE ENTIRE BLOCK BOUNDED BY 51st-blvd., 52d-st., and Washington driveway and Madison-av., in the heart of the CHOICEST RESIDENCE SECTION IN KENWOOD, two blocks from Madison Park Station. This block is now for the first time offered in lots of 50 feet or more at reasonable prices and on easy terms. If you are in search of a choice residence lot we commend this to your attention. WM. R. KERR, 302 Owings Building.

FOR SALE—MAKE AN OFFER—
BARGAIN TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.
MADISON-AV., east front, between 54th and 55th-sts., lot 50x182 ft., running through to TOMPKINS-COURT, with three frame houses well rented. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—79TH-ST. CORNER NEAR SOUTH Park-av., 300x161 feet, at a bargain. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
THE HANDSOME DOUBLE GRANITE HOUSE, NORTHWEST CORNER OF EAST END-AV. AND 55TH-ST., JUST BEING FINISHED.
A. F. SHUMAN, OWNER AND BUILDER, 84 WASHINGTON-ST.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV. BARGAINS—
150x161 feet, corner of 43d-st.
106x161 feet, north of 43d-st.
100x161 feet, east front, near 42d-st.
200x161 feet, north of 51st-st.
70x170 feet, corner of 59th-st.
W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CORNER ON 75TH-ST., NEAR COTtage Grove-av.; cheap. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HYDE PARK HOME.
WASHINGTON-AV.
Desirable modern 2-story cellar and attic residence, nicely located on this avenue, 10 rooms. Lot 33x150 with large stable. East front, owner non-resident. Price, for quick sale, $9,600. BAIRD & BRADLEY, 90 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, REcently built, situated in the most desirable part of Kenwood; house has ten rooms, elegantly finished, hardwood, every modern convenience; lot 50x200 ft.; on account of owner leaving city will be offered at a bargain. WM. R. KERR, 302 Owings Building, 225 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A BIG BARGAIN AT WOODLAWN—Lot 40x125, with new frame house; every improvement; built last year; will sell for value of ground. BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE FOR TEN DAYS, CHOICE corner on Stony Island, north of Seventy-fifth. MARK T. LEONARD, Room 315, 87 Washington.

FOR SALE—PRAIRIE-AV., 100X161 FT., EAST front, near 45th-st. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
COR. SHERIDAN-AV. AND 64TH-ST.
100x165 feet or 50x165.
This can be had at a bargain if taken at once: near World's Fair site; $80 per foot. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—S. W. CORNER MADISON-AV. AND 56th-st., east front, 50x175 ft. Call at office on the lot from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

FOR SALE—TO INVESTORS OR BUILDERS—One of the best corners on the South Side for flats, situated on Cornell-av., Hyde Park, near the station and the lake; frontage 250 feet; first-class flats would rent quickly to select parties at good prices. S. L. UNDERWOOD, 48 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—BY THE OWNER; 75 FT. ON GREENwood-av.; only $4,500 if taken at once. Address F 84, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—100X130 FEET SOUTHWEST CORNER Washington-av. and 53d-st.; only two blocks from Hyde Park station; only half block from business center; can be improved to pay 12 to 15 per cent; the best bargain in Hyde Park. WM. R. KERR, 302 Owings Building.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN ON ST. LAWRENCE-AV. Sell the corner of 64th-st. 49 feet at a rare bargain today. E. P. HOTCHKISS & CO., 154 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A RARE BARGAIN—50X172 FEET, with dwelling house and barn; all complete and in perfect condition; located at 4225 Indiana-av.; price and terms of payments very reasonable; call quick. H. W. ROCKENER.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE GROVE-AV. CORNER—A choice 45-ft. corner near Midway Plaisance and Washington Park; bargain. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—50X150 FT. ON EAST END-AV., EAST front, at a bargain. A. F. SHUMAN, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT—5336 CORNELL-AV., lot 50x200; possession given at once. S. L. UNDERWOOD, 48 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT DETACHED STONE FRONT, MODERN RESIDENCES, NO. 4352 AND 4354 GRAND-BLVD. THE MOST COMPLETE HOMES IN CHICAGO. OPEN EVERY DAY FOR INSPECTION. A. MENDEL, OWNER, R. 39, 177 LA SALLE.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV., EAST FRONT, NEAR 57th-st., 150x161 ft. GEO. A. EMERY, 125 Dearborn-st.

LAKE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE A GENUINE BARGAIN IN lots between 71st and 73d-sts., in McKey's add. to Englewood; improvements all in; a number of houses already built and occupied; price of the lots from $400 upward; two blocks south of this property lots are selling at $1,000 each and houses to cost not less than $2,500! Where can you buy lots in this city at such a remarkably low figure, taking into consideration the class of improvements going in only two blocks away? You will certainly miss it if you don't investigate. Only small payment down; balance monthly. It does not require brass bands or sky-rockets to sell this property. W. A. FRYE & CO., Room 8, 159 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AUBURN PARK—
HONORE-ST., BET. 74TH AND 75TH.
We have 4 new houses on lots 40x160 feet that we will sell below what they cost to build. Small payment down. Examine and make us an offer. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—LOTS ON STEWART-AV., FROM 74TH to 76th-st.; 147x140 feet n. w. cor. Stewart-av. and 74th-st.; s. e. cor. Dickey and 75th-sts.; 150 feet at Auburn Park, one block from station; houses and lots at Normal Park and Englewood on reasonable terms from $2,500 to $12,000, with all the modern improvements, in good localities; also a subdivision at 89th and Loomis-sts., with station on same, on the C., R. I. and P. R. R. dummy branch; lots are 50x125 ft. to 16-ft. alley; will make liberal terms and cheap prices. JOHN A. BARTLETT, Room 21 Otis Block, No. 153 La Salle-st., or No. 6531 Perry-av., Englewood.

FOR SALE—EMERALD-AV., 50 FEET, EAST front; 100 feet south of 72d-st.; will sell cheap for next three days. H. D. SMALLEY, 718 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS—
30 lots at Auburn Park, only $16 ft.; these lots are very cheap and will soon double in value.
7 lots, between 52d and 53d-sts.; south fronts, only $325 lot. BRANDENBURG & GILBERT, 503 and 504 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—
AUBURN PARK—
DICKEY-ST., 100 ft. N. of 75th-st., e. f., 150X144.
Will sell $5 per ft. below market. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE LOT ON BEST STREET IN Auburn Park; will sell cheap for cash. Particulars at GOLDEN & SIMMONS', Tacoma Building.

LAKE VIEW REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD—A VERY CHOICE lot on Commercial-st., below the market; also a house and 50-ft. lot on Commercial-st., central location, $4,600; many lots and new houses at attractive prices and easy terms; houses $1,800 to $10,000. R. N. LLOYD & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
THE CHOICEST CORNER ON THE SHERIDAN drive in Rogers Park at a bargain. DAVIS & BROWN, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—
NORTH SHORE LOTS.
125 ft. on Pine Grove-av.
100 ft. on Argyle-st. at $25.
125 ft. on West-cor. st. bargain.
C. F. COLLOT & CO., 78 Dearborn-st.

LAKE VIEW REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
$250—$300—$350 AND UPWARDS
Ford's new subdivision, Ashland-av., Paulina-st., Nellie-av., Byron-st.
One block from High School and Cuyler Station, C. & N. W. Ry.; choice neighborhood.
STREET CARS
On Ashland-av. in 60 days. Take N. Clark-st. cars to Byron-st., then go west to Ashland-av.
Branch office, Ashland-av. and Byron-st. Agent there.
Call for plats and railway tickets.
DAVIS & BROWN, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING SITE—FULLERton-av. and C. and N. W. Railway (Wisconsin Div.), 30,000 square feet, at a bargain. DAVIS & BROWN, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—EDGEWATER AND ARGLYE PARK lots in Brown's Addition; $25 per foot and upwards. DAVIS & BROWN, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CORNER, 100 FEET, EVANSTON-av., $6,000. DAVIS & BROWN, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—EDGEWATER—11-ROOM QUEEN Anne house, 100-foot corner lot; first-class in every respect. R. B. COOPER, 89 Madison-st., Room 18.

FOR SALE—
Lots fronting the extension of Lake Shore-drive north of Belmont-av. DAVIS & BROWN, 102 Washington-st.

CICERO REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— LOTS
BEATS THEM ALL.
SWIGART'S OAK PARK ADDITION AT KIRWIN.
Lots on Clarence-av....$300
Lots on East-av....325
Lots on Harrison-st....425
Easy payments; electric cars on Madison and 12th-sts.
Call for plats and tickets any day.
Excursion from Wisconsin Central depot Sundays at 1:30.
CHARLES F. SWIGART, 115 Monroe, Room 13.

FOR SALE—SECOND GRAND EXCURSION FROM WISCONSIN CENTRAL DEPOT SATURDAY, SEPT. 13, AT 1:45 P. M., TO THE BEAUTIFUL SUBDIVISION AUSTIN PARK, SITUATED ON THE MAIN LINE WISCONSIN CENTRAL R. R., ¼ MILE SOUTH OF AUSTIN, BETWEEN HARRISON AND 12TH, AND IS WITHIN ¼ MILE OF THE PROPOSED GRANT LOCOMOTIVE WORKS. THESE LOTS ARE SELLING VERY RAPIDLY, AND CAN BE BOUGHT ON EASY TERMS. LOTS WILL BE SHOWN AT ANY TIME BY APPLYING AT OFFICE OF BASS, KESSLER & ENNES, ROOM 34, 108 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR SALE—LOTS— LOTS.
at SOUTH RIDGELAND
For sale.
$7 MONTHLY PAYMENTS.
EXCURSION SUNDAY, SEPT. 7TH.
Leaving Grand Central Depot, Cor. Harrison-st. and Fifth-av., AT 2 P. M.
GOOD MUSIC.
Call or write for plats and tickets
BUTLER LOWRY, 507 Tacoma Bldg., cor. La Salle and Madison-sts.

FOR SALE—15 LOTS—WEST ADAMS AND W. 48th-sts., all together; a good chance for an investment. J. H. KEELER, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—6 FINE LOTS IN AUSTIN AT CUT price; owner needs money. Address F 29, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A $350 SNAP AT LAWNDALE, LOT ON Harding-av.; an A1 small investment. JOHNSON & McGEE, 213-214 Inter-Ocean Building.

FOR SALE—WEST MADISON-ST. AND RIDGEland-av., 21½ feet next to 57 feet corner lot. A. B. SOUTHARD, Room 94, 115 Dearborn-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
HAMMOND REAL ESTATE.
MANUFACTURING SITES.
Acres to subdivide into cheap lots for homes for working people.
MILLIONS INVESTED IN THIS REGION IN MANUFACTURING PLANTS.
40-foot corner on State-st., n. of 12th.
24 feet e. front on State-st. near 34th.
82x125 feet cor. 22d and Trumbull.
15 choice lots near Lawndale.
Prices on application.
J. P. WHITE & SON, Room 13, 95-97 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—
A SUBURBAN HOME AT A BARGAIN if taken this week; a complete home in every sense of the word; substantial 12-room frame with basement, furnace, hot and cold water, bath, water closet, well, 300-barrel cistern, good barns, shade and fruit; $5,250.
Z. F. WINDES, EXCLUSIVE AGENT, PHOTO AT OFFICE. 704 OPERA-HOUSE.

FOR SALE—AT EVANSTON—HOUSES, LOTS, and acres; houses to rent; money loaned; this is our specialty. FRANK M. ELLIOT, 122 La Salle-st., Room 18.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAINS IN LOTS AT FERNwood, Roseland, and Pullman; easy terms; good suburban service. Call for free plats, tickets, etc. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., 91 Dearborn-st., main floor.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT A LOT 50X150 FEET near Sheridan drive for $200 on easy payments, join our syndicate at once. THE CHICAGO NORTH-SHORE LAND CO., Room 7, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AT EVANSTON—NEW HOUSES, ALL conveniences; $3,000, $3,500, $4,000, $7,500; central location. KIMBALL, VOSE & CO., 172 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—WEST KENILWORTH LOTS NEAR the Sheridan drive, one block from Kenilworth, the millionaire suburb, with its fine station, sewerage, water, gas, etc. Low prices, easy terms. L. C. & J. C. KEELER, 81 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—HARVEY! HARVEY!! HARVEY!!!—
In the new booming, manufacturing, and residence town of Harvey, 500 lots from $200 to $1,000, on easy terms; 210 lots sold in last 30 days. Don't fail to see this new suburb. For free tickets, plats, circulars, and further information apply to L. A. GILBERT, authorized agent for the Harvey Land Association, Room 113, 181 La Salle-st., Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—LA GRANGE HOUSES, LOTS, blocks, and acres; best bargains; easiest terms. 151 Washington-st., Room 28. C. W. RICHMOND.

FOR SALE—SOME POSITIVE BARGAINS IN Lake-Shore and Sheridan road frontage, Winnetka and Glencoe; only a few left. E. PERCY MAYNARD, Exclusive Agent, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GROSSDALE LOTS VERY CHEAP; 10 per cent cash, balance monthly. TRAPET & CALLAND, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—EVANSTON—8-ROOM MODERN house, 50-foot lot, two blocks from depot. R. B. COOPER, 89 Madison-st., Room 18.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS—
WORTH.
40 acres corner Crawford-av. and 95th-st.
CALUMET.
20 acres, Halsted and 107th-st.
D. S. PLACE & CO., 151 La Salle-st., first floor.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES IN SEC. 14, BREMEN.
80 acres in Sec. 7, Worth, $500.
200 acres in Sec. 16, Worth, $450.
160 acres in Sec. 21, Worth, $450.
160 acres in Sec. 28, Worth, $500.
120 acres in Sec. 1, Palos, $500.
280 acres in Sec. 11, Palos, $300.
80 acres in Sec. 17, Lyons, $310.
100 acres in Sec. 20, Lyons, $310.
H. D. SMALLEY, 718 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—IN CICERO—
Acres in Sec. 19, 39, 13.
Acres in Sec. 20, 39, 13.
Acres in Sec. 27, 39, 13.
Acres in Sec. 30, 39, 13.
Acres in Sec. 31, 39, 13.
Acres in Sec. 32, 39, 13.
For particulars inquire of FRANK WELLS, Room 47, 189 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES NORTH OF AUSTIN; VERY desirable investment. A. T. HEMINGWAY, 189 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES ON THE NEW RAILROAD to Evanston; this is very choice for a first-class suburb; only $700 per acre. H. B. SMITH, 37, 99 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ACRES AND LOTS AT OAK PARK and Ridgeland; good bargains. A. T. HEMINGWAY, 189 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FIFTY ACRES; HIGHEST POINT OF land inside the city limits; beautiful location between Mont Clare and Galewood; only quarter of mile from two stations on C. & M. and St. P. Ry. Half mile frontage on Oak Park-av., and near Grand-av.; proposed electric railroad. Also several smaller tracts. A. T. HEMINGWAY, 189 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—CAPITALISTS LOOKING FOR GOOD investment in acre property below market price will find it to their advantage to communicate with owner. Address D 14, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES, CHICAGO HERALD ADDItion; stone sidewalks; $17,300. STEWART, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—
200 acres on I. C. Ry., only $325; will soon double in value.
80 acres near Riverside at $400.
160 acres at Hammond at only $250 acre.
BRANDENBURG & GILBERT, 503 and 504 Tacoma Building.

FOR SALE—15 ACRES ON THE RIDGE, NORTH of Blue Island; one of the finest residence sites in this county. J. H. KEELER, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—NORTH SHORE ACRES; 1 TO 160 acres each. E. PERCY MAYNARD, 85 Dearborn-st., Room 519.

FOR SALE—100 ACRES IN LAKE CO., NEAR Hammond, at $250. W. A. FRYE & CO., 159 Washington-st., Room 8.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES IN SEC. 10, WORTH, dirt cheap; 20 acres, Chicago lawn, $1,650. Come and see me. 507 Stock Exchange.

FOR SALE—CICERO ACRES, PROVISO ACRES, acres in Leyden, River Forest, and Oak Park; several fine homes in Oak Park and River Forest. EDWARD N. WILLIAMSON, 727 Chicago Opera-House.

FOR SALE—SOME SMALL ACRE TRACTS OF beautiful ridge land, desirable for residence lots and convenient to depot; small tracts of subdivided prairie land near the new railroad and depot; also lots and houses and lots on the east side of the railroads and near the lake which must be sold right away; Ridge-blvd. property at decided bargains. M. C. MONSON, office near depot, South Evanston.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—
ACRES. ACRES
CICERO.
40 acres in s. e. cor., Austin-av. and 35th-st.
50 acres in Hawthorne.
CALUMET.
5 acres at Brainerd, 2 blocks from depot.
10 acres at Longwood station.
25 acres in s. w. ¼ Sec. 28, 37, 14.
80 acres in n. w. ¼ Sec. 20, 37, 14; a bargain.
EVANSTON.
10 acres on Ridge-blvd., S. Evanston.
BREMEN.
40 acres n. w. ¼ Sec. 4, 36, 13.
WORTH.
150 acres on line Calumet Terminal in Sec. 7, 37, 13.
160 acres in Sec. 21, 37, 13.
MAINE.
33 acres at Park Ridge, 3 blocks from station.
17 acres at Park Ridge, subdivided
JEFFERSON.
40 acres on Montrose-blvd., near Milwaukee-av.
40 acres in s. w. ¼, Sec. 22, 40, 13.
HYDE PARK.
8 acres east of Cottage Grove-av. and north of 86th-st.; a great bargain.
10 acres, 83d-st. and Paxton-av.
7 acres on 114th-st., near Washburn & Moen purchase.
NORWOOD PARK.
7 acres in village of Norwood Park.
LYONS.
40 acres, cor. Central-av. and 39th-st., Sec. 4, 38, 13.
MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—
BARGAINS WHICH CANNOT BE DUPLICATED.
BARGAINS WHICH CANNOT BE DUPLICATED.
BARGAINS WHICH CANNOT BE DUPLICATED.
WEST AND NORTHWEST.
120 acres at Grossdale, fronting on Ogden av., 1 block from C. B. & Q. R. R....$600
40 acres at Maywood, one block from C. & N. W. R. R....375
20 acres at South Evanston....600
80 acres in Sec. 14, Proviso, on two section lines....800
13 acres cor. 14th-st. and Harlem road, fronting on right of way of Electric R. R....1,150
5 acres cor. 14th and Wisconsin-sts....1,750
40 acres in sec. 24, Leyden....275
40 acres in Lyons, fronting on R. R. river, and Columbia Park....275
80 acres in Franklin Park....300
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.
80 acres in Sec. 29, Worth....150
This is the lowest priced and cheapest 80 in Worth Township.
10 acres at Longwood....1,850
80 acres at Kensington....900
80 acres at Evergreen Park (86th-st.)....650
40 acres in Sec. 10, Palos, well improved....150
500 acres in Palos, near railroad....125
500 acres in Palos, on railroad....200
20 acres on 59th-st., near Crawford-av....1,600
40 acres at 119th-st., on ridge, near Western-av....1,000
50 acres in Sec. 18, Worth, near junction....425
10 acres corner 89th-st. and South Park-av., snap
15 acres, cor. 107th-st. and Center-av....1,400
9 acres, cor. 87th-st. and Indiana-av....2,500
20 acres, cor. 123d-st. and Ashland-av....900
40 acres near 79th-st. and Crawford-av....1,250
40 acres, cor. 63d-st. and California-av., very cheap.
If you will compare our prices with those of adjoining property you will find them to be bargains.
FIRTH & COCHRAN, 90 Washington-st. Acre Headquarters.

FOR SALE—
ACRES THAT LOOK CHEAP.
18 acres cor. Stony Island and 99th-st.; $3,500.
113 acres cor. Stony Island and 87th-st.; $2,500.
100 acres cor. Stony Island and 103d-st.; $1,800.
100 acres cor. Jeffery-av. and 95th-st.; $2,000.
40 acres cor. Paxton-av. and 96th-st.; $2,000.
9 acres, Tracy-av., near Halsted; $1,800.
10 acres, 97th and Jefferson-sts., Euclid Park, $2,000.
50 or 100 acres in Lyons on Santa Fe Ry. and Hyman-av.; $1,000.
2 5-acre blocks cor. Center-av. and 110th-st., Morgan Park; $2,000.
5 acres s. w. cor. Diversey and Keeney-avs.; $1,500.
500 feet of elegant dock property in South Chicago.
Acres around Hegewisch and Thornton; a good list.
DAVIS & BROWN, 102 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH—BY L. F. C. SCHMIDT, 710 Chamber of Commerce building. Gobblers or no gobblers, you will gobble up snaps.
40 acres in list 36, Thornton, Gr. Trunk R. R. and the main road to Thornton village run through it; a big sand hill on it; it is cheap at $300 per acre. 80 acres a little above it with house, barn and orchard at $200 per acre.
50 acres in list 35, Lake County, Ind., fronting and being on the north side of the Grand Calumet River at $500 per acre.
51 acres in list 31, on the north side of the Grand Calumet, close to the steel mills, at $1,000 per acre.
40 acres in list 17, adjoining Standard Oil Co., a big thing to subdivide, at $650 per acre; worth $2,000 per acre. Apply to L. F. C. SCHMIDT, 710 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—
NORTH SHORE AND SHERIDAN DRIVE ACRES.

Acres.	Price.	Lake frontage.	Drive frontage.
2	$1,750	200 feet	250 feet
4	1,700	650 feet	800 feet
12	1,400	1,200 feet	1,050 feet
10	800	near Lakeside Station.	

The above are the most beautiful and sightly tracts on the North Shore south of Highland Park. PAUL G. BIGGS, Room 31. 119-121 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NORTH—BY L. F. C. SCHMIDT, 710 Chamber of Commerce Building:
41 acres in Sec. 1 on the county line, near N. W. R. R. and Sheridan-road, at the low price of $300 per acre; heavily timbered.
10 acres on Sheridan drive, north of Glencoe, at $750 per acre.
263 acres fronting on Michigan Lake, Sheridan drive, and N. W. R. R., north of Lake Bluff, at $400 per acre; be quick and secure it.
Apply to L. F. C. SCHMIDT, 710 Chamber of Commerce Building.

FOR SALE—5 ACRES (48 LOTS) IN FERGUSON'S addition, west of Morgan Park and Grand Trunk Ry. I will give a bargain. B. B. FERGUSON, 115 Dearborn-st., R. 70.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES NEAR HARVEY, ONLY $250 per acre. This is a bargain. J. H. KEELER, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—
SPECIAL BARGAINS IN CICERO ACRES.
20 acres, Ridgeland-av. and 12th-st.
40 acres, Ridgeland-av., near but north of 12th-st.
38 acres, with both 12th-st. and Harrison frontage.
CHOICE.
5 acres, Austin-av. and 12th-st.
5 acres, on 12th-st., east of Home-av.
5 acres, on Belt railroad and 16th-st.
Headquarters for acres, and WANTS can be FILLED BY US AT PRICES that are sure to return you good profits.
PORTER & CO., Suite 315, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—
80 ACRES IN TOWN OF PROVISO.
On new branch Illinois Central R. R.; this property will be sold at a decided bargain during the next few days. C. M. WELLS & CO., 162 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ACRES SOUTH OF JACKSON PARK at prices sure to sell them.
2¼ acres on 77th-st.
15 acres on 79th-st.
5 acres on 77th to 78th-st.
8¼ acres on 87th-st.
20 acres on Stony Island and 93d-st.
All east of Cottage Grove-av.
PORTER & CO., Suite 315, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—THE GREATEST BARGAINS IN acres in the market; 80 acres located on one railroad and near to three others; this we can deliver at a price $500 an acre cheaper than adjoining properties; it's but 8 miles from Court-house; investigate this. PORTER & CO., Suite 315, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL ACRE TRACTS NEAR the Sheridan-drive and Kenilworth, the millionaire suburb. L. C. and J. C. KEELER, 81 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—VERY CHOICE 2½ ACRES ON MADison-st., near Central-av.; ripe for subdivision. JOHN V. HAIR, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—80 ACRES NORTH OF AUSTIN, $1,250 per acre. J. H. KEELER, 423 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., 140 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—TWENTY ACRES AT 81ST-ST., NEAR Ill. Cent. Station, or sell five-acre block with privileges of release deeds for each lot; good high land. E. P. HOTCHKISS & CO., 154 La Salle-st., Room 16.

FOR SALE—CHOICE ACRE TRACTS FOR INvestment or subdivision. A. B. SOUTHARD, Room 94, 115 Dearborn-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—140 ACRES IN LAKE COUNTY, ILL.; large water frontage on Deep Lake; lots of rich timber; about 80 acres farming land; buildings, etc.; within walking distance of Lake Villa depot. Call quick on C. F. COLLOT & CO., 78 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE TRACTS OF HARDWOOD, pine, and cypress lands in North Carolina, Tennessee, and Louisiana at $1 to $4 per acre; also large and small ranches in California for sale and exchange. BEAUREGARD & FLOWER, Room 32, 125 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

OTHER REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—A VERY DESIRable home in Pasadena, California. 1023 Chamber of Commerce Building. E. H. HYDE & CO.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS—WEST SIDE PROPerty. Lot, about $1,100. House and lot, $2,200; will pay $850 cash, balance $25 monthly. Two lots in exchange for two South Side lots near 66th-st., worth $2,000. Want property in part exchange for 45 $50 paid-up shares in Minnesota Furniture Factory. Also want good improved on monthly payments; first payment, $800 clear West Side lot. Also want farm on Fox River for $10,000 Chicago house and lot. F. C. SCHURZ & CO., 433 West Madison-st.

WANTED—UNINCUMBERED FARM IN ILLInois for equity in suburban acres. Address by mail, B. PEARCE, No. 55 53d-st.

WANTED—ALL OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE wanting prompt sale; call on us; no expense or commission unless sale is made. HEPER & MUELLER, 175 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO BUY—A SEVEN-ROOM MODERN house; must be a bargain; terms cash or to suit; do not answer unless you can sell cheap. Address E 163, Tribune office.

WANTED—50,000 TO 200,000 ACRES OF FIRST-class pine timber land in Oregon or Washington. Give lowest price for all cash. E. A. LINN, 99 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

WANTED—GOOD FLAT BUILDING SOUTH OF 39th-st., that pays good interest on investment. Address F 22, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—WE HAVE CUSTOMERS FOR SMALL acre tracts near city. Please send description and lowest price. E. S. DREYER & CO., N. E. cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

WANTED—VACANT, SOUTH CHICAGO-AV., South Park-av., lower State, and vicinity of above; have customers. MARK LEONARD, 315, 87 Washington-st.

WANTED—VACANT LOTS—IF YOU HAVE A big bargain to offer in good vacant property, $5,000 up to $50,000, call on or send today to J. F. MICK & SON, 305 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—A FARM ON LINE OF MILWAUkee Division Chicago and Northwestern railroad. Address by mail, B. PEARCE, No. 55 53d-st.

WANTED—BY C. W. MILLS, 405 TACOMA. MY list of South Side residences has been pretty nearly sold out; I want more; owners wishing to sell please send me details; no charge unless sale is made.

WANTED—A BUNCH OF CHEAP CITY LOTS for a prompt buyer. H. D. SMALLEY, 718 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—FROM OWNER THE BEST 9 OR 10 room house on South Side that $7,000 will buy; can pay cash; prefer not to go south of 35th-st. Address F 32, Tribune office.

WANTED—CHEAP—50 FT. OR 100 FT. ON SHERman-st., north of Taylor or West Side, near the river; send full particulars. B. L. HONORE, 304 Dearborn.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE—FROM OWNERS—unimproved property on C. R. I. & P. Ry., in exchange for improved city property. F 55, Tribune.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A BUSINESS BUILDING; will pay $25,000 to $30,000; must show 8 per cent net; must be east of Halsted-st. on West Side, or north of 12th-st on South Side; prefer to deal with owners. Address F 7, Tribune office.

WANTED—ACRE TRACT NORTH OF LAKE Bluff and south of Waukegan; give full particulars, price, and terms. Address F 66, Tribune.

WANTED—TO BUY—AT A BARGAIN FOR CASH—Real estate or equities in same. WM. CHAM & CO., 406 Tacoma Bldg.

WANTED—100 FT. ON S. CHICAGO-AV. SOUTH of 79th; will pay $25 ft. and one-third cash. Address F 71, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—$7,500—ELEGANT RESIDENCE IN Omaha, clear, for Chicago residence or other property; will assume. $125,000—Business block, Madison-st., equity in same $50,000, to exchange. $160,000—Apartment building, North Side; equity, $75,000; rental, $13,200. $30,000—Town and farm property in and near Urbana, O., free and clear; want Chicago property; 5-cent fare. W. A. FRYE & CO., 159 Washington-st., Room 8.

FOR EXCHANGE—CENTRAL CHICAGO PROPERty; six-story business building and lot, one tenant, only three blocks from Post-Office; Price $150,000, and worth it; will take Kenwood or North Side residence for one-third, balance time.
ALSO
an elegant corner building near Board of Trade, price $175,000; can put in part trade and arrange balance. Both properties well rented. SNOW & DICKINSON, Dearborn and Washington.

FOR EXCHANGE—EQUITY IN SUBURBAN blocks; will take good-rented improved property or near by farm if unincumbered. Address B. PEARCE, 55 53d-st.

FARM IN TEXAS TO TRADE FOR BUSINESS. Address F 58, Tribune office.

I HAVE BALANCE PURCHASE MONEY MORTgage, and clear suburban blocks which I will give for improved property renting for $5,000 to $8,000 per annum. Address by mail, B. PEARCE, 55 53d-st.

TO EXCHANGE—
6 lots, 40x200, Quincy, Ill., for city equity....[illegible]
8 lots 47th and Kedzie-av. for improved....[illegible]
50x110 on 63d and Champlain-av. for residence....[illegible]
9-room residence, lot 100x125, in La Grange....[illegible]
House and 3 acres, Wheaton, clear for farm....[illegible]
Piano and music store, invoice....[illegible]
158 ft. frontage, Englewood, for improved....[illegible]
100x150 North-av. on C. N. W. Ry., for residence....[illegible]
Equity fine Jackson-blvd. res. for vacant....[illegible]
1,700-acre Miss. plantation for city equity....[illegible]
Elegant farm, blue grass region, for equity....[illegible]
10 lots North and Milwaukee-avs., clear....[illegible]
Equity 30-room residence, West Side, inc. $6,000....[illegible]
Elegant brick Wabash-av., lot 100x170, clear....[illegible]
157 ft. frontage Blue Island-av. for imp....[illegible]
280 acres on C. B. and Q. Ry., nr. depot, part ex....[illegible]
PETTIBONE & CO., 161 La Salle-st., ground floor.

TO EXCHANGE—CLEAR OR LIGHTLY INCUMbered Kansas farms and some cash for stock of merchandise from $10,000 to $15,000; dry goods, boots and shoes, or clothing. The owner of the Kansas property is a responsible party and means business. Owners preferred. REXFORD & BELLAMY, 206 La Salle.

TO EXCHANGE—A CHAMBER SUITE FOR A nice folding bed. Address 3534 Lake-av.

WILL EXCHANGE MY 3-STORY AND BASEment modern brick residence, two blocks from Madison-st. cable, for good residence in Aurora, Ill. Address E 48, Tribune office.

TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—FOR 99 YEARS, WITHOUT REVALuation, an A1 triangular business corner, 157x180x100 feet, Blue Island-av., Loomis, and 18th-st. W. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

ANY AMOUNT TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL estate. Property inspected at once. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., 91 Dearborn-st., main floor.

CAPITAL WANTED IN A MONEY LOANING business which will net the investor 25 per cent. If you have money, say $1,000 or upward, it will pay you to investigate this. Address F 90, Tribune.

GREENEBAUM SONS BANKERS
116 and 118 La Salle-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE—LOWEST RATES—Small expense. The interest of the borrower regarded. R. N. LLOYD & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE IN COOK COUNTY, including building loans, made promptly at current rates. BAIRD & BRADLEY, 90 La Salle-st.

RESPONSIBLE LAWYER HAS SEVERAL APplications for loans; if you have money on hand you can place it on good real-estate security without expense. Address E 20, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT LOWEST RATES ON IMPROVED CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.
No delay. Will loan in amounts of $2,000 and upwards.
BOGUE & HOYT, Real Estate Board Building, N. E. cor. Dearborn and Randolph-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECOND MORTGAGES ON improved property, on first mortgages on unimproved lots, upon manufacturing plants, livery outfits, teaming companies, etc., etc., at bottom rates; get my prices before borrowing. W. R. TRASHER, 108 Washington-st., main floor.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE. B. PRINDIVILLE, Rooms 13 and 14, 118 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE in Chicago or Cook County at 6 per cent, no commission. HUTCHINSON & LUFF, 50 Ashland blk.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY IN ANY AMOUNT. MONEY ON HAND. W. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 156 and 158 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE AT 5, 5½, AND 6 PER CENT. Special rates on large amounts. SIDNEY LOEB, 85-87 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT 5 AND 6 PER CENT ON IMproved real estate or to build; no appraisal or abstract expenses. E. C. JOHNSON, 155 Washington.

PETERSON & BAY, BANKERS, 163 EAST RANdolph-st., loan money on improved real estate at lowest rates of interest.

WANTED—$3,000 FOR A FIRST MORTGAGE SEcurity; good vacant real estate; worth double; 6 per cent interest, semi-annually; will discount $100 for a quick sale. Address A O 68, Tribune office.

WANT 7 PER CENT LOAN—$4,800 ON DWELLing; value $8,000; South Side; no commission. Address F 14, Tribune office.

WANTED—$2,500 FOR 6 MONTHS ON FIRST purchase-money mortgages and notes as collateral. B. PEARCE, 55 53d-st.

FINANCIAL.

ADVANCES. LOANS.
DO YOU WANT MONEY?
ADVANCES AND LOANS MADE ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, ETC., WITHOUT DELAY OR PUBLICITY AND WITHOUT REMOVAL. PERSONS WISHING A LOAN OF THIS KIND WILL DO WELL BY CALLING AT OUR OFFICE BEFORE DEALING ELSEWHERE.
CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
ROOM 12, 86 LA SALLE-ST. OPPOSITE CITY-HALL.

CHICAGO TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, CORner Clark and Washington-sts.—Loans made at market rates upon commercial paper, approved names, warehouse receipts, merchandise, bonds, notes, equities in real estate, and any available collateral.

FOR SALE—SHARES IN SYNDICATE REPREsenting one-half acre each of the prettiest ground in Cook Co., near depot and lake. Only [illegible] per share. Easy terms. An elegant home (half a dozen ordinary-sized lots) for a little money. Worth $2,000 at prices usually paid for such property. Only a few shares to be had. Address F 48, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BALANCE PURCHASE-MONEY mortgage, $1,600; good man. B. PEARCE, 55 53d-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE FIRST MORTGAGES—$2,500 to $8,000, netting purchaser 6 per cent. Well secured on Chicago real estate. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & BRO., 91 Dearborn-st., main floor.

I CAN LOAN YOUR MONEY AT A PROFIT OF 15 to 20 per cent; absolutely safe. Address [illegible] Tribune office.

LIPMAN'S LOAN OFFICE, 89 MADISON-ST.—Will loan money to any amount on all goods of value; forfeited watches and fine diamonds for sale less than store prices; cash paid for old gold and silver; watches and jewelry repaired; not connected with so-called mortgage companies; business confidential.

THE HYMAN LOAN COMPANY, ROOM [illegible], Dearborn-st., southwest corner Madison—Loans made $1 to $1,000 at 2, 3, 4, and 5 per cent upon commercial paper, diamonds, watches, jewelry, seal garments, warehouse receipts, merchandise, [illegible], notes, furniture, pianos, equities in real estate, any available collateral.

WANTED—SOME CHOICE LARGE CHATTEL loans; rate reduced to suit. E 122, Tribune.

$20 TO $500 LOANED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, diamonds, jewelry, sealskins, horses, [illegible], fixtures, or any security; low rates; honest dealing. KNOWLTON, 167 Dearborn-st., Room 42.

$250, $500, $1,000, OR MORE ON HAND TO LOAN. W. B. CUNNINGHAM, 128 La Salle-st.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE SAFE AND TWO desks, 221 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AT ONE-FOURTH COST, 30 FEET OF elegant walnut counters and shelving for [illegible] dry goods store. Write quickly to [illegible] Bloomington, Ill.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—2345 INDIANA-AV., NEW HOUSE. Parlor, library, dining-room, and kitchen on first floor; 7 bed-rooms; open plumping work (water closets); finished throughout in hardwood in A1 manner; possession Sept. 10th. E. C. HULING & CO., 90 Washington-st.

TO RENT—MODERN STONE FRONT HOUSES, Nos. 3490-3504 Lake Park-av.; all improvements and entirely new. G. S. THOMAS, 177 La Salle-st., Room 10.

TO RENT—3324 PRAIRIE-AV., 12-ROOM BRICK house; in first-class order; dining-room and kitchen on first floor; brick barn for 6 horses; lease to May, 1893; $80. 3244 Prairie-av., two-story and basement stone-front, 11 rooms; first-class dwelling; 3 to 5 years; $35. A. D. HYDE, 126 Dearborn-st.

FOR RENT—$50—NEW 10-ROOM BRICK HOUSE Ellis-av. and 41st-st. Inquire at our branch office on the property. W. H. CAIRNDUFF & CO., Room 2 Calumet Building, 187 to 191 La Salle-st.

TO RENT — ON PRAIRIE-AV., BETWEEN 41st and 42d-sts.—A nice 8-room cottage, with 40-foot lawn; rent $35 per month to good tenant. WALLACE HECKMAN, 79 Dearborn-st., City.

TO RENT — 2317 WABASH-AV., 3½-STORY stone front, eight rooms, all modern improvements; dining-room and kitchen on first floor; $50 a month. SAWYER & GARRETT, 89 Madison-st., Room 6.

TO RENT—2554 PRAIRIE-AV., 12-ROOM MODern brick house, east front, fine mansard and 2-story brick barn; all in first-class sanitary condition; would rent cheap to good tenant for one to three years. L. A. GILBERT, Room 712, 131 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—3414 SOUTH PARK-AV.—15-ROOM modern stone-front house; dining room and kitchen on parlor floor; $75 month. Owner, Room 34, 167 Dearborn-st. Key at 3416.

TO RENT—OR SALE—350 OAKWOOD-BLVD., 10-r. modern brick; in perfect order; every convenience. Owner and keys 323 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—3419 WABASH-AV.; FINE 10-ROOM stone front; all improvements; good order; only $45. BAIRD & BRADLEY, 90 La Salle-st.

West Side.

FOR RENT—705 WEST MONROE-ST., NEAR Lincoln, 2-story and basement stone front house, 9 rooms; very pleasant; newly papered throughout. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

TO RENT—CHEAP—11-ROOM HOUSE, 778 Washington-blvd. A large house, barn, and grounds, with and Elizabeth. 6-room flat 374 West Indiana-st. EVANS, Room 2, 112 Randolph-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, 385 DEARborn-av. Apply 50 Ashland Block.

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 7 ROOMS, BATH, etc., No. 280 Huron-st.; $40. Inquire 5th floor, No. 24 State-st. A. L. CROCKER.

Hyde Park.

FOR RENT—4127 BERKELEY-AV., NICE MODern 7-room detached house; rent, $40. TURNER & BOND, 102 Washington-st.

FOR RENT—5326 CORNELL-AV.—11 ROOMS; burglar alarm, etc.; possession at once; lot, 50x150. S. L. UNDERWOOD, 48 Board of Trade.

FOR RENT—4577 OAKENWALD-AV., 9-ROOM modern house, furnished; cheap. TURNER & BOND, 102 Washington-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—A GOOD HOUSE, 10 ROOMS, WELL located; in first-class condition; large grounds; well shaded; near depot in Ravinia; one mile south of Highland Park; $15 per month. Inquire T. S. CUNNINGHAM, 230 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—ARMOUR FLATS—
DEARBORN, BUTTERFIELD, 32D AND 36TH-STS. GEO. G. NEWBURY & CO., 164 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT—THIRD FLAT, VERY DESIRABLE, no children, no rooming or boarding; vacant Sept. 1. 232 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—A BEAUTIFUL AND CONVENIENT six-room flat in the brick building at 1718 State-st.; immediate possession; moderate rental. GETCHELL, BARNEY & CO., 407 Tacoma Building.

TO RENT—IN 1623, 1625, AND 1627 WABASH-AV., three front modern 5-room flats; to good tenants, $25.50 per month. L. A. GILBERT, Room 712, 131 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—NEW AND MODERN ELEGANT 9-room flats; everything complete; $55; convenient to steam and street cars; 4206 Berkeley-av.; open. C. L. LANCASTER, 33, 173 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—NEW FLATS 6 AND 7 ROOMS; ALL modern improvements, on Calumet-av., near 43d-st. JAS. T. YOUNG, 95 Clark-st., Room 24.

TO RENT—294 38TH-ST., 6-ROOM FLAT; MODERN and in good order; $25. 3732 Johnson-place, nice 6-room flat; $20. A. D. HYDE, 126 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—3 TO 6 ROOM FLATS IN SEAVERN'S buildings, cor. Wabash-av. and 22d-st. Apply 2210 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—SEVEN-ROOM FLAT; ALL OUTSIDE light; new, modern; low rent. Inquire of janitor, 309 Aldine-st., near Vincennes-av.

TO RENT—321 MICHIGAN-AV.—VERY PLEASantly located and costly furnished rooms; 1st flat.

TO RENT—GOOD FLATS—$12, $18 and $30, at 3525 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—FLAT—3438 SOUTH PARK-AV., 8 rooms, first floor; modern improvements.

West Side.

TO RENT—SIX-ROOM FLATS; ALL MODERN IMprovements, with janitor service; new block; Western-av. and Huron-st. Apply to the owner on premises daily, including Sunday.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FLAT, 494 W. MADISON-st., 5 rooms and bath; superior in arrangement, light, and ventilation. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 7 AND 8 ROOM APARTments, all modern conveniences; new brick block, Wood-st., near Harrison, $20 to $25 per month; most desirable flats for the money in the city. Janitor on the premises. 332 Wood-st. C. L. LANCASTER, 33, 173 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—682 JACKSON-ST., NEAR WOOD, ELEgant 2d flat in new building, just papered and decorated, has plate-glass windows, oak front door, etc.; cheap; only $32.50. M. A. WELLS, 84 Washington-st.

TO RENT—MODERN FLAT, 7 ROOMS, PRIVATE entrance, furnace, laundry. 105 Aberdeen.

TO RENT—DAISY MODERN 4 ROOM FRONT flat; bay windows; second floor. 450 Ogden-av. E. HANCOCK, 195 La Salle-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—CHOICE 5 AND 6 ROOM FLATS, NEW and modern, heat, passenger elevators, janitor, etc. Call at 18 Bellevue-place.

TO RENT—3, 4 AND 5 ROOM FLATS, $12 TO $25, ON Pine and Indiana-sts., near to business; reasonable prices to good tenants. Inquire HOYT'S office, corner Pine and Indiana-sts.

TO RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED FLAT, WITH all modern improvements, on first floor, to man and wife without children; rent reasonable; first-class references required. Call after 5:30 p. m., at 138 N. State-st., between Chicago-av. and Superior-st.

TO RENT—192 N. STATE-ST., FIRST AND THIRD flats, 7 and 8 rooms; hardwood finish throughout; stationary sideboard, range, laundry, store-room, furnace heat, and janitor service; superb neighborhood. Apply at 190 North State-st.

TO RENT—125 EAST PEARSON-ST., EIGHT-ROOM apartment on second floor, steam heat, ice-box, gas range and heater, window shades, screens, curtain poles, gas logs, etc., hardwood finish; investigate. C. U. GORDON & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—495 DEARBORN-AV.—8-ROOM APARTment; hardwood, steam heat, gas fixtures, papered, etc. Apply to janitor.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—6-ROOM FLATS; THEY ARE NICE; good location; $18 to $25. T. DEMPSTER, 521 W. Taylor-st.

Hyde Park.

TO RENT—IN KENWOOD, 16 46TH-ST., NEAR Lake-av., 7 and 8 room flats; new brown-stone house, finished in hardwood and tile vestibule; private residence style and all conveniences; $35.

TO RENT—FLAT—309 43D-ST., 5 ROOMS AND bath, in excellent repair. F. C. GIBBS, 153 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BERKLEY-AV., S. E. COR. 43D-ST.—Elegant new building, 5 and 7 room apartments, steam heat, janitor service, gas ranges, and all improvements; $30 to $50. TURNER & BOND, 102 Washington-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—FRONT ALCOVE, WITH SMALL ADjoining room, $9; corner, $7; side room, $4 a week; nicely furnished; centrally located, and thoroughly respectable; elevator, steam heat, and baths; excellent table, $5; no children; always quiet and clean. Dearborn Park Bldg. 5 and 6 E. Washington-st.

TO RENT—7 CONGRESS-ST., OPPOSITE AUDItorium, handsome rooms; gentlemen only.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY NEWLY FURNISHED rooms; all modern improvements; bath, hot and cold water, etc; private family. 2519 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—TO PARTIES VISITING THE CITY for theaters and other amusements, large, warm, elegantly furnished rooms, very central. Hotel Casino, 14 and 16 E. Madison-st., near Michigan-av.

TO RENT—2332 INDIANA-AV., ELEGANTLY AND newly furnished rooms, to only first-class persons.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, 3502 Cottage Grove-av., Flat B.

TO RENT—AT 127 LA SALLE-ST.—FURNISHED rooms, equal to first-class hotel rooms, at one-quarter their price. Call at Room 9.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE AND NICELY FURnished rooms. 231 Michigan-av., second bell.

TO RENT—3871 ELLIS-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED pleasant, sunny alcove room, all conveniences; reasonable; cable and steam cars near.

TO RENT—2124 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURNISHED front alcove room; also suite of rooms, with or without board; references.

TO RENT—NEW THREE-ROOM MODERN FLAT one flight. 2218 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ALCOVE AND SINGLE room, $12 and $5; gentlemen. 52 24th-st.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR AND OTHER ROOMS, very central. 2230 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—9 32D-ST., FURNISHED ROOMS, $10 and $6 per month; housekeeping allowed.

TO RENT—TWO CONNECTING NICELY FURnished front rooms; all conveniences; reasonable to refined couple; south. Address F 84, Tribune.

TO RENT—FURNISHED PARLOR, DINING-ROOM, and kitchen, 2 sleeping rooms; all conveniences; to quiet, responsible couple; South, near lake. Address F 88, Tribune office.

West Side.

TO RENT—ROOMS FURNISHED COMPLETE for housekeeping, by the week; small and respectable families only. 130 S. Green-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—TWO DESIRABLE ROOMS, STRICTly private family; man and wife or two gentlemen. 532 Washington-boulevard.

TO RENT—BRIGHT, LARGE ROOM FOR 2 ladies or gentlemen; breakfast if desired; cable-cars pass the house; fine locality. 216 Ogden-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—PALACE HOTEL, CLARK AND INDIana—rooms $4 weekly up, transients 50 cents up. Table d'Hote 50 cents. By F. COMPAGNON, late of Chicago Club.

TO RENT—ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN IN PRIvate family. 257 Oak-st., near La Salle.

TO RENT—A VERY PLEASANT FURNISHED single room, reasonable, to one gentleman; private family. 235 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—NEW AND ELEGANTLY FURNISHED front alcove, suitable for two or three; stationary water, bath attached. 332 E. Erie-st.

TO RENT—20 LANE-PLACE, NEAR LINCOLN Park, a handsome furnished front room, with all conveniences; private family.

TO RENT—272 ERIE-ST.—DESIRABLE FRONT room to one or two gentlemen, with or without board.

TO RENT—427 LA SALLE-AV., ELEGANT FURnished rooms, single or en suite, with bath.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED SINGLE rooms, 313 E. Chicago-av., no other roomers, Flat 9. Call evenings and Sunday.

TO RENT—3 NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; ALL modern conveniences. 198 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN find very desirable suite of nicely furnished rooms, with private family. 30A Delaware-place.

TO RENT—239 DEARBORN-AV.—NICELY FURnished hall bedroom; private family.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—INFORMATION OF ANY CHARACTER REGARDING ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD, IN PRIVATE FAMILIES OR SELECT BOARDING-HOUSES IN ANY PART OF THE CITY, EGGLESTON, AUSTIN, EVANSTON, ANY STREET, WILL BE CHEERFULLY GIVEN FREE OF CHARGE AT ANY TIME. SECURE A COMFORTABLE HOME FOR THE WINTER NOW. GORDON, MAHON & CO., LICENSED BROKERS, SUITE 112-113 ADAMS EXPRESS BUILDING.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, 59 MARket-st., between Randolph and Washington-st. OWNER, Room 304, 167 Dearborn-st.

STORES TO RENT ON QUINCY-ST., IN THE new Rand-McNally Building. Inquire of E. F. SWEET, Agent, on 6th floor.

TO RENT—TWO STORES IN NEW BUILDING, 146 and 148 18th-st., near State; will rent cheap. GETCHELL, BARNEY & CO., Tacoma Building, corner Madison and La Salle-sts.

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, 39 31ST-st., at $18 per month. F. C. GIBBS, 153 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—WHOLE OR PART OF STORE, 223 Dearborn-st.; long lease.

West Side.

STORE FOR RENT—147 AND 149 W. MADISON-st., corner Union-st., 3 stores and basement; plate glass front on both streets. Inquire JAMES CASEY, 605 West Jackson-st.

TO RENT—STORES IN NEW BLOCK, WESTern-av. and Huron-st., suitable for millinery, dry goods, or hardware business. Apply to owner on premises daily, including Sundays.

FOR RENT—STORES ON WEST TAYLOR-ST., near Loomis; good location for dry goods, boots and shoes; also custom tailor. T. DEMPSTER, 521 W. Taylor-st.

TO RENT—372 AND 374 WEST LAKE-ST.—TOgether or separate, two good stores and basement; one has a fine bake oven. CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT STORE FOR DRUGGIST or jeweler, 537 W. Madison-st.

North Side.

TO RENT — STORE — 677 WELLS-ST. — NEW block of 10 living rooms in rear. Owner, Room 304, 167 Dearborn-st.; $35 month.

Hyde Park.

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, 309 43D-st., splendid location for barber or shoemaker, at $20 per month. F. C. GIBBS, 153 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN 23 MODERN BUILDINGS. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st. Telephone 681.

TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE ON GROUND floor; also desk room in office adjoining. D. W. FRENCH, 84 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—UNDER HALF PRICE—SOME FINE third floor offices at 127 La Salle-st. Call at Room 9.

TO RENT—DESK AND ROOM, ILLINOIS BANK Building, 115 Dearborn-st., Room 44.

TO RENT—SEVERAL CHOICE OFFICES IN THE Mallers Building; best of light and fireproof; cheap if taken at once. Apply at R. 4, 226 La Salle-st.

Lofts.

TO RENT—LOFTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; large list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

Barns.

TO RENT—NEW LIVERY STABLES; 80 STALLS; at rear of 2238 Indiana-av. WM. W. GOODMAN, Room 76, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—161 EAST KINZIE-ST., NEAR CLARK, 3-story and basement brick building. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

TO RENT—FACTORY, 3 FLOORS, 80X120; LIGHT on all sides; elevator, boiler, engine, and steam coils. T. DEMPSTER, 521 W. Taylor-st.

TO RENT—FLOORS AND BUILDINGS FOR MANUfacturing. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—UNFURNISHED—BY A gentleman, with first-class references, for his own use—One large alcove room or front and back rooms, with use of bath, on avenue east of Wabash-av. and north of Twenty-second-st.; prefer a place where there are no other roomers and in a house owned by the occupant, as I wish a permanent place; state what you have, location, how heated, and price. Address A D 180, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A 12 OR 14 ROOM MODern house for a special client, who will make an A1 tenant; furnished house on South Side preferred, but would consider North Side. TURNER & BOND, 102 Washington-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY A SINGLE GENTLEman, a room in the suburbs within half hour's ride of the business center; if convenient would like breakfast; private family preferred. Address E 41, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL FURNISHED room within half block of Dearborn, Madison, Clark, or State-st. cars; state price. F 33, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—2 FURNISHED HOUSEkeeping rooms by two ladies; rent $10 or $12 per month; Englewood preferred. F 10, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ONE-HALF OF STORE in good location for furnishings and hats. J. KAUFMAN, care Burke's Hotel.

WANTED—TO RENT—A HOUSE ON GROVEland-av. of 8 or 10 rooms, furnished or unfurnished; no children. BOWERMAN, FARNUM & WARE, 83 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, PRIvate family. West Side, south of Madison-st., not farther west than Loomis; conveniences; breakfast and supper; single gentleman; state terms; room-renters, don't answer. Address F 8, Tribune office.

INSTRUCTION.

AT THE WEST SIDE BUSINESS COLLEGE, 278, 278, and 280 W. Madison-st., practical instruction is given in the business, shorthand, and grammar school courses; nineteenth year; day and evening sessions; everything first-class; call or write for desired particulars. FREDERICK F. JUDD, Principal.

AT THE MUNSON SHORTHAND SCHOOL—A thorough shorthand course, four months, $40. Dictation for advanced writers, all systems, $2 week. J. S. HANNA, 412 First National Bank Building.

BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, AUDITORIUM BLDG. (Congress-st. elevators). TEACHERS SENT TO SUBURBS AND SCHOOLS. NEW CLASSES JUST IN FORMATION. NATIVE TEACHERS ONLY.

BROWN & HOLLAND SHORTHAND INSTITUTE, 25 Haymarket Theatre Bldg.

INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION IN BOOKKEEPING and writing, day and night, 125 Dearborn-st. Preferable to business colleges. M. R. JOHNSON, formerly with Marshall Field & Co. Call for circular.

LIGHTED BY THE EDISON ELECTRIC LIGHT, the Chicago Polytechnic Institute, s. e. cor. Madison and Fifth-av., offers the only evening school in Chicago indorsed by opticians and physicians. All grammar and high school studies taught by specialists; bookkeeping, shorthand, and typewriting; languages, grammar, rhetoric, art, music, elocution, cooking, millinery, dressmaking are specialties. Send for catalogue.

ROBERT E. MORRISON, DRAMATIC READER and Recitationist; a limited number of pupils in elocution desired. No. 1 Washington-place.

STUDENTS CAREFULLY PREPARED FOR Harvard, Yale, or any of the best colleges by private tutor of 15 years' successful experience. PROF. RILEY, Argyle Bldg., cor. Michigan-av. and Jackson-st.

SHORTHAND — THE CHICAGO ATHENÆUM maintains the leading Munson school in the West; 13th year. Call or write for new catalogue.

THOSE WHOSE EDUCATION HAS BEEN SERIously neglected, English, French, all branches, by competent teacher. Address F 23, Tribune office.

YOU CAN GET A PRACTICAL USE OF SHORThand in three months at the Central College, 24 Dearborn-st., which would take you six months at any other school. Day and evening sessions. Call or send for circulars. D. F. HAYMER, Manager.

MUSICAL.

WANTED—COMPETENT SOPRANO AND ALTO for church quartet; South Side. F 1, Tribune.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—
One carriage team.
Two cart or coupe horses.
One family horse.
Two single drivers.
One combined saddle and driving horse.
These are all young, sound horses and will be sold at a bargain. Calumet Club Stables, rear of 1927 Michigan-av.

HORSES WINTERED AT THE ITASCA FARM near Morocco, Ind.; first-class accommodations at reasonable rates. For particulars, call or address FRANK A. SMITH, Room 21, 25 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A LOT OF HORSES and mares. Inquire for Foreman at Ogden-av. car-barns.

WANTED—GOOD DELIVERY HORSE. J. H. FORSYTH, 161 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—ONE HANDSOME BAY MARE; 15¼; one good business horse, cheap, at Livery, 104 E. Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FINE YOUNG CARRIAGE horse; black; weight 1,200. 3 Wabash-av.

WANTED—GOOD SIDE-BAR BUGGY; MUST be reasonable; give description. Address F 82, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A RETIRING PARTNER'S INTEREST FOR SALE for $1,000 in an established real estate and loan company; would also be expected to assist in management of two incorporated companies just forming; a chance to get in on the ground floor; gentlemen of brains and money please investigate; the advertiser is a resident of this State 30 years; no letters answered; we have real estate for sale in all parts of Cook County; $1,000,000 Eastern capital to loan at low rates; list your real estate with us, our customers are principally Eastern capitalists; we also promote enterprises, procure capital, form corporations, and establish legitimate business. Call at office of Mutual Investment Company, Room 56 Metropolitan Block.

A COMPANY INCORPORATED WITH $100,000 CAPital to build a grand crystal palace theater, with seating capacity of 2,000 people, have ground leased in heart of city for 99 years; rental of stores and offices will pay all taxes and interest on investment, leaving theater profits clear; a conservative estimate shows profit 300 per cent; backed by prominent business-men of this city who hold stock; we offer for a few days only $25,000 of this stock at 60 cents; subscriptions to stock can be paid 20 per cent per month; plans and specifications to be seen at our office. MUTUAL INVESTMENT CO., 56 Metropolitan Block.

A PROMOTER OF STOCK SYNDICATES AND INcorporator of manufacturing companies, if the right party, can have an unusual opportunity to make a liberal sum or become interested; best of references given and required. Address E 176, Tribune office.

A SMART BUSINESS MAN WHO CAN INTERest capital to the extent of $25,000 in one of the best legitimate lines of manufacture in Chicago, business fully established and no incumbrances, will find it to his interest to give this attention; best of references required. Address E 177, Tribune office.

A DETACHED ROOMING HOUSE, 13 ROOMS, all full; North Side; new furniture; two years' lease; rent $45; owner leaving city; must be sold this week; price $1,000. The Wheeler-Fletcher Co., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 314.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR PARTY WANTING business; an investment of $150 a net profit of $50 per week can be made; investigate. COOKE & CO., 409 Rialto Building.

A SALOON AND RESTAURANT—TWO ROOMS connected; finest location in city; look this up; can be bought for $1,500; 3½ years' lease; with 2 flats of 6 rooms each. The Wheeler-Fletcher Co., 167 Dearborn.

ADVERTISER WILL BUY INTEREST IN OFFICE business; must have solid merit; no real estate; principals only; particulars P. O. Box 192.

A SMALL PATENTED NOVELTY OF GENERAL use and great business value for sale. Call at 164 La Salle-st., Room 62.

A GOOD BUSINESS-MAN WITH $5,000 TO $10,000 can secure a first-class connection with solid business concern. Address F 59, Tribune office.

BEST CHANCE FOR GOOD BARBER IN CITY; small store, corner 31st and Prairie-av.; cheap rent; open.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST TURKISH baths in the city. Call at Room 34 Auditorium Building.

FOR SALE—NORTH SIDE BAKERY AND RESTaurant; wholesale and retail trade; large oven; horses and wagon; average trade $75 a day. CUYLER & CUYLER, 127 Lincoln-av.

FOR SALE—FINE LARGE BOARDING-HOUSE on North Side; splendid location; 9 blocks from Madison-st.; lease covering World's Fair year; house all new and full of good boarders; splendid chance to obtain a good house cheap for spot cash; sickness cause of selling. Address E 62, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — SAMPLE-ROOM, WITH GOOD trade; best located corner on South Side; cheap; terms easy; good reasons for selling. Address E 132, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—HOTEL WITH RESTAURANT AND bar connected, opposite largest passenger station; does $22,000 a year; been est. 7 years; must sell; severe sickness; price $3,500, or will sell ½ interest. NOYES BROS., R. 75, 187 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A GROCERY, TEA, AND COFFEE store in good German neighborhood on North Side; price $500 for stock and fixtures, or will invoice. The Wheeler-Fletcher Co., 167 Dearborn-st., R. 314.

FOR SALE—OLD ESTABLISHED GENTS' FURnishing business; excellent location, South Side; will sell cheap on account of sickness; rent low for half store. Address F 56, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ONE-THIRD INTEREST FOR $10,000 in a business the profits of which will reach $50,000 the first year. None but those who have the means and can furnish the best of references need answer. Address E 173, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—ESTABLISHED hardware business; old stand; fine trade; well stocked; new goods; have other business. Address F 27, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE DRUG STORE; A rare chance; annual sales $13,000. Address F 34, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—RARE CHANCE—THE BEST-PAYING boot and shoe store on the Southwest Side; old established; will invoice about $4,000; poor health, obliged to sell. Address F 36, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CIGAR STORE AND STOCK. 147 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—WELL LOCATED and established coal and feed business on West Side, near Madison-st.; 3 horses, wagons, stock, and fixtures; about $1,500 required; owner leaving city. Address E 169, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MEAT MARKET; A 1 LOCATION, DOing a fine business. Address F 22, Tribune office.

I WANT TO INVEST SOME MONEY IN GOOD mercantile or manufacturing business; would consider good patented specialties and take more than ordinary business chances if profits promised in proportion; state what you have, money required, and prospects if properly developed. E 157, Tribune.

PARTY HAVING SOME FUNDS WOULD MAKE business arrangements with responsible money loaner; give particulars; confidential. F 16, Tribune.

STONE—PARTY HAVING CONTROL OF QUARries located near Chicago would like to meet a gentleman who would buy, lease, or take stock in company to operate same. Fine opening. Address E 101, Tribune office.

TO RENT—A FULLY EQUIPPED PRINTING office in the most central locality in the city of Chicago. It is especially adapted to carry on a large printing or manufacturing business. Now is a chance for book publishers or men who wish to rent an office, having an abundance of assorted type, as well as some of the latest improved presses. There is all the accommodation necessary in the way of steam heat and elevator service, as well as plenty of power to run the presses. The plant will be rented for the term of one or two years. All correspondence will be strictly confidential, and no attention will be paid to letters which are seeking information only. Address your communications to P. O. Box 715, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—COMPETENT AND RELIABLE PARties to manufacture and sell Cook's Rotary Ash-Sifter on royalty in the Eastern, Western, Northern, and Southern States. Send for circular. BURTON R. COOK, 321 Grand-av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WE INCORPORATE INDUSTRIAL BUSINESS, prepare prospectus, and organize them for London market. For terms address London Finance Syndicate, Room 11, 75 Cedar-st., New York.

WANTED—ANY LARGE, WELL-ESTABLISHED, sound, industrial business, breweries, coal, timber, or iron properties to place on London market. Address English Syndicate, P. O. Box 2409, New York.

WANTED—PARTY WITH $50,000 CASH, TO INvest in North Shore acres; a bargain if taken at once. Address F 49, Tribune office.

WANTED—HAVE $2,000 TO $3,000 CASH TO PUT into a saloon on W. Madison or South Side, east of State; must be a bargain. Call R. 75, 181 La Salle.

WANTED—PARTY WITH $2,000 TO $5,000 CASH to help push one of the best specialties ever invented; large profits and unlimited demand; no risk; party handles own money. Address E 161, Tribune office.

32 ROOM HOTEL ON MOST FASHIONABLE street in city; 3 years' term and elegant furniture; can be bought for $2,500. The Wheeler-Fletcher Co., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 314.

$550 BUYS CENTRAL CIGAR STORE; REceipts $20 daily. 153 Monroe, Room 23.

$2,500 WILL BUY HALF-INTEREST IN printing establishment paying $400 a month; want only practical printer with money. Ask for MR. BLACK, 85 Washington, R. 1.

$3,300 WORTH OF AMERICAN GOLD watches, gold and diamond jewelry to sacrifice for cash; no reasonable offer refused; would trade for diamonds. Address E 145, Tribune.

$5,000 WILL BUY ONE OF THE FINEST SAMple-rooms in city; heart of South Side; come and see it. The Wheeler-Fletcher Co., 167 Dearborn-st., Room 314.

$25,000 TO $50,000 STOCK IN A VERY PROFITable manufacturing business for sale; a splendid opportunity for a young man. Address for interview D 149, Tribune office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

CASH PAID FOR USED HOUSEHOLD GOODS; furniture of private residences purchased. Fidelity Storage Warehouse, 83 VanBuren-st.

FOR SALE—
Old newspapers at
25 cents per hundred.
TRIBUNE COUNTING ROOM.

FOLDING BEDS TILL YOU CAN REST; ALL kinds. Empire Parlor Bedstead Co., 383 W. Madison-st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS AT PRIVATE SALE—Private family will sell at a positive sacrifice, to save trouble and excitement of a public auction, the entire magnificent furniture, etc., also elegant upright grand piano, of their elegant residence, furnished new throughout only 4 months ago at a cost of $10,000; anything will be sold separate; comprising magnificent brocatelle parlor suit, cost $250, for $150; also elegant Wilton rug suit, cost $200, for $125; piano cost $500 for $190; also elegant collection of fine oil paintings by eminent artists, handsome parlor cabinets, mantel tops, fine pedestals, French bronzes, large Turkish chairs, odd chairs, rockers, elegant rug couches, engravings, etc.; fine onyx clocks, handsome parlor lamp, cost $15; fine lace curtains, collection of handsome bisque figures, vases, etc., from the LEADING ART CENTERS OF EUROPE; also a rug suit of 5 pieces, cost $125, for $75; fine hall-tree, elegant oak sideboard, leather dining-room suit, all the elegant silverware, two fine bedroom suits, hair mattresses, feather pillows and bolsters, etc.

All will be sold at a positive sacrifice for cash only. Can be seen at the residence. 2977 Indiana-av.; at home till 10 p. m.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR USED FURniture, carpets, and household goods; entire furniture of hotels and private residences purchased without delay. W., 21 Park-av.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL & WANTED.

A 5-ROOM FLAT, ELEGANTLY FURNISHED, ON Erie-st., rent $30; 2 rooms bring in $25. The WHEELER-FLETCHER COMPANY, 167 Dearborn, Room 314.

A 23-ROOM ROOMING HOUSE, FINE LOCATION on South Side; always full best people; long lease to party who will buy furniture, which is first-class. The WHEELER-FLETCHER COMPANY, 167 Dearborn, Room 314.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED FLAT OF 11 ROOMS for transients; investigate. Address F 63, Tribune.

FOR SALE—NEW 6 AND 7 ROOM FLATS; HAVE all modern improvements; on Calumet-av., between 43d and 44th-sts.; easy terms. JAS. T. YOUNG, 95 Clark-st., Room 24.

FOR SALE—NICELY FURNISHED FIVE-ROOM flat, cheap, if taken at once; Winchester-av., between Jackson and Adams-sts. Address F 83, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED FLAT, NO. 1, 582 WEST Lake-st., facing Union Park; worth $600, or will take $300 cash if taken today.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A ROOMING-HOUSE of any size or any location, come and see us; we have them. The WHEELER-FLETCHER COMPANY, 167 Dearborn, Room 314.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

217 MICHIGAN-AV., OPPOSITE AUDITORIUM, double and single rooms with board.

1905 MICHIGAN-AV.—AN ALCOVE ROOM ON first or second floor, with or without board.

2128 MICHIGAN-AV.—HANDSOMELY FURnished alcove with every convenience and excellent table. MRS. GOODRICH.

2316 INDIANA-AV.—NICELY-FURNISHED rooms, with board.

2548 INDIANA-AV.—TWO HANDSOMELY FURnished rooms (one alcove); choice table. None need call except those who are willing to pay for first-class accommodation. Reference given and required.

3839 ELLIS-AV.—LARGE, WELL FURNISHED room with first-class board. Close to steam and cable cars.

A LADY OWNING A BEAUTIFUL HOME ON Grand-blvd., convenient to steam and street cars, location and associations unsurpassed, would board one or two gentlemen of refinement. Address A A 33, Tribune office.

TWO BLOCKS FROM 39TH-ST. STATION AND Cottage Grove-av. cars—Private family will take two gentlemen; elegant front room overlooking the lake; steam heat; bath. Address G 127, Tribune.

West Side.

28 OGDEN-AV.—FRONT ALCOVE; ALSO OTHER rooms, with board.

45 LOOMIS-ST., BETWEEN MONROE AND ADams—Furnished rooms with board, single or en suite.

62 RUSH-ST.—LARGE ALCOVE ROOMS, WITH first-class board; day board.

81 PARK-AV.—LARGE ROOM FOR TWO OR three gentlemen with board.

375 and 377 WASHINGTON BOULEVARD—REopened under new management, nice furnished rooms, with first-class board.

450 WASHINGTON-BLVD.—ELEGANT SUITE of 2 or 3 rooms, furnished; also single room; modern conveniences; good table; choice location.

540 PARK-AV.—ROOM AND BOARD IN A FAMily of two; accommodations the best, terms reasonable.

617 MONROE-ST.—COMFORTABLY FURNISHed front room with good board for two in English family.

North Side.

6 WASHINGTON-PLACE—LARGE AND NEWLY furnished rooms with board, for 3 or 4 gentlemen with references.

121 DEARBORN-AV.—THOSE WISHING GOOD rooms and board please call. References.

130 DEARBORN-AV. — A FEW PLEASANT front rooms with board; also elegant parlor, newly furnished.

213 DEARBORN-AV., CORNER CHICAGO-AV.—A suite of 3 rooms, suitable for a family; also other suites and front rooms, with board. References. Also first-class table board; meals at almost all hours to suit.

221 ONTARIO-ST.—PLEASANT ROOMS, NEWly furnished, with first-class board.

223 E. OHIO—DESIRABLE ROOMS, WITH GOOD board; table boarders accommodated.

331 ONTARIO-ST.—PLEASANT ROOMS, NEWly furnished, with first-class board.

352 LA SALLE-AV.—ALCOVE, SINGLE, AND suite of rooms, with day board.

376 EAST CHICAGO-AV.—DESIRABLE FURnished rooms with good board; reasonable.

393 DEARBORN-AV.—LARGE, NICELY - FURnished front room, with first-class board.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, WITH BOARD, TO ONE or two gents, on North Side, near Union Club, Dearborn-av.; private family. Address F 6, Tribune.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT WITH board near Lake-Shore Drive; references given and required. Address E 156, Tribune office.

PRIVATE FAMILY OFFER ELEGANT HOME to a refined married couple; desirable location on La Salle-av. Address F 42, Tribune office.

Hotels.

GRESHAM HOTEL, 2242 TO 2250 WABASH-AV.—A few choice rooms can now be secured.

HOTEL DEARBORN, 398 TO 404 STATE-ST.—200 elegant furnished rooms; bath-room, electric light; steam heat; half price of other first-class hotels.

OYSTER SEASON—
OPENED AT THE NEW WAVERLY,
282 SOUTH CLARK,
ADJOINING THE BOARD OF TRADE,
Half a block from the General Post-Office,
Also at the old stand,
Lake and Clark-sts.

STEWED.... 12 CTS. HALF DOZ. FRIED, 12 CTS.
1 DOZ. RAW, 12 CTS. OYSTER PATTY.... 9 CTS.

The public must understand that we use nothing but the BEST BALTIMORE SELECT OYSTERS, shipped direct to us by one of the most reliable firms in Baltimore. The milk is the best, and sent to us by two extensive dairy farmers.

Last year our business was large, but this year will do more than any four oyster houses, or all the hotels in the city together.

PALACE HOTEL, CLARK AND INDIANA—ROOMS $4 weekly up, transients 50c up; restaurant popular prices; Clark-st. cable 4 minutes from Court-House; Turkish baths, 50c; open all night; no extra charge.

WINDSOR EUROPEAN HOTEL IS THE LARGest and most respectable hotel of its class in the city; has a first-class passenger elevator. Rooms from 75c to $1.50 per day. Thompson's restaurant underneath. SAMUEL GREGSTON, proprietor.

Miscellaneous.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, WITH BOARD; elegant alcove and room, 16x16, for gent and wife or two gentlemen. Address F 51, Tribune office.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—CALL TODAY AND LEAVE YOUR ADDRESS THAT YOUR ROOMS MAY BE INSPECTED AND ENTERED ON OUR BOOKS BEFORE END OF WEEK. SUNDAY WILL BE A BIG DAY FOR RENTING ROOMS THROUGH OUR EFFORTS. GORDON, MAHON & CO., LICENSED BROKERS, SUITE 112-113 ADAMS EXPRESS BUILDING.

BOARD—AND NICELY FURNISHED ROOM FOR a family with 3-year-old boy on North Side; private family preferred; state price. References exchanged. Address E 167, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND GOOD ROOM—BY LADY EMployed; vicinity Oakland Station; prefer private family; permanent if suited; $25 month. Address E 155, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM, BY YOUNG LADY; NORTH Side preferred, within one mile of business center. References given. State terms. Address F 70, Tribune office.

STORAGE.

A SAFE PLACE IN WHICH TO STORE FURNIture, pianos, and merchandise is the Chicago Storage Warehouse, 97 to 103 Van Buren-st., one block from Post-Office; private rooms with keys; moving carefully done. SNOW & GOODNOW, Telephone 801. Proprietors.

AMERICAN STORAGE COMPANY'S NEW FIREproof warerooms at 87, 89, 91, and 93 South Jefferson-st., are the lightest and cleanest in the city for storing furniture. Telephone 1,373.

CITY STORAGE COMPANY'S NEW SIX-STORY warehouse, 177 W. Adams-st., is where everybody stores their furniture, pianos, trunks, etc.; money loaned; teaming; telephone 4133.

FIDELITY STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 79, 81, AND 83 East Van Buren-st.; established 1875 for storage of household goods. Permanent. Reliable.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND PIANOS—Largest, oldest and safest in the city. Moving and packing furniture a specialty. W. Side—156, 158 and 160 West Monroe-st. Tel. 4,370. S. Side—350 and 352 Wabash-av. Tel. 1,543. GEORGE PARRY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE—TO REDUCE stock we are offering some very low prices on broken lines to close out. These are genuine bargains.

NEELY BROS., 152 West Madison-st., One door east of Dime Museum.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—2 TUBULAR BOILERS—ONE 48 IN. by 14 feet; one 42 in. by 12 feet.
One 25-horsepower engine, pump and heater.
One steam jacket lard kettle.
One lard press.
Two lard coolers.
All in good order; sold to make room for larger plant.
Apply to JONES & STILES, 54 Traders' Building.

FOR SALE—NECESSARY MACHINERY FOR preparing and spinning wool and knitting hosiery; also dyeing apparatus. E 138, Tribune.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—
Old newspapers at
25 cents per hundred.
TRIBUNE COUNTING ROOM.

FOR SALE—POWERFUL FIELD-GLASS, COST $30, for $10. Address Box 223, Lexington, Ky.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES.

BICYCLES, SAFETY AND ORDINARY, NEW and second-hand; a few special bargains. THOS. KANE & CO., 139 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—COLUMBIA SAFETY in good condition. M. H. DUCEY, 435 Washington-boulevard.

WANTED—A LADY'S COLUMBIA SAFETY. Leave description and price with F. H. HALL, 51 Dearborn-st., Room 11.

WANTED—FIFTY-TWO-INCH SECOND-HAND bicycle. Address F 96, Tribune office.

MEDICAL.

ALL DISEASES OF MEN A SPECIALTY; MODerate charges; consultation free. Address or call DR. J. F. RENNERT, 41 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

FEMALE DISEASES SUCCESSFULLY TREATED; board and skillful attendance during confinement. DR. SCHROEDER, corner Hanover and Twenty-seventh-sts. Office 70 State-st., Room 312; hours 2 to 5.

I WILL LOCATE DISEASE AND TELL YOUR exact condition without asking a question. Heart-disease—Will cure nine out of ten cases. Consultation free. DR. J. FLOYD BANTON, 103 State-st.

PENSIONS.

ADA C. SWEET, PENSION CLAIM AGENT—ALL kinds of pensions or war claims. Room 32 Commercial Bank Building, 115 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

HAVE YOU VISITED OUR REMODELED musical establishment recently? If not it will amply repay you to do so, as marked improvements have taken place in all of our many departments.

Casual visitors sometimes imagine that our entire stock is shown on the main floor of 162 and 164 State-st. We not only have these two stores from cellar to roof, but also the three upper floors of 160, 152, and 156 State-st., filled with an unequaled stock of musical goods.

In addition to these great warerooms we have a factory on Randolph-st., opp. Union Park, in which is produced the greatest variety of musical instruments of any factory in the world. Nor is this all. We have a warehouse for storage of goods in bulk cor. Michigan-av. and Madison-st., hence we have no hesitation in saying that ours is the largest and most completely equipped music-house on the globe.

The moral of this is, that you can always buy better goods at lower prices from the man doing the largest business, because he turns his stock over more frequently and is content with a smaller profit.

In this advertisement we refer particularly to our Piano and Organ Departments, in which are represented the following well-known instruments:

PIANOS.
KNABE,
KROEGER,
FISCHER,
NEW ENGLAND,
PEASE.

ORGANS.
PELOUBET CHURCH ORGANS,
PELOUBET REED-PIPE PARLOR ORGANS,
LYON & HEALY CABINET ORGANS,
ÆOLIAN SELF-PLAYING ORGANS.

Residents of Chicago should not fail to visit our warerooms before purchasing. Non-residents are invited to correspond with us, stating their wants, and we will cheerfully furnish catalogues and all necessary information.

LYON & HEALY,
Warerooms: State and Monroe-sts.
Factory: Randolph-st. and Ogden-av.

LYON, POTTER & CO.
LYON, POTTER & CO.
NEW STOCK.
NEW STOCK.
NEW STYLES.
NEW STYLES.
NOW ARRIVING
NOW ARRIVING
OF
Steinway Pianos
Steinway Pianos
Steinway Pianos.
ALSO
A. B. Chase. / Behning. / Geo. W. Lyon. / Lester. — P I A N O S — A. B. Chase. / Behning. / Geo. W. Lyon. / Lester.
LYON, POTTER & CO.
174 and 176 Wabash-av.

SACRIFICE SALE OF SECOND-HAND Upright Pianos.

1 Decker Bro.'s Piano	$200
3 Chase Bro.'s pianos, each	$175 and $200
2 Fischer Pianos, each	$100, $125
3 Vose & Sons, Pianos, each	$175, $200, $225
2 Kroeger & Sons, Pianos, each	$175, $225
3 Decker Pianos, each	$175, $190, $200
1 Haines Bro.'s Piano	$100
1 Goold & Schaff Piano	$95
2 Weser Bro.'s Pianos	$100, $125
3 Schaff Pianos	$150, $165, $175
1 A. B. Chase Piano	$190
5 Upright Pianos, your choice, each	$100
2 Chickering Pianos, each	$150, $250
20 Square Pianos, each	$15, $25, $35

EASY TERMS TO SUIT BUYERS.

Every piano fully warranted to be as represented or money refunded.

Pianos moved, tuned, and repaired.

200 pianos to rent; $3, $4, and $5 per month. One year's rent allowed if purchased.

SALESROOMS OPEN EVENINGS.

ADAM SCHAAF, 276 West Madison-st., corner Morgan.

We recently held a sale of Hallet & Davis pianos which were used but one season at the Chicago Musical College and selected by Dr. F. Ziegfeld, the President.

These pianos sold readily at prices fixed on same.

Since then several pianos of the same lot on which repairs were not completed at that time have come in from the repair-shop.

We will offer them for sale on Monday, Sept. 1, and until sold at a great reduction from original price.

We also have many second-hand pianos at prices from $75 to $200. All are marked in plain figures and sold at one price only for cash or on time payments.

See our large stock of new Hallet & Davis, Emerson & Kimball pianos and Kimball organs.
Old instruments taken in exchange.
Pianos rented, tuned, and repaired.
W. W. Kimball Co., State and Jackson-sts.

25 SECOND-HAND UPRIGHT PIANOS will be on sale this week at 223 Wabash-av.

1 Chickering upright	$165
1 Bauer upright	145
1 Lyon & Healy upright	155
1 Emerson upright	165
1 Vose & Sons upright	135
1 Hallet & Davis upright	155
1 J. O. Twichell upright	145

ALL IN FINE CONDITION.

PAYMENTS TO SUIT BUYERS.

Pianos to rent, $4 and $5 per month.
Call and get our prices before buying.
J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

BARGAIN WEEK AT "REED'S TEMPLE OF Music," commencing Sept. 1.
Clearing sale, 20 first-class upright pianos, heretofore sold at from $300 to $350, will be closed out at from $175 to $250; sold for cash or on easy payments.
Pianos for rent.
Also at a sacrifice a lot of second-hand "Steinway," "Knabe," "Chickering," and "Reed & Sons," Weber, and Hallet & Davis pianos at from $50 to $175.
"REED'S TEMPLE OF MUSIC," 182 and 184 Wabash-av.

ESTABLISHED 1857—
JULIUS BAUER & CO.
PIANO MANUFACTURERS.
HIGHEST GRADE.
Prices moderate. Terms to suit.
First-class pianos for rent at reasonable rates.
Bargains in second-hand square and upright pianos.
Warerooms, 156-158 Wabash-av.
Manufactory, 91-93 East Indiana-st.

SHONINGER PIANOS—FIRST-CLASS INstruments sold direct by the makers at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
Cash or easy time payments.
PIANOS TO RENT.
Bargains in second-hand pianos.
B. SHONINGER CO., 225 State-st.

THE CELEBRATED SOHMER PIANOS ARE preferred by leading musicians; Sterling pianos, Steger pianos; strictly first-class second-hand upright pianos, $125, $145, $175, and $200; square pianos from $25 to $100; strongest guaranty, lowest prices, and easiest terms. STEGER & CO., 236 State-st., northwest corner Jackson, over The Hub.

J. O. TWICHELL
HAS REMOVED
From 180 State-st. to 223 Wabash-av.
Briggs Pianos.
Hallet & Cumston Pianos.
223 Wabash-av.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL SELL AT A SACrifice, having no further use, their magnificent upright cabinet grand piano; 7⅓ octaves; all the latest improvements; only in use four months; has 5 years' guarantee from the maker; cost $500; will sacrifice for $190, including scarf and stool; also all the elegant furniture of the house at half cost. Inquire at residence, 2977 Indiana-av. At home today and any day during the week.

TO RENT—NEW 7⅓ OCTAVE, 3-STRINGED, upright pianos at $4 per month; rent applied on purchase. HORACE BRANCH, 236 State-st.

BRIGGS UPRIGHT
PIANO, NEARLY NEW, $185.
J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

REMOVED—
We are now thoroughly established in our new warerooms, with an assortment of over our hundred pianos to select from.
PRICES AND TERMS
WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.
Special bargains in second-hand pianos.
CHICAGO COTTAGE ORGAN CO.
219 and 221 Wabash-av.

STECK PIANO, NEARLY NEW, HANDSOME case, 7¼ oct., triple strung; $175; easy payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 180 State-st.

FISHER UPRIGHT PIANO
Handsome case,
$175.
Easy payments.
J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

SCHOMACKER GOLD-STRING PIANOS; cash or time payments; new pianos to rent, one year's rent allowed in case of purchase. Tuning, moving, and repairing a specialty; only competent and experienced men employed. Schomacker Piano Manf'g Company, 145 and 147 Wabash-av.

UPRIGHT PIANO FOR SALE CHEAP FOR cash if taken at once. Address ELLIOTT, 243 South State-st.

AT COST, LARGE STOCK CONOVER UPrights in walnut, oak, ebony, and rosewood cases, to close agency. Chicago Music Co. moved to Wabash and Adams.

FOR SALE—STEINWAY UPRIGHT PIANO. Bargain for cash. 296 S. State-st., 2d floor.

$175 BUYS A NEW UPRIGHT PIANO, 7⅓ OCtave; fine tone; large, handsome case; fully warranted; easy payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

HALLET & DAVIS UPRIGHT PIANO; A great bargain; $185; easy payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

STIEFF PIANOS. STIEFF PIANOS. The only upright equal to the grand. Best piano in the market today. Call and examine at MEYER & WEBER, 178 Wabash-av.

$160, $175, AND $190 EACH,
NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS.
J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

HORACE BRANCH, 236 STATE-ST.,
BROWN & SIMPSON PIANOS.
Cash or payments. Renting and tuning

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MME. ROSA, THE WORLD RENOWNED TRANCE medium and clairvoyant, guarantees to her visitors complete satisfaction, revealing their most profound secrets and giving an entire life reading. Gives every prominent event in your past life and describes accurately the future. Has astonished thousands by her wonderful power. If you would be successful in love, marriage, business, lawsuits, or bring back the absent or estranged ones, wear the Cleopatra amulet (ancient Egyptian talisman) prepared in America only by Mme. Rosa, who asks no questions, uses no cards. Remember, she succeeds in the most obstinate cases, where all others fail. Convince yourself of her superiority by calling at her parlors. All business strictly confidential. Ladies only. 465 North Clark-st., first flat. Letters answered.

MME. JOY, THE FAMOUS CLAIRVOYANT, fortune-teller, and healer. 445 West Madison-st.

MRS. HALL, CLAIRVOYANT AND TRANCE MEdium. 522 West Madison-st., third floor, rear.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING.

A. H. S., 118 WEST RANDOLPH-ST., PAYS THE highest price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing; orders by mail promptly attended to.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

WANTED—TO ENGAGE SERVICE OF 25-pound black-and-tan dog. F 3, Tribune.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COCKROACHES ARE EFFECTUALLY CLEANED out of your rooms by COMAN, same number for 18 years, 2456 Dearborn-st.

ELECTRO-THERMAL BATHS AND SWEDISH Movement-Cure. Central Music Hall, Rooms 47 to 51.

FOR SALE—
Old newspapers at
25 cents per hundred.
TRIBUNE COUNTING ROOM.

THE ELECTRO-MAGNETIC INHALER—ANTI-catarrhal. State rights for sale or exchange; investigate. 161 La Salle-st., Room 42.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Steamers.

STATE LINE.
BETWEEN NEW YORK, GLASGOW, AND MOVILLE (LONDONDERRY).
With Through Tickets at Reduced Rates to Liverpool, London, Dublin, Etc.
STATE OF INDIANA, 6 A. M. SEPT. 11.
STATE OF NEVADA, 10 A. M. SEPT. 18.

Cabin passage, $35 to $50, according to location of stateroom. Excursion tickets, $65 to $95. Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at lowest rates. From pier Columbia Stores, South Ferry, Brooklyn, N. Y. For freight and passage apply to AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO., General Agents, 53 Broadway, New York. JNO. BLEGEN, General Western Agent, 164 Randolph-st., Chicago.

1840—FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY—1890
OF THE OLD RELIABLE
CUNARD LINE.

FAST EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE every Saturday from New York. Also Fortnightly Wednesday Sailings. Besides a weekly service (from Boston) every Saturday. THIS LINE HAS THE LARGEST, FASTEST, AND MOST MAGNIFICENT FLEET IN THE WORLD. Its character, record, and general reputation for speed, comfort, and safety (having never lost a passenger in the 50 years of its existence) requires no comment.
F. G. WHITING, Manager Western Dept., 131 Randolph-st. (under Sherman House).

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
FRENCH LINE.
NEW YORK AND HAVRE-PARIS IN ONE WEEK.
Entire Fleet of Large Express Steamers. No crossing of channel. No transfer of Baggage.
Apply early for good accommodations.
MAURICE W. KOZMINSKI, General Western Agent, 120 Washington-st., Chicago.

INMAN LINE.
NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL.
CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
LARGEST, FASTEST, AND MOST MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.
FRANCIS C. BROWN, Gen'l Western Agent,
32 South Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

Lake Steamers.

GRAHAM AND MORTON TRANS. CO.
Office and Dock, Foot Wabash-av.
Leave Chicago daily 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m., except Sundays at 9:30 a. m., for St. Joseph, Benton Harbor, returning same evening, connecting with Chicago and West Michigan Ry. for Grand Rapids and Northern points; Cin., Wabash and Mich. Ry. for Indianapolis and Southern points. On Sundays the Steamer City of Chicago leaves at 10 a. m., returning same evening. Special Excursion leaving every Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Also agents for Saugatuck and Douglas steamer, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 p. m.

GOODRICH STEAMERS—
Twice daily for Racine & Milwaukee..*9 a. m. *8 p. m.
Daily for Ludington and Manistee..........*9 a. m.
(Saturday boat leaves at 8 p. m.)
Daily for Sheboygan and Manitowoc at..........*9 p. m.
Daily for Gd. Haven, Muskegon, Gd. Rapids..*7 p. m.
For Kewaunee, Sturgeon Bay, Menominee, Escanaba, and Bay Ports, Mon., Wed., & Frid. 8 p. m.
For Green Bay, Gladstone, Manistique, and way ports Tuesdays and Saturdays at..........7 p. m.
*Sunday excepted. Office and dock foot Michigan-av.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.

GREAT ROCK-ISLAND ROUTE—PASSENGER Station corner Van Buren and Sherman-sts. Ticket offices, 104 Clark-st. and at station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Illinois and Iowa Express	† 8:15 am	† 7:25 pm
Peoria Express	† 1:00 pm	† 1:50 pm
Spirit Lake, Sioux Falls, and Dakota Express	† 1:00 pm	†11:40 pm
Minneapolis, St. Paul and Council Bluffs Express	* 1:00 pm	* 1:40pm
Kansas City, Leavenworth, Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo Solid Vestibule Express	* 6:00 pm	* 9:40 pm
St. Joseph, Atchison, Colorado Springs, Denver, and Pueblo Limited Vestibule Express	* 6:20 pm	* 8:40 am
Council Bluffs and Omaha Solid Limited Vestibule Express	* 7:15 pm	* 8:05 am
Joliet Accommodation	* 3:20 pm	*10:00 am
Peru Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	†10:20 am
Council Bluffs night Express	‡10:20 pm	* 6:50 am
Council Bluffs Sat. Night Exp.	x11:00 pm	* 6:50 am
Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Spirit Lake Night Express	‡10:20 pm	‡ 6:20 am
Peoria Night Express	‡11:20 pm	‡ 6:25 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph and Atchison Night Express	* 11:00 pm	* 6:25 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph and Atchison Saturday Night Express	* 11:20 pm	o 6:50 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Saturday. ¶Except Monday. xSaturday only. oMonday only.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILroad.—Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark street and at Union Depot on Canal street, between Madison and Adams.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Streator	† 8:30 am	† 6:50 pm
Rockford and Forreston	† 8:30 am	† 2:15 pm
Council Bluffs and Local Points	*11:45 am	* 2:15 pm
"Burlington's No. 1" to Denver	* 1:00 pm	* 8:00 am
Rochelle and Rockford	† 4:20 pm	†10:35 am
Rock Falls & Sterling	† 4:20 pm	†10:35 am
Streator and Mendota	† 4:20 pm	†10:35 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 5:20 pm	* 9:00 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph & Atch.	* 5:20 pm	* 9:15 am
Hannibal, Galveston and Texas	* 5:20 pm	* 9:15 am
Omaha, Council Bluffs, Cheyenne & Denver	* 6:10 pm	* 1:00 pm
Omaha, Council Bluffs & Denver	*10:30 pm	* 6:45 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison & Quincy	*10:30 pm	* 6:45 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	‡10:50 pm	†10:30 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Saturday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.—DEPOTS, LAKE, 22D, and 39th-sts. Ticket offices 194 Clark-st. Trains for the West must be taken at Lake-st. depot.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New Orleans Fast Mail	‡ 3:15 am	‡ 1:00 am
St. Louis & Texas Express	† 8:30 am	‡ 7:20 pm
St. Louis & Texas Fast Line	‡ 8:30 pm	‡ 7:20 am
Cairo & New Orleans Express	‡ 8:40 am	‡ 7:20 pm
New Orleans Fast Express	‡ 8:30 pm	‡ 7:20 am
Kankakee & Bloomington Pass	† 3:25 pm	† 4:25 pm
Springfield Express	*11:10 pm	* 6:25 am
Kankakee & Gilman Passenger	* 4:30 pm	* 9:55 am
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux City & Sioux Falls Fast Line	† 1:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
aRockford, Dubuque & S'x City Ex	‡11:25 pm	c 6:20 am
Pacific Coast Express	†11:35 pm	c 6:20 am
Rockford & Freeport Passenger	† 4:15 pm	†10:20 am
Rockford & Freeport Express	* 3:45 am	[illegible]
Dubuque & Rockford Express	[illegible]	* 7:15 pm

aOn Saturday night runs to Dubuque only; cDaily except Sunday, Sioux City to Dubuque; daily from Dubuque to Chicago. ‡Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES—(NORTHERN Pacific R. R. Co. lessee.)

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 5:00 pm	* 9:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Tacoma, Portland	*10:45 pm	* 7:00 am
Stevens Point, Chippewa Falls, and Eau Claire	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ashland, Duluth, Superior, Hurley, Ironwood, Bessemer	[illegible]	[illegible]
Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha	[illegible]	[illegible]
Burlington Passenger	* 4:25 pm	*10:35 am

City Ticket Office, 205 Clark-st. Depot, Harrison-st. and Fifth-av.
*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily to Waukesha and daily ex. Sunday beyond.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL AND KANSAS CITY RY.—Route of Fast Limited Express to St. Paul and Minneapolis. City ticket office, No. 188 Clark-st. Depot, corner of Harrison-st. and Fifth-av.

All trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul & Minneapolis Lim. Ex.	6:00 pm	9:45 am
Des Moines & St. Joseph Lim. Ex.	6:00 pm	9:45 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis Night Ex.	11:00 pm	10:55 am
St. Charles and Sycamore Local	11:00 pm	10:55 am
St. Charles and Byron Local	4:20 pm	10:20 am

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.
Continued.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.—TICKET OFfices, 208 and 209 Clark street, Western Avenue Station, and at Depot, corner Wells and Kinzie-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Denver Limited (Vestibuled)	† 6:00 pm	† 8:00 am
Pacific Limited (Vestibuled)	‡11:00 pm	† 1:25 pm
Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Lincoln, Sioux City, Des Moines, California and Oregon points	[illegible]	[illegible]
Neb., Black Hills, and Wyoming	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Duluth	[illegible]	[illegible]
Huron, Aberdeen, Winona, and Madison, Janesville, and Beloit	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milwaukee and Racine	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milwaukee, Waukesha, and Madison	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Green Bay, and Menominee	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oshkosh, Neenah, and Appleton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marquette and Lake Superior	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ripon, Green Lake, Princeton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ashland, Hurley, Ironwood, Bessemer, and Wakefield	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ashland, Wausau, and Appleton	[illegible]	[illegible]
Janesville, Watertown, Fond du Lac, and Oshkosh	[illegible]	[illegible]
Freeport, Rockford and Elgin	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rockford and Elgin	* 7:15 am	* 5:20 pm
Rockford, via Harvard	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Dixon, Sterling, and Clinton	† 8:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Lake Geneva and Williams Bay	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lake Geneva	* 4:45 pm	* 7:25 pm

‡Daily. *Daily except Sunday. X Sunday only. †Daily except Saturday. ‡Daily except Monday.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL—Union Passenger Station, corner Madison, Canal and Adams-sts. City offices 207-209 Clark-st.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Portland	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milwaukee, Madison & West	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milwaukee (Sunday only)	[illegible]	[illegible]
Milwaukee	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marquette & Lake Superior	[illegible]	[illegible]
Green Bay & Menominee	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cedar Rapids, Omaha, Denver & San Francisco	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dubuque, Iowa and Dakota points	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kansas City and St. Joseph	[illegible]	[illegible]

†Saturday excepted. *Sunday excepted. ‡Monday excepted. ‡Daily.
For time to other points apply to ticket offices.

THE SANTA FE ROUTE—CHICAGO TO KANSAS City.—Trains leave from Dearborn Station, cor. Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket office, 212 Clark-st., cor. Adams.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg and Ft. Madison Ex.	† 9:10 am	† 6:25 pm
Pekin and Peoria Express	† 1:00 pm	† 1:25 pm
California Fast Express	* 4:40 pm	*11:25 am
Fort Worth and Galveston Exp.	* 4:40 pm	*11:25 am
Joliet and Streator Vestibule	* 5:00 pm	* 9:20 am
Kansas City Limited	* 6:20 pm	* 9:20 am
Atchison and St. Joseph Limited	* 6:20 pm	* 9:20 am
Denver Limited	* 6:20 pm	* 9:20 am
Kansas and Colorado Express	*11:20 pm	* 7:25 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

WABASH NIAGARA FALLS SHORT LINE.—Trains leave from Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Office, 201 Clark-st.

Daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
Detroit, New York, Boston Lim.	3:00 pm	10:15 pm
Detroit, New York, and Boston Ex	9:05 pm	7:10 am

WABASH AND CANADIAN PACIFIC NEW LINE.—Trains leave from Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Office, 201 Clark-st.

Daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
Toronto and Montreal Express	3:00 pm	10:15 pm
Toronto, Montreal, & Can. Local Ex	9:05 pm	

CHICAGO AND ALTON.—GRAND UNION PASsenger Depot Canal-st., between Madison and Adams-sts.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Pacific Vestibuled Express	* 12:30N'n	1:15 pm
Kan. City & Den. Vestibuled Lim.	* 6:00 pm	8:25 am
Kansas City, Col. & Utah Express	* 11:20 pm	7:15 am
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited	* 9:00 pm	7:20 am
Springfield & St. Louis Day Ex.	† 9:20 am	7:50 pm
Springfield & St. Louis Night Ex.	* 11:20 pm	7:15 am
Joliet & Streator Accommodation	† 5:00 pm	9:45 am

Daily †Daily except Sunday

WABASH RAILROAD.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM Dearborn Station, corner Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 201 Clark street.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis, Peoria & Texas Express	† 8:25 am	† 6:20 pm
K. City, Peoria & Springfield Exp.	* 8:20 pm	* 7:00 pm
St. Louis & Peoria Vestibule Ex.	* 9:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Custer Park and Essex Accom.	† 4:30 pm	† 9:40 am

EASTERN.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, NEW YORK CENTRAL and Hudson River, and Boston and Albany Railroads.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket office, 67 Clark-st., southeast corner of Randolph. Canadian customs offices at depot. Trains arrive and depart foot of Lake-st. as follows:

July 20, 1890.	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail (via Main Line)	† 7:05 am	† 7:25 pm
Day Express	* 9:00 am	* 4:15 pm
North Shore Limited Vestibuled	*12:20 pm	* 1:20 pm
N. Y. & Boston Vestibuled	* 3:10 pm	* 8:30 am
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 4:50 pm	†11:20 am
American Express	* 9:00 pm	*12:20 am
Atlantic Exp., N. Y. & Boston	*10:10 pm	* 6:30 am

CHICAGO AND WEST MICHIGAN RY.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Grand Rapids Through Coach	† 9:00 am	† 7:25 pm
Grand Rapids, Musk. & Trav. City	† 4:50 pm	† 4:20 pm
Grand Rapids & Muskegon Sleeper	*11:15 pm	* 7:05 am

GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA R. R.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Gd. Rapids, Petoskey, & Mackinaw	† 3:10 pm	† 1:05 am
Gd. Rapids, Petoskey, & Mackinaw	‡10:10 am	‡ 4:15 pm

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Tuesday. ¶Ex. Sunday Ex. Saturday.

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE, NEW YORK CENtral & Hudson River, Boston & Albany Railways.—Trains depart from Lake Shore Depot, Van Buren-st., opposite Board of Trade Block. Ticket offices, Chicago—66 Clark-st., Depot, and Twenty-second-st.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail (via Old Road)	† 6:50 am	† 9:45 pm
New York & Boston Day Ex.	* 9:00 am	* 8:45 pm
New York & Boston Fast Ex.	* 3:10pm	* 9:40 pm
Vestibule Limited	* 5:30 pm	* 9:40 am
Atlantic Ex., New York & Boston	† 7:45 pm	† 7:25 am
Night Express (via Old Road)	*11:20 pm	* 7:00 am
Elkhart & Goshen Accommodation	* 4:25 pm	*11:10 am

‡Daily. *Sunday excepted.

PENNSYLVANIA LINES. — MADISON AND Canal streets, Chicago. Ticket offices, 65 Clark-st. and at the station.

TRAINS LEAVE		
For New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and Pittsburg.	Mail Express	F † 8:00am
	Penna. Special	P *10:30am
	Fast Line	F * 3:15pm
	Penna. Limited	F * 5:00pm
	Eastern Express	F * 8:20pm
	Atlantic Express	F *11:20pm
For Louisville, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and the South		P *11:30am / * 8:20pm

Express trains arrive at Chicago, F *7:00 a. m., F *7:20 a. m., F *9:45 a. m., F *4:30 p. m., F †5:00 p. m., F *5:15 p. m., F *9:30 p. m.
F—Via Fort Wayne route. P—Via Pan-Handle route.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO.—DEPOTS, LAKE Front, foot of Monroe-st., foot of Twenty-second-st., Thirty-ninth-st., and Hyde Park. City office, 193 Clark-st. No extra fares are charged on Baltimore and Ohio limited trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Local	† 7:10 a m	† 6:30 p m
New York and Washington Vestibuled Limited	*10:10 a m	* 9:35 p m
New York, Washington, and Pittsburg Vestibuled Limited	* 3:55 p m	*11:10 a m
Pittsburg Limited	* 6:05 p m	* 1:25 a m
Night Express	*10:40 p m	* 6:25 a m
Walkerton Accommodation	* 4:15 p m	* 9:15 a m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

CHICAGO AND ATLANTIC RAILWAY.—TICKET offices, 107 South Clark-st. and Dearborn Station, Polk-st., corner Fourth-av.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York, Boston & Phila'pa Ex.	x 1:25 pm	x 8:25 am
N. Y., Boston, & Phil'a Vest. Lim.	x 3:20 pm	x 6:20 pm
Lima, Marion, and Columbus	o 8:25 am	o 1:25 pm
Jamestown & Buffalo Vest. Lim.	x 3:20 pm	x 6:20 pm
North Judson Accommodation	x 5:20 pm	x 9:10 am
Col., Jamestown & Buf. Thro. Ex.	x 7:25 pm	x 8:25 am

xDaily. oExcept Sunday.

CHICAGO AND EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD.—Ticket offices, 204 Clark-st. and at Passenger Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Pullman Sleepers to Nashville.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Evansville Day Line	* 8:00 a m	* 7:45 p m
Evansville & Nashville Fast Mail	‡11:15 p m	* 7:05 a m
Nashville & Southern Fast Line	† 3:30 p m	‡11:20 a m
Momence Passenger	* 5:15 p m	* 9:00 a m

‡Daily. *Sunday excepted.

CHICAGO AND GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.—Depot, corner Dearborn and Polk-sts. Ticket offices No. 103 Clark-st. and Depot. Apply at ticket offices for suburban and funeral train time tables.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Mail and Pacific Express	† 8:40 a m	* 7:20 a m
Limited Express	* 3:15 p m	*10:45 a m
Day Express	*10:30 a m	* 6:25 p m
Atlantic and 2d Pacific Express	* 8:15 p m	* 8:25 p m
Detroit, Mt. Clemens & Saginaw	* 8:15 p m	* 7:20 a m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

MONON ROUTE.—LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY and Chicago Railway.—Cincinnati Line—Trains leave from Dearborn Station for Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and the South at 9:05 a. m. daily, 8:25 p. m. daily. Louisville Line—Trains leave from Dearborn Station for Lafayette, Louisville, Nashville, Chattanooga, and the South at 8:55 a. m. and 8:32 p. m. daily. Lafayette Accommodation, 3:25 p. m. daily, except Sunday.

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS FOOT OF LAKE Twenty-second, and Thirty-ninth-sts. Ticket offices at depots and 121 Randolph-st., 194 Clark-st.

All trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati, Indianapolis & Lafayette & Louisville Day Express	8:30 am	5:15 pm
Do Night Express	8:35 pm	7:25 am

"THE NICKEL-PLATE."—NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis Railroad.—Trains depart from and arrive at Union Depot, Van Buren-st., as follows (all trains daily ex. Sunday): Leave Chicago 7:35 a. m. Central Standard Time. Arrive Chicago 8:10 p. m. Central Standard Time. For further information call on or address H. A. SKINNER, Commercial Agent, 201 La Salle-st.; or CHAS. H. WALKER, Agent Passenger Department, 99 Clark-st. Chic

SEPTEMBER INVESTMENTS

We own and offer, subject to prior sale, the following desirable Bonds:

$100,000	City of Dallas, Texas, Gold	5s.
280,000	City of San Antonio, Tex.,	5s.
65,000	City of Chattanooga, Tenn.	5s.
75,000	City of Sioux Falls, S. D.,	5s.
59,000	City of Olympia, Wash.,	6s.
43,000	City of Whatcom, Wash.,	6s.
10,000	City of Sehome, Wash.,	6s.
13,000	City of Van Couver, Wash.,	6s.
23,000	City of Astoria, Oregon,	6s.
18,000	City of Kearney, Neb.,	6s.
15,000	City of Chamberlain, S. D.,	6s.
18,000	County of Bell, Ky., B'dge	6s.
27,500	County of Pendleton, Ky.,	5s.
39,000	County of Dodge, Neb.,	5s.
50,000	County of Carbon, Wyo.,	6s.
43,000	Delavan, Ill., Refu'g 5½s&	6s.
42,000	Portland, Ore., St. R. R. First Mortgage 20-year Gold	6s.

We should be pleased to send to any address our September Bond List (just published), upon application. This List gives full information on $1,500,000 of High Grade Bonds.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

N. W. HARRIS & CO.
BANKERS
163-165 Dearborn-st., CHICAGO. | 70 State-st., BOSTON.

West Auburn ACRES

In tracts of 40 or 80, adjoining beautiful Auburn Park. We are now improving 40 acres east of above in boulevard style with water, gas, sewer, and round-top curbstone, boulevard lamps and streets, fine shade trees. For price, terms, and particulars apply to

D. S. PLACE & CO.,
151 La Salle-st., Main Floor.

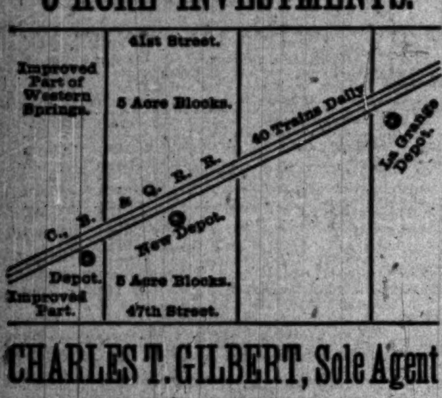
$1
$5
$10
$25
$50
$100
$200
$500
$1,000
$5,000
$10,000

6% Savings Bonds For Sale, Or 4% on demand.

Money to Loan. Mortgages bought and for sale.

FARMERS TRUST CO., 112 Dearborn-st.
Capital $100,000. R. SAYER, Prest.

WESTERN SPRINGS 5-ACRE INVESTMENTS.



CHARLES T. GILBERT, Sole Agent
540 THE ROOKERY.

F. H. WATRISS. J. B. BREESE. D. M. CUMMINGS.

WATRISS, BREESE & CUMMINGS,
Bankers and Brokers,
111 and 113 Monroe-st.

Members of New York and Chicago Stock Exchanges.
A Direct Wire to New York Exchange Insures Quick Service.
Local Securities Bought, Sold, and Carried on Margin.

WANTED TO RENT,

By an old-established wholesale grocery house, a large building for a term of years from May 1st, 1891. Size must be not less than 100 feet frontage by 150 feet deep and 4 or 5 stories high, with basement; corner preferred. Must have freight elevators and other conveniences for that kind of business. Would consider an offer on North or West Sides near the river, provided rent was made low enough to encourage the location of a large house in either direction.
Address CARRIER NO. 1, Chicago.

Down-Town Property FOR SALE.
VACANT AND IMPROVED.
PETER VAN VLISSINGEN,
95 Washington-st.

WE ARE PURCHASERS OF SECURE
Mortgage Bonds in Railway, Gas, Water, and Other Companies
PRODUCING FROM 5 TO 7 PER CENT.
on the amount invested, on commission or otherwise. We are prepared to negotiate the sale of large, industrial undertakings, and introduce English capital into sound concerns. Well established ventures only, having a good record, taken in hand. We refer to the New York Produce Exchange Bank, 2 Broadway, New York, which bank at present holds securities valued at over $500,000 belonging to us waiting investment. All communications to be addressed to
THE UNIVERSAL STOCK EXCHANGE, Limited
40 Queen Victoria-st., London, E. C.
HENRY LOWENFELD, Managing Director.

MONEY TO LOAN
On City Property at Lowest Rates.
Building Loans made.
MEAD & COE,
149 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT LOWEST RATES.
WALKER, LARNED & MOSS,
201 Tacoma Building.

HELENA, MONTANA,
AS A PLACE TO INVEST MONEY

The enormous amount of funds invested by the citizens of Helena in mining enterprises induced by the abnormally large profits arising therefrom leaves open for Eastern capital exceptional opportunities in real estate and building investments, which, while absolutely safe, yield incomes ranging from fifteen to fifty per cent annually. Real estate is constantly on the advance in value as the result of an output of wealth unequaled in the history of the world.

Eastern incomes based upon 5 and 6 per cent investments may be largely augmented without risk, by shifting the principal to a locality offering wider opportunities.

A visit to Helena will demonstrate the truth of this statement and convert the most incredulous.

For full information address
L. G. PHELPS, Sec'y Citizens' Committee, Helena, Montana.

GLEN ELLYN SPRINGS
Lots from $6 to $25 Per Front Foot.
ALL STREET WORK DONE.

Bring this "ad," buy a lot, and I will give a written guaranty that it will ADVANCE 25 per cent within one year.

S. L. BAKER,
Suite 44 - - - 130 Dearborn-st.

ACRES.
Birchwood Beach,
One mile north of city limits.

FOR SALE by BLOCKS
—AT—
ACRE PRICES.

F. H. DOLAND & CO.,
126 Washington-st., Room 31.

FINE PROPERTY.

Wabash-av., corner 13th, 55 feet; sale or lease.
Wabash-av., corner 27th, 264 feet; sale or lease.
Calumet-av., near 25th, 50 or 75 feet; sale or lease.
40 acres and 20 acres, 55th and Ashland-av.; $2,500.
45 acres, 95th and State, $2,750.
40 acres, 22d-boulevard and Inner Belt Line; $3,100.
Several bunches of lots near Brainerd.
Several corners and lots, Sheridan Drive and in Buena Park.
The finest lot in Kenwood, 75x150.
Northwest corner 54th and Monroe-av., 46x150.
Fine Kenwood Residence, 4842 Washington-av., 46-foot lot; will be finished in two weeks.

W. P. BUTLER,
461 The Rookery.

NOTICE.

As Receiver of the Chicago and Atlantic Ry., by virtue of orders of the United States Circuit Courts for the District of Indiana, the Northern District of Illinois, and the Northern District of Ohio, Western Division; I hereby give notice to creditors and claimants that all claims that shall not have been filed in one or the other of said courts on or before Oct. 1, 1890, will be barred.
VOLNEY T. MALOTT, Receiver.
Chicago, Sept. 1, 1890.

FOR SALE.

Cottage Grove-av., near 29th-st., NEW STORE AND FLAT BUILDING, well rented. A splendid investment at $165,000.

W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.
156 AND 158 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE.
Michigan Boulevard.
25 or 50 feet in choice locality near 28th-st., for a limited time at a reasonable figure. Call for particulars.

MOREY & FESSENDEN,
(H. C. Morey & Co.)
83 Washington-st.

PARTIES HAVING
$500.00 to $1,000.00
Should invest in our Preferred Paid-Up Stock. First, because it pays 12% dividend, payable quarterly. Second, because it is a real estate security. Third, because you can withdraw your money at any time.
U. S. LOAN SYNDICATE,
810 Chicago Opera-House Bldg.



Office Desks, Folding Beds.
A. H. Andrews & Co.
Wabash Av., Chicago.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL.

Clearings at the principal cities of the United States yesterday and a week ago were:

	Sept. 2.	Aug. 26.
New York	$157,301,252	$96,281,378
Boston	18,043,075	13,593,074
Chicago	14,142,000	12,532,000
Philadelphia	18,262,741	9,784,218
St. Louis	1,670,509	2,930,556
Baltimore	2,283,356	1,797,675
New Orleans	1,044,931	816,770

New York Exchange was quoted as follows yesterday: Chicago, $1.00 to 70c discount; Boston, 10c premium to par; St. Louis, 75c to 90c discount.

The commercial paper market yesterday showed a marked improvement. Dealers reported sales larger than the aggregate for the whole week before. The sales were about equally divided between city and country customers, which is a further illustration of the improved condition of the local money situation. The city banks have been buying no paper whatever for some time, but the purchases yesterday amounted to a considerable sum. Borrowers are finding that the tendency at most of the banks is to loosen the reins a little. The tendency is not reflected in any easier rates yet, but there is a disposition to give borrowers more generous attention than has been shown them lately. There is one class of borrowers that is receiving no consideration whatever and it matters little what security they offer or what their claims on the bank may be. That class numbers those who want to borrow money to make payments on real estate with. There is little chance for such borrowers to get what they want. That line is drawn sharply at about every bank in the city.

New York exchange touched $1 discount yesterday. The rates ranged from $1 to 70 cents discount. That exchange should sell at $1 when it costs but 80 cents to ship the currency seems anomalous. The reason is in the inability of New York to supply small bills. The banks here must have the small bills to meet the country demand and in order to keep what they have and possibly get a few more they hasten to get a credit at the Clearing-House through the sale of New York exchange. Sterling rates were 482 for long 485@485½ for short.

The activity of Tuesday afternoon did not extend to the operations at the Stock Exchange yesterday. At the opening the views of buyers and sellers were a long way apart. They worked together near enough so a few shares of Brewery stock were sold, but there was no special activity. The time when dividends on several of the new industrial stocks will be paid is drawing near, and when those dividends are plainly in sight there will probably be an advance in quotations. The temper of the market is in the direction of higher prices and if the present promises of easier money are fulfilled the market is certain to see marked activity. Yesterday's sales follow:

SALES FIRST CALL—10:30 A. M.

100 Chi. Brew & Malt. Co. b 30	56¼	100 N. C. St. R. R. Co.	167¾
100 Do	56¼	10 Do	169
100 Do pfd.	52¼	15 Do	170¾
21 Do	52¼	25 Do	170
165 b 30	53	5 Do	170
29 Diamond Match Co. Ill.	143¾	10 St. Stable C. L.	44
100 Western Stone Co.	115	100 W. C. St. R. R. Co.	124¾
50 Do	115¼	200 Do	124¾

BONDS.

$1000 C. G. L. & C. Co. 5s .90

SALES SECOND CALL—2:15 P. M.

30 C. B. & Malt Co. b 30	56¼	50 N. C. St. R. R. Co.	169
100 Do	55¾	15 Do	169¼
200 W. C. St. R. R. Co.	125	100 Do b 40	171
100 N. C. St. R. R. Co.	169	100 Do b 10	170
5 Do	170	100 C. B. & M. Co., pfd b 30	53¼
50 Do b 30	171		
210 Do	169¾		

Some people evidently started out with a brass band to organize a bull pool in Rock Island yesterday, for it could be heard in every broker's office in town that such a pool was being formed. There was probably little but talk back of it. The market certainly showed no indications of the operations of such a pool.

The Northern Trust company will next month move to the corner office on the ground floor of the Chamber of Commerce Building, and the vacated Rookery offices will be occupied by the Corn Exchange Bank.

St. Paul earnings for the fourth week of August increased $8,667. For the month of August the increase was $109,408.

The tenders of silver to the Treasury Department yesterday were over 2,000,000 ounces. About 300,000 ounces were accepted.

The following prices were bid at the Stock Exchange yesterday except where a † indicates an asked price and no bid:

Am. Exchange Nat.	140	†Chi. Passenger Ry.	96
†Am. Trust and Savi'gs	140	†Chi. Telephone Co.	205
Chicago National	260	†Chi. Arc L. & P. Co.	104
Continental	149	†Dia. Match Co. of Ill.	145
Corn Exchange B'k	240	†Illinois Steel Co.	89½
First Bank	325	North Chi. St. R'y Co.	168¾
Fort Dearborn	100	National Railway Co.	120
Hide and Leather	137½	Nat. Linseed Oil Co.	47
Ills. Trust and Sav'gs	210	Pullman P'l'ce Car Co.	215
International	105	Street's W. St. Car Line	44
Metropolitan Natio'l	300	†Do pfd.	90
National Bank of Am.	140	W. Chi. St. R. R.	124¾
National B'k of Ills.	280	Western Stone Co.	115
†Union National	190	Am. Brew & M. Co. 6s	102
Union Trust Co.	240	†Chi. C. Brew. & M. 6s	105
Abstr'ct Safty Vlt Co.	101¼	†Chi. Pkg. & P. Co's 6s	99¾
†Allen Car Wheel Co.	140	†Chi. City Ry. 5-20 4½s	99¾
†Am. Straw Bd. Co.	105	†Chi. B'd of T. 10-50 5s	103¾
†Calumet Iron & S. Co.	28	†Chi. Opera H'se Co. 5s	104½
†Cal. & C. C. & D. Co.	75	Chi. Auditorium 5s	101½
†Cent. Union Tel. Co.	64	Cham. C. S. Y. C. 5-20 5s	101¾
Chi. Brew. & M. Co.	55¼	Cen. Safty Dep. Co. 5s	101¾
Do pfd.	52¾	Chi. Gas L. & C. Co. 5s	89¾
†Chi. F. & P. Co., limitd	40	Consum. Gas 1st m 5s	85
Chi. City Railway	336	W. C. St. R. R. 1st m 5s	99¾
Chi. Gas Co.	53¾	†W. D. R'y Co. 5-20 5s	102¾

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—The rough handling that the bulls received yesterday at the hands of the bears was such as caused them to act with extreme caution if not with absolute fear this morning. The opening was ragged and uncertain, though generally lower, with Rock Island leading at a decline of ½. As it was yesterday so it was today with this stock. It was the most vulnerable point in the line, and against it most of the heavy artillery was brought to bear. The outlook during the first half-hour was far from cheerful, and the street was decidedly apprehensive. Prices fell off in that time fractionally, Rock Island touching 83¾. After this, however, there was an effort to rally the bulls, and the effort was aided by the endeavor of a line of shorts to cover and take in their profits. Before the noon hour Rock Island had recovered to its opening price of 83¾, St. Paul had gained ¾, Northwestern ¾, Missouri Pacific ¾, and Burlington ¾. But in spite of the better feeling, it was clear that the raiding element was timid and ready to turn tail at very slight provocation.

The trusts came in for a large share of attention. Sugar Trust was weak and lost 1¼, touching 80 at one time. It had regained only ½ at noon. Cottonseed oil was the exceptional stock on the list, opening at 27, or ¾ above the closing, and advancing to 27¾. Its strength is attributed to good outside buying, owing to the favorable outlook for its reorganization. The syndicate to underwrite the $4,000,000 new debenture bonds is said to have been fully formed and the scheme to float the issue is thus considered assured.

After the noon hour the better feeling seemed to crystallize into positive strength. Advices from the West to the effect that the difference between the Atchison and the Rock Island had been settled was the primary cause of the change on the face of affairs. Both these stocks responded to the good news, Rock Island advancing to 84 at once and Atchison to 43¾. Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific also felt the effect and both recovered their early lost ground and gained on their opening prices. The balance of the market worked up in sympathy with the leaders.

Further strength developed as the day advanced and what looked like a disastrous season for the bulls became a victorious one. Rock Island was advanced to 84, Atchison, to 43¾, Missouri Pacific to 71¾, and St. Paul to 71¾. The market quieted down toward the close, but prices held firm, and the believers in high values were greatly encouraged.

Money on call easy, ranging from 2 to 5 per cent; last loan 3; closed offered at 2. Prime mercantile paper, 6@7. Sterling exchange dull and steady at 482 for sixty-day bills and 485¾ for demand.

The total sales of stocks today were 130,592 shares, including: Atchison, 14,500; Richmond and West Point, 2,475; St. Paul, 9,060; Union Pacific, 3,720.

SALES AND QUOTATIONS OF STOCK ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Sept. 3.	Closing Sept. 2.
Am. Cot. Sd. T.	2,375	27¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Atchison	14,500	43¾	42¾	43¾	42¾
Buckeye Pipe	15,000	33¾	32¾	33¾	[illegible]
C. B. & Q.	9,621	101¼	100	100¾	101¼
Canada So.	1,210	55¼	54¾	54¾	54¾
Canadian Pacific	200	82¾	82¾	82¾	[illegible]
Ches. & Ohio	340	23¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
Do 2d pfd.	100	41	41	41	40¾
Colo. Coal	100	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¾
C. C. C. & St. L.	1,710	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Con Gas (N. Y.)	65	99	98	98	98
Chicago Gas	2,850	54¾	53¾	54	53¾
D., L. & W.	2,835	144¾	144¾	144¾	144¾
Del. & Hud.	412	162	162	162	[illegible]
Den. & Rio G.	550	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Do pfd.	400	61	60¾	61	60¾
E. & T. H.	150	121	120	120¾	[illegible]
Erie	320	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
East Tenn 2d pfd.	754	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Hocking Valley	1,500	32¾	31¾	32¾	32¾
Hocking Coal	500	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾
Ill. Central	245	111	111	111	[illegible]
Kan. & Tex.	200	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Lake Shore	1,300	108¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
Louis. & Nash.	1,505	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
Lead Trust	5,720	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Laclede Gas	500	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Missouri Pacific	2,500	71¾	71¾	71¾	71¾
Manitoba	100	106	106	106	106
Mob. & Ohio	200	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Minn. & St. L.	300	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Mex. Cent.	300	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Northwest	1,940	110¾	109¾	110¾	110
New England	315	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Nor. Pacific	100	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾
Do pfd.	900	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
Nash. & Chat.	300	104	104	103¾	[illegible]
N. Y. Sus. & W.	100	7	7	7	7
No. Amn. Co.	2,505	47¾	46¾	47¾	46¾
Ogn. S. Line	55	43	42¾	42¾	[illegible]
Ont. & W.	1,300	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Ohio & Miss.	100	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Pacific Mail	400	45¾	45¾	45¾	45¾
Reading	800	43	42¾	42¾	42¾
Rich. Term.	2,445	21¾	21	21¾	21¾
Rock Island	31,488	84	82¾	83¾	83¾
St. Paul	8,750	71¾	70¾	71¾	71¾
Do pfd.	100	117¾	117¾	117¾	[illegible]
Southern Pacific	700	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Sugar Trust	14,250	81¾	80	81	81¾
Silver B.	370,000	119¾	118¾	119	119¾
Texas Pacific	1,450	20¾	19¾	19¾	20¾
T. A. A. & N. M.	100	38	38	38	38¾
Union Pacific	3,510	61¾	61¾	61¾	62
W. & L. E.	300	38¾	38	38¾	38¾
Do pfd.	700	76¾	75¾	76¾	76¾
Wabash pfd.	820	26¾	26	26	26¾
Western Union	705	84	83¾	83¾	84
Whisky Trust	700	45¾	45	45	45¾

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

10 A. M. TO 12 M.

5000 Atch 4s	84¾	5000 NYC 1st cp	127¾
21000 Do inc	63¾@63¾	5000 NYS&W 1st rfd 5s	97
8000 B&O 1st-PB	118¾	4000 NP 1st cp	115¼
13000 CNJ gm 5s	111	3000 NoP con 5s	93
25000 C&O con 5s	100¾	1000 OSL&UN con	93
3000 CP&StL 5s	97¾	1000 P&E 1st	80
12000 CRI&P 5s cp	101¾@102	5000 P&R g m 4s	82
5000 CStPM&O con	118¾	13000 R&WPt cl trs	75¼
10000 Col Md 4s	69¾@70	1000 RW&O 1st	102
12000 CHV&T 5s	86	3000 TP 1st 5s	91¾@91¾
2000 D&RG 4s	82¾	5000 TAA&O 5s gtd-ex-int	103
2000 ET cn g 5s	107		
4000 Iowa Cen 1st	85	6000 UnEl 1st	109¾
1000 LS 2d reg	122¾	7000 VaMid g m	86
2000 LNA&C 1st	113	1000 Wab 1st	101
10000 M&O gm	64¾	75 Am Ex Bk	115¾@115
5000 NYC 1st reg	127		

12 M. TO 2 P. M.

46500 Atch 4s	84¾@84¾	1000 P&E 1st	79¾
15000 Atch inc	63¾@63¾	17000 P&R g m 4s	82
13000 C B & Q deb 5s	102	1000 P&W 1st	79
2000 CRI&P 5s cp	101¾	2000 R W&O 1st	103¾
15000 CC&I 6s	125	15000 SL&IM-C&F 1st	[illegible]
2000 CHV&T 5s	86		100¾@100¾
1000 D&RG 4s	82¾	13000 SL&IM 5s	91¾@91¾
1000 EL&BS 6s	89¾	4000 StL&SF 2d—Cl C	111
11000 Kings Co El 1st	100	10000 SA&AP 1st 6s 1886	71
7000 LacledeGasCo St L 1st	90	6000 TC&R 6s-B D 1st	99¾
		8000 TAA&NM 1st	104¾
6000 LE&SL 1st cn 5s	99	15000 TP&W 1st	78
9000 LS&L&T 1st	100¾@100¾	1000 TSt L&KC 1st	98
2000 MK&T gen 5s tr	71¾	2000 Wab 2d	78¾
1000 Do gen 6s trst	83	2000 WS gtd 4s reg	103¾
5000 NYLE&W fd 5s cp	91¾	1000 WNY&P 1st	99
5000 P&E inc	27	5000 W&LE 1st	106¾

2 P. M. TO 3 P. M.

5000 Atch 4s	84¾	2000 P of Mo 1st 4s	96¾
30000 Atch inc	63¾@63¾	2000 P&R g m 4s	82
5000 CB&Q deb 5s	102	2000 RioGW 1st	74¾@75
2000 C&O con 5s	100¾	2000 SoCar 2ds	69
18000 CRI&P 5s cp	102	2000 SoCar inc	15
10000 D&RG 4s	82¾	6000 TexPa 1st 5s	91¾
4000 Ft W & D 1st	104	5000 TStL&KC 1st	98
2000 NYLEW new2con	103¾	5000 UP-D&G 1st	87¾
2000 NYO&W 1st cn 5s	97	1000 W&LE 1st	107
2000 OSo gmts	65@65¾	2000 WisCen 1st	99¾

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	150	Fargo	140
American	118	United States	70

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 4s reg	124¾	U. S. 4½s reg	104
U. S. 4s coup	125¾	U. S. 4½s coup	104

BOSTON.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3.—Stock sales and quotations:

Description.	Sales.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.
Atchison	5,500	42¾	43¾	42¾	43¾
C., B. & Q.	2,300	101	101¾	100	100¾
Mexican Cent.	750	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Sugar Trust	6,500	80¾	81¾	80	81
Thomson & H'ust'n	110	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
Union Pacific	540	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾

Bond sales and quotations:

1000 Mex. Cent. 4s	74¾	250 Atchison 4s inc	63¾
1000 N. Eng. 2d	106¾	8000 Do	63
5000 Atchison 4s	83¾	10000 Do	63¾
1000 Do	83¾		

Money at the clearing-house is 6 per cent; call loans are 6@7 per cent, and time paper is 5@7 per cent.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 3.—The market closed dull but steady. Pennsylvania, 53@53¾; Reading, 21 5-16@21¾; Lehigh Valley, 52¾@52¾; Reading Gen. 4s, 81¾@82¾; do 1st pfd., [illegible]; do 2d pfd., [illegible]; do 3d pfd., 40@42.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, Sept. 3.—Consols closed at 95 13-16 for money and 95¾ for account.

United States 4s, 128¾; do 4½s, 105¾; Atlantic and Great Western firsts, 36¾; Canadian Pacific, 85¾; Erie, 27; do seconds, 106¾; Illinois Central, 115¾; Mexican ordinary, 44; St. Paul common, 73¾; New York Central, 110¾; Pennsylvania, 54¾; Reading, 22; Mexican Central new 4s, 77¾.

Bar silver, 54¾d per ounce. Money, 3¾@3¾ per cent.

PARIS, Sep. 3.—Three per cent rentes, 93f for the account.

MINING STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Mining quotations: Alice, $250.00; Bodie, $110.00; Best and Belcher, $350.00; Caledonia, B. H., $185.00; Consolidated California and Virginia, $900.00; Eureka Con., $450.00; Gould and Curry, $230.00; Hale and Norcross, $290; Homestake, $10.00; Horn Silver, $350.00; N. Belle Isle, $100.00; Ontario, $41.00; Ophir, $425.00; Plymouth, $300.00; Phoenix, $100.00; Savage, $300.00; Sierra Nevada, $275.00; Standard, $170.00; Sutter Creek, $130.00; Yellow Jacket, $300.00.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 3.—Mining stocks closed: Allouez Mining company (new), $8.75; Atlantic, $24.87½; Boston and Mont., $59.50; Calumet and Hecla, $305.00; Catalpa, $40.00; Franklin, $37.50; Huron, $7.75; Kearsarge, $19.50; Osceola, $45.00; Pewabic (new), $14.00; Quincy, $130.00; Santa Fe Copper, 60c; Tamarack, $211.00; Centennial Mining, $27.00.

GOSSIP ON 'CHANGE.

The leading markets were active and strong until the session had pretty well advanced, when there was a sharp decline in wheat and corn. General rains were reported through the Northwest and fine weather in the Southwest. Foreign markets opened steady and closed, with a few exceptions, weak and lower. Clearing weather was reported in England, and the predictions for the Northwest indicated an improvement.

The Northwest and New York were large buyers of wheat in Chicago early.

Latest quotations in the afternoon on wheat privileges were $1.02¾ for puts and $1.05 for calls.

New York reported 205,000 bu corn taken for export yesterday. Seventeen loads were contracted for here.

Private advices from the Red River Valley note that the heavy rains have stopped stacking and harvesting.

Cash wheat showed an advance of 1¼c when futures were but ½c higher. This was due to the active bidding of the millers.

Walker & Co. had a dispatch from Fargo that the yield from thrashers in that section was running from 15 to 25 bu to the acre.

Out of 140 cars of new wheat received at Minneapolis 7 graded No. 1 hard, 122 No. 1 Northern, 10 No. 2 Northern, 1 No. 3 Northern, and none rejected or low grade.

Bradstreet's report shows a decrease in the available wheat surplus east of the Rocky Mountains of 626,000 during the week.

Private advices from Northwestern points bristled with points from the crop article of the *Pioneer-Press*, indicating a much larger and better yield in the wheat section.

George Smith, Hutchinson, White, Baldwin-Farnum, Pardridge, Parker, and Young were among the large buyers, Brosseau, Irwin-Green, Walker, Adams, Samuel, Tuttle, Cudahy, and Ream being the free sellers.

Bloom began unloading wheat at $1.05¼ for December, disposing of 600,000 bu personally and through Walker & Co. Walker was a free seller on private information of improved conditions in the Northwest.

The *Pioneer-Press* report from Crookston says that a 1,000-acre farm in the midst of the district supposed to be the worst damaged by hot weather yielded 14 bu of No. 1 Northern to the acre, and a 75-acre farm thrashed out 18 bu.

There was a report that the break in wheat late in the session was helped by large sales by Pardridge and Buxbaum. The latter asserts that he is still holding his wheat.

Millers in the Northwestern wheat sections were never before such anxious buyers at this time of the crop. They are reaching out in every direction and getting little. If the farmers have any winter wheat they are holding it for higher prices.

Gov. Stannard of Missouri, who was on 'Change yesterday, said that millers have put the prices up in trying to fill the demand from Tennessee, Louisiana, Mississippi, and other Southern districts where there exists an urgent demand for winter wheat.

Mr. Spencer of Duluth, whose bearish views on the Northwestern wheat crop have been referred to, was on the floor again yesterday. He said among other things that the Northwestern wheat crop will be nearer 95,000,000 bu than 75,000,000 bu, as generally estimated.

A receiver looks for a letup in the supply of oats in the near future, saying that farmers who in the early summer sold the new crop freely, in anticipation of an immense yield, are in many instances obliged to make considerable effort to fill existing contracts.

A report was received from Seardsley, Minn., that a farmer near there thrashed 160 acres, the total yield being 1,150 bu machine measurement, and but 861 bu measured by weight. Last year he got 1,750 bu by weight from 98 acres. The message concludes, with the sarcastic observation, "and yet the elevator men say they will get more wheat this year than last!"

There were a number of private messages on the floor commenting on the difficulty experienced by millers in getting winter wheat. Baltimore flour makers are among those who cannot get what they want. New Orleans says the millers are paying stiffer prices for winter wheat than for many years, but are receiving a good deal less than they are grinding. St. Louis wired that wheat had gone to $1.01¾ bid, with two east side millers bidding for wheat for milling purposes. Minneapolis wired that at the present rate of grinding the stock available for milling would be exhausted in four days. Most of these advices were early.

THE MARKETS.

There was little doing in flour, which was quiet and unchanged with light demand and few offerings. Small sales were reported on private terms.

Wheat started off with a boom. Meteorological reports showed heavy rains all through the spring-wheat district; there were advices of widespread cessation of harvesting operations due to the weather, sprouting shocks were said to be plentiful under the influence of a warm, moist atmosphere, and foreign advices were steady, with the added information that the Russian crop was disappointing. All of this was encouraging to the bull element, which had been waiting for a chance but seemed to lack proper nerve. The advance at the opening was rapid, and it was up about a cent in a twinkling, the shorts bidding prices up on themselves. In the lull that followed the first rush a good many holders of long wheat thought it a good time to realize, and the stuff came in 100,000 and 250,000 bu lots. While this was easily absorbed there was, of course, a decline. This gave the shorts and the bears generally a chance and they sailed in, breaking the price back to below the opening. Then there was a reaction, but when a slight advance was secured lower, weaker cables came in on clearing weather abroad, the general talk about a larger yield in the Northwest began to have its effect, and under liberal offerings by large houses there was a break from which there was a rally of but ½c at the close. London closing cables noted a decline of 3d in wheat futures, with Paris and Berlin up a trifle on wheat and flour. December opened ⅛@¼c higher than Tuesday's closing, at $1.05, with sales immediately at $1.05¾, advanced to $1.05¾, broke back to $1.04¾, reacted to $1.05¾, fell off to $1.03¾, recovered ¼c, and closed easy at $1.03¾, with September $1.01, October $1.01¼@1.01¼, and May $1.07¼. Sales in store and to go to store were made at $1.02¾@1.02¾ for No. 2 red, 96c for No. 2 Turkish, and $1.01¾@1.02¾ for No. 2 spring. Free on board lots of No. 4 red winter sold at 85@90c, No. 3 do at 93@97c, and No. 3 spring at 91@97c, part to arrive. Total cash sales about 60 cars.

Corn's great prop was the shipping demand and free buying of September, which steadied the deferred deliveries. Had it not been for this and the support derived from the early strength of wheat, there would have been a great slump. Liverpool was quoted ¼d up early, but the predicted frosts seemed further away than ever, and those who had been banking on that for an advance were sadly disappointed. The first feeling was one of depression, and offerings from all sides were rather liberal. When it was seen that wheat had jumped and the buying of cash and September corn by shipping houses was observed there was a reaction and the decline was recovered. This brought out some more long stuff and the market sagged off, closing easy. Fine weather was reported in the Southwestern corn belt, with rain and higher temperatures in the West. May opened ¼@½c lower at 48¾c, dropped to 48¾c, advanced to 48¾c, declined to 48¾c, improved to 48¾@48¾c, eased off ⅜c, recovered ¼c, declined to 48¾c, advanced to 48¾@48¾c, and closed at that, September and October closing at 45¾c. Sales in store and to go to store were made at 46@46¾c for No. 2, 46¾@47¼c for No. 2 yellow, 46¾@46¾c for No. 2 white, 45¾@46¼c for No. 3, 45¾@46c for No. 3 white, and 46¼@46¾c for No. 3 yellow. Sample sales were at 44@45¼c for No. 4 mixed, 46¼@47½c for No. 3 and No. 3 yellow, and 47¼c for No. 3 white. Total cash sales about 385 cars and 17,000 bu.

Oats receipts were smaller than the recent average, as had been anticipated, and, with a good cash demand and some of the receiving houses claiming that the movement from the interior will henceforth show a diminution, prices ruled a fraction higher. Speculative offerings were moderate. Counselman and Hutchinson were both reputed buyers, and September advanced fully ⅝c, to 35¾c, though there was a later partial loss of this, the market closing at 35¾c. Fair interest was shown in May, which opened easy at 38¼c, improved to 38¾c, and closed quiet at 38¾c. December was quiet at 35¾@36c. No. 2 oats in store and to go there were salable at 35¾@35¾c, with a liberal business in samples. Free on board transactions were at 33@34¾c for No. 3 mixed, 34¾@35¾c for do white, 36@36¾c for No. 2 mixed, and 36@37¼c for do white. Total about 323 cars.

In rye the unsettled position of the last few days was continued, the recent decline giving way to a slight advance, though the close was tame. December sold early ½c higher, at 65¼c, but closed at 65c, with next month at 63½c after some trading at 63c. September went at 61¼c, and No. 2 to go to store exhibited a fractional improvement, selling at 61¾c. Samples were quiet, with sales at 63@63c for No. 2. Total, about 26 cars.

Barley sales were usually at a slight advance, this in some instances being fully 2c. The offerings were materially smaller than recently and there was a continued good demand which has served to absorb the supply this week, with the consequent strength noted. Posted receipts were but 49 cars, against 209 the previous day; 15,445 bu were withdrawn for shipment. Car-lots by sample sold at 47@56c for No. 4 and 52@72c for No. 3. Total, about 72 cars.

Flaxseed was in good demand, especially on cash account, and after opening firm ruled and closed about 1c higher. Only a portion of the receipts came on the market, with sales of No. 1 on track at $1.41@1.42, the close showing some unfilled buying orders; no grade sold at $1.31. Total cash sales about 28 cars. September sold ½c higher, at $1.41, but closed at $1.41 bid. For October $1.42¾ was paid and for November $1.44, with extended deliveries generally nominal. Timothy seed turned downward 1@2c after a steady opening, with speculative buying orders withdrawn except at materially lower prices. September sold at $1.39@1.40, closing at the inside, with next month at $1.40 after a sale at $1.41¾. January went at $1.45 to $1.47, and March at $1.50. Cash lots were rather slow, with $1.25@1.40 paid for about 10 cars common to prime or better. Clover seed continued dull in the absence of offerings, in consequence, with small lots selling at $4.10@4.20.

Hutchinson was the main support of the provision market, bidding actively and continuously for January pork. On the whole the market was only fairly active. Hogs were active and firm. January pork opened 5c up, at $12.05, advanced under Hutchinson's bidding to $12.20, fell back to $12.02¾, improved to $12.10, and closed with sellers at that, cash lots being quotable at $10.25@10.27½. September at $10.25, October $10.30, and May $12.70. Lard was more active, Armour being a purchaser of September whenever he could get it, and the local shorts taking some. January opened unchanged at $6.67½, advanced to $6.72½, declined to the opening price, went to $6.70, and closed at that, with cash at $6.22¾@6.25, September $6.22¾, October $6.35, November $6.45@6.47½, December $6.55, and May $7.10@7.12¾. Ribs were quiet within a narrow range, January being $5.82¾@5.85, cash lots $5.30@5.40, September $5.32¾, and May $6.20@6.22¾. Cash sales included 100 brls family back pork at $11.00; 25,000 lbs green hams, 16 lbs, at 7¾c; 75 tcs S. P. hams, 12 lbs, at 9¾c; 75,000 lbs D. S. bellies at 5¾c; and 125 boxes short clear sides at $5.70.

Millstuffs were in large supply, with continued weakness in bran, which sold at $12.50@13.25; middlings sold at $15.00@15.50.

The street produce markets received a fair share of attention on the part of usual buyers and a good business was recorded at nearly steady prices. Initial offerings of cranberries are noted; they are received in small baskets, and are not fully ripe, attracting little interest, with no regular prices established. Other fruits were in good request, with grapes arriving a little more freely. Potatoes were plentiful, but fully steady for best stock, and green vegetables in the usual request. Dairy products were not essentially changed, remaining in a healthy position, as buyers are calling for fair quantities.

PRICES ON 'CHANGE.

The following table shows the range of prices on grain and provisions:

	Closed Tuesday.	Range yesterday.	Closed yesterday.
WHEAT.			
September	$1.02¾	$1.01 @1.02¾	$1.01
December	1.04¾	1.03¾@1.05¾	1.03¾
May	1.08¾	1.07¾@1.09¾	1.07¼
CORN.			
September	46¾	45¾@ 46¾	45¾
October	46¾	45¾@ 46¾	45¾
May	49	48¾@ 48¾	48¾
OATS.			
September	35¼	35¼@ 35¾	35¼
October	35	35¼@ 35¾	35¾
May	38¾	38¼@ 38¾	38¾
MESS PORK.			
September	$10.10	$10.00 @10.25	$10.25
October	10.10	10.10 @10.35	10.30
January	12.00	12.02¾@12.20	12.07½
LARD—PER 100 LBS.			
September	$ 6.17½	$ 6.22¾@ 6.25	$ 6.22¾
October	6.30	6.32¾@ 6.35	6.35
January	6.65	6.67¾@ 6.72½	6.70
RIBS—BOXED 25 CENTS MORE THAN LOOSE.			
September	$ 5.27½	$ 5.30 @ 5.35	$ 5.32¾
October	5.42¾	5.42¾@ 5.47½	5.45
January	5.80	5.82¾@ 5.85	5.82¾

The closing prices for the corresponding day last year were as follows:

	Sept.	Dec.	Jan.	May.
No. 2 wheat	$ 77¾	$ 79¾	$	$ 83¾
No. 2 corn	34			35¾
No. 2 oats	19¾			22
Mess pork			9.12½	
Lard	6.02¾		5.75	
Short ribs	5.05		4.65	

GRAIN INSPECTION.

The following grain was inspected as received in this city Tuesday by car-loads:

	Contr'ct grades.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Tot'l.
Winter wheat	68	28	13	109
Spring wheat	18	9	1	28
Corn	227	150	35	412
Oats	126	81	[illegible]	207
Rye	18	2	[illegible]	20
Barley		35	13	48
Total	457	305	62	824

Inspected out: 37,768 bu wheat, 273,194 bu corn, 93,398 bu oats, 14,949 bu rye, and 15,445 bu barley. The receipts for today are expected to include 115 cars of wheat, 535 cars of corn, 280 cars of oats, and 20,000 hogs.

The following were the local receipts and shipments of the articles named for the 48 hours ended at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening:

ARTICLES.	RECEIPTS. 1890.	RECEIPTS. 1889.	SHIPMENTS. 1890.	SHIPMENTS. 1889.
Flour, brls.	17,073	25,693	8,298	11,288
Wheat, bu.	115,406	171,522	116,073	188,924
Corn, bu.	328,964	734,775	409,937	223,551
Oats, bu.	291,686	345,222	321,618	121,349
Rye, bu.	20,917	42,285	20,322	451
Barley, bu.	49,580	28,476	26,733	662
T. Seed, lbs.	410,032		131,246	
C. Seed, lbs.	62,250		29,255	
Flaxseed, bu.	33,570	79,086	45,741	5,546
Broom-corn, lbs.			10,216	44,280
Cheese, lbs.	235,300	426,305	229,564	336,712
Butter, lbs.	642,688	637,771	575,549	655,081
Hides, lbs.	346,785	386,983	1,179,910	706,802
Wool, lbs.	105,948	31,595	204,016	54,795

The receipts and shipments of wheat at the points given were as follows on the dates named:

POINTS. Western.	RECEIPTS, BU. Sept. 3.	RECEIPTS, BU. Sept. 2.	SHIPMENTS, BU. Sept. 3.	SHIPMENTS, BU. Sept. 2.
Chicago	115,109	60,475	116,073	34,488
Milwaukee	21,150	14,480	550	
St. Louis	42,000	28,000	15,000	17,000
Toledo	40,141	21,122	600	29,525
Detroit	[illegible]	26,398		17,981
Peoria	4,000	3,000	10,500	2,500
Minneapolis	88,480	112,000	39,000	22,300
Duluth	38,950	15,721	26,923	
Total	359,830	281,099	208,716	123,722
Eastern.				
New York	49,200	258,400		18,348
Philadelphia	11,047	20,340	2,031	8,432
Baltimore	31,366	16,851		16,000
Total	91,613	295,591	2,031	42,800
Grand total	451,443	576,690	211,347	176,532
Same days 1889	705,086	1,362,924	379,412	249,130

Wheat, flour, and corn on passage to the United Kingdom on the dates named:

	Aug. 30, 1890.	Aug. 23, 1890.	Aug. 31, 1889.
Wheat, flour, qrs.	2,460,000	2,500,000	1,810,000
Corn, qrs.	620,000	630,000	490,000

On passage to the Continent:

	Aug. 30, 1890.	Aug. 23, 1890.	Aug. 31, 1889.
Wheat, qrs.	460,000	580,000	340,000
Corn, qrs.	160,000	190,000	150,000

Lake freights were firm under a fair inquiry for tonnage. Rates were quoted at 1¾c for wheat, 1¼c for corn, and 1¼c for oats to Buffalo. Charters were reported for 187,000 bu corn and 75,000 bu oats.

GENERAL MARKETS.

BUTTER—Salesmen found little fault with the market, as there was a fair demand for all decent lots at substantially steady prices. Receipts continue moderate and include a liberal proportion of fine creamery. Following are the quotations: Fancy separator goods, 22¾@23c; fine, 20@21¼c; good to choice, 15@18c; fine dairies, 16@18c; medium to fair, 13@14¾c; packing stock, fresh, at 7@8c; old, 5@6c.

CHEESE—Cheddar shapes are still selling at about ¾c discount from the price of flats, with a good demand for the latter. The general position is one of stability, especially for all full creams. Quotations: Full-cream cheddars, 8¼@8½c; do twins, 8@8¾c; Young Americas, 10¼@10¾c; 1-lb skims, cheddars, 6¾@7¼c; 1-lb skims, twins, 5@7¼c; hard skims, flats, 3@4¼c.

EGGS—Continued steady at 16¾c per doz for fresh laid, sales in a small way being at 17c.

GREEN FRUITS—Receipts of grapes are increasing slightly and 30@35c are about outside quotations for choice Concords. Other kinds of fruit were in good demand and practically steady, though common apples were rather slow. Apples were quotable at $2.25@3.50 per brl for common to fancy varieties. Bananas, $1.00@1.75 per bunch, according to size and quality. Bartlett pears, $4.00@6.00 per brl. Michigan peaches, 75@90c for fifth baskets. Grapes 25@35c for 10-lb baskets of good to choice. Blueberries about $1.25@2.00 for 16-qt cases. Lemons Maoris per box, $7.50@8.50; Verdellis, $7.00@7.50; Messina, $6.00.

HAY—No change of consequence occurred, with a moderate inquiry for the better grades of timothy. Sales were: On track—6 cars No. 1 timothy, part old, at $10.00; 5 cars upland prairie at $8.00@10.50. Receipts, 273 tons; shipments, 20 tons.

POTATOES—The trade was chiefly in Northwestern grown, with only occasional cars offered which were fancy enough to command outside figures. Recent sales include a number of lots of desirable stock at 60@65c per bu. Quotations follow: New York Early Rose, $2.75@3.25 per brl; home grown, $1.25@1.50 per 1¾ bu sack; Michigan Early Rose, 75@80c per bu; Minnesota Early Ohios, per bu in sacks, 95c@$1.00; Michigan, in bulk, per bu, $1.00@1.05; Wisconsin stock, 65@80c per bu.

POULTRY—The receipts were not especially large, and with a good inquiry selling prices were in some instances slightly advanced. Quotations: Live hen turkeys, 10@11c per lb; gobblers and mixed lots, 8¾@9c; live chickens, 9c; roosters, 5c; spring chickens, 9¾c; live ducks, 8@9c; spring, 8¾@9c; geese, $4.50@6.00 for fair to choice full-feathered.

SWEET POTATOES—Salesmen reported no special change, with moderate local and shipping demand for attractive lots. Quotations are repeated: Jerseys, $3.50@4.00 per brl; and Baltimores $2.50@3.00 for fair to choice; Illinois grown, $2.50@3.25.

VEGETABLES—Aside from cabbages, which were pronounced easier, vegetables ruled steady, with a fair demand noted at the quotations: Home-grown cabbages, $2.00@2.25 per crate, and $5.00@6.00 per 100; good to choice Michigan celery, 20@30c per doz; cauliflower, 75c@$1.50 per doz; egg plant, 40@50c per doz; fancy head lettuce, 50@60c per doz; yellow onions, $2.00@2.25 per brl; string beans, $1.50@2.00 per bu; green corn, 8@10c per doz; tomatoes, 75c@$1.25 per bu; rutabagas, $1.50@2.00 per brl.

WHISKY—The market was steady on the basis of $1.12.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Following is a statement of the movement of live stock for the periods indicated, with comparative figures:

Dates.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts—				
Monday, Sept. 1	17,514	925	21,603	15,018
Tuesday, Sept. 2	8,250	430	16,972	5,073
Wednesday, Sept. 3	16,000	600	20,500	6,000
Thus far this week	41,764	1,955	59,075	26,091
Previous week	33,062	2,334	60,248	16,462
Shipments—				
Monday, Sept. 1	5,158	545	8,961	4,421
Tuesday, Sept. 2	1,842	152	5,704	2,029
Wednesday, Sept. 3	5,000	200	8,000	4,000
Thus far this week	12,000	897	22,665	10,440
Previous week	14,421	1,669	25,841	12,045

Twelve Chicago packers bought 13,214 hogs yesterday. Armour took 4,000 and Fowler 2,350.

A small lot of hogs sold to a butcher yesterday at $4.70. Quite a good many butchers and singeing pigs sold at $4.65.

The hog market at both Kansas City and Omaha closed lower yesterday. The former market closed 10c lower. The Chicago market opened easy and closed 5@10c higher.

Receipts at Omaha for eight months, 401,000 cattle, 1,057,000 hogs, and 81,900 sheep, showing an increase of 100,700 cattle, and 277,200 hogs, and a decrease of 9,780 sheep, compared with the first eight months of 1889.

J. A. Hathaway, S. W. Allerton, Eastman, Williamson & Co., and N. Morris purchased export cattle yesterday. Eastman paid as high as $5.25 for two loads averaging 1,591 lbs. Only four other loads of cattle sold above $5.00.

Today's (Thursday's) receipts are estimated at 22,000 hogs, 17,000 cattle, and 10,000 sheep, against 19,436 hogs, 15,848 cattle, and 12,220 sheep one week ago, and 17,975 hogs, 13,415 cattle, and 7,405 sheep one year ago.

Yesterday's receipts at Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, and St. Louis aggregated 27,500 cattle, 43,800 hogs, and 12,400 sheep, against 22,700 cattle, 42,000 hogs, and 9,200 sheep one week ago, and 32,000 cattle, 31,300 hogs, and 10,000 sheep one year ago.

The number of pigs in Great Britain is reported at 2,773,609, against 2,510,000 in 1889—an increase of 263,000, or over 10 per cent.

It is reported the Myers packing-house was sold to T. J. Lipton & Co. for $80,000.

A car-load of polled Angus yearling steers, averaging 818 lbs, sold to Morris at $4.15.

CATTLE—The best native cattle sold at former quotations, while most grades quotable below $4.60 sold about 10c lower. Some sales were 10@15c decline. Western range cattle sold 10@15c lower, while Texas cattle remained steady. The general market was active. Native steers averaging 960@1,638 lbs sold at $3.10@5.25, bulk at $3.80@4.60. Dressed-beef men paid as high as $4.80. Some 1,370-lb distillery cattle sold at $4.30. Western range cattle sold at $3.40@4.10, and through Texas at $2.60@3.12½ for 823@1,047-lb steers. Native cows sold at $1.00@3.00. Some 935-lb heifers sold as high as $3.10. Stock cattle sold moderately at $2.10@3.00. Quotations are as follows:

Extra beeves, 1,400@1,700 lbs	$5.10@5.40
Good to fancy 1,200@1,600-lb steers	4.25@4.90
Poor to medium steers	3.20@4.15
Cows	1.00@3.00
Stockers and feeders	1.75@3.15
Veal calves	3.00@5.00
Western rangers	2.75@4.10
Texas steers	2.25@3.20
Texas cows	1.60@2.30

HOGS—Early estimates placed the arrivals at 25,000, which was several thousand too high. The quality was again poor, there being a larger proportion of grass-fed hogs among the offerings. The market opened rather weak but closed 5@10c higher for desirable corn-fed hogs, while light grassers closed 10c lower. Trade was active and a good clearance was made. Speculators carried over a few hogs. Sales ranged at $3.70@4.70, bulk at $4.25@4.60. Rough heavy sold at $3.90@4.10 and light grassers averaging 150@180 lbs at $3.70@4.10.

SHEEP—Desirable grades of sheep sold at full former prices. Early sales of good lambs were at steady prices, but closing prices were 15@25c lower. Undesirable sheep sold 5@10c lower. Lambs sold at $3.75@6.10, bulk at $5.50@5.75. Sheep sold at $3.20@5.00, bulk at $4.00@4.70.

OTHER MARKETS.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 3.—CATTLE—Receipts, 2,000; best steers and cows steady, others slow and sagging; feeders in demand, best steady, others weak; fancy 1,350@1,600-lb steers, $4.70@5.00; prime 1,250@1,475-lb steers, $4.00@4.40; good to choice 1,150@1,350-lb steers, $3.50@4.25; good 1,000@1,250-lb butchers' steers, $3.70@4.10; fair 900@1,150-lb steers, $3.00@3.65; common 800@1,200-lb steers, $2.25@3.70; fair to good cows, $1.50@2.15; good to choice cows, $2.20@3.00; fancy cows, $2.90@3.25; heifers, $2.25@3.25; yearlings, $2.00@3.25; feeders, $2.70@3.30; stockers, $2.00@2.80; canners, $1.00@2.10; bulls, $1.75@3.00; oxen, $2.25@3.20; calves, $2.00@4.50.

HOGS—Receipts, 6,400; market opened active and steady; closed slow and weak; range, $4.00@4.30; bulk, $4.00@4.10; light, $4.00@4.10; mixed, $4.05@4.15; heavy, $4.10@4.30.

SHEEP—Receipts, 600; prices unchanged and market active.

New York, Sept. 3.—CATTLE—Receipts, 2,083 head, including 51 cars for sale; market 15c per 100 lbs lower; native steers, $3.60@4.85 per 100 lbs; Texans, $3.15@3.35; bulls and cows, $1.90@2.75. Dressed beef weak at 6¾@7¾c per pound. Shipments today, 250 beeves and 4,840 quarters of beef; tomorrow, 991 beeves. Calves—Receipts, 1,003 head; market lower; veals, $5.50@7.75 per 100 lbs; grassers and fed calves, $2.50@4.00; Westerns, $3.50@5.00.

SHEEP—Receipts, 4,941 head; market dull. Sheep, $4.00@5.25 per 100 lbs; lambs, $6.50@6.75; dressed mutton dull at 8¼@10c per lb; dressed lambs weak at 9@10c.

HOGS—Receipts, including 143 for sale, were 3,662 head; market dull at $4.30@4.80 per 100 lbs.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 3.—CATTLE—Receipts, 6,730; shipments, 560. Market steady; steers $3.25@4.75; cows, $1.50@2.70; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.25; range steers, $2.25@3.00; range cows, $1.50@2.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 12,150; shipments, 4,250. Market 5@10c lower. Bulk, $4.00@4.10; all grades, $3.90@4.12.

SHEEP—Receipts, 2,160; shipments, 1,000. Market steady; slow; lambs, $4.35@5.35; good to choice muttons, $3.80@4.40; stockers and feeders, $3.25@3.75.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 3.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,900. Market active, firm; good to fancy native steers, $4.35@4.90; fair to good do, $4.00@4.30; stockers and feeders, $2.30@2.40; Texans and Indians, $2.30@4.65.

HOGS—Receipts, 3,800; shipments, 600. Market steady; fair to choice heavy, $4.50@4.60; mixed grades, $4.00@4.30; light, fair to best, $4.20@4.35.

SHEEP—Receipts, 1,300; shipments, 700. Market strong; fair to choice, $4.00@5.20.

Sioux City, Ia., Sept. 3.—HOGS—Receipts, 1,800; market steady at $4.10@4.12½.

CATTLE—Receipts, 200; market quiet; steady; quotations unaltered.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Liverpool, Sept. 3.—PROVISIONS—Pork—Holders offer moderately; prime mess Eastern, 56s, steady; do Western, 48s, steady. Lard—Holders offer moderately; spot and September, 31s 9d, steady; October and November, 32s 6d, steady.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat—Holders offer moderately; new No. 2 winter, 7s 5½d, steady; do spring, 7s 6d, steady. Flour—Holders offer moderately at 10s 9d, firm. Corn—Holders offer spot moderately and futures freely; spot and September, 4s 6¼d, steady; October, 4s 7¼d, steady; November is 8d, easy.

COTTON—Steady, with a fair demand; middling, 5 15-16d; sales, 12,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export, and included 10,000 American.

New York, Sept. 3.—[Special.]—COTTON—At one time prices 1 to 3 points higher, but the advance was lost and a decline of 2 to 3 points followed. There was a fair business. Here on the spot the market was easy. Middling uplands, 11c; sales of 309 bales for home consumption. New cotton offered at ¼c below the old quotations or 10¾c for middling uplands. The receipts at the ports today were 15,798 bales, against 4,577 this day last week and 7,360 last year. The close was easy, after sales of 85,000 bales.

COFFEE—Options were at one time 5 to 10 points lower, but recovered the decline and advanced 5 to 10 points on some options. The transactions were light. The receipts at Rio today were 8,000 bags, against 8,000 this day last year, and at Santos 17,000 bags, against 9,000 this day last year. Rio exchange, 22¼d. Clearances from Rio for the United States, 8,000 bags; for Europe, 1,000 bags. Rio on the spot was steady, but quiet. Warehouse deliveries, 11,151 bags. No. 7, 19c; sales of 2,000 bags No. 7 at 19c afloat; 5,000 cost and freight at 18¾c; for No. 5, 17¾c. Options closed easy after sales of 21,250 bags.

WHEAT—Opened ⅛c to 1¼c higher, but lost this and fell 1¼c to 1¾c, with a larger option business. Next to no cash trade. Cash sales, 8,000 bu of sample red at $1.04 afloat. Option sales, 5,000,000 bu.

CORN—Dropped ¾c to ⅝c, with a good business both for export and on speculation. Cash sales, 240,000 bu. Exporters took 20 loads. No. 2 mixed sold at 54@54¼c afloat, 54¾c free on board, 53¼@53¾c in store, and 53¾@54c in elevator. Option sales, 1,400,000 bu.

OATS—Were ¼ to ¾c higher, and fairly active on the spot. Cash sales 92,000 bu. No. 2 mixed sold at 40¼c; No. 3 do at 40c; No. 2 white at 42c; No. 3 do at 40¾c. Option sales 105,000 bu.

BUTTER—Best creamery, 24@25c.

CHEESE—Fancy State 9¼@9¾c.

EGGS—19@21¾c.

SUGAR—Raw was in good demand and higher. For fair refining 5¼c freely bid. Refined was active and strong. All offerings withdrawn. Prices nominally higher.

DRY GOODS—There was an active demand for many descriptions of dry goods at first hands and a firmer tone was apparent. Dress goods, standard and three-yard sheetings, bleached sheetings wide sheetings denims, cheviots, tickings, and prints were active. Most all seasonable fabrics were in demand, the few articles offering for spring are meeting with good attention, as white goods and similar articles in black. The new Perfectoes lace curtain is having a large sale. The tone of the cotton goods market continued firm. Agents advanced Otis checks to 8¾c a yard and excelsior checks and stripes ½c a yard.

PETROLEUM—Opened steady at 83¾c for spot, Pennsylvania 83¾c, October option 83¾c, and Lima oil 33¾c. The market moved up sharply in the early trading, then reacted, and closed steady. Pennsylvania oil, opening, 83¾c; highest, 83¾c; lowest, 83¾c; closing, 83¾c. October option, opening, 83¾c; highest, 84¾c; lowest, 83¾c; closing, 84c. Lima oil, opening, 33¾c; highest, 33¾c; lowest, 33¾c; closing, 33¾c. Total sales, 129,000 brls.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—WHEAT—The market opened nervous, but stronger on reports of rains in the Northwest at an advance of ¾c for December and a fraction for September. Heavy sales were made in the early session at the outside figures of the session. At the end of the first half December had reached $1.06 and September $1.03. After that the decline was steady up to the close on reports that the rains were but local and of short duration. A large amount of trading was done during the session, principally in December. The close was very weak—1c below yesterday's cash. No. 1 hard closed dull at $1.03 bid; No. 1 Northern, 97¾c bid; and for No. 2 Northern, 92c nominal. Sales were made early in cash No. 1 hard at $1.04 and at 98c for No. 1 Northern, and later in the session at 92c for No. 2 Northern, cash. September No. 1 hard wheat opened at $1.04 bid, the first sales being made at an advance of 1c. After 10 o'clock there was a steady decline to $1.03, where it closed nominally. September No. 1 Northern sold early at 99c and declined to 97¾c bid at the close. October closed dull without transaction at $1.03 nominal for No. 1 hard and 97c nominal for No. 1 Northern. December wheat opened at $1.05, the first sales being made at an advance of ¾c. A decline followed, with fluctuations up to the close, which was $1.03¾ sellers. May wheat sold at $1.11 early and closed at $1.10¾ nominal. Cars on track—Wheat, 10.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 38,950 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 26,923 bu.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 3.—[Special.]—BUTTER—Western extra creamery, 23@23½c; fancy well-known marks, 24c; firsts and extra firsts, 17@22c; extra imitation creamery, 18@17c; others, 10@15c; factory, choice, 13@14c; others, 8@12c; New York and Vermont extra creamery, 23c; extra firsts, 22@22c; New York and Vermont dairy, good to choice, 15@22c; low grades, 8@14c; eastern creamery, good to choice, 16@22c.

CHEESE—Northern choice, 9@9½c; Western choice, 8¾@9c; lower grades as to quality.

EGGS—Eastern extras, 22c; firsts, 19@21c; extra Vermont and New Hampshire, 22c; Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, choice, 20c; Prince Edward Island, choice, 20c; Western, choice, 20c; Michigan, choice, 20@21c; Canadian, choice, 20c; choice held stock, 18@19c.

CORN—Particularly easy and on the spot there were sales of steamer yellow, 60@60¼c, and steamer, mixed at 59@59¾c per bu.

OATS—Quiet; new No. 3 white were offered with freedom at 46¾c per bu on track and No. 3 white at 45¾c. For old oats there was some inquiry but not much offering; sales of old clipped were reported at 49¾@50c per bu.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 3.—GRAIN—Wheat—Trading was good. The feeling developed was weaker. The market opened lower for December and May on receipts of reports of continued frosts in the Northwest, and after advancing another ⅛c for December and ¼c for May declined with but few fluctuations to the close, December closing 1¼c and May 1¾c below yesterday's final figures: September, 99¾c and October $1.00¾ bid late; December closed $1.02¾, May $1.08¼c. Corn—A small business was transacted at lower prices. The market opened higher but soon weakened and sold steadily down to the close, which was off ⅛@⅜c; No. 2 cash, 44¾c; October, 44¾c, nominal; May, 46¼c bid. Oats—Early the market was higher, and though prices eased off later the close was at small advances over yesterday; No. 2 cash, 34c; May, 38¾c.

PROVISIONS—Pork, $11.25. Lard, $6.00. Dry salt meats and bacon unchanged.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 42,000 bu; corn, 68,000 bu; oats, 25,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 15,000 bu; corn, 27,000 bu; oats, 48,000 bu.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 3.—WHEAT—Receipts for the twenty-four hours were 158 cars; shipments, 58 cars. The inspection of new wheat showed 10 cars No. 1 hard, 58 cars No. 1 Northern, 29 cars No. 2 Northern, 5 cars No. 3, 2 cars rejected, and 24 cars no grade. The demand for cash samples started quite well, but later and before many were sold the market for futures began to break and made a dull sample market. Closing quotations: No. 1 hard, September, 99c; on track, $1.05; No. 1 Northern, September, 96¾c; October, 94¾c; December, 99¾c; on track, $1.03; No. 2 Northern, September, 93c.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 3.—Grain—Wheat opened strong ¾@1c higher, but later lost the improvement and closed weak. Ungraded in grain depot, $1.02; rejected red in grain depot, 85c; No. 2 red, September, 99¾c@$1.00; October, $1.01¾@1.02; November, $1.03¾@1.04; December, $1.05@1.05¾. Corn—Options weak and declined ¼c. Car-lots for local trade dull but steady. No. 3 mixed in grain depot, 56¾c; No. 2 mixed in do 56c; No. 2 mixed, September and October, 53@53¾c; November, 53¾@54c; December, 53@53¾c. Oats—Car-lots quiet and lower. Old No. 2 white, 43c; new No. 2 white, 42c; old do white, 45¾c. Futures opened firm and advanced ⅛c, but afterwards reacted ¼c and closed weak; No. 2 white, September, 40¾@41c, October, 40¾@40¾c; November, 41@41¾c; December, 41¾@41¾c.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 2,600 bu; corn, 13,500 bu; oats, 18,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 2,600 bu; corn, 13,500 bu; oats, 18,000 bu.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 3.—GRAIN—Wheat steady; No. 2 hard, cash, 89¾c; September, 89¾c bid; no offerings; No. 2 red, cash, 94c bid, 94¾c asked. Corn lower; No. 2, cash, 40¾c; September, 41c. Oats weaker; No. 2, cash, no bids, 32c asked; September, no bids, 32¾c asked.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 14,000 bu; corn, 29,500 bu; oats, 26,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 16,000 bu; corn, 32,500 bu; oats, 23,000 bu.

Toledo, O., Sept. 3.—GRAIN—Wheat active, lower; cash and September, 99¾c; December, $1.03¼; May, $1.09¾. Corn active; lower; cash, 50¾c; May, 49c. Oats quiet; cash, 36c.

CLOVER-SEED—Steady; cash and October, $4.45; November, $4.50; December, $4.55.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 4,141 bu; corn, 68,377 bu; oats, 2,734 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 600 bu; corn, 149,600 bu.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 3.—GRAIN—Corn active and higher; No. 2 yellow, 45½c; No. 3 yellow, 45c; No. 2, 45¼c; No. 3, 45c; No. 4, 44¼c. Oats active and firm; No. 2 white, 36@36c; No. 3 white, 34¾@35¼c.

WHISKY—Firm; wines, $1.14; spirits, $1.15.

RECEIPTS—Wheat, 4,000 bu; corn, 69,500 bu; oats, 58,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat 10,500 bu; corn, 16,700 bu; oats, [illegible]

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 3.—TURPENTINE—Steady at 36¾c.

DEMANDS AN ACCOUNTING

THE CITY SUES TREASURER ROESING AND SEVERAL BANKS.

Interest on the City's Money Is Wanted—The Treasurer Charged with Depositing Public Money in Banks and Applying the Interest to Personal Benefit—Justice Robbins of South Chicago Sued—New Suits, Court Record, and Notes.

Interest on city money is demanded in a bill filed in the Circuit Court by the City of Chicago against City Treasurer Bernard Roesing, the Chicago National Bank, the National Bank of Illinois, the Atlas National Bank of Chicago, and the Metropolitan National Bank of Chicago.

Since Roesing entered upon his duties as City Treasurer, the bill alleges, he has handled not less than $15,000,000 of the city's money. By law he is required to safely keep and not to use the funds, either directly or indirectly, for his own use and benefit. From April 19, 1889, to the present time, it is claimed, Roesing has deposited money with the banks mentioned in the name of "Bernard Roesing, Treasurer," and not in the name of the city. It is charged that these deposits were made by Roesing under an arrangement with the banks by which he was to derive a pecuniary profit for himself. What the definite arrangement was the city does not pretend to know, but upon information it is stated that the Treasurer was to receive 2½ per cent on the deposits.

Roesing denies any arrangement with the banks, but it is insisted by the city that he has received and is now getting interest from the banks. Under Sec. 340 of the ordinance, "the City Treasurer shall receive all moneys belonging to the corporation and shall render at the end of each month a statement under oath to the City Controller showing the state of the Treasury at the date of such account and the balance of money in the Treasury. Said statements shall set forth all the moneys received by him and from whom and on what account they shall have been received; also of all moneys paid out by him and on what account they shall have been paid." It is said that Roesing has violated this provision by not stating the interest he has received from the banks, and also in not keeping books of account showing how much he has received on city funds.

Alleged Money Paid by Banks.

An act in force May 6, 1889, fixes the compensation of the City Treasurer at $25,000, but it is alleged that he has received more than that amount from the banks, and that he is using the money for his own personal benefit. This is deemed a violation of his duties as trustee of the city. Roesing has frequently been notified by the Controller, it is claimed, that he must cover into the City Treasury monthly all sums accruing as interest, and that he must render an account. The Treasurer has refused to do so, it is averred, and Aug. 1 the Controller notified the banks not to pay any further sums to Roesing.

Each of the banks, the city claims, had notice that the money deposited by Roesing belonged to the city, and was requested not to pay interest to him. They have paid no attention to the order, it is said, and the court is asked to enjoin them from paying over any more interest. The court is also asked to compel Roesing to account for money so received by him.

A member of the Council Finance Committee who glanced over the report of the city's suit against Treasurer Roesing as it appeared in the evening papers said: "That is but a flash in the pan. It is not seriously meant, I fear. I know the Controller is in earnest. I am not so sure about the law department. The bill, or whatever it is, says that the city authorities believe that Mr. Roesing gets interest on city money, but that they do not know that to be the case. Then the City Attorney set up the Dixon ordinance designating certain banks in which the money is to be placed, and which fixes the compensation of the City Treasurer at $25,000 per annum. Roesing's reply to that will be that the ordinance has not been given effect, because the designated banks did not file bonds satisfactory to the Council. You remember that the Council rejected the bonds offered by the banks. The suit may do now to divert attention from the other lawsuits in which the city officials are concerned. I am afraid this one against Roesing will end in smoke or be soon forgotten."

Suit Against Justice Robbins.

A suit on behalf of the people, for the use of Adolph Buerkli, was begun in the Circuit Court against Justice Noble I. Robbins of South Chicago and his bondsmen, Edward Marsh and Fred Taeger, to recover $100 damages under a $5,000 bond. Buerkli is the proprietor of the Commercial Hotel in South Chicago, and complains that the Justice released a garnishment he secured against one Wilson, who was employed by the South Chicago Rolling-Mills company.

Claims That He Starved Her.

Mrs. Caroline Michling, of No. 98 Cornell street, seeks separate maintenance from Theodore Michling, who was a widower with four children when she married him in April, 1880. They now have four more. She complains of cruelty, and says that now when the children of her husband are old enough to run the house he wants to get rid of her. He has denied her the right of the house and told her to seek a warmer climate, she avers. Although worth $6,500, Michling is accused of starving his wife, and she claims that she was frequently obliged to beg something to eat from neighbors.

Notes.

Judge Tuthill will hold his law court Saturday for general business.

Judge Altgeld will sit in the Superior Court today to take defaults in both chancery and law cases.

THE RECORD.

United States Circuit Court—New Suits.

4,036—James K. Murphy, assignee, etc., vs. F. A. Pierce. Sci. fa. to revive judgt. F. J. Partridge, atty.

21,126—Standard Oil Co. vs. Chicago Gaslight and Coke Co. Asst., $10,000. W. G. & A. T. Ewing, attys.

Superior Court—New Suits.

128,811—Bill. Withheld for service.

128,812—Franklin MacVeagh et al. vs. Gus Mayer. Conf. judgt., $89.68. Smith, Helmer & Moulton, attys.

128,813—Henry J. Laing vs. H. S. and Julia B. Carroll. Asst., $317.50. G. R. Shirley, atty.

128,814—John Whalen vs. Western Stone Co. Case, $25,000. Duncan & Gilbert, attys.

128,815—Schuyler C. Schwartz vs. Charles R. Foster. Conf. judgt., $122. W. A. Lemma, atty.

128,816—Thomas E. Courtney et al. vs. Hildreth Furniture Co. Bill. Hanecy & Merrick, solrs.

128,817—Elizabeth Parker, admx., vs. C. and G. T. Ry. Co. Case, $5,000. Wallace & Patton, attys.

128,818—Consider H. Willett vs. Charles T. Sinclair and Frederick Sanderson. Creds. bill on judgt. vs. first deft. for $303.95. C. F. Johnson, solr.

128,819—Caroline Michling vs. Theodore Michling. Bill for separate maintenance. A. Marx, solr.

128,820—Catharine Kingsley vs. Richard A. Meriden. Appl.

Circuit Court—New Suits.

84,023—Albert Poctosk vs. Koenig & Garner Furniture Co. Case, $5,000. O'Donnell & Coghlan, attys.

84,024—Thomas Connelley vs. George W. Wilson and Frederick C. Crowley. Asst., $687. [illegible], attys.

84,025—Henry Hart vs. Henry W. Carter and James K. Sebree. Case, $5,000. John Barton Payne, atty.

84,026—People, use of F. A. Buerkli, vs. Noble I. Robbins, Edward Marsh, and Frederick Taeger. Debt, $5,000, das., $1,000. Gentleman, Nicholson, Nolan & Gelder, attys.

84,027—W. J. Jordan vs. A. J. Snell. Eject., $[illegible]. Longhenry, atty.

84,028—Nils Ostrum vs. A. Kaul. Appl.

84,029—Morrison, Plummer & Co. vs. Chicago Drug Specialty and Manufacturing Co., Standard Pharmacal Co., Charles E. Rollo, Lewis M. Miller, Oliver D. Bonny, William H. Maynard, and Theodore S. Keyon. Creds. bill on judgt. vs. 1st deft. for $[illegible]. Flower, Smith & Musgrave, solrs.

84,030—Ernst Tosetti Brewing Co. vs. Frank [illegible]check. Conf. judgt., $230.50. J. H. Muhlke, atty.

84,031—Asst. Withheld for service.

84,032—Minnie Slattery, by next friend, vs. City. Case, $12,000. G. B. Sims, atty.

84,033—Petn. of Frank Robertson to change name.

84,034—A. Smith and J. M. Cleaver, attys.

84,035—William Armstrong vs. W. M. Pomeroy and — Hilton. Asst., $1,500. J. E. Purnell, atty.

84,036—Margaretha Stankiewicz vs. Joseph Stankiewicz. Bill for div. Kraus, Mayer & Stein, solrs.

84,037—City vs. Bernard Roesing, Chicago Nat. Bk., Nat. Bk. of Ill., Atlas Nat. Bk., and Metropolitan Nat. Bk. Bill. J. Hutchinson, solr.

84,038—Edward Fischer vs. Matilda and Edward Steude. Asst., $500. S. A. French, atty.

84,039—Albert Russell vs. William T. Wales, William K. White, and Samuel E. Gross. Creds. bill on judgt. vs. first deft. for $221.45. W. Heckman and J. O. Riordon, solrs.

84,040—Frances Braheny et al. vs. Bridget Cleary et al. Petn for partn. R. D. Husagh, solr.

84,040—Bill. Withheld for service.

84,041—Cordelia Nanderheide vs. Joseph J. Vanderheide. Bill for div. D. Sullivan, solr.

84,042—E. B. Dean vs. Martin Ponic. Appl.

84,043—John H. Earle vs. Henry Bilzer. [illegible] N. Wyeth, atty.

84,044—Asst. Withheld for service.

84,045—John V. Farwell et al. vs. John H. Cornelius. Asst., $600. Flower, Smith & Musgrave, attys.

84,046—J. B. Gray vs. Ross Bryan. Appl.

84,047—Thorp & Adams Mfg. Co. vs. Wabash Mfg. Co. Asst., $5,000. E. C. Ferguson & Goodnow, attys.

84,048—Aaron Shubart vs. Walter J. Home. Asst., $600. Dupee, Judah & Willard, attys.

84,049—Serine Johannesson vs. Karl L. Johannesson. Bill for div. Blanke & Caytraus and O. E. [illegible], solrs.

84,050—Mary Hoops vs. Emil Hoops. Bill for div. Cruikshank & Atwood, solrs.

84,051—Abner Evans et al. vs. Esther O. and W. E. Martin and Lake View B. and L. Assn. [illegible] J. R. Parker and E. Shinn, solrs.

84,052—Z. L. Tidball vs. F. P. Cooper and Charles B. Crombie, Tres. $200. D. S. Geer, atty.

84,053—John T. Hall vs. James Godman. Appl.

84,054—Valentine Ulsumer vs. Gustav A. Bachmann, Tres. $5,000. C. Werno, atty.

84,055—D. W. Russ vs. J. M. Woodward and others. Asst., $2,000. J. W. Richey, atty.

84,056—Attch. Withheld for service.

84,057—Julia W. Hull vs. A. Meyer. Asst., $[illegible]. J. W. Richey, atty.

WITHHELD CASES—84,017—R. Barnes, recvr., etc., vs. J. C. Zarbel and E. A. Cummings. [illegible] Kistler & Son, attys. (Sept. 2.)

JUDGMENT.

JUDGE BAKER—82,564—A. J. Alexander vs. Robert Connelly. By deflt., $651.23 and sci fa.

The Call.

JUDGE ALTGELD—10 a. m., defaults.
JUDGE GRINNELL—10 a. m., emergency business.
JUDGE GRESHAM—In chambers.
JUDGE PRENDERGAST—10 a. m., insanity cases.
JUDGE GRINNELL—Branch 1—Cases from [illegible] call.
JUDGE ALTGELD—Branch 2—Nos. 205, 211, 220, [illegible], 227, 228, 230, 233, 236, 166, 238.

No household is complete without a case of Cook's Extra Dry Imperial Champagne. It is the best sparkling wine made.